

## LOCAL NEWS.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 19

**The Anti-"Mormon" Method.**—One of the Elders laboring in South Carolina, writes that the prospects in that district are encouraging. The missionaries occasionally meet with some opposition, but nothing of a violent nature. They are often confronted with newspaper articles, originating with anti-"Mormons" in Utah, containing the most villainous falsehoods. One of these articles which was the cause of rejecting two of the Elders, appeared in the *Boston Transcript*, and was written by a very "Christian" woman, who has been making an effort to establish a sectarian free school in Lehi, Utah County, traducing the people of that locality.

**Municipal Elections.**—The following appointments have been made of presiding judges and ex-officio registration officers, for the municipal elections stated:

Kaysville City, Davis County, James B. Meredith; election on the first Monday in February, 1886.

Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, James B. Glass; election, second Monday in February, 1886.

Provo City, Utah County, Henry W. Davis; election, second Monday in February, 1886.

Logan City, Cache County, Thomas Rowland; election, first Monday in March, 1886.

St. George City, Washington County, Joseph C. Bentley; election, first Monday in March, 1886.

Wellsville City, Cache County, Sam'l P. Hall; first Monday in March, 1886.

**Sulphur Water for Stock.**—The *Reno Gazette* makes a statement which, if true, is worthy of the attention of the people of this region, that is that water impregnated with sulphur, such as is obtained from many of the flowing wells in this region, is good for stock, and tends to keep the animals in fine condition; also that warm water is better for fattening cattle than cold. A great many flowing wells are reported to have been obtained in the Sierra Valley (Nevada) lately, some of which yield a large outflow and are capable of irrigating considerable ground, but most of them are only good for stock. They vary in temperature from 50 to 80 degrees, and one even reaches 82 degrees Fahrenheit.

The sulphur water obtained from flowing wells in this region is generally considered quite wholesome for household use, and not unpleasant to take when the palate becomes accustomed to it, but we have not learned of any observations hereabouts as to its effects upon stock.

**Truthful Words from an Honest Source.**—The *Idaho Democrat*, published at Boise City, is one of those plain-speaking, honest-dealing journals so rarely to be met with in these degenerate days. It has not at any time, within our knowledge, resorted to calumny, abuse or lying when speaking of the "Mormons" or their faith, but has contented itself with speaking of us as it has found us, "extenuating nothing and setting down naught in malice." Speaking of the recent persecutions in the name of law of several of the Idaho brethren, the *Democrat* of a recent date has the following:

"Out of twenty-seven convictions at the recent term of court at Blackfoot, nine of them were Mormons indicted for polygamy. The other eighteen were Gentiles found guilty of various crimes. The showing is greatly in favor of the much-abused Mormons, who outnumber the Gentiles in that county three to one. Polygamy seems to be the only crime that the Mormons are guilty of, and but very few indulge in that, judging from the limited number of convictions that have been secured. As law-abiding, moral and industrious citizens, the Mormons of Idaho show a record that cannot be surpassed in any community in the United States."

**Burt Discharged.**—By means of voluntary contributions from those who are willing to resist encroachments upon personal liberty, particularly when their creed and their consciences are dragged into the issue, the amount necessary for the payment of the fine and costs assessed against Andrew D. Burt was raised and paid over to-day. In view of the fact that Burt had previously been punished for his transgression upon a most unworthy object, the amount assessed by the District Court—\$183.35—was simply enormous, and when to it is added five days' imprisonment in the Penitentiary, it will, to a great many people, assume the aspect of an outrage. Courts must maintain their dignity and protect their officers when interfered with in the discharge of official duty; but the mere act of assault which is not in the nature of a contemptuous act, and which does not impede the machinery of the court, might be more lightly dealt with and its standing remain unimpaired. It was claimed by the prosecuting attorney, that it was a misdemeanor as well as a contempt; as the former it had been fully punished; as the latter, the case was not sufficiently made out; in fact, it was not made out at all; if there was any contempt in it, it was contempt of Henry F. Collin, and if every one who entertains the most sincere contempt for that obnoxious individual is to be fined and imprisoned therefor, rents will dwindle to zero in the commercial scale in Salt Lake, for there will be but a corporal's guard to live in the houses.

