

retary of the treasury that the Co. cannot do the carrying trade of the lakes. It appears that there is a conflict of opinion in the interpretation of the 30th article of the treaty of Washington, and the Secretary decides in favor of the United States.

DENVER, Col., 4.—J. W. Sullivan, secretary of the U. S. Geological Survey, has received the particulars of an engagement, which occurred on the 15th of August, between Gardner and Gannet's parties of Hayden's survey, and a band of Sirra Lasal Utes, near the line between Colorado and Utah, and near the north line of New Mexico; the fight lasted twenty-one hours, and resulted in a loss to Gordon and Gannet's party, of all their baggage and nearly all their provisions. They all escaped without injury.

WASHINGTON, 4.—W. H. Kimball has been appointed postmaster at Parley's Park, Summit County, Utah.

ALBANY, N.Y., 4.—A petition for the pardon of Edward S. Stokes, convicted on the charge of shooting James Fiske, has been sent to the governor.

ST. LOUIS, 4.—Major John N. Edwards, one of the editors of the *St. Louis Times*, and Col. Emery S. Foster, editor of the *Evening Journal*, left here last night for Winnebago county, Ills., to fight a duel. The affair has been kept very private, no one outside the parties directly interested knowing anything of it until this afternoon, when it got on the street and became a subject of much comment.

A dispatch to the *Times* from members of the Edwardsville party says the duel took place at five o'clock this afternoon, at a point five miles north of Rockford, in Winnebago County, and one shot was exchanged without effect, both parties firing too high, but making a like shot. Major Edwards demanded a second shot, but as under the agreement to fight, a second shot should not be had, unless demanded by both parties, and as Col. Foster considered he had given all the satisfaction required of him, he declined to join the demand for another shot, and the matter was settled without further difficulty. Both behaved splendidly. The weapons used were Colt's navy revolvers, twenty paces.

PHILADELPHIA, 4.—Dr. Henry L. Helmbold, the well known druggist, has been discharged from the Pennsylvania insane asylum, on a writ of *habeas corpus*, by Judge Eli Cook, the judge holding that there was no occasion for his detention in such an institution, and stepping down from the bench congratulated him upon his release. Dr. Helmbold's counsel proposes to bring suit for damages against the asylum.

NORFOLK, Va., 4.—The Mercantile Bank in this city suspended this afternoon. It is claimed that the assets cover the liabilities.

VICKSBURG, Miss., 4.—A difficulty occurred at a radical meeting at Clinton, Miss., to-day. Three whites—Chas. Chelton, Morton Lingley and Nea. Thompson, are reported killed, also three negroes were killed, and several whites and negroes wounded. No positive information has been received regarding the reason of the conflict. About one hundred and fifty armed whites from this place and fifty from Edwards and Balton arrived at Clinton this p. m., to protect the town. The negroes are reported arming and threatening another fight.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 4.—The President has appointed R. Holland Duell, of New York, Commissioner of Patents, *vice* Thacher, resigned.

The post office department has perfected an arrangement for a fast mail train from New York, Philadelphia, Washington, and Baltimore, via Pittsburg to Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, and all points in the southwest. This train will commence running Monday, Sept. 3d, over the Pennsylvania Railway and its connections, making extraordinarily fast time, so as to fully accommodate the immense postal business of the cities designated, as well as a limited number of through passengers. The schedule of the train will be arranged and announced in a few days.

MONTREAL, 4.—Joseph Dentre has prepared an affidavit declaring that the public peace is threatened. This, with another affidavit of similar effect, has been submitted to a magistrate in order to procure the presence of a force of volunteers at the burial of Guibard, which is postponed until next week; further trouble is apprehended. With

ill feeling on both sides, it will be fortunate if no more serious results follow the second attempt than succeeded the first. Some 300 armed men are in the cemetery waiting a meeting for the funeral. They have been there all night, and have blocked the Coledes Tergis road. They demand the name and business of travelers. The inhabitants round about feel much alarmed and have appealed to the government for police. Dentre to-day caused warrants to be issued against twenty of the ringleaders in the late riot. A battery is ordered to concentrate here, and volunteers last evening were drilling. Dentre's life has been threatened, as also that of prominent members of the Institute Canadienne.

SAN FRANCISCO, 4.—The Sydney mail of July 25th reports the loss of the ship *Isabella* from Newcastle to Hong Kong, with coal. She struck the Bellona reef on the night of July 4th. Seventeen Chinese passengers were left on board with a boat. The officers and crew left in a boat. Six remained on an island. The captain, mate and eight of the crew pulled for the Australian coast until picked up by the schooner *Cunambone* and taken to Bowen.

The *Bulletin* publishes an editorial this evening in which, after referring to the course of the paper, with regard to the Bank of California and Ralston, it says—

"When the bank suspended last week we thought it our duty to protect, as far as possible, the depositors and other creditors of that institution. We published just so many facts as we believed would best serve that purpose and no more. We then said that the failure was owing to the mismanagement of the late president, and that this mismanagement was without the knowledge of the directors. For these statements we were roundly abused. A vicious press undertook to marshal all corrupt elements against us. We were in possession of facts which we could not state because we were most anxious that the directors should, if possible, contrive some way of extrication. We preferred to suffer the assaults of enemies rather than to give the facts, at a time when they might furnish complete vindication of our attitude toward the bank, but might at the same time hinder and possibly defeat the plans which the directors were devising for the protection of the creditors of that institution. The directors, some of whom have always been staunch friends of the *Bulletin*, and are so now, have perfected their plans and have settled on a basis of action whereby every creditor of the bank will be fully paid. We have full confidence both in the amity and in the good faith of these men. They will redeem their pledges and may ultimately make the bank stronger even than the one which suspended. It was time that the *Bulletin* should be relieved from the secrets which it has been abused for keeping. We therefore propose to ask the consent of the board of directors to relieve us from any further obligation to keep secret some facts within our knowledge. Having done our best to protect others it is part of our duty to protect ourselves. We are now authorized by D. O. Mills to say that the late president did, without the knowledge of the directors, use privately from three to four millions of the bank resources, which amount remains unpaid. This was the cause of the recent failure. Probably elsewhere this would have been set down as defalcation. We are also authorized by the same authority to say that there was an over issue of stock, which over issue has now been provided for. The particular use which was made of this large sum of money it is not now our duty to mention. When these discoveries were made the connection of the late president with the institution was at once severed. Between three and four millions of money had gone out of the bank without the knowledge of a single director.

It has been reported that the Bank of California was largely indebted to the U. S. mint here. The bank has been refining for the mint, and the supposed indebtedness incurred through that channel. The superintendent of the mint states to-day that on the contrary the mint owes the bank about one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, payable on demand.

D. O. Mills authorizes the statement that the defalcation of the late president of the Bank of California will amount to between

three and four million dollars, and that an over issue of stock has been discovered. It is not supposed that this will in any way prejudice the arrangements now being made to rehabilitate the bank.

OKMULGEE, Creek Nation, via Muskeogee, I. T., 5.—The grand council of the Indian Territory is in session. A full delegation is in attendance from nearly all the tribes in the Territory. An extra delegation, as visitors from the Kiowas, Comanches, and other wild tribes from the plains, are also present. The council will make an appropriation for their subsistence, hoping they will be induced to enter into more intimate and friendly relations through the influences of the more civilized Indians they will meet. The only business to be considered is the new constitution providing for a governor of the Territory, U. S. courts, and a delegate to Congress, which will probably pass this council, but with the proviso that it be submitted to the national councils for approval. The council propose to adjourn in a body to attend the international fair to be held at Muskeogee, Sept. 14.

ERIE, Pa., 5.—A. Vincent's hospital, unsectarian, but under charge of the Sisters of Charity, was dedicated and opened by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Kullen to-day.

Two young men, named Barnes and Sperry, were arrested at Girard, Erie, to-day, for atrocious burglaries and other lawless acts. At Spring and Hayfield, on Friday night, they entered four houses, tied Ellis Hotchkiss to a bed post, choked and beat him, and threatened an old man named Sperry, a relative of one of the boys, with revolvers.

CHICAGO, 6.—A Washington special says there is a prospect of an international trouble between this country and Great Britain, that may need another board of arbitration to settle. Not long ago an American schooner, the *Gilbert Trufant*, was sold at Liverpool to British ship owners, in open violation of the provisions of our law providing for the sale of American vessels. Minister Schenck attempted to prevent this illegal sale and notified the State Department here of the violation of the Treasury Department regulations. A very lively correspondence has been maintained between the authorities of our government and those of Great Britain. Our people have requested the British government to turn over this vessel to the U. S. in order that she may be libelled against her former owners. The Earl of Derby has finally decided that the vessel shall not be delivered up, as in the sale all the regulations of the British law governing such sales have been carefully observed. He sees, therefore, no reason for interfering.

