The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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TOPICS OF THE DAY.

The Embarkment at Rio Janeiro Continued Yesterday.

REPEAL DEBATE IN CONGRESS.

The Case Involving the Disposition of Church Property to Be Heard Soon in the U. S. Supreme Court.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—A private cable-gram announces that the naval fleet at Rio Janeiro commenced that city all day yesterday, resulting in further damage to the city and great loss of life. The details as to the amount of damage and the number of killed and wounded are not given, but it is proclaimed in no the last that the firing was kept up all day, the loss must have been considerably on both sides. The cablegram adds that famine prices for provisions prevail in Rio. On the other hand, the Brazilian minister yesterday received the following dispatch from Santos, dated yesterday, giving the government side: "The insurgent squadron is still in the bay. It is understood that the insurgents have taken possession of the vessels are damaged by the shore artillery. The fleet yesterday renewed yesterday's bombarding. The city remained quiet. Provisions have been reported at Santos. At Santa Catharina they failed to land. The troops are united and loyal to the government. Public opinion is opposed to the insurgents."

THE CHURCH CASE.

The U. S. Supreme Court Judges Will Be Special Reserve.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The Supreme Court of the United States meets Monday October 9th. The members of the court feel a natural anxiety that the appointment of Justice Brewer will be confirmed by the Senate before that time. The overcrowded state of the docket makes it important that the portion of the work which is assigned to him at the opening of the term.

The court has assigned a number of cases for special hearing. Of these the principal are:

Barden vs Northern Pacific Railway Company, involving the validity of title to mineral lands in Montana.

The Mormon Church case, involving the question of the disposition of the segregated lands of the Church.

IN CONGRESS.

The Senate Called to Order and Prayers Offered.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The Senate was called to order this morning at the usual hour, but had to wait for a quorum. It then proceeded with the routine morning business.

Stockbridge called attention to the misstatement in a recent speech of Senator Wilson, California, in quoting from the *Sunday Magazine* of Aug. 1878 as to the author's new book. There was no such statement in the *Sunday Magazine*. He said the whole statement was a malicious lie. He from beginning to the end. It was worse than forgery, an absolute fabrication founded with the intent of injury. He did not blame the senator from California, because the alleged article from the *Magazine* and frequently been quoted by others.

Wolcott, Dem., of Col., said he had taken the extract from a work written by a very prominent Republican and had no doubt examined the *Sunday Magazine* for the article in question. He would call it from the last edition of his speech.

The silver purchase repeal bill was then taken up. Dubois, Rep., of Idaho, rising to make a personal statement, called attention to the remark of Gorman, Maryland, that the resolution introduced by Dubois for the consideration of financial legislation solid the senatorial vacancies from the states of Washington, Montana and Wyoming had been filled, was offered for the purpose of concealing time. Dubois denied that this was his motive. He had introduced the resolution for the interest of the three states referred to and justified the introduction of the resolution by a precedent which occurred some years ago.

Wentworth, Rep., Miss., supposed the object of the resolution was to show that the appointees of Republican were not being taken at an unfair advantage. He would therefore ask the facts and allow the Senate to reach its own conclusion. If the three states in question, two were not never possessing votes and those two states were represented in the Senate by the senators who favored repeal of the Sherman law.

In response to a question of Wolcott, Republican, of Colorado, the senator said he referred to the states of Washington and Wyoming.

"I would like the senator from Minnesota," said Dubois, "to state by whose authority he makes that assertion?"

"By authority of the senators themselves," replied Wentworth.

"I imagine these senators will resent that imputation," said Dubois.

"I state that the senators from Washington (Squire) and Wyoming (Carey) are not for unconditional repeal of the Sherman law. The senator from Washington has offered an amendment for the coinage of silver. The senator from Wyoming (Squire) told me," Wentworth declared, "that he would vote for unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act."

This closed the incident and Kyle, Pop., of S. D., addressed the Senate in opposition to the repeal bill.

