

so that the accident was the result of a great cloudburst.

Captain Sumpter, assistant of Railroad Commissioner Hill, was with the reporter when the investigation was made, and said no blame could possibly be attached to the railroad company. "The wreck," said the captain, "is the most remarkable I have seen during twenty years' experience. How so many men, women and children could have escaped loss of life is inexplicable."

The immigrants were scattered along the track when the reporter arrived. Most of them were eating breakfast, while others were searching for baggage in the wreck. "Oh, we lost pounds of things! Where are grandfather's slippers?" said a young girl, plunging into the debris. "I can't see a speck of my china," said an old woman, "and I guess it is all broken." The people in the neighborhood did all they could for the comfort of the immigrants, and the railroad men picked out all the baggage, and loaded it on flat cars. Elder Payne estimated the loss to the party at about \$1,500.

Some of the immigrants were sent to the city at night, soon after the accident, and others came in on a special train. The whole party left in the afternoon.

The railroad men say pusher engine No. 215, passed over the bridge safely, thirty minutes ahead of No. 28, and the section foreman, who went over later, did not notice anything unusual about the bridge.

A foot-way for the transfer of passengers from the westbound train was soon erected, and a large force of hands pushed ahead with a temporary trestle over the chasm. The work was completed by 5 p. m., and the road opened.

It will be several days before the wrecked engine and cars are removed.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE COURTS.

The following is from the EVENING NEWS of Sept. 24:

THIRD DISTRICT.

The jury in the case of E. N. Jenkins, charged with fornication, were out all night, and came in this morning with a statement that they could not agree, so they were discharged. At first they stood eight to four for conviction. During the night about forty ballots were taken, the last one resulting four for conviction and eight for acquittal.

Jenkins is the fellow who created such a stir in Colorado recently, and concerning whom the people were so worked up that there was talk of using physical violence against him. He was tried on a charge of abortion, but got off; while the doctor was sent to prison. The case was that of Miss Minnie Davy, a respectable young lady who became Jenkins' victim, and who was murdered in the effort to procure an abortion. Jenkins had a wife, and after his connection with the Davy case she refused to have anything to do with him. She has not yet, however, obtained a divorce. He came out to Utah as the manager

of the Warren Piano Agency, and Miss Childs was engaged by him as a piano player. Then followed the events which led to the trial which has just closed. Jenkins admitted that he had promised to marry Miss Childs as soon as his wife got a divorce. There is considerable dissatisfaction at the failure of the jury to arrive at a verdict, as the fellow is looked upon as one whose room in the community is far preferable to his company.

R. D. Winters vs. M. G. Colhaune; default of defendant; decree of foreclosure of mortgage.

John Hepworth was admitted to citizenship.

Chas. W. Morse, of Kansas, was admitted to the bar.

E. M. Hansen, petit juror, excused because he had not been a citizen a sufficient length of time.

An open venire was issued for six petit jurors.

The case of Catherine H. Burrows vs. Wm. Shurtliff, was postponed till the next setting of cases, at the request of the attorney for the defense, Shurtliff to pay the costs, not to exceed \$15. In the affidavit for a continuance, the defendant stated that his attorney formerly had been H. R. Watrous; that he had been unable to find him or his office, and that the case had been neglected, and he had employed another attorney. The court stated that the matter of Watrous neglecting or being incompetent to attend to cases should be inquired into.

People vs. P. T. Nystrom; selling liquor on Sunday; on trial before a jury.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Yesterday, at Provo, the court adjourned for the morning session, the Judge not being present. At 2 o'clock a session was held, with Judge Judd on the bench.

A report was presented by the grand jury.

E. A. Beckstrand will plead tomorrow morning to a charge of unlawful cohabitation.

Thos. Johnson, charged with adultery, will also plead.

Stephen H. Alfred and George W. Bean were called, but were not present.

E. P. Martinson pleaded guilty to unlawful cohabitation, and was sentenced to 120 days' imprisonment.

Jens L. Brown came forward and was arraigned on a charge of adultery; he took till tomorrow morning to plead.

James Chadwick and Edward Whipple pleaded not guilty to a charge of grand larceny. The indictment contained two counts.

John L. Butler came forward for sentence. Twelve years ago he had met with a severe accident and Dr. Simmons certified that the defendant was liable to become insane from the effects of these injuries. The court said in response to the defendant's statement that his last child is three years old, "the government is here and you people will have to stop; it will never stop while the sun shines." A "light sentence" of eight months was given the defendant.

The trial of H. H. Wells was set for the 27th inst.

Lawrence H. Stewart said that he had obeyed the law since May 17th, 1889, when he came from the penitentiary. At the suggestion of Mr. Evans sentence was suspended during good behavior.

Christian Anderson stated to the court that he was a poor man, and asked for a light sentence for the sake of his family. It was objected by Mr. Evans that Mr. Anderson had lived with both plural wives up to the time of his indictment. He was sentenced to seventeen months' imprisonment and to pay the costs of the prosecution.

The court gave an order to "clear the deck" for the trial of Parson Dodds, of Uintah County, on a charge of murder, and the impaneling of a jury was begun.

The following is from the EVENING NEWS of Sept. 25:

THIRD DISTRICT.

Judge Henderson again presided, and the following matters were attended to:

The People vs. P. T. Nystrom; selling liquor on Sunday; verdict of not guilty.

The grand jury reported five indictments under Territorial laws and three under United States laws.

The grand jury reported ignoring the following cases:

People vs. Riddle and Laehr; assault.

United States vs. Nellie R. Lewis; fornication.

The People vs. Wm. Schade; selling liquor on Sunday; trial before a jury; verdict of not guilty.

The People vs. James Bates, John Wilson, E. Faber, M. Fitzgerald and J. McKinney; prize fighting; defendants arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

Samuel Bjorklund and George Thurgood were admitted to citizenship.

Rose Nobles vs. Chas. F. Nobles; on report of referee a decree of divorce was granted.

The People vs. George Sweihart; assault with deadly weapon; plea of not guilty. This is the case in which the defendant endeavored to stab Policeman Andrew Smith.

The People vs. Ernest Conk; crime against nature; plea of not guilty.

United States vs. Samuel L. Griffiths; bigamy; defendant arraigned and a plea of not guilty entered. The defendant was sent to the penitentiary in default of bail.

United States vs. Wm. P. Evans; adultery; defendant arraigned and took two days to plead.

The People vs. P. T. Nystrom and N. Gray; selling liquor on Sunday; continued for the term by the court.

People vs. George D. Rche; adultery; ordered brought from the penitentiary to plead.

The People vs. Joseph Coult, sen.; assault and battery; continued till tomorrow, owing to the failure of the officers to subpoena witnesses.

The People vs. Wm. Paddock and Henry Fisher; burglary; defendants arraigned and pleaded guilty. The burglary was committed last May,