

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 19.—H. A. McIntyre, president of the Lake City Bank, Colorado, charged with embezzlement of \$100,000, was arrested, to-day, by the Central Office detectives, on a requisition from the governor of Colorado. The prisoner was arrested at the Aberdeen Hotel, which is owned by his brother. He was delivered to the Colorado State officers, who started on the 6 o'clock train, on the Pennsylvania railroad, this evening, for Denver, direct.

TROY, O., 19.—Leonard Stroud, a farmer, aged 55, fatally stabbed his wife on Thursday and then cut his own throat, dying in a few moments. Mrs. Stroud died at noon to-day. The trouble was caused by a dispute about property.

CHICAGO, 19.—The *Tribune's* Cleveland special says: The tragedy at Troy, Ohio, was the most horrible that ever occurred in that locality. Stroud had left his wife because they disagreed about the children, but coming back to the house he demanded something to eat, and when his wife brought it he plunged a butcher knife into her abdomen twice, turning it around into the wound, and making a gash over five inches long. She broke loose and ran, screaming murder until she fell, with her bowels protruding. Stroud then deliberately cut his throat and windpipe, severing the jugular vein. The excitement is intense, and only Stroud's impending death prevented his lynching by the infuriated neighbors. He died in terrible agony. Mrs. Stroud is still alive.

WASHINGTON, 19.—The Secretary of the Treasury has transmitted to the House of Representatives a communication from the Bordeaux Chamber of Commerce, addressed to the President and to Congress. They say that in perusing the bill for tariff they have been deeply impressed by what concerns French wines, especially at a time when, to a certain extent, the ideas of free trade and the public financial situation, which has become very prosperous, had induced them to hope that the United States would gradually lower their custom house duties on different articles of importation. Lowering the rates would increase the revenue by increasing the trade.

CINCINNATI, 19.—The *Commercial's* special reports the burning of an entire business block at Washington, Guernsey County, Ohio, this morning. The loss is variously estimated at from \$12,000 to \$20,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, 19.—The *Bulletin* says: Ex-congressman Vance, of Ohio, is certainly in the city or suburbs. Letters and telegrams come for him addressed to the Lick House, care W. H. Lamb. They are taken away by a stranger to be the manager of a house supposed to be a non-resident. A well known merchant of this city has received a copy of a telegram sent from here April 8th, to Mrs. Vance, with the request to ascertain if Vance was at the Lick House. The telegram read: "Your husband is here insane, but harmless. Have you instructions?" W. H. Lamb, Lick House.

LARAMIE CITY, Wyo., 20.—Col. Rud Kleeman, formerly of Chicago, and engaged here in company with some Cincinnati men in opening the Sunrise Mine, was instantly killed, last evening, by falling down the shaft of the mine. He was being drawn up from the shaft, and when near the top was seized with vertigo, and crying out that he was falling, he slid out of the bucket and fell to the bottom, a distance of 140 feet. The body was brought in here this morning.

SAN ANTONIO, 20.—Reliable information has reached here from the interior of the Mexican border, which states that the insurrection against Diaz's government is steady but surely ripening. It is understood there that Lerdo's party are arming the Mexican Indians to renew their raiding in order to bring matters on the Rio Grande to their former unstable state as regards the United States. The commanding officer of the sub district of Pecos telegraphs the department headquarters that the Mexican Indians are raiding in concert with the Indians from Fort Stanton reservation, who are now on an extensive raid in Texas.

NEW YORK, 20.

Dun & Company's mercantile agency reports the number of fail-

ures in the United States during the first quarter of the year at 3,355, with \$82,000,000 liabilities, as compared with 2,859 failures and \$54,500,000 liabilities during the same period last year. The agency explains, however, that the last was an exceptional winter, the worst for 20 years in its effects on the general retail trade. The results anticipated from abundant crops had not been realized. The stocks purchased to supply wants had been unsaleable and necessarily sacrificed. The shrinkage of resources have also been enormous. The extension of mercantile agencies' operations has also brought into classification a multitude of smaller dealers, which has swollen the number of failures reported. Despite these discouraging figures, there are abundant evidences of a solid, healthy business revival in the west, the influence of which is felt here to a considerable extent. The western movement is stimulated partly by emigration to Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota and Texas, which is more active now than during several years past.

BUFFALO, N. Y., 20.—John Ennis, the Chicago pedestrian, accomplished the feat of walking 400 miles in 128 hours, having nine minutes to spare.

