

## MRS. SHEPARD MADE PRESIDENT.

Prominent Salt Lake Lady Honored  
by the Mothers' Congress.

### STRONG CORPS OF OFFICERS

Asst. of Wholesome Maxims for the  
Rearing of Children—Lively and  
Pungent Discussions.

The Mothers' Congress of Utah closed its sessions yesterday afternoon at the Assembly Hall, and it will be remembered as a notable incident in the history of Utah's womanhood. The addresses and discussions were intelligent and enlightening and good and beneficent results will be the natural sequence. The officers chosen for the ensuing year are all capable, intelligent women under whose regime the cradle of the congress will receive a strong impetus and its renewal will spread.

The new officers are:

President—Mrs. E. E. Shepard of Salt Lake.  
Vice Presidents—Mrs. Jennie Nelson of Ogden, Mrs. T. N. Taylor of Provo, Mrs. G. W. Palmer of Farmington, and Mrs. A. H. Snow and Mrs. E. B. Critchlow of Salt Lake.

Treasurer—Mrs. Elmer B. Jones of Salt Lake.

Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. C. E. Allen of Salt Lake.

Recording Secretary—Miss Belle Richards of Salt Lake.

As a sample of the wholesome common sense that controlled the congress the following maxims, concerning the rearing of children were evolved from a very lively and pungent discussion, participated in by Mrs. A. P. Koenig, of Salt Lake, Mrs. Nellie Little, Mrs. B. H. Roberts, Mrs. Ida S. Dusenberry and several others:

"Do not punish for unintentional disobedience."

"Distinguish between offenses due to animal spirits and those due to naughtiness."

"Take into consideration nervousness of all health."

"Train children to do right because it is right, rather than because they are told to do so."

"Keep the confidence of children."

"Carry out promises or warnings."

"Set an example of politeness and good conduct yourself."

"Avoid corporal punishment."

"Do not punish a child when you are angry."

"Do not strike tables, chairs, etc., and say 'naughty table,' 'naughty chair,' etc., when an inanimate object figures in a mishap."

"Never pay a child for doing his duty."

"Do not point out other children as examples of good conduct, as this is likely to cause dislike and jealousy."

"In behalf of the committee on resolutions Mrs. Shepard reported the following, which was adopted:

"We entirely endorse that educational policy which would place in the State curriculum the subjects of domestic science and manual training; and we pledge our active support to that end. And be it further

"Resolved, That we are in hearty sympathy with the kindergarten system of education and believe the scientific training of kindergarten to be the best educational preparation of our daughters for motherhood."

**RENOVATING OLD ORCHARD**

Press Bulletin of the Utah Agricultural College Experiment Station.

In a recent trip through several of the most thickly populated counties of the State, the writer saw on every hand, orchards that were monuments to man's neglect. They seemed to be crying out in agony to be saved from ruin, disease and death. In one instance the thoughtful (?) owner was answering the cry by applying the ax, not to the roots, but to the branches, the most disgraceful of all ways of removing surplus limbs. In most cases not even this consideration was bestowed upon the family's faithful friend, the old orchard.

**WHAT IS THE ORCHARD'S PRESENT CONDITION?**

It is deplorable, to say the least. For years no pruning has been done and the bushy tops have grown into and have embraced each other, seemingly for the purpose of confining one to the other and their shame at being thus neglected. The trees are legittimate prey to all manner of insect pests. The woolly aphid flourishes in large clusters, with their cottony banners waving in the breeze. The red spiders have covered the trees from top to bottom, or with millions of eggs arranged symmetrically in clusters. Under the rough pieces of bark are scores of fat, sleek worms of the codling moth, snugly housed in their white cocoons and thankful for man's thoughtless protection of them. In the scarred twigs are the eggs of the buffalo tree hopper, a triangular shaped, greenish colored insect. There are other insects, too, but the orchardist must not be told about them all at once, for he is a brave man if he be not frightened and discouraged at having the above mentioned enemies brought to his notice.

The ground has probably not been plowed or cultivated since Utah became a State, and it is now a battlefield where there are continually life and death struggles between the trees, alfalfa, grass, weeds, sweet clover, insect pests, hogs, sheep, and the neighbors' cows and hens.