Kyle indicated the idea that with free coinage the United States would be flooded with silver. As the coinage, it was contended whether the honor yield of silver would be large enough to match the necessary increase in currency.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Discussion, Alta, opened the house with a motion on the bill to repeal the Federal election laws, with an argument in favor of repeal.

On the Charge of Forgery.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Oscar Adler, son of Samuel Adler who suicided in Chicago in April, was arrested here yesterday on the charge of forgery. He has been arrested on a warrant charging the embezzlement of $1,000 from the Mechanics' Bank of Chicago. It is said that the young man's father, whose commercial standing is good, was also involved. Though the elder Adler is first suspected the forging of the original notes he disposed of them to a pale broker.

Switchers Strike.

MERIDEN, Oct. 2.—It is stated that the switchmen in all the yards except the Tremont Street Mount Lake strike. There is no disturbance.

A Dangerous Person Killed.

OGDEN, Oct. 2.—In a row in front of a saloon last night Peter Dunn from a revolver and began firing and fatally wounded Wm. Green and Dunn was killed by a person by a policeman, shot to find at, but killed. The police arrest a street car conductor, W. E. Hosier, inflicting a mortal wound, and seriously wounding an unknown man. In the case a large crowd was in pursuit of the machine machinery, firing as they ran. When he finally was capture it was found that he had been hit five times and cannot live.

THE EUROPEAN SITUATION.

A Day of General "Confloustion" Thought to Draw Near.

Anxiety Expressed in Regard to the Visit of the Russian Fleet to France.

BERLIN, Oct. 2.—Newspapers here now publish less favorable reports regarding Prince Bismarck's health. It was the intention of the family and physicians to remove him to his home at Friedrichsruhe, but the prince was not in a condition to make the journey.

The prospect of reconciliation between the emperor and the empress grows brighter every day. It is claimed that the military clashes of the drillmen have been thrown the cold shoulder by French officers and a conciliatory message from the military authorities here proposes to withdraw all German military attaches from France in order to force the French government to withdraw the military attaches from Germany, Austria and Italy, who, they claim, are acting as spies. There are people, however, who think that the agitation is the work of the military party in Germany, who subsidize opposition in parliament to the German bill for a large increase in the army and navy expenditures. In the meantime the coming of the legions of Russia and France and the day of general conflagration seems to be approaching more rapidly day by day. The people here are people here who fear that there may be serious riots in Paris and elsewhere in France, upon the occasion of the visit of the Russian fleet to Toulon, for it is claimed the "fire cracker party" in France is almost certain to make the Russian visit an occasion for a demonstration against the Germans and Hebrews, not to mention the English, against which country an extra sensationalist class of Frenchmen claim to have well founded cause for resentment.

The Russian government has antagonized those people by its strong remonstrances for some time past and it is with the object of trying to prevent them that the czar and emperor of Germany have been throwing cold water upon inflammatory Francs and warning President Carnot and his advisers against the danger of being too accommodating to the Russians, for if the World will not prevent the French from making a demonstration too over the Russian visit and no amount of argument will restrain the French people that the whole visit of the Russian fleet to Toulon is only a month vist, out of common courtesy, for the visit of the French fleet to Russian waters.

AS TO REPEAL.

No Improvement in the Situation as Yet Visible.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The results who have been most active trying to effect a compromise on the repeal bill do not express themselves as discouraged by the outlook this morning. They say nothing is likely to transpire in that direction during the present week, but express no doubt that the beginning of next week will see a change in the situation, by which time the senate will be more thoroughly impressed with the futility of the effort to force the pending bill in the present shape and that this certain delay will have the general effect of convincing the members of the impossibility of any one side getting just what he may want. The extreme men on both sides are still holding out stiffly, however, and if there is any improvement of the situation it does not appear on the surface.

Indian Outlook Suppressed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The outlook among the Yuma Indians at southeast California, headed by Miguel, the hereditary chief, and retired chief of the tribe, has been suppressed by their arrival. The information was telegraphed to the interior department today by Indian Agent Archibald.

NO COMPROMISE.