PHILADELPHIA, 20.—Upon the arrival a few days ago of the British bark *Chili* from Havre, it was reported by Captain Oliver that the first mate, C. A. Kriuz, had been killed by a fall on a ring bolt, and was buried at sea. To-day, one of the seamen made an affidavit at the British consulate that Kriuz was killed by the captain, who struck him on the head with an iron brace pin.

COLUMBUS, Ga., 20.—Harry Love, of Lexington, Ky., aged 35, was murdered by Dowdell Adams, and thrown from a bridge window, 30 feet high, into the Chattahoochee River. The body was brought by the murderer 27 miles. Adams has been arrested. Robbery was the motive.

MAUCH CHUNG, Pa., 20.—Chas. Sharpe, charged with complicity in the murder of George K. Smith, on November 15, 1863, has been found guilty. This is the same murder for which McDonnell was convicted on the 15th inst. Thomas Dakin is now to be tried for participation.

OMAHA, 20.—This afternoon, Dr. W. F. Carver, of San Francisco, the champion rifle shot of the world, broke 88 out of 100 glass balls, using a Winchester rifle. Carver is en route to the eastern cities and Europe.

BOSTON, 20.—There was an increased demand for wool the past week, but prices of fine fleeces settled down about 2 cents per pound, while in other grades no material change has taken place. It is believed that prices have touched the lowest point. The transactions in Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces were the largest for several weeks, comprising 223,000 lbs. principally at 38 @ 39 for X and XX. The outside price for the best XX fleeces is now 40, and it would be difficult to force any considerable quantity off at this figure. Sales of Michigan fleeces at 36 @ 39, the latter for fancy lots, and medium Wisconsin at 36. Combing and delaine wools are quiet, the only sale comprising 10,000 lbs. at 46. Pulled wools are in fair demand; sales of 140,000 lbs. at 30 @ 44 for super and X, but mostly in the range of 35 @ 40. Small lots of choice super sold at 41 @ 44, but 40 may be considered the outside price for desirable super. The sales of California wool the past week amounted to 424,000 lbs. at 16 @ 28 for spring, and 14 @ 19 for fall. The total sales of domestic for the week was 1,165,100 pounds.

WASHINGTON, 20.—From another correspondent here now is that the Wood Tariff Bill cannot pass at the present session. There is a growing disposition not to touch the subject, except after careful deliberation, to avoid mistakes that might prove greater evils than the present crude tariff. The real pressure for the revival of the income tax comes from the south, which threatens to defeat Wood's bill, unless northern thrift is thus plundered and punished. But the scheme is unlikely to succeed, such is the general detestation of the inquisitorial process by which alone the tax can be collected.

SAN ANTONIO, 20.—Reports reach here that the Indian raiders who crossed from Mexico one week ago, have reached the Fort Ewell sheep settlements and are sweeping the

flocks before them and several persons are already reported killed. The troops and citizens are in pursuit, but not likely to overtake them. The river is fordable at all points near Laredo. These raids are not to be confounded with those raiding on the north-western frontier.

A Valparaiso correspondent of the *Call* writes that Chas. H. Barth, formerly clerk in the United States Quartermaster's office in this city, and who absconded some time the latter part of 1876, a defaulter to the amount of about \$50,000, arrived at Valparaiso in January, 1877, from Tahiti on the bark *Tahwaya*, remained there a few days and left for a German settlement near Mendoza.

NEW YORK, 21.—The *Herald's* Paris special says: From a person who professes to have intimate acquaintance with the Vatican, I hear that a movement is on foot which promises to be the most important event in the religious history of the century. This is nothing less than the secession, in large bodies, of members of the English Protestant church to the Roman Catholic church. The number of seceders is placed at as high a figure as 3,000,000, of people. Included in this exodus from the Church of England, are bishops, rectors, curates and deacons. Authorized delegates are, it is asserted, now in Rome, negotiating conditions upon which the secession will take place. The acceptance of the Catholic faith is promised on the following conditions:

First—Acceptance of all doctrines of the Catholic church.

Second—To solve the difficulties among the Anglicans relative to the ordination of bishops, ministers and deacons; consent to receive fresh orders in the Roman church under certain conditions.

Third—All new priests to undertake celibacy.

Fourth—Ministers already married shall not be asked to quit their families, but shall be debarred from hearing confessions.

Fifth—New Catholics to be placed for a period of 20 years under a special hierarchy in order to smooth the many differences of opinion that may arise during transition. This plan is modelled on that adopted by the church in the east. In Armenia, for instance, every city has its special hierarchy.