**WHAT SHOULD BE DONE?**

Pruning with the saw and pruning shears, (never with an ax) should be done at once. All dead and injured limbs should be cut out. When the limbs cross or rub against each other, one should be removed. Take out enough of the branches to open up the head so that sunlight may enter to color up the fruit. Cut back all straggling branches so that a symmetrical head is possible. When the trees stand so close together that the branches interlock, enough of them should be dug out so that the remaining ones will have plenty of room for development and growth.

Avoid taking off large limbs when it is possible to do so. Whenever a branch is removed, the cut should be made at the collar, using up the supporting branch. With the larger branches a small cut should be made on the under side first, then from the upper side a cut should be made to meet the "one" cut. In this way the tearing off of the lower part of the limb can be avoided. Never leave a stub when cutting off a limb, because the stub cannot heal over, and in time will rot. Through this rotting stub the

### IT IS IMPORTANT.

To Know What You are Taking  
When Using Catarrh Medicines.

Catarrh is the short route to consumption, and the importance of early and judicious treatment of catarrh, whether located in the head, throat or bronchial tubes, cannot be too strongly emphasized.

The list of catarrh cures is as long as the moral law and the forms in which they are administered, numerous and confusing. From sprays, inhalers, washes, ointments and salves to powders, liquids and tablets.

The tablet form is undoubtedly the most convenient and most effective, being nearly all advertised catarrh remedies it is almost entirely a matter of guess work as to what you are taking into your system, as the proprietors, while making all sorts of claims as to what their medicines will do, always keep it a close secret as to what they are.

The success and popularity of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, is largely because it not only cures catarrh but because catarrh sufferers who used these tablets know what they are taking into their systems. Stuart's Catarrh Tablets being composed of Eucalyptol, Hydrastine, Gualcol and similar valuable and antiseptic ingredients, and are pleasant to the taste and having dissolved in the mouth they take immediate effect upon the mucous lining of the throat, nasal passages and whole respiratory tract.

The cause that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets have accomplished in old chronic cases of catarrh are little short of remarkable, and the advantage of knowing what you are putting into your system is of paramount importance when it is remembered that the cocaine or morphine habit has been frequently contracted as the result of using secret catarrh remedies.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets meet with cordial approval from physicians, because their antiseptic character render them perfectly safe for the general public to use and their composition makes them a common sense cure for all forms of catarrhal troubles.

All druggists sell them at 50 cents for full sized packages.

germs of decay will enter the trunk and cause it to rot also.

Apple and Pear Trees—The rough bark should be scraped from the trunk of the trees and burned. This operation will uncover many worms of the codling moth, which should in all cases be killed. It will then be best to spray the trees with a mixture of lime sulphur and salt mixture before the buds break, to kill the woolly aphids, the eggs of red spider and any scale insects that happen to be present. It is also not the trunk could be at least to be whitewashed with the following mixture: Lime whitewash five gallons, liquid glue one pint, crude carbolic acid one-half pint, and white arsenic, one ounce.

Peach Trees—If these are too old and ragged it will probably not pay to do anything with them. If they are still in bearing condition, if they had better be cut back considerably in order to get the head as low as possible. In some cases it is desirable to renew the head. This may be done by cutting off one-third of the main limbs and cutting from three to six feet from the trunk. New branches will then develop to form the head.

Plum and Apricot Trees—These trees should have all of the weak, dead and injured limbs cut out.

Cultivation—The orchard should be plowed in the spring and then be harrowed or cultivated once each week until August, after that it is only necessary to keep the weeds down.

Irrigation—Apply water only when necessary. When the ground is well cultivated it will need only about half as much water as uncultivated ground.

Spraying—Codling moth. Use arsenite of lime and spray the first time one week before the blossoms fall. One spray at intervals of three weeks until the middle of September. Wrap burlap bands around the tree trunks, examine the bands once a week and kill all apple worms found under them.

Woolly Aphid—If these insects are not all killed by the winter spraying of the lime sulphur and salt mixture, they may be sprayed with kerosene emulsion diluted with eight parts of water, during the growing season.