Burt's attorney paid over the fine and costs to Marshal Ireland at noon to-day, whereupon Judge Zane ordered the dangerous young man who had been guilty of striking the person who slandered him, to be released. The prisoner's father went out to the penitentiary in a buggy this afternoon, and brought the disturber of dignity home.

**Excellent Improvements.**—Quite a number of much needed and excellent improvements have taken place in the General Tithing Office premises during the past year or two, and especially during the past few months. The yards and buildings now present a neat and orderly appearance, the property is being well cared for and the changes that have been made add materially to the convenience of the place. Among the more recent improvements may be mentioned the building of a substantial brick structure a few feet to the rear of that part of the main building formerly used as a store and connected with it on the upper floor by a covered passage way. The upper story of this building is now the private office of the Presiding Bishopric, is fitted up in a cozy style, and is more retired as well as more comfortable than the former office was. Convenient ante-rooms are situated at the rear of this office, one of which is fitted up as a lavatory, with a door leading from it down a stairway into the yard. The basement of this building is used as coal houses and water closets, the latter being supplied with the modern appliances in the shape of water taps, gas stoves, etc.

Corresponding changes have also been made in the main building. The merchandise has been removed into the south room, formerly occupied for offices, and is much more conveniently arranged than formerly, while that which was the merchandise department has been completely metamorphosed by having the partition torn out of it, the ceiling raised and finished with a neat cornice and centre piece, the doors and windows enlarged, and the room otherwise fitted up in most attractive shape as an office for the clerks, the rear door of which opens into the passage way leading to the Bishop's office already described. Another improvement is also noticeable as one walks along the front of the building. A barber's pole is seen projecting from the porch near the meat market, and a glance inside reveals a cozy little barber shop. This room not being otherwise occupied, it occurred to our worthy Presiding Bishop that it might be devoted to this purpose and serve as a great convenience for the many employees of the Tithing Office and Temple Block and any others who might choose to patronize it, and at the same time furnish employment to a poor immigrant who was unable to find anything to do.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 20

**Diphtheria.**—The fourth case of this disease now in the city was reported to the quarantine physician this morning, the three-year-old daughter of Joseph Hackwell, of the Nineteenth Ward, being the sufferer. In two of the cases—one in the Seventh and one in the Fourteenth Ward—the disease is of a mild type. The other two, while more severe, are not of the virulent kind.

**Thieves at Work.**—Last evening Mr. Holmes, who had driven his wagon into the yard at the back of the Electric Light Works, missed his wagon cover. A woman saw three men remove the cover from the wagon bows and start off with it. The police were notified, and Officer Hilton succeeded in finding the cover stowed away in another yard, but the thieves had decamped.

**A Monster Tumor.**—An aged widow lady by the name of Rebecca Waterfall, who resides in the 7th ward, had a monster tumor, weighing ten pounds, extracted from her breast on Tuesday last, and her condition is yet too precarious to venture an opinion as to the result. She has been troubled with it for a long time and the operation of removing it, which was performed by Dr. W. F. Anderson, assisted by several other surgeons, was a critical one, but as it seemed to be the only means of saving her life she hopefully submitted to it.

**Married.**—The many friends of Brother Seldon Clawson, Bishop Clawson's youngest son by his wife Alice (deceased), and Miss Clara Morris, daughter of the late Bishop R. V. Morris, by his wife Clara, will be pleased to learn that they were united in the holy bonds of matrimony in the Logan Temple yesterday, and that they will return home and hold a reception this evening.

Brother Seldon is to start upon a mission to Great Britain in a few days. We wish the young couple all the happiness their hearts can desire.