Bishop McClosky sends to the Associated Press the following: "I give my unqualified denial to the articles which have appeared in different papers against me. (Signed)

"SAM'L. MCCLOSKEY,
Bishop of Michigan.
"New York, April 20, 1878."

CINCINNATI, 21.—Chas. Dimmit, who has been on trial at Batavia, Ohio, for robbing a safe of the county treasurer of \$24,000, was, yesterday, found guilty and remanded for sentence.

COLUMBUS, Ga., 21.—Col. W. L. Salisbury, banker, mayor pro tem., and owner of the *Enquirer* and *Sun* in Columbus, was fatally shot in the back while entering the train at Seale, Alabama, on Saturday, by Dr. P. M. Palmer. The latter had sued Salisbury for \$250,000 damages to character by publications, and the jury awarded him one cent. Salisbury died to-day. Palmer fled. A reward of \$500 is offered for the arrest of the murderer.

DEADWOOD, 21.—The severest storm ever known in the hills has been raging since the night of the 16th, of heavy snow, rain and hail, doing much damage to the placer mines and shafts in the gulches by flooding. Operations in the quartz mills are almost entirely suspended. The roads are impassable, and as the roads and bridges are washed away, communication between the camps is cut off. Many buildings in the course of the overflowed creeks were washed away. The snow is still falling. Belle Fourche river, heretofore crossed by the Bismarck stage, is now three miles wide and very deep, the passengers being ferried across in skiffs, the coaches being unable to cross at any point.

The first appearance of the Indians, in three months, was evinced last Saturday. Deputy Sheriff Wilson, arriving from Belle Fourche, reports his narrow escape from a party of hostile Sioux, evidently en route to join Sitting Bull.

AUGUSTA, Ga., 21.—This morning, a fire broke out in Macon, in Wheeler's saloon, a wooden building between the Brown House and National Hotel. The Brown House was totally destroyed; the National

Hotel is not materially injured. Most of the goods in the stores under the Brown House were saved in a damaged condition. The engines worked all day. The fire is entirely under control. The estimated loss is \$100,000; the insurance on the Brown House is \$15,000.

CHARLESTON, S. C., 21.—The negroes of Charleston have been intensely excited for several days past in hourly expectation of the sailing of the bark *Azor* with the first ship load of emigrants sent to Africa by the *Liberian Exodus Association*. Various circumstances, however, have delayed her departure, the main impediment being the want of cash and the propensity of the blacks, despite all precautions of the customs officers, to crowd a larger number of passengers between decks than the law allows. The task of examining the ship and landing the surplus emigrants was performed no less than three times, and it was not until a guard was put aboard by the collector that the bark could be kept in a condition to be properly cleared. Yesterday, however, all the arrangements were completed, and about 8 o'clock this morning, the *Azor* was being towed out to sea by the tug *Wade Hampton*, being accompanied to Barley by two harbor steamers crowded with black excursionists, while the whole battery and wharves were thronged with thousands of negroes, shouting and waving their hats and handkerchiefs as the bark bore out to sea. The *Azor* carries 250 passengers, about one-fifth of whom are young children.

WASHINGTON, 21.—Current political gossip has recently brought to the surface in this city a suggestion, said to have originated on the Pacific coast, that the best way to get rid of polygamy would be to annex Utah to Nevada. The constitution of that State would, it is argued, quickly dispose of the problem without further trouble to Congress.

Gossips also predict that a formidable movement is soon to be made to admit Washington Territory as a State into the Union, and thereby provide two more republican Senators. It is scarcely necessary to say that such a movement would have no possible chance of success in either branch of Congress at present.

Senator Jones, of Nevada, has gone to New Orleans to look after his ice manufacturing interests for a few days. He is expected back next Thursday.

The committee on agriculture have agreed to report, with favorable recommendations, the bill introduced in the House providing for the better protection of cattle in transportation. The bill requires that cattle shall be fed at least once every 24 hours.

SAN FRANCISCO, 21.—The schooner *Caroline Medan*, Capt. Winant, has returned from the wreck of the steamer *City of San Francisco*, with about \$16,000 in silver bullion recovered by the divers. The expedition was fitted out by Capt. Winant at the solicitation of two divers, James Steel and Daniel McGlade. They report the wreck a confused mass, and the cargo ruined. The recovery of the bullion was attained with great risk on account of the exposed position of the sunken steamer.