Red Spider—Use the remedy mentioned for woolly aphid.

Bugs—Hoppers—In each case made on the apple twigs by this insect will be found two rows of eggs. These eggs hatch in May and June, and the young feed on grass, weeds and growing plants in the orchard. The remedy is to keep the orchard clean by cultivation, and thus starve out the young insects by destroying their food plants.

For more detailed information regarding the pests of the orchard the reader is referred to Bulletin No. 65 of the Utah Experiment Station, Logan, Utah. This Bulletin will be sent to any one applying for it. C. P. CLOSE, Logan, Utah, April 2, 1901.

**POLLOCK GETS DESPERATE.**

Makes a Second Attempt at Suicide and is Put in Padded Cell.

Peter J. Pollock seems bent on shuffling off this mortal coil. Not content with his attempt to bleed himself to death last Monday night in true "Quo Vadis" style by opening the blood vessels in his wrists, he was with difficulty prevented from leaping from a second story window at the Holy Cross hospital last night. He was caught in his attempt to make such an unvarnished exit by Benson, the night man with whom he had a fierce struggle in which Benson says that he had to take full of the patient and hold him till the patrol wagon arrived. The violent man was then removed to the county jail and lodged in the padded cell. In making several attempts to leave the wagon in transit.

Pollock's reason does not seem to have been mending at the same rate as the wound in his wrists. He is in bed last night.

**FIGPRUNE Cereal**

The most wholesome and nutritious substitute for coffee and tea.

Made from the choicest California figs, prunes and selected grains.

A delicious, strengthening beverage—holds its delicate flavor to the bottom of the cup.

Physicians recommend Figprune.

All grocers sell it.

## CYCLISTS ARE IN TRAINING.

John Lawson Will Go After the  
World's Six Day Record.

### EVER IS COMING IN JULY.

Gussie Will Very Likely Go East  
Under the Management of  
Jack Prince.

The local cyclists are taking advantage of the good weather and many of them have begun training for the coming season. John Lawson, the "Terrible Swede," has purchased a new wheel and states that he will begin active training on the Salt Palace track Saturday. John says that he is anxious to get in shape for long-distance races as he expects to break the world's six-day record this summer. He has a contract with an eastern man to go on the road with a Swedish play next fall and he expects to start about the 15th of October. Before going, however, he will make an attempt to beat the six-day record, which at present is 1,923 miles. Lawson says that in a recent letter from Ever, who is in Australia, the latter states that he and Teddie Chapman do not expect to reach Salt Lake until July 4th at the earliest.

It is not at all improbable that Gussie Lawson, who is now in California, will not be seen on the Salt Palace track this season. John says that he heard from Gussie recently and he expects to go East to ride in middle distance races of the track and to meet Jack Prince. Of course, unless Gussie signs such a contract he will come to Salt Lake.

### BASEBALLISTS ARE HAPPY.

Good Weather Has Put the Diamond  
in Excellent Shape.

The prospects for Saturday's game are exceedingly good, both in this city and Ogden. The locals were out in full force yesterday afternoon, and will be again tomorrow for practice.

President W. J. Shealy of the Ogden club, who was here yesterday afternoon, stated that the Locals were in good shape and were training every day. He visited the diamond yesterday and watched the locals work out. He had nothing to say regarding their work as doubtless he failed in utterance to speak the praise of the boys.

Nels Marges, who is slated for the home plate for the Salt Lakes, is steadily improving, and has already demonstrated his ability to hold his own with the best of them.

W. E. Morrow, accompanied by Mrs. Morrow, arrived yesterday afternoon from California, and is ready to assume the responsibilities of holding down third base for Bud Risley. Morrow was with the Woodland team of the California league and is considered a good one.

The fans are all happy because of the good weather, which is rapidly putting the grounds into good shape. The repairs and improvements on the grand stand and bleachers here, which were begun a few days ago, are practically finished and by Saturday all will be ready for the opening contest.

### HOW IT HAPPENED.

Logan Basketballists Think They  
Can Defeat L. D. S.

Amant the recent basket ball game between the Logan B. Y. C. team and the local L. D. S. team in which the former was fairly defeated, the Logan Journal has the following as an explanation of how it all happened:

The B. Y. C. basketballists are back from Salt Lake, where they suffered two defeats at the hands of the L. D. S. and S. L. B. College teams. The members of the team say they could not get accustomed to the small space afforded by the Salt Lake hall, and they say was about one-third the size of the B. Y. C. gymnasium. The locals feel confident that they can beat the Salt Lake team in the gymnasium, but can't learn to play in cramped quarters.

### ON WHEELS TO BUFFALO.

Roy Pendleton and Ira King Will  
Start from Boise.

Two young men of this city have determined to ride to Buffalo on a tandem. They want to see the exposition and they also would break the record for long-distance bicycle riding if possible. They are Roy Pendleton, a barber in the Page shop, and Ira King, an employee of the Idaho hotel. They expect to leave Boise early in June and they do not believe they will be longer than 25 days making the trip. They have figured the distance at something over 2,300 miles. Preparations for the trip are being made. They propose to ride a Tribune tandem, and in return for the advertisement they will give that wheel, its makers will no doubt aid the enterprise materially. After crossing the plains the expedition will make 150 miles a day, and if they are feeling well, they may make a few moonlight runs. The boys expect to return to their old homes in Missouri to spend the winter, coming back to Boise the following summer. Pendleton has had considerable experience as a bicycle rider, having followed the track for a number of years, leaving it on account of sickness. While making some fair time, he became best known in the bicycle world as a starter and motorcycle operator. He has paced some fast ones, attracting considerable attention by his work in Salt Lake—Boise Statesman.

### PRACTICE SHOOT.

Local Marksmen Getting Ready for  
Ogden Tournament.

At the local gun club traps yesterday afternoon eight members took part in the practice shoot. Capt. Cal Callison again captured the honors of the day with J. P. Sharp, 47; Walroide, 42; Mitchell, 40; and Kendall, 35.

Out of fifty shots each the following scores were made:

Callison, 49; J. P. Sharp, 47; Love, 44; Newcomb, 44; Pease, 43; Walroide, 42; Mitchell, 40; and Kendall, 35.

### Provo Club Score.

Barney led the score in the shoot of the Provo gun club yesterday afternoon, and won the Brown medal.

In spite of the strong wind, which blew yesterday, the shooters made some good scores. There were nine members on hand—and the following scores are the result:

Broken. Missed. Total.

Barney ..... 22 3 25

Twelve ..... 20 5 25

Wright ..... 20 5 25

Irvine ..... 15 7 22

Packard ..... 15 7 22

Farrer ..... 12 13 25

Stinson ..... 10 15 25

Searle ..... 8 17 25

Spafford ..... 4 17 25

### Basket Ball Tomorrow.

Tomorrow afternoon at the Social hall the Fremonts and the Webster

girls will play a game of basketball. There is considerable rivalry between the teams and a sharp, snappy contest is looked for.

The L. D. S. Juniors and Fremont boys were scheduled to play, but the game has been called off.

### OUTSIDE EVENTS.

FITZSIMMONS NEW PLAY.

In Which He is Not a "Blacksmith" but a "Gentleman."

That fellow Fitzsimmons is a hit for fair. At least with the writer. Probably it is because he is so well acquainted with him, and anything he does or says is very amusing to me. At present Fitz is all swelled up about his acting and recent interviews that he has given the press are funnier than any joke we ever heard at the minstrels. Here is his latest:

"I'm no amateur in the matter of the drama," said Robert Fitzsimmons, with a sneer. "Why, nine years ago I was in the 'Mulligan Guards.' I like stage life, although sometimes I get tired of scurrying about the country. I'm looking forward to a summer of rest at Bensonhurst—in the new home—with Mrs. Fitzsimmons and the babies. I'm to have a new play next year, and I want to be no pretentious than any of my old ones. I've got three under consideration. I'll not be a blacksmith in the coming production, and while I haven't the plot all worked out, there'll be one scene out of the ordinary. I'm a gentleman on riding; have met with an accident; my horse has thrown a shoe; blacksmith is surely too busy to let the animal volunteer to do the job myself; he ridicules me and offers a wager that I can't do it. I accept, divest myself of my swell garments and wear the best. Mrs. Fitzsimmons has talent beyond the 'mother dear' line, and she'll have a part in the new play in which she can show her versatility and wear diamonds."