**Kraut's Death.**—A coroner's jury yesterday afternoon investigated the cause of the death of Jacob Kraut, the boy who was so seriously injured at the Salt Lake Brewery explosion last week, and who died at St. Mary's Hospital on Wednesday. The inquest was demanded by the relatives of the young man, who were of the belief that blame was to be attached to, and that damages could be collected from, the managers of the brewery for his death. The claim of the latter was that the boy had no business at the scene of danger, not being employed there, but the evidence adduced at the inquest tended to establish the fact that he had been called by the

foreman from the part of the premises where he was employed to assist the man who was pitching the casks. This was the only point of any importance brought out at the inquest; the verdict of the jury was that he died from injuries received at the explosion, and did not implicate anyone.

**Thief Captured.**—Last evening's *Ogden Herald* contains the following:

"A week or two ago Sheriff Belnap went south as far as Springfield to arrest a man who was charged with grand larceny. He saw his man but through a combination of unfortunate circumstances he was unable to capture him although he got the horse the fugitive had been riding. Our Sheriff was not to be beaten, however, and learning which way Mr. Jos. Horrocks, for that is the gentleman's name, was going, he again started out on Saturday evening in company with his brother Hyrum for the purpose of arresting him. He followed the party in whose company Horrocks was traveling and came up with them about fifty miles from Green River, and by some adroit maneuvering he corralled the gentleman he was seeking. Sheriff Belnap brought his prisoner to Ogden, arriving here last evening. Horrocks was arraigned before Justice Dee this morning and pleaded "not guilty" to the charge. The examination is set for Monday morning next.

**Genuine Charity.**—A benevolent looking lady, whose name we were unable to learn, called at the News sanctum yesterday afternoon and inquired how means could be sent to the Arizona brethren who are now imprisoned in the House of Correction at Detroit, Michigan, enduring the unjust and unlawful penalty imposed upon them by a bigoted and inhuman judge because they chose to be true to their religion and their wives.

On being informed how anything could be transmitted, she begged as a favor that we receive from her the sum of \$10 and take the trouble to forward it to the brethren for her, as the gift of a friend, who sympathized with their sufferings, honored their integrity and did not wish to be known. The fervor with which she spoke and the tears of sympathy that glistened in her eyes as she did so bore evidence of her sincerity and of the happiness she experienced in being enabled to do something, possibly by dint of sheer self-denial, to alleviate the sufferings of her persecuted brethren. Her manner told that she was a woman who would

"Do good by stealth  
And blush to find it fame."

We venture the opinion that even Senator Stanford, whose munificent charities extended into the millions, never felt more joy in giving than she did, or ever won a higher tribute from the Source to which alone she looks for her reward. Her's was true charity, and not of that class which the Savior denounced as being indulged in by "hypocrites in the synagogues and in the streets, that they may have the glory of men." Nor could she have found a more worthy object upon which to bestow her charity. To any other person who feels charitably inclined, we would repeat the scriptural injunction: "Go thou, and do likewise!"

**Rock Springs Notes.**—Mr. John R. Wilson, of this city, who has been in the employ of the Union Pacific Company for some time, at Rock Springs, Wyoming, is in town for a few days. He reports that the railway company have completed at that place 71 houses which are now occupied by employees in the coal mines. There are now engaged there about 650 Chinamen. About ten of the white men engaged in the recent riot still remain, some of them with families, but employment is denied them by the company, and there is but little outside labor to perform, so that they are in very close circumstances. Most of the strikers took advantage of the company's offer to give them transportation at half rates, and the remainder will probably do so as soon as they can.

The government quarters at Rock Springs for the troops are almost completed. There are about 300 soldiers there. The feeling among many of them toward the Chinese is very bitter. This was manifested by a remark made by one of them, that when pay-day came they would clean the Chinamen out; pay-day, however, has not yet come, and perhaps will not until the officers feel that this bloodthirstiness has cooled down.

The coal mines at Twin Creeks, on the Oregon Short Line, have closed down permanently, and all the buildings have been removed to Rock Springs.

The daily output of coal from the Rock Springs mines amounts to 120 cars. There are about 80 white miners from Utah employed there, and the company are desirous of securing more of the same class. Everything is perfectly safe for workmen. Twenty carpenters still find work, and ten of these, all from Utah, will be retained all winter by the company, in erecting buildings. In the spring the company propose making extensive improvements.

