

DEPEW DEFENDS FOREST RESERVES

Answers the Attack of Heyburn
On Policy of Administration
Regarding Same.

CITES NEW YORK AS EXAMPLE

Teller Approved Empire State's Work
But Objected to General Govern-
ment Undertaking It.

Washington, May 7.—In reply to Mr. Heyburn's attack on the forestry policy of the administration, Senator Dewey of New York today in the senate spoke at length in defense of forestry reserves and the reforestation of denuded lands. Only the other day, he said, New York state received 1,000,000 trees from Germany for use in reforesting the Adirondacks.

Mr. Dewey said that he understood that every day when one great newspaper goes to press it consumes 10 acres of spruce. He commended the action of President Cleveland in inaugurating the system of forest reserves by setting aside 20,000,000 acres, which was increased to 40,000,000 under President McKinley, and is now 150,000,000 acres. In the last two years, he said, France has spent \$50,000,000 for reforestation. In view of the enormous damage to property and the homes of the people by fires.

The damage done by cutting off the forests of the Adirondacks was enormous, he said, and every spring the newspapers told of disastrous floods in states whose streams are fed from the watersheds.

Mr. Teller said the work of New York state in reforestation was the kind he approved. He objected to having the general government go into that business. It was for the states to do such work within their borders. He objected to the action of the senate to newspaper publications to the effect that the reforestation of the country with the approval of the president and the interstate commerce commission had agreed to a general increase of rates.

He said it was stated in one publication that the president had agreed to such an increase of rates. He said that the president had agreed to such an increase of rates. He said that the president had agreed to such an increase of rates.

Mr. Warren explained that the appropriations committee of the house had information of what would be done with the appropriations for the forestry division. He favored having detailed estimates and hoped that they would be made. The postoffice bill, he said, had an appropriation of \$7,000,000 in three years.

Mr. Warren exhibited a pamphlet, which he said contained information about these appropriations. Mr. Teller replied that the pamphlet had been made available on April 7 and another April 9 with some information on the forestry service. Mr. Warren interrupted to say that the department was not responsible for the delay in publishing those pamphlets, as the information came to the committee in typewritten form.

Mr. Teller referred to the appropriation of \$500,000 for the department of justice to be used for prosecutions under the anti-trust law. The money had been appropriated for the delay in publishing those pamphlets, as the information came to the committee in typewritten form.

Mr. Teller declared that the forestry reserves "were an unmitigated curse and not a blessing." Reading from a memorandum of expenditures of the division, he said \$250,000 was spent in a lump sum. Congress, he added, had nothing to do with fixing the salaries included in that amount.

Prefacing his statement with the remark that he was responsible for what he said, Mr. Teller declared that he knew that the forestry division spends thousands and thousands of dollars in a propaganda in the interest of reservations.

"They employ people in the colleges," he said, "and I can see no service they can render except to influence opinion in favor of the forestry service."

Did the senator say, inquired Mr. Culbertson, "they pay professors and school teachers for their influence?"

"I said that was my inference," responded Mr. Teller. "The department had a propaganda—men all over the country advocating forest reservations—and in my judgment they were on the payroll for that purpose."

Mr. Teller spoke of receiving letters favoring forest reserves and added that he believed these letters were prepared by somebody connected with the department.

Mr. Teller, referring to the law of last year prohibiting the president from including any land in Colorado, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and Wyoming in forest reserves, said:

"Before the president signed that law and after it had passed Congress he did make some additions to these reservations."

Mr. Lodge interposed to say the amount of such additions was 20,000,000 acres.

Does the senator mean to say that was done after Congress acted? inquired Mr. Bacon.

"It was done," Mr. Teller replied, "after the bill left the house and senate and pending the president's signature to the bill."

Extended discussion of the expenditures of the forestry bureau for publicity work of various kinds called for a vigorous denial by Mr. Smoot that a forestry agent attended a convention and charged his expenses to the "day and grain account."

Added by Senator Foraker what he proposed to do at the convention, Mr. Teller said he hoped to defeat the lump appropriation of \$500,000 for the forestry service, but he knew how difficult it would be to do so.

Mr. Lodge, reading from official records, noted lump sum appropriations for other bureaus of the agricultural department and said that what was done in the forestry division was similar to the practice in other bureaus.

The bill was still under consideration when the senate adjourned.

From the farmer's wagon to the flour bin in your pantry—absolute cleanliness marks the preparation and handling of

HUSLER'S FLOUR

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The bill was still under consideration when the senate adjourned.

THAW CASE POSTPONED.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., May 7.—The habeas corpus proceedings of Harry K. Thaw to procure his release from the Matteawan state hospital will be begun here next Wednesday at Justice Morchauer, instead of next Monday, the date heretofore set. This arrangement was made today by Dist. Atty. Mack of Dutchess county, and James G. Graham, counsel for Thaw. The postponement was made to suit the convenience of Dist. Atty. Jerome, whose engagement will not permit him to come to Poughkeepsie until Wednesday.

Never can tell when you'll mash a finger or suffer a cut, bruise, burn or scald. Be prepared. Dr. Thomas' Eucalyptic Oil instantly relieves the pain—quickly cures the wound.

To Show Talking Apparatus.

The Mysteries of a big telephone exchange will be explained to visitors at the building of the Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone company on State street between 1 o'clock and 11 o'clock p. m. Saturday, May 9. All parts of the fine new plant recently installed by the company will be open to public inspection. The equipment is of the most modern type throughout and a visit will be interesting. All residents of the city are invited to come at any time between the hours named.

DOES PRESIDENT APPROVE INCREASED FREIGHT RATES?

Washington, May 7.—Referring to his bill to prevent railroads from raising freight rates, Senator Culbertson of Texas today called the attention of the senate to newspaper publications to the effect that the reforestation of the country with the approval of the president and the interstate commerce commission had agreed to a general increase of rates.

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Expressing surprise that the senator from Texas was objecting to the commission fixing the rates which the Hepburn rate law gave them power to do, Mr. Foraker reminded Mr. Culbertson that he (Mr. Culbertson) had voted for that law. When the rate law passed, he added, it was supposed it would result in lower rates, but with exception of action taken shortly after its passage the commission had affected rates only to increase them.

The law authorizes the commission to fix rates only on complaint, interposed Mr. Culbertson.

Mr. Money of Mississippi declared that he could not believe that the president had agreed to any such thing as an increase of rates and the "plunder of the people."

Mr. Foraker said he knew nothing of the president's suggested connection with this matter. "I don't believe," he said, "the bill will be found to have any agreement to raise rates in violation of law. His whole concern has been that the shippers should have the benefit of reduced rates."

RAMMING OF THE GLADIATOR.

Opinion at Southampton is Captain of Cruiser Was to Blame.

New York, