DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

10 PAGES LAST EDITION TIDE OF BAT BATTLE IN FAVOR OF OF JAPANESE

Has Been Forced to Kuropatkin Has 1 From His First Fall Back From of Defense. Line of Del

RTIFIED POSITION.

Pontoons Over Kuroki Has Thrown has Crossed With The Taitz and Has

JURIAN ARMIES. UNITED MANCHUR

rate Attack Upon Are Making Desperations at Dawn-Rus-Liao Yang-Began at orn Resistance. sians Make Stubbort

indicate that the Today's dispatches in id Liao Yang has tide of battle around l in favor of the t. tremendous and turned appreciably in Japanese. With n his right and ed on his rear by sustained assault center and threatened th has crossed the a heavy force which h kin has been forced a first line of batto fall back from his hi osition he had esvn of Liao Yang tle to the fortified posit tablished in the town and its immediate envire tersburg dispatch says the Russians had given last night after th g and infantry atwithstood an artillery at aldnight, but that tack from dawn to mid . I was too great to the Japanese pressure w uted. Kuropatkin permit it being execute nat a retrograde robably fearing that se might result in A from Tokio, howgovernment at that time g rout. A dispatch fro tion up to this afever, bringing the action ie Russian right ternoon, says that the v, ing back, pursued and center is now falling

by the Japanese. cest say that Gen. Russian official advice proported yesterday pao. Kuroki, who was repo - on the Russian as moving northward o contoons over the left, has thrown por crossed with one attacks home, Taitz river and has dre ers are following. don, while others holously, is to inter-Kuroki's object, obvious en Liao Yang, the pose his force between he north, a movecossian base, and the men which, if successful epatkin's rear and comi. Yang to Mukread leading from Liso SING of the Bussian Shashourpa. den. The withdrawal My will involve right and center probablay, the troops holda similar movement of the line and reing the extreme left of of Kuropatkin's sult in a concentration has established army in the position he is said to be suin Liac Yang. This is the pits, entrenchperbly fortified with rife re entanglements.

ments and barbed wire-. m .- The united Tokio, Sept. 1, 11 a. d Japan have en-Manchurian armies of attack upon Llao gaged in a desperate a propatkin has con-Yang, where Gen. Kur lable Russian solcentrated every availal n the balance, and dier# Victory was in aw when the weary the battle was a draw last (Wednesday) soldiers bivouacked

attacking from the ie east. The right The Japanese are all south and from the wing of the column at nk in from the east south keeps in touch ! the column going se irregular triangle, forming an immense which cover an enthe two fronts of w

ormous range. DAT DAWN. ATTACKED A

prelimnary successes Following the preli south Liao

of the 29th so shal Marquis Oyama. Yang, Field Marshal of the Japanese forces the commander of the aptly sent the united in the field, promply and at dawn of Aug. 30 armies forward and at ok upon all the Russa desperate attack up a made.

Blan positions was man found the Russians The Japanese four ain of splendidly forti-holding a long chain of the tremendous force field positions with a me Japanese artillery of artillery. The Japanese artillery of artillery. The Japanese artillery opened the way but the falled to give an opened the way but the falled to give an open assault. Victory portunity for an open sens the domination of the Manchuria and possibly the end of the Manchuria and possibly the solution of the shall marquis Oyama.

The Japanese forces the despute the united in the Russians found the Manchuria and possib in sutumn campaign.

The Japanese first at army, after octhe Japanese first at any after ocnt bank of the Lan
cupying the right ba
continued its forward
river on Aug. 27, cont
renewed the assault
novement and rene
tions at Hungshaling, jest and the most stubheld out the langest all shalls took the lest first army, after ocheld out the longest a finally took the last bornly. They finally at this place and on Russian positions at snorth of Sunchiassal, an eminence north successes the Japanese Following these succe /anced toward Sanyut-immediately advanced atzu, driving back the gu and Shihebutzu, Russlan soldiers sent

small bodies of Russ eir movement, out to impede their m /s DISLODGED. RUSSIANS DI ht of Aug. 27 to the From the night of 29th the Japanese atmorning of the 29th lan positions on the tacked the Russian ast of Sanyutza. The ridge to the east on were distodged from Russians finally wer jons, but the Japanese hese ridge positions, to advance on account day and took possession of the east bank of the forceful resistance made by the cho occupied the forts to the southeast of fix divisions of Russiant which previously from Hanpolin crossed had been driven from a bridge constructed river to the north of streated to the right Centinuing the attaction of the content advanced and coupled a line anyutzu to the west of Russian from Hanpolin crossed integer over the Taitz hof Siaotsutzu and restance of the cast hank of the Lau river. There was hard fighting all day long over very rough mountains. The Japanese turned the Russian flank. The Russians beyond Yushiling resisted strongly. The artificity fighting lasted until dark, many guns being engaged. The enemy retreated during the hight. The battle was opened before dawn by the Japanese bayonet charge against the Russian trenches. In the evening a left was unable to ad

Continuing the attac and occupied a line tenter advanced and anyutzu to the west of anyutzu to the west of Russian trenches. In the evening a heavy rain began to fall. Salhehutzu, while the the fert, on the morning of the 29th.
Tashihmenling and vanced to Yayutai and the Russians at Tashihmenling and vanced to Yayutai and the results of Tengchiafang, where it CHECK ADVANCE.

BUSSIANS CHECK The Russians checker, forces coming up from part checked the advance of all the Japanese forces ing the Haicheng-Liao the south along the

The Japanese resume Japanese right took a line extending from Leichapao to He-to the efforts of the crack American and line extending from Leichapao to He-to the left occupied a line from a point west detached column from the Japanese right advanced toward to Japanese right advanced toward. The Japanese right advanced toward line from a point west detached column from the Japanese right advanced toward. resumed the attack on

BOPT ARTHUR EXPECTED TO FALL LAST OF SEPTEMBER

Tokio, Sept. 1 (2 p. m.) .- Popular estimates of the date of the fall of Port Arthur incline to the last week in September.

Wellagon and co-operated with the left olumn of the first army.
The Russians on the Hai Cheng-Liso Yang road appeared to be occupying a line of ridges extending from a point south of Shoushampao to a point east of Hangchiatun and running through Hsinilatun. These eminences were fortified strongly and occupied by a nu-

The Japanese bivoucked the night of Aug. 29 in front of these positions. At dawn of Aug. 39 all the Japanese armies conjointly attacked all the Rus-sian positions on the southern front, from a point north of Tengchiafang to a point east of Hangchiatun, and to the vest of Hainlintun and Shoushanpao, The Japanese center attacked with all its strength. The left column of the irst army continued the attack upon Tengchiafeng and Yayuai, but the Russinns there received reinforcements and was impossible to dislodge them. A separate column was then dispatched from the right column of the second army and occupied a ridge to the south of Trafangtun, whence it opened a carnonade upon the enemy at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 30th. This first artillery attack proved successful and at 10 o'clock the Russians, having been reinforced from the direction of Liao Yang, made an effort to retake the ground they had lost.

Throughout the afternoon of the 30th additional reinforcements reached the Russians until their force was estimated at two divisions and 50 or 60 guns,

RUSSIANS DISLODGED. The Japanese continued to attack desperately and at 3 o'clock in the after-noon a junction was effected with the rirons. A St. Ps- left column of the first army. The

tun and that vicinity.

The Russians fought with dogged determination until nightfall.

The main force of the Japanese right, with a portion of the left attacked the southern Russian line in the neighbor-hood of Hangchlatun and Heinlintun and opened the attack against the ridges west of Hsinlintus with a vigrous shalling. The Russians defended these positions against this prelimnary attack with energy and did not allow an opportunity for an open assault. The main force of the Japanese left occupied positions extending from Matowie to Tachaochiatal and attacked the Russians to the west of Shoushan-

The Russians used machine guns against the Japanese with effect, and the Japanese were unable to press their

JAPANESE REINFORCED.

During the day the Japanese left wing was reinforced with a detachment from the reserves. The Japanand would cut Ku- ese arthory, which atticked the Rusthe afternoon and poured a fire into the rear of the Russians at

The civilations of the day did not sucwed in developing the Russian strength in all directions. By the constant arthe guns at Shoushanpao alone finally

The Russian positions at all points were storgly fortified, and the auxiliary defences blocked infantry attacks. During the night of Aug. 30 the Russlans at Shoushanpao stracked the Japanese left and repulsed that portion f the left which occupied Shaoyanzui. They also made a night attack upon the ridge south of Shoushanpao, On the morning of Aug. 31 both armies renewed the attack with vigor.

contestant had gained any visible re-sul. The Japanese were holding Tengchiaforg and Tsangtun, and fighting bravely against superior forces.

A portion of the Japanese right suceeded in capturing an eminence the west of Heinfuntum at noon of the

KUROKI CROSSES THE TAITZ. St. Petersburg, Sept. L.-Gen. Kuroki's force is crossing the Taitz river on pon-toons. One division is already across

and others are following. Gen. Kuropatkin's forces, it was an-nounced from St. Petersburg yesterday, ecupied positions forming a semicircle about Liao Yang, the flanks resting on the Taltz river, which flows north of Lieo Yang, the left flank being east, and the right flank west of the city. It will therefore be seen that the dis-patch from St. Petersburg announcing that Gen. Kuroki's force was crossing the Taitz river on pontoens, would in-dicate that the Japanese have either turned or are turning the Russian left flank, as Kuroki is understood to have

been on the Russian left flank. A dispatch to the Associated Press from Line Yang yesterday announced that the Japanese were getting round the Russian left flank and that developments were expected in the west and northeast. This statement now appears to be confirmed, for it is announced from Mukden in a delayed dispatch that a Japanese force of 10,000 men is said to advancing from the northeast of

TRIRTEEN RUSSIAN DIVISIONS. Tokio, Sept. 1, 4 p. m.-A telegram from the Japanese headquarters in the field says that the Russians at Liao Yang number 12 or 13 divisions.

KUROKI ADVANCES. General Kuroki's Headquarters in the Field, Saturday Aug. 27, via Fusan, Korea, Sept. 1. The army under Gen. Kuroki, made a general advance yesterday and took possession of the east bank of the Lan river. There was hard fighting all day long over very rough

The Olympic Games. St. Louis, Sent, 1.-With the first half of the 180 Olympic games passed into history, made brilliant by broken records, there was a marked disposition on the part of these who took part in today's event to surpass anything yet and render the closing days of the games worthy of a prominent piace in the world's sporting across.

GEN. KUROPATKIN AT HIS OLD TRICKS

Japanese Pressed Him so Hard at Liao Yang That He Gave Order to Retire.

ARTILLERY FIRE VERY SEVERE

Duel Never Ceased for a Moment-Each Gun Carried 150 Charges.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 1. 8:25 p. m -- Acording to official advices from the front the battle at Liao Yang had not ben resumed up to 5 o'clock this morning. The battle yesterday was of the most lesperate character. It raged continuously from dawn until midnight and the slaughter must have been immense. At o'clock in the evening, after holding hi uter positions all day in the face of the most desperate charges, Gen. Kuropatkin gave the order to estire upon the main works about the city. The Japanese assoults during the day had been directed principally against the Russian center, a little east of Mactung hill near the naliroad and three miles southwest of Lino Yang. Nothing approaching the severity of the infantry and artillery free here had been heretefore experienced in this war. Gen. Kondratsyltch's division here the brain and suffered the most. this war. Gen. Kondratsvitch's division here the brunt and suffered the most. Bayonet charges succeeded each other in rapid succession while the artiflery due never ceased for a moment. No attempt was made in the official advices to estimate the number of guns the Japaness used except that they had many hundreds. Each gun carried 150 charges and these must have been expended many times, as several hundred thousand shells were fired between sunrise and sunset. Gen. Kuropatkin's order to fall back shells were fired between sunrise and sunset. Gen. Kuropatkin's order to fail back on the fortheations probably was due to the receipt of information that the Japanese had succeeded in cressing the Taitz river, northeast of Liao Yang, although Gens. Rennenkampif's and Mandariteff's divisions had been especially placed in position in this direction to obeckmate such a mevement. The Japanese crossed at a point called Sakankankwantun, 20 miles east and somewhat above Liao Yang and marched in force directly westward with the evident object of cutting the Russian line of communication with Mukden. Their exact strength was not established but a division was made out.

was not established but a division was made out.

As soon as the Japanese found that inc Russians were retiring from their outer positions southward they resumed the attack there, although it was then quite dark. Thus pressed the Russians arrested their movement to the rear and again faced the Japanese. With the view of eventual retirement from their outer positions the Russians had dug a large number of pits with stakes concealed in their bottoms. The nix were artifully conceal. The plus were artfully con bottoms. The pits were artfully concealed among the high Chinese corn. When the Japanese charged after the Russians they fell into the pits in hundreds and were engaifed and impaired on the stakes and their Bosa were drown into confusion. When the Russians faced about and returned to their old positions they found those death traps filled with dead and driving.

The rattle of musketry and beem of

The rattle of musketry and beom of camon continued until midnight when at last slience brooded over the bloody battlefield and the tired soldiers lay down where they had fought, while the workout surgeons and angels of mercy ministered to the wounded all night and the Chinese coolles worked at carrying them into Liao Yang.

Gen. Sakharoff, in reperting the battle, says the Japanese suffered enormous losses, much larger than those of the Russians, who also lost heavily. No statement is made in regard to the losses.

Gen. Stakeberg who is among the wounded, still remains in commond of his army corps, although he is no longer in chief command of the southern army, which has since been consolidated under Gen. Zarouhaloff, Stakelberg's injury is slight and he did not leave the field. Gen. Marczovsky, who was also wounded, commanded the artillery brigade. He distinguished himself during the suppression of the Boxer troubles in China. His wound is severe.

sion of the Boxer troubles in China. rus wound is sovere.

There has been no interruption of telegraphic communication with Liao Yang up to this hour, which the general staff considers to be conclusive evidence that if the Japanese flanking shovement was pressed north of Liao Yang today it was unsuccessful. The receipt of press and private dispatches has been delayed, the chief telegraph office at Liao Yang having been moved north, which is invariably done when fighting proceeds at such close

when fighting proceeds at such close quarters. The main office of the field telegraph is working at all points in the field occupied by the army corps staff.

SENATOR FAIRBANKS

ON CAMPAICH ISSUES. Marion, Kan., Sept. 1,-The Republi can campaign in this state was inaugurated here today with speeches by United States Senator Chester I. Long and Edward W. Hoch, Republican candidate for governor. There was a large attendance from this and surrounding countles, many coming in an special trains, Senator Fairbanks' special ar-rived a few minutes before 11 o'clock. and he was excerted to the principal hotel in the town by a large delegation of citizens in carriages and on horseback. The streets were gally decorated and the cavalcade was led by a Mukden.

The western move has net yet devel.
oped, according to the advices to hand, but the announcement probably refers to the Japanese force which has been reported to be moving up the line of the sensitor alighted from the train, and they were repeated many times throughout the march. Marion was settled on for the opening of the campaign because it is the sensitor of the opening of the campaign because it is the sensitor of the opening of the campaign because it is the sensitor of the opening of the campaign because it is the sensitor of the opening of the campaign because it is the sensitor of the opening of the campaign because it is the sensitor of the opening of the campaign because it is the sensitor of the opening of the campaign because it is the sensitor of th reported to be moving up the Liao riv- paign because it is the home of the Republican gubernatorial candidate. The speeches occupied the greater part of

> Senator Fairbanks spoke in part as fellows. SENATOR FAIRBANKS' SPEECH. Senator Fairbanks' speech was devoted almost exclusively to a presenta-tion of economic questions, including the trusts and the gold standard, but before entering upon those subjects he made a reference to subjects of local interest. The presence of so large a gathering convinced him, he said. 'that Kansas is prepared to do her duty." and that the state is opposed to enter lag on Democratic experiments which only to Kansas, but to the entire country." He also took occasion to thank Those who a few years ago honestly though mistakenly, wandered from the Republican fold, but who have returned and pledged anew their fidelity and their support to the principles of the Republican party. We have hospitality in our ranks," he added, "for all of our

countrymen who are in favor of good laws and good government."

CAMPAIGN ISSUES. Coming then to the issues of the campaign, the senator said: "We are soon to decide whether or not we shall approve the policies which have been in successful operation for

for do I believe the American people will now turn over to Democracy and chance the central of our national afairs. No one can truthfully say the aws have not been faithfully enforced They have been enforced against all who have disobeyed them with equal impartiality. This is what the people demand. They will have nothing else. Our Democratic friends inveigh against the trusts was they have done publice. the trusts, yet they have done nothing o restrain them. The Republican parof combinations in restraint of trade or commerce between the states, and it has not allowed them to encumber the statute books as a dead letter. They

have been enforced as they were in-tended to be when they were enacted by the Congress. CAPITAL NOT A MENACE. While the Republican party believes restraining capital which is organiz to restrict just competition, it firmbelieves in safeguarding that which is engaged in wholesome trade. The ase of such capital is not a menace. It has a vital function to perform in our material development. It is only the nisuse of it we seek to guard against, The Democratic party has put upon the federal statute books no act to regu-late combinations which concern the public welfare, nor has it enforced those written there by the Republican party. All that has been done with respect to trust regulation has been done by the Republican party. The Sherman anti-trust law was the fruit of Republican

TRUST EVILS. President Cleveland in his last an ual message, recognized the existence f trust evils, but declared that the aws enacted by Congress for their ure, were inadequate. We should not forget that the same laws which Mr. Cleveland regarded insufficient, have been effectively enforced by Republican administrations. have been sustained by the courts. They have enabled us to hold in restraint many combinations effected to dent Roosevelt has had a large number of railroads restrained from giving relates to shippers, The Northern Pacific merger, which sought practically to ombine competing railways, has been fectared to be illegal. These are a few of the things accomplished by the ad-ministration in the enforcement of the anti-trust laws.

"We have passed laws to expedite the hearing of trust litigation; to en-able the government to obtain full and iccurate information respecting the o ganization and operation of corpora tions engaged in interstate trade and commerce, and to effectually put an end to the rebate system which has injured both the railroads and the shippers Perhaps nothing has been more injurious to both common carriers and the patrons, than the wide spread systeof paying rebates. Equality of treat ment has been the demand of the Republican party, and this is now assu-ed under the provisions of the law which have been effected. "We find in what has been done an

earnest, not only of the good faith of the giralnistration, but an evidence of the capacity of the Republican party to do what is promises and to meet in approla measure the robbi-

"If we are inspired by a sense justice and act with a full knowledge and with firmness, we shall have little difficulty in dealing with all the indus-trial and commercial problems which engage our attention. We must deal with them as patriots, not as pessimists, with a view, not to tear down, but to build up in a rational and wholesome way. We want to preserve the good while we destroy with unsparing hand that which is evil among them.

LEADERSHIP OF MCKINLEY. "When the Republican party came into power seven years ago under the leadership of one of the wisest of American statesmen, William McKinley, Kansas was suffering from the effects of Deposits administration. Democratic administration. The Interests of her agricultural classes lan-guished. Her crops rotted in the field, or marketed at unreasonable prices. A radical change has been wrought since then, and it is as gratifying as it is radical. Adversity has yielded to prosperity. It is the logical result of a change of administration and of an adherence to sound economic and mone-

When the supreme test came eight years ago, and the financial bonor of the country was at stake, the Republicaus of Kausas spoke with emphasis for the preservation of national and in-dividual credit. Her people turned a deaf ear to the seductive suggestions of the repudiationists and stood for money as unimpeachable as was their

GOLD STANDARD MAINTAINED. "The Republican party pledged itself that it would maintain the gold standand it has made the promise law. I'nder it, we have more money and a better monetary system than ever since the republic began. Does any one re-gret his vote for William McKinley in 1896 or in 1896? Does he regret his vote for the protective tariff or for the in-flexible maintenance of the gold standard? I dare say there is not one in of the ample limits of the state of Kan-sas who would today recall his votes. of faur and eight years ago if he possibly could. Events have justified in the fullest possible degree the entire wisdom of what we have hitherto done "During the last seven years no one has shared the prosperity which has come to the country in a fuller degree than the farmers. We were told a few years ago that the farmers of Kan sas and the country would never enjoy prosperity without the adoption of free silver and free trade. Results upon every hand sharply confute the proph-ets. Under the maintenance of the protective system and the establish-ment of the gold standard, farm values have risen and the products of the farm have increased in value in gratifying degree. The farmers have to lift many of their mortgages, and materially reduce interes on debts remaining. They have added to the comforts of home, and marked improvements are witnessed in every neighborhood.

PROSPERITY OF KANSAS. "The prosperity of Kansas is well il-justrated by her bank deposits. They nave increased from \$35,000,006 in 1895 o more than \$80,000,000 in 1903. or there is on every hand evidence of building and business activity, of building and business activity, of building and Bench, Ed Stevens, C. Overson, G. Stewart, Browth, What will be the effect upon crocker, E. H. Pratt, Enoch Stewart, Browth, What will be the effect upon crocker, E. H. Pratt, Enoch Stewart, Browth, J. C. Hoover, alternates, Greenwood, J. P. Meekin, A. G. or the result if we adopt new economic

Cereluding, he said: "The question of the hour is, Shall we go forward or turn backward? Shall those who have prosperied under Retublican policies again lift to their lips the cup of Democratic disappointnent? Take the great questions to your hearts and your homes and decide as becomes Americans who realize that he ballot is to be used to advance the actures of political parties only they promote the welfare of the home

There are a number of stops on the way from Topeka, but Senator Fairbanks contented himself with shaking hands with the people who approache the train. He was accompanied by Sen-Long, Congressmen Reader and Colderhead, State Chieman Stubbs and all the Republican candidates for the

Tribune Has "Sensational" Political Dispatch on Affairs in This State.