Cleveland Said to Oppose It Except as a Last Resort.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Carlisle has actually again with President Cleveland on the compromise issue, but with no satisfactory results, says a morning paper. It is not stated the reply he had authorized Carlisle to give the advocates of a compromise, but it is believed that he will adhere to his original position, namely, that further purchase of silver with a repealable clause has been made by the friends of bimetallism equal to a veto measure of the Sherman law. Democrats are anxiously awaiting the outcome of the conference between Carlisle and the President, for all in the Sale they see that there is no compromise terms at the end of the two days. Silver senators seem to have no hope of any support of the original measure.

BRITISH SCAVENGER.

A Fair Answer for Transcontinental Freight Association.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 2.—The United States circuit court here today handed down a decision in the case of the U. S. against the Transcontinental Freight association. The suit was originally brought by the government under the Sherman anti-trust law. The lower court decided in favor of the association, holding that it was not a trust, but was organized under the interstate commerce law. The court of appeals sustained the lower court, Judge Thayer dissented.

Killed Two Tramps.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 2.—The southbound fast freight train on the Cincinnati, Cleveland, Cincinnati & Ohio road this morning left one tramp dead and two tramps were so badly injured by the cars that they died shortly after being taken to the city hospital. The dead are Joseph Jordan and James Murphy, both of Cincinnati, O.

THE TARIFF BILL.

The Democratic Members of the Ways and Means Committee at Work.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The Democratic members of the ways and means committee are making progress with the tariff bill. The committee work is promised to be free from partisan with compensatory reductions in other directions. There is a growing impression that the consequent deficit in the treasury will be met by increased internal revenue taxes on whisky and tobacco. Carlisle is understood to favor an increased tax on whisky to 120 cents. The calculation is that this will increase the revenue thirty million dollars.

AFTER THE SUGAR TRUST.

A Proposition to Inquire Into Its Modes of Business.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Henderson will introduce in the House today a resolution for the appointment of a special committee of five to investigate and report on the transaction of the sugar trust, with power to sit during the recess of Congress and send for persons and papers, to return the use of the sergeant-at-arms of Jackson and if the facts warrant, it is expected a bill to amend its corporate existence.

PEACE IN SIAM.

The French Ministers Compelled With and the Treaty Signed.

PARIS, Oct. 2.—The government has received a cablegram from the French envoy at Bangkok, announcing the settlement of the dispute between France and Siam is settled in the Anglo-French sense, stating that the treaty was signed yesterday. France is to continue to occupy Chantabun. All the principles of the treaty will be carried out.

EXTREMELY DISAGREEABLE.

Gloomy Weather at the World's Fair today.

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—There was no special features at the World's Fair today, the weather is gloomy, and a fine mist is falling making cabinet movement extremely disagreeable.

The Socialists Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 2.—Everything is in readiness for the meeting of the general American socialist convention to morrow. The convention will be met by the mayor.

A Solid Memorials of Gen.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—A special from San Antonio, Texas, says work has commenced on the great marble bust of Gen. Sam Houston, the tallest ever and less mines of Mexico and Marble, Texas. This mine is a solid mountain of pure white marble 40 feet high and six miles long. At any point ore can be taken out in almost solid lumps. It is situated three miles from Rio Grande in Mexico and about 100 miles south of Marathon. The ore will be hauled to Marathon, the nearest railroad point, and shipped from there to the company's studio in New Orleans.

Prisoner's Shooter.

MAHON CITY, IOWA, Oct. 2.—Patterson, Officer of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad was shot and killed by a tramp this morning. The tramp was overtaken an hour passed of the murderer.

DOLVED THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

The Greatest Sensation of the Iowa Campaign So Far.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 2.—The greatest political sensation of the Iowa campaign this fall was sprung this morning by State Senator L. R. Butler of Harrison county. Mr. Butler is the author of the Butler bill, the pending bill in committee announces that he has nulled the Democratic ticket and will support the Republican ticket. Butler is one of the best Democratic leaders in Iowa for years.

The Work of a Hurricane.