## APOSTLE SNOW ARRESTED.

IT TAKES ONLY SEVEN DEPUTIES TO ACCOMPLISH THE DANGEROUS FEAT.

A special dispatch to the News from Brigham City, dated to-day, says:

Our quiet city was thrown into a fever of excitement this morning by the

early advent of seven deputy U. S. marshals, headed by Vandercook. Apostle Lorenzo Snow was arrested and taken to Ogden. Several members of his family have been subpoenaed to appear before the grand jury to-day.

It is to be hoped that those zealous officers are now taking a much needed rest, and that they will not expose themselves so recklessly hereafter.

4:25 p.m.

Later.—L. Snow was arrested about 6:30 this morning. Seven deputies came from Ogden and surrounded his house. A crowd stood at the gate, when he was brought out and it is supposed he would have been rescued, but he told them he wanted no demonstration and no violence used. He was taken to Ogden in a carriage with three deputies, the other four following in one carriage after subpoenaing nearly all the family. They were evidently after him and his family only, as no one else was disturbed.

## TROUBLE AT FRANKLIN.

DIFFICULTY BETWEEN CITIZENS AND DEPUTY MARSHALS.

It having reached us this morning that a difficulty had occurred between some citizens and two or three deputy marshals at Franklin, Idaho, yesterday, the News immediately applied to the electric messenger for information, but, though the application was made early enough, the details failed to reach us in time for publication, probably for the reason that the telegraph office there is some little distance from the town. It is stated that a number of citizens attempted to rescue a prisoner arrested for unlawful cohabitation, and that the marshals resisted, shooting one of their assailants. We can only wait for reliable details.

Just as we were going to press, the following details were received by Deseret Telegraph line:

Deputy Marshals Bennett and Green came to our town and searched two or three houses, it is supposed in search of polygamists, and finally succeeded in arresting Thomas Lowe, Sen., on the charge of violating the Edmunds law and put him under bonds; this somewhat irritated some of the boys here and some of them mounted horses and rode up the street. While on their way they met Mr. J. Chatterton and Mr. Stalker, two gentlemen who had been deputized by U. S. Marshals to assist them. Neither party being inclined to give the road, a collision of horsemen was the result, causing Mr. Chatterton to be

PRECIPITATED FROM HIS HORSE,

bruising both man and horse somewhat, yet not seriously. This caused the men to draw pistols and

COMMENCE SHOOTING,

but who did the shooting is not known as it was all in the dark, being about ten o'clock at night. It is supposed that shots were exchanged by both parties. No one was hurt by the shooting, however.

James Webster, of Franklin, and E. W. Packer, and — Walker, of Riverdale, were arrested on suspicion and taken to Oxford to be examined by Commissioner House.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 21

**Quarantine Raised.**—From Brother William Yates, who is in town, we learn that the diphtheria scourge, which has been afflicting that town of late, and from which several deaths have recently occurred, has now disappeared, and a time of general health and prosperity prevails there. Day and Sunday schools are in full blast, meetings are well attended, and the people are improving spiritually.

**Narrow Escape.**—This afternoon as Mrs. Mitchell was driving along East Temple Street, a man with a light wagon came along, and crowded her vehicle against a telegraph pole, tipping it over, and throwing the lady and her infant out. The horse ran away, and when turning east along South Temple Street, struck a tree, which liberated the animal from the vehicle. Fortunately Mrs. Mitchell and her baby escaped injury.

**Fossil Fish.**—A few miles east of Bear Lake, at the line between Utah and Idaho, is located Fossil Station, on the Oregon Short Line division of the Union Pacific, in Uintah County, Wyoming. The railroad here runs along a plateau, and about 500 feet from the station named, the cliffs, of a red, clayey formation, rise to the height of about 400 feet. Surmounting this elevation is a fossiliferous stratum, the broken surface of which forms a ragged crest to the mass below. In the red formation no traces of flora or fauna can be found, but the bluish-colored crust offers a productive field for the mining of curious ichthyological specimens. A Mr. Smith is at present the chief person engaged in this labor, though a number of others have devoted considerable time thereto. This gentleman has secured some rare samples; in one was the fossil remains of what appears to be a crocodile, about 13 feet long; in another, the curious garfish, and many others of different varieties. Mr. John R. Wilson, of this

city, presented to the Museum yesterday a fine specimen he obtained a few days ago, the fish therein being from four to six inches in length, of a deep brown color, and so thickly inlaid as to cover almost the entire surface.