And yet some persons insist that the pugilist cannot make any radical advances in the domain of pure intelligence.—Denver Post.

### POLICE INTERFERED.

In the Fight Between Tom Cough  
and Eddie Connolly.

Louisville, Ky., April 10.—Tom Cough of Dunkirk, N. Y., was tonight given the decision over Eddie Connolly, New York. In the eleventh round of a twenty-round bout, Connolly was all but out, and the police stopped the fight.

The fight took place before the Monarch club, and was a very close one, three to one favorite. He forced the fighting for the first six rounds, but from that time to the end was at Cough's mercy.

In the eleventh round Cough made a chopping blow at his opponent's head and face, Connolly being powerless to defend himself. He was knocked down and left lying on the canvas for nine was on his feet, only to be hampered all over the ring till the fight was stopped. The men weighed in at 138 pounds.

Before the Connolly-Cough fight it was announced that the winner would meet Matty Matthews before the Monarch club on Derby night, April 23, would meet Terry McGovern in this city on McGovern's return from the Pacific coast, in the open air at the Auditorium formerly by the Salt Lake hall, under the auspices of the Southern Athletic club. The details are said to have been closed to night with McGovern.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It stands and bleeds from the inside in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quins, pains in the side and chest, glandular swellings, etc., are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price 25 and 50 cts.

### ARMY ASSIGNMENTS.

Changes for New Infantry Captains  
Who Are Well Known Here.

An order has been issued from the war department giving to the recently promoted lieutenants in the infantry, who were made captains, their assignments. The changes which will interest the people here are as follows:

Fourthteenth Infantry—Lewis S. Sorely, formerly of the sixteenth, assigned to his present regiment.

Sixteenth Infantry—George D. Guyer, unchanged; John E. Woodward, transferred to the twenty-ninth infantry.

Seventeenth Infantry—Irwin, Guy G. Palmer, Robert E. L. Spruce, Edward C. Carey and Charles W. Castle, to the Thirtieth; John F. Preston Jr., transferred to the thirty-sixth.

Eighteenth Infantry—Briant H. Wells, transferred to the Twenty-ninth.

Twenty-first Infantry—William M. Morrow, unchanged.

Twenty-third Infantry—Thomas F. Schley, unchanged; Ferdinand W. Kobbie, transferred to the Twenty-eighth.

Twenty-fourth Infantry—Isaac C. Jenks, Hunter B. Nelson and Albert A. Laws, unchanged; George H. McMaster, transferred to the Twenty-sixth; James A. Moss, transferred to the Twenty-seventh.

Twenty-fifth Infantry—William H. H. Chapman, unchanged.

Except the captains named in the Twenty-sixth Infantry, who are now with their companies at Fort Douglas, all of the new lieutenants are now in the Philippines, and every one has seen service either there or in the Cuban campaign.

### UTAH SHEEP STOPPED.

Deputy Inspector Jones Guilty of Con-  
tempt of Court.

A dispatch from Boise, Idaho, called Attorney James H. Moyle thither last evening to investigate a case where it is charged that Deputy Sheriff Insp. Jones of Idaho had arrested an employee of Jesse M. Smith while driving a herd of inspected Utah sheep through the State. Mr. Moyle states that this is clearly a case of contempt of court for the recent ruling of the court was that Utah sheep that had been inspected could be driven not only into but through Idaho. Mr. Moyle says that he proposes to bring the case before the court.

### POPULATION OF SAMOA.

Recent Census Shows a Very Slight  
Increase in Thirty Years.

Tutuila, March 27, via San Francisco, April 11.—[Correspondent of the Associated Press.]—A census of the population of the Samoan group has been taken by the number of Samoans in Upolu and other islands under the German government is 32,000 while the population of the six islands under the United States government is returned at 5,800. The very slight increase during the last thirty years is about the same in proportion all around. The infant mortality is greatest and this is due in a large measure to the ignorance and carelessness in dieting the young. It is not unusual to see a mother feeding her infant from the mouth after she has herself masticated the food intended for the child. It is only since the United States took possession that the people have been able to receive medical advice and treatment. With the sanitary laws now in force and the law concerning the health of the people generally throughout the island it is hoped that during the next decade there will be a considerable increase of the native population.