GALESBURG, Ills., 22.—Last night a terrible rain and hail storm struck this city, the hail being of a prodigious size. One stone, measured by business men, was said to be eight inches in circumference. Much glass was broken, and many fruit trees were badly damaged by the hail and rain.

WALL LAKE, Iowa, 22.—A fierce tornado struck this town, yesterday, destroying a part of it. Three persons were hurt.

STORM LAKE, Iowa, 22.—A wind storm did serious damage here, yesterday. Several persons in this vicinity are reported killed.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., 22.—On last Thursday night, while a party of men were engaged in cutting back a levee, near the lower end of Lake Bolivar, in Bolivar County, Miss., to let off the heavy body of water caused by the unprecedented rains, the whole party were caught in the sluice, and, with the exception of Captain Briscoe, all were swallowed up in the vortex. Briscoe was rescued after being more than an hour in the water and quicksand.

CALAIS, Maine, 22.—The burning of the International Hotel and some dwellings, early to-day, caused a loss of \$40,000; insurance \$20,000.

NEW YORK, 22.

The Hon. William Orton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Co., died at his residence at 7 this morning. The immediate cause of the death of Mr. Orton was apoplexy, with which he was stricken at 11 o'clock last night.

His death was very sudden and unexpected. He was at the Episcopal church, yesterday, participated actively in the successful movement to extinguish its debt, dined with his family; drove to Central Park; appeared in better than usual health, until eleven at night, when he was stricken with paralysis; passed into a comatose state, accompanied by stentorian breathing, and so remained until relieved by death at 7 o'clock this morning, another victim to excessive mental strain and overwork. It is no disparagement to Orton's able associates on the Western Union Company to say that there is none to fill the vacancy caused by his death. His was the master mind in many respects. Without being a lawyer, he combined fine legal instincts with broad statesmanlike views and qualities, and unusually quick, shrewd business perceptions and knowledge of men and their character. In all cases his purpose was to be just. His weakness was the intense earnestness with which he devoted himself to details in the vast business over which he presided.

NEW ORLEANS, 22.—The *Galveston News* Loredospecial says: The raiding Indians have returned into Mexico, where they are being pursued by the Mexican troops, who may possibly overtake them before they reach the Santa Rosa mountains. Nine men were killed in the vicinity of Loredos, and 400 horses carried off.

SAN FRANCISCO, 22.—The brig *Paloma*, from Tahiti, reports that on February 7 a hurricane raged, in which about 120 people were killed and much property destroyed.

FOREIGN.

MONTREAL, 19.—Several encounters occurred between the Orange Young Britons and Irish Catholics, to-day, in the city. As the Britons were marching to church this forenoon a Catholic attempted to cross through the procession. He was pursued into the Notre Dame Catholic church, where some fighting occurred. Chas. O'Hara, who attempted to shut the door on the intruders, was badly beaten.

There was more rioting at 11 tonight in Victoria Square. Stone-throwing and pistol-shooting were indulged in until a posse of police arrived and quelled the disturbance. An artillery volunteer named Cole, received some severe wounds, and policeman Martin was dangerously wounded in the head. Several large plate glass windows were broken. The police are out in strong force and have cleared the streets of the disturbing element. Considerable party feeling exists, arising out of the trials going on of those who took part in the late shooting affray in the city.

LONDON, 19.—A serious riot has occurred at St. Amman, near Glasgow. Some miners on a strike attacked the sheriff's officers, who were serving notices of ejectment. Several houses were wrecked and the telegraph lines destroyed.

The Porte had addressed a note to Grand Duke Nicholas, explaining the conditions of the promise made by Turkey to evacuate Shumla, Varna and Batoum. It says that a great part of the garrisons of these places have already been withdrawn. The treaty of peace does not fix any definite period for the evacuation, and, moreover, the positions respectively occupied now are conformable to the provisions of the armistice. The Porte promises that in proportion as the new Bulgarian territory is evacuated by the Russians, in accordance with the treaty, Turkey will successively surrender one fortress after another.

It is rumored that the Russians intend to stipulate for a certain date for the evacuation of Batoum, threatening otherwise to occupy Kavik on the Bosphorus. The arsenal of Tophane has been removed to Scutari.

The Turkish people and army favor England.

It is stated that the Russians have agreed to the annexation by Serbia of the district of Wranja. It is believed the question of the possession of Pirot will be settled by a plebiscite.

The *Journal des Debats* declares the belief that the German media-