COMMITTEE IS CONSIDERING IT

Believed That Judge King, Who is Quoted, Will Emphatically Repudiate It-His Answer Awaited.

That fake dispatches and bogus interviews are to be elements in the coming political campaign in Utah seems to be an established fact. Confirmation of this conclusion is found in a "telegram" labelled "special" in this morning's Tribune. It quotes Judge W. H. King of Salt Lake, who is now in New

York, as saying: "That the Mormons are secretly or ganizing to overthrow every particle of influence Rooseveit has in the 'Mor mon' state." He is also made to say:

"I made a thorough investigation of he political condition in Utah before ame east and I learned from the most reliable sources that the Mormons have become so incensed as a result of the atment of Smoot that they will leave o stone unturned to defeat the Repub-can candidate for the presidency as bey hold him principally responsible r the whole affair.

Immediately after Mr. Roosevelt's contraction the Mormons commenced to ganize secretly to insure his defeat as motive of revenge and it has been ef-

The Tribune calls the above a 'sensational statement." And so would a great many other persons if the statenest were true. But that it is a de-therate falsehood maliciously and misseviously made, is the firm conviction of every same and honest Republican and Democrat alike, who is acquainted state. It means that the political mud-slingers and misrepresentation-mon-gers have entered upon the work assigned them in the light that is not

under way.
Efforts vere made to reach Judg King by wire today. He is expected to be heard from before tomorrow. It i certain that the interview will be rebe, until he is heard from. But it is as evident that he has been purposely mis-quoted as it is that the Tribune is the mest notorious dispatch fakir in the said a national official of the striking

journalistic world.

Meanwhile the "telegram" is being widely discussed in the local political amps today; and the Democratic excountive state committee is meeting this because it was felt such action would after a on. At that meeting the alleged hurt us most by throwing our men out cutive state committee is meeting this interview will receive consideration. finquiry at headquarters brought the eply that there need be no fear that Judge King is correctly quoted. They familie, but is simply a case of co-operset her never would have uttered what ation with the striking meat handlers. Judge King is correctly quoted. They it contains unless he had parted with his reason, and that they had no evilence of his becoming politically non compos mentis since he left Utah. His answer tomorrow will be worth reads

UNDER CONSIDERATION. Hon. Rulon S, Wells Has Not

Yet Made Up His Mind to Run for Governor. Hom Rulon S. Wells has not yet made up his mind to become a candidate for governor. However, he is thinking the matter over and promises to let his nelly and requested permission to load friends and supporters know by tomor- cattle new in the yards for shipment friends and supporters know by tomor-row just what he will do. On his return from Idaho be found many letter on his desk from different parts of the state pledging such aid to him as was necessary in the event that he should nclude to get into the race. He says that the requests and promises in these letters have been reinforced very large. by personal demands and assurance during the last 24 hours, all of which has raised in his mind the question of becoming or not becoming a candidate o succeed his Republican brother, who Mr. Wells realizes that it is a late tour in which to get into the contest nd that if he does conclude to enter i that he must do so soon. Accordingly he will give his answer tomorrow, as

stated. TICKET IS NAMED.

Fillmore Democrats Are Now in The Field With Nominees. The Democrats of Millard at Fillmore esterday elected their delegates to the state and judical conventions and nominated their county ticket. The delegates are uninstructed. The couny nominees are as follows:

Clerk, Reuben Day of Fillmore Treasurer, George D. Olsen of Fill-Sheriff, E. W. Crocker of Descrat, Attorney, J. F. Grimes of Fillmoer,

Recorder, Mrs. Esther Sorensen of Superintendent of schools, J. H. Benett of Meadows. Surveyor, Horace Rogers of Fillmore Representative, I. M. Hinckley of

The following delegates and alternates were chosen to attend the state and Judicial conventions; Greenwood, Mrs. Joshua Greenwood Stephenson,

Democrats Meet to Night. Tonight the Democratic primaries for the election of delegates to the state and judicial convention, will be held at 8 o'clock, at the following places is

First Ward-City hall. Second Ward-Third ward amusement Third Ward-Mound Fort amusement

Fourth Ward-County courthouse, Fifth Ward-Fifth ward amusement Weber county will elect 50 delegates the convention, Davis county 19, and

locgan county six. The judicial convention will be held n Ogden, Wednesday Sept. 7, at 2 p. m, for the purpose of nominating canFIFTY-FOURTHYEAR

your proposition.