Gov. B. F. Tilley returned from New Zealand on the Abernethy, on March 14. The natives showed their delight at the governor's return by giving a number of fetes in his honor.

Magistral returns from all justices have been sent into the high court of all cases tried by magistrates at the end of last month. The reports indicated great improvement among the Samoans. These statements together with the regular reports of the native government and other officials are carefully prepared and are models of neatness. The native officers are not lacking altogether in education, but there is good opportunity for the United States to assist them in their desire to obtain greater knowledge.

### Nursing Mothers

must keep in the prime of health. Each mother owes it to herself, but more to the child whose present and future strength and development depend upon the mother's condition during the nursing period. A pure, gentle and invigorating stimulant and tonic is necessary to insure perfect health to the mother, and there is none so good as

### Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

It is a medicine and used as such it aids digestion, stimulates and enriches the blood, nourishes the brain, builds up the nerve tissues, and tones up the entire system.

As all ailments and diseases grow from impure blood, and it is the duty of every mother to keep her blood pure and healthy, Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is the best remedy for all ailments and diseases.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N.Y.

## MUST ACCEPT AMENDMENT.

Cubans Will Have to Take the  
Platt Proposal.

### IS NO OTHER ALTERNATIVE.

If They Do Not, United States Will  
Continue to Exercise Authority  
in the Island.

Washington, April 10.—Information was received at the war department today to the effect that the Cuban constitutional convention contemplates sending a committee here to consult the President and secretary of war regarding the Platt amendment and the relations of the United States with Cuba.

While it is known that the administration would much prefer to have the constitutional convention accept the Platt legislation instead of sending such a committee, it would rather the commission should visit this country and discuss the subject than that the Platt legislation should be rejected. Flat rejection would leave matters in a strained condition. The commission will visit this country upon its own responsibility, as an invitation to come might imply a disposition upon the part of this government to make concessions.

It has been suggested that some of the more radical opponents of United States control be members of the commission, but that they might not be certain definitely what the situation is in the United States.

There has been some discussion as to what such a commission can accomplish by coming to Washington. It is said, for one thing, that it can obtain definitely from the President and secretary of war a construction of the Platt amendment. The terms of the amendment, it is said, is the one which meets with the greatest objection from the Cubans, and it is believed the administration can convince the delegation that there is nothing but the best of intention on the part of this government toward Cuba.

The requirement that the Cubans shall adopt "substantially" the terms of the Platt amendment also can be construed. The delegation, it is said, will learn that the Cubans can hope for no modification of the law by Congress and that nothing can be accomplished by waiting until another session. It also will be made plain that the present administration does not wish any modification, and that the spirit of the Platt amendment must be accepted.

The delegation will be informed that they can tell the members of the convention upon their return that until the conditions of the Platt amendment are complied with, the United States will continue to exercise authority in the islands under its military power.

There is a desire upon the part of the Cubans to have some information as to what may be meant by cooling states. It is understood that the delegates have been given an intimation that the selection of the committee made within any of the cities of Cuba, but at points which the United States regards as convenient for warships. Probably the delegation may desire additional assurances from the President upon this point when it comes to the United States.

As to the time of the visit of the commission, there is no definite information. The President leaves here for the West the last of the month, and it is expected that he will not see any delegation of this character until after his return.

### CUBANS DISCUSS IT.

Havana, April 10.—The Cuban constitutional convention at today's session took no action regarding the proposal to appoint a commission to go to Washington in reference to the future relations between Cuba and the United States. The whole time was taken up by Senator Juan Gualberto Gomez and Sen. Segurillo, who made long and impassioned speeches. The former against the Platt amendment and the latter in its favor.

Sen. Gomez said in substance that the black blood in his veins made him opposed to the Americans, intimating that their treatment of his race stamped them as unfriendly to the negro. "I would rather be under the