## APOSTLE LORENZO SNOW.

PARTICULARS OF HIS ARREST AND ARRAIGNMENT BEFORE COMMISSIONER BLACK—THE EXAMINATION WAIVED.

OGDEN CITY, Utah,  
Nov. 20th, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

Apostle Lorenzo Snow was arrested this morning at his residence at Brigham City, on the somewhat antiquated charge of

UNLAWFUL COHABITATION,

and brought to Ogden for examination before the United States Commissioner. I visited Elder Snow this evening at the residence of Hon. D. H. Peery, whose guest he is, and enjoyed a short, but very pleasant interview with him.

From the information I elicited, it appears that United States Deputy Marshal Oscar C. Vandercook, accompanied by other deputies, among whom were Perkins, Greenman, etc., left this city in vehicles in the

DEAD HOURS OF NIGHT

for Brigham, which they reached in due time.

When day dawned the house of Apostle Snow was surrounded and vigilantly guarded by some of the officers, while others entered the residence, searched and found the man they were looking for.

The arrest was made, after which the *posse* was invited to breakfast. The invitation was declined, as other arrangements had been made for the morning meal.

THE PRISONER

used all reasonable dispatch in his preparations to accompany his captors to the junction city, where they arrived a little before 2 o'clock p.m.

The defendant was at once taken before Commissioner J. T. Black, and gave bonds in the sum of \$1,500 for his appearance before that functionary at 7 o'clock p.m. Hon. D. H. Peery and H. S. Young, Esq., became the sureties. At the hour appointed, the Federal court room was filled to its

UTMOST CAPACITY

with spectators, anxious to witness the examination of the first Apostle in this northern section, on the popular and notorious charge of living with his wives and honoring them as such, instead of adopting the "Christian" mode of first seducing them and casting them out upon the cold, wide world to live a life of shame, and die a premature death of a loathsome disease. But the sensation seekers were disappointed for once.

THERE WAS NO EXAMINATION

to-night. Assistant prosecuting attorney Bierbower appeared for the government, and C. C. Richards, Esq., for the defense. After waiting for some time for the proceedings to commence it was announced that the defendant would be required to execute a new bond in the sum of \$1,800 for his appearance at ten o'clock on Saturday morning, which was done, the former sureties being continued on the new obligation.

Eight witnesses were then placed under bonds to appear at the hour named, and the court adjourned.

It was gratifying to observe that Brother Snow appeared as calm and dignified in his demeanor as he does on ordinary occasions. The tenor of his disposition was unruffled, and he exhibited no trace of excitement whatever.

There were no twitches of the mouth, no feeble, shaking of the knees and no averting of the eyes. He looked his friends and foes

SQUARELY IN THE FACE,

not with a bold impertinence, but with the calm dignity and placid smile of a man who is cognizant that he is being persecuted or prosecuted for daring to obey the high behests of heaven as they have been revealed, and as he has embraced them, with the full conviction that they are principles which are pure, holy, and elevating, physically and morally, and for the redemption of fallen, debased human nature.

This was Judge Black's first case of the kind since his appointment as commissioner. I may have more to say of him hereafter. On this occasion he made his

MAIDEN SPEECH

from the bench, which was to the witnesses, admonishing them to bear in mind that they must appear before the grand jury at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. The speech was very impressive.

WEBER.

## JOHN W. KEDDINGTON

RECEIVES THE USUAL SENTENCE, AND GOES TO THE PENITENTIARY.

This morning was the time set for pronouncing sentence in the case of the United States vs. John W. Keddington, the defendant having entered a plea of guilty to the charge of unlawful cohabitation with his wives, "as interpreted by the courts." At ten o'clock