Upon the receipt of the decision of the Earl of Derby, the Secretary of the Treasury issued orders to the Collectors of Customs at all the sea coast ports to seize and detain the *Trufant*, should she ever visit this country. As the vessel has papers from the British government, and flies its flag, the seizure if made is bound to cause a good deal of trouble.

CINCINNATI, O., 6.—On Saturday evening six children got into a skiff on Mill river, at Fuller's Mills, on the Marrata railroad, for a ride across the river. When about midway, the boat, which had been leaking badly, sank. One little girl was drowned, and three others were rescued with great difficulty by a boy named Reader. The other three were unconscious when brought ashore, but were subsequently resuscitated.

NEW YORK, 6.—Abijah R. Brewer has been appointed secretary of the Western Union Telegraph Co., and John C. Hinchman, general superintendent of the eastern division, in place of Gen. H. Mumford, deceased. Mr. Brewer became an operator at Trenton, N. J., in 1864, and for nearly five years served the company in that position at Trenton and other places.

The superintendent of the direct U. S. cable says messages are passing over the cable at a high rate of speed, although the *Faraday* had not arrived at the location of the fault till the 22nd of August, ten days after sailing from London. She had only three days of moderate weather, during which she picked up the cable in 2,500 fathoms, and made the final splice. The superintendent hopes to say in a day or two when the line will be ready for business.

At Mamaroneck, N. Y., yesterday, Edward Weeks, while drunk,

shot his brother-in-law dead, and wounded his sister, wife of the murdered man. He escaped.

The Methodist ministers in session this morning approved of the erection of a Memorial Church in honor of John Wesley, at Savannah, and also resolved to call the attention of their congregations to the project.

BOSTON, 6.—Thos. Hardy and John Hannagan were drowned yesterday by the upsetting of a sail boat.

ROCHESTER, 6.—A disease similar to the epizootic has broken out among cattle near Avon. Forty died within two weeks. Twelve died yesterday.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., 6.—The Catholic priests of this neighborhood from their pulpits yesterday called upon each Catholic voter to scratch four of the proposed amendments to the State constitution. They relate to public schools, forbidding appropriation of public moneys for sectarian institutions. There is considerable excitement, and it is said the Protestants will gather in force to vote in favor of the amendments above specified.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., 6.—There is an excitement here to-day in political circles over the sentence of the commissioners of Schuylkill county, Patrick Contry, Valentine Beaher, and Moses Hine, convicted of neglect and corruption in the discharge of their official duties. The sentence of each is two years' imprisonment and \$1,000 fine, and the embezzled funds are to be returned to the county. They were immediately taken from court to prison.

ELIZABETH, N. J., 6.—The building, machinery and retorts of the Spelter refining works, owned by the National Bank, and occupied by Loone Denitz, were burned this a. m.; loss \$40,000.

BUFFALO, N. Y., 6.—The New York and Erie Bank, of which the late Jno. S. Ganson was president, did not open its doors this a. m. It is rumored that a large indebtedness through outside speculations is the cause. Capital of bank \$300,000.

VICKSBURG, 6.—The *Herald* extra gives the following account of the disturbance at Clinton—