Springville Democrats.

Springville Democrats met last night

surgeted for Roylance for governor.

State Convention-James E. Hall, H. Reynolds, Henry Raylance, Jr.,

serge Ray Maycock, James Coffrey

Delegates to Fourth Judicial District

onvention-James Straw, A. W. Har-er, W. K. Johnson, John H. Man-aring, Jesse Coodmanson, Joseph S

POLITICAL POINTERS.

The Boise press quotes Alma D. Kate as saying there was nothing to his encounter with Dr. Mayo in this

Senator Kearns was absent from Sait

ake on the night of the big Repub-ican rally. Members of the committee

Pericy A. Hill is now spoken of as a

andidate for the county clerkship or

the Democratic ticket and the forces of

Albert A. Seare are awaiting the for-

The office of James H. Moyle has

een a very busy place the last two or

ery precinct and district in the city

unty have called a on him to assur

him that Salt Lake, both in and out o

When Mr. Moyle him self was asked to

a expression of opacion he smiled co

good to me and for me; not only in this

ounty but in most of those over the

tate. The reports that I am receiving

te of the most encouraging character

ne under discussion this afternoon

ver the work of their own convention

In looking over the political field for beim for their wounded feelings a

much of them walked into Democratic

headquarters and said. "Name Judge King for governor and he will get han-

DONNELLY'S IDEA.

Packing Plants.

only to those plants in Chicago and St.

"It was President Donnelly's plea."

nutcher organization, "to tie up the in-

dependent plants and bring on a meat

teres; in the strike. This was opposed

of employment in large numbers. Con-

fining the order to Chicago and St.

Louis is not an effort to produce a meat

Comparatively few independent houses

Dennelly, "are on strike only in Chi-

"Stock handlers," said President

'nien men employed in independent

packing houses will not be permitted to irese cattle handled on the hoof by non-union men. The fate of the out-

ide packers depends on their ability to

scure stock without recourse to the

Not a bullock, hog nor sheep has been

riven out of the stock yards since the

order to the handlers went into force. A committee of livestock owners and

A STRANGE DISAPPEARANCE.

C. A. Spahr Falls or Jumps

Overboard from Steamer.

throwing light on his sudden disappears throwing light on his sudden disappearsance. Mr. Spahr's heavy baggage wes shipped from Trieste to Liverpool some days age for shipment to New York an the Cunstd line steamer Autania.

NAN PATTERSON.

Twenty Thousand Dollars.

New York Sept. I .- Ball for the release

Justic. Amend fixed the amount of half at \$20.000, but told coursel that If Mr. Levy and the district-attorney could agre-on a smaller sum, he would rensider the

The Independent to Proceed.

Chefoo, Sept., L. I. p. m. Sir Robert art, chief of the Chinese marine cus-

the chief of the Chinese marks cus-s service, has decided that the steam-independent by allowed to proceed Nowchwarg mhampered. The Inde-dent, under charter to the Osaka making company to convey food Sup-s from Japan to Newchwang, was de-ed when she entered Cheron by the

s referred to Sir Robert Harti me Japanese wither and two terpedo d destroyers were seen near this har-

bor today.

Residents of the "lift" beard heavy firsting nearly all last night from the direction of Port Arthur.

The Russian wireless telegraph station to the east of Chefoo has been disman-

London, Sept. 1-C. A. Spahr of Kings-

imission men has waited upon Dor

will be affected.

cago and St. Louis."

shortage in order to awake public in

lreds of Republican votes."

late so far as known.

It is said to have been started by Re-

I am not worrying in the least. I

many from different parts of the

three days. Democratic workers from

expected it, but can anyone tell why:

city—that "if was all a mistake.

he delegates are as follows

L. Mendenhall

mer's appearance.

lidares for district judge and distric The indirations are that Judge H. H. Relapp will be the unanimous choice of the convention for district judge and KNIGHT TEMPLAR. orney. These two gentlemen are the uly ones mentioned for these positions

A want advertisement, in these col-

umns, "canvasses the city" with your proposition; and if no returns come to you, there is something wrong with

d elected delegates to the state and Eastern Tourist Met With Accident While Bathing at Saltair This Morning.

SWIMMING IN 2 FT. OF WATER.

H. L. Wilkinson of Cleveland, Ohio, Took a Mouthful of Deadly Lake Fluid.

WAS RESCUED BY DEWEY DAVIS.