PARIS, Oct. 2.—The delta of Tonkin was flooded by a hurricane sweeping away many dwellings and drowning a large number of people. Crops are ruined. Urgent appeals have been issued for funds to avert a famine.

IVES AND ROBERTS.

The Billiard Match to Commence this Afternoon.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—The billiard match between Frank Ives, the champion and John Roberts, the English champion, will begin here this afternoon. The match is 1500 points, the English champion has Ives odds and 100 receipts. Two games of 500 points each will be played daily, one in the afternoon and the other in the evening with Saturday, when a thousand points will be played in the afternoon and a thousand in the evening.

The match differs from the one recently played in Chicago in one respect only, the pockets being 3½ inches instead of 3 inches, which, it is said, should work to Roberts's advantage.

POLITICAL MATTERS.

Wendell Benson's Denial and Approval of the Independent Ticket.

THE TWO PRECINCT FOUR ARGUMENTS.

Liberty County Republicans—The Anarchists in Denver—Political Observations.

It has been a matter of current talk among certain politicians with whom the talk is evidently idiot to the thought, the last few days, that Wendell Benson would hint the Independent movement, that he would do so for the reason that he failed to receive the nomination for mayor as against Judge Baskin. Such individuals have absolutely no authority for the statements they make but are very much mistaken in their conclusions.

A News representative met Mr. Benson today, who said: "I have only the most interests of the city at heart and have no private axe to grind. I want to see the popular will of the people triumph."

"There is no truth in the statement then that you will become a candidate for mayor on a straight Democratic ticket?"

"None whatever. I am not aware that such a ticket will be nominated, I am of the opinion that there will be in the field. The people should send their partisanship and have the courtesies that are merely, tackle on their armor and go to work. If they will do so vitally will crown their efforts on election day in November next."

As a parting shot Mr. Benson said: "Say, of course I am not for any such nomination and will not consent to the use of my name to any such proceeds for the reason stated. The latest proposed ticket is a trap for the Independent movement to use that deserves the support of every man who has the welfare of Salt Lake City and Utah Territory at heart."

THE WILD AND WOOLY TOWN.

The Democratic primary in the Third precinct on Saturday night was only as wild and woolly as anticipated. There was the same old fight of the contending factions and the bewildering fulmination Provost Hodges came to the meeting to order. The Rich followers clamored for and secured the election to that position of John N. Pace as against A. E. Ayle.

After a parting speech by Judge Smith one of the great main contest arrived the following ticket:

Whereas, In the interest of good government a large number—presumably a majority of the citizens of Salt Lake, thought the time ripe for a full set of city and precinct officers, and

Whereas, We, the Free Silver reform Democrats, feel that we do not at this time nominate candidates for the City Council to be voted for in the November election of this year, but that the people generally would be more easily wheedled by a united effort to support the Independent citizens' movement.

The reading of the resolution precipitated a scene of splendid fire in the high wing of the meeting and as they were in the majority by four from good humble representatives it failed to carry.

Then came a lengthy and wild debate in which a score or more of men sought permission to speak at the same time. The principal point of dispute was as to whether Rich contending that Lincoln had as much right to participate in the proceedings as Democrats who had identified themselves with the independent movement.

J. L. Hills, Billy Hyde's right bower, who was deposed as a member of the Democratic committee because of his refusal to vote for Rich, was the second man who spoke in a manner indicative of his sentiments. He said that party nominees had something about being an American citizen. He was then spoked by the sergeants at arms but subsequently succeeded in obtaining an understanding. Nathan Tacoma Hamilton, another nominee defeated, was also engaged in the fray. He said some Democrats had voted against Mr. Rich and had joined the party nominee with the intention of defeating the meeting. The crowd collected about the chairman who begged to speak at the same time, but finally, Hills with a broken lance, lay and yelled himself hoarse. A. M. Gillespie attempted to speak but he was shouted down. He said he was paying sufficient respect to its presiding officer and in an undertone James yelled out "Get out of the way." Gillespie then said he was paying sufficient respect to the