There is a law prohibiting the sale of liquor in Clinton. Young men from Raymond brought a bottle with them. While the speaking was going on, Martin Seveley and some friends went a short distance to take a drink. A negro, marshal for the occasion, approached them and forbid the drinking. This order was not regarded, when the negro attempted to take the bottle out of Seveley's hand, who struck the nigger over the head with it. Senator Caldwell, colored, started to settle the matter and was followed by some twenty negroes, whom he ordered back, but a hundred more came rushing up, when some one fired a shot, which was followed by a general firing and stampede. Seveley fired all the barrels of his pistol. The negroes then demanded his surrender. He surrendered and gave up his pistol, after which the negroes shot him, then bound him, robbed him of his clothing and cut off his finger in order to get his ring. The infuriated mob found Chas. Chilton in his yard and shot and killed him in the presence of his family. Frank Thompson, a promising lawyer, was shot from his horse a mile from the scene of conflict, and after falling the savages drove knives in his body in many places. John Neal was fatally shot in the left lung in town, and Waddy Rice was seriously hurt in the hand. Four negroes were found dead in the field and two mortally wounded. Six additional negroes have been found dead about Clinton since. The white men of Clinton organized at once for self-protection under Colonel Harding, and telegrams were sent here for assistance. Fifteen minutes after the receipt of the dispatch 150 men were ready to march. They took special train and reached Clinton at 7 o'clock. At 10 o'clock more reinforcements had come from Jackson. The roads were picketed during the night, but all danger being apparently ever most of the citizens returned home to Vicksburg, leaving thirty men on guard under Capt. W. H. Andrews, who returned with the men this morning, and reports all now quiet at Clinton and Edwards.

The train from Jackson on Saturday, with reinforcements, was fired into from the side of the road. Obstructions were also found on the track.

PHILADELPHIA, 6.—The fifth letter of the Welch series is in type and will appear to-morrow. It gives the history of the Red Cloud reservation. The first agent was not nominated by the church, but by General Logan for eminent political services, and then began the fraudulent practices. The letter shows how agents are sent away from their reservations and fraudulent vouchers signed by employees and paid, and no reclamation made. When the agents gave notice of the frauds a letter from the interior department to the first church agent for Red Cloud shows that D. J. McCann, a well known freight contractor, was sent, at the request of Nebraska senators and representatives. Welch says he is satisfied that the church exerted diligence, but no agents in exposed situations, unsupported by missionaries or teachers, can long resist the wiles of the Indian ring, backed as it is by the interior department.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 31.—Henry DeWitt & Co. have failed; their liabilities are estimated at \$400,000.

The steamer *Faraday* has recovered the end of the eastern portion of the direct U. S. cable, and is in telegraph communication with London; unfavorable weather retards the recovery of the western section.

The *Times*' special dispatch from Buda, Pesth, says that information has been received through a most trustworthy source, from the Bosnian frontier, that all the insurgents who have not fled to Austrian territory have submitted to the Pasha, and Bosnia may be considered pacified.

The *Times*' Berlin special says that after the recent appointment of Mahmoud Pacha, as Grand Vizier, there is less hope than ever of the insurgents coming to terms, as Mahmoud is regarded as the champion of absolute government, and his very presence in the cabinet is calculated to make the insurgents desperate. His appointment, unless a mere caprice, is a proof that the Sultan is determined to maintain the system which has produced the present outbreak.

PARIS, 31.—A private letter from Egypt reports great confusion and excitement there, in consequence of military preparations. Troops are being dispatched to the Abyssinian frontier, and at the same time the Khedive expects a call from the Porte for aid in suppressing the Herzegovinian rebellion. All the officers on furlough have been recalled.

LONDON, 1.—Captain Nares, of the British Polar expedition, in a communication to the admiralty office, says that the supplies at Disco appear to be in a fair state of preservation, considering the time they have been exposed. The Danish officials have taken great pains to prevent their deterioration.

The foreign office denies the truth of the telegram published yesterday, that the British minister at Peking has presented an ultimatum to the government of China.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 11.—Advices from Hayti state that seventeen followers of General Cana, who are now under the protection of United States minister Basset, were condemned to death on the 27th of July, and it was stated that the government contemplated a forcible entrance into the American consulate to take the refugees into custody, they having been condemned as murderers and assassins by a Haytian tribunal.

HAGUE, 1.—The association for the reform and codification of the law of nations was formally opened here to-day; delegates from the U. S. were present.

BERLIN, 1.—A ministerial order has been issued, declaring that the Bishop of Paderborn has forfeited his right to citizenship by departure, without leave, from the city in which he was interned.

STOCKHOLM, 1.—The Swedish banks refuse to cash the Bank of England notes, on account of a number of counterfeiters being reported to be in circulation.

LONDON, 2.—The specie in the Bank of England has decreased 300,000 pounds the past week; the proportion of the Bank of England reserve to its liability is 53½ per cent.

In the 11th Ward of this City, at 9:30 p. m. August 31, of cholera infantum, HEBER PRATT, son of A. Milton and Belinda Pratt Musser, aged 8 months.