Brought Into the City and Burried to Holy Cross Hospital- Insensible in an Ambulance.

H. L. Wilkinson, one of the party of Reveland, Ohio, Knights Templar, was his morning badly strangled by salt water while in bathing at Satfair and lies at Holy Cross hospital in a very oritical condition

At 2 o'clock this afternoon he was dill unconscious with but faint hope if recovers

Dr. Richards and assistants, hy

Political booms are being worked into existence each day. There was a new publicans who have become disaffected ngly there were Democrats who said, of the dressing room gangway. At the "That's the sluff." But they were point where the accident occurred the seither supporters of Moyle, Roylance, water was about two feet deep. Mr. Wells nor any other Democratic candiswimmer and commonced to strike out with his arms and feet. During the process he splashed the water into his Was to Tie Up the Independent eyes and mouth and the next instant his head went forward with face under President Donnelly with regard to the way alarmed and thought that her husdependent packing plants is to apply band was enjoying himself.

Dewey Davis; son of Capt. D. L. Davis, however, happened to see the incident and at once rushed into the water and pulled the now insensible man out. He was carried to the pavilion and placed on the noon train while the officials at Saltair telephoned into Salt Lake for Dr. Richards and an amblance to meet the train. Upon arriving in this city at 12:30 the unfortunate gentieman, still painfully breathing but unconscious, was transported to Holy Cross hospital as fast as horse flesh could take him.

Mr. Wilkinson only arrived in this ity this morning over the Rio Grande end it was his intention to continue the curney on to San Francisco this evenng with his commandery.

MANY VISITORS HERE

City Full of Knights Templar En Route To the Coast.

The city is again full of Knights Templar, and this afternoon's organ reital audience will be largely made up of the visiting Masons. It has been noticed that the badges worn by the Knights at this conclave are all medalion or medal shaped, while the badges idgs. New York elty, editor of Kings, idgs. New York elty, editor of two agazines of New York, either fell or mped overhoard from the steamer ince Albert, midway between Ostend a Dovor in the evening of Aug. 30. His raterious disappearance recalls that of ederick Kent Lounis and was rested on the arrival of the steamer theyer to the American and Marketing of the steamer through to the American and Marketing of the steamer through the the American and Marketing of the steamer through the steamer throug orn by the Knights at the last San Prancisco conclave were all of silk, The Paterson, N. J., commandary, at ie time, carried off the honors in the badge line, sporting a large design made of different colored silks interoven in a very artistic manner, and which attracted much attention. St. John commandary also were a seautiful and costly silken badge. The Hanselmann commandery of Cincinnati has 30 of its delegation in town, 60 people having gone up to the Yellowstone park instead of coming this way. The Chicago commandary

has 103 in its party. ENJOYABLE SOCIAL.

Informal Reception in Honor of Departing Church Members.

There was an interesting social last Allowed Bail in the Sum of vening in the Third Presbyterian church, the occasion being an informal New York Sept. I.—Ball for the release of Nan Patterson, indicted for the murder of Casar Young, was fixed today at \$20.000 by Justice Amend in the supreme court. It was said that the necessary amount would be furnished.

The metion for the young woman's release on ball was not opposed, an agreement having become reached by Dist. Atty. Jerome and the prisoner's counset, who informed the court that the district-attorney had told him that he was not in a position to bring the case to trial at this time, and was willing to agree to the prisoner's release on hall in a substantial sum. eception and spread in honor o' several young members of the churcl and Sunday school who are to shortly 1 .ve for college. They are Miss Alberta Brown, who goes to Lake Eric college. Painsville, O.: Miss Martha McClain, who goes to Oberlin; and Erwin and Renwick McNiece, sons of Dr. R. G. McNiece, who go to Princeton was a musical program which included two solos from Miss McClain. The spread which followed was well gotten up, and enjoyed. Toests and responses concluded the evening. Roderick Thompson, son of Rev. James Thompwas an attendant at the Third church, also goes to Princeton. He was unvoidably detained from attending the ocial last evening.

> SCHOOL AT EREZOUM. Burning of American One for Boys Accidental.

ustantinople, Sent. 1 - An investigraved the school for boys at Erezonn, Asiatic Turkey, Aug. 29, was acciden ial. The school belonged to the Amertcar board of commissions for foreign

Sugar Goes Up. New York, Sopt. 1-All grades of re-fined sugar were advanced 5 cents a hun-dred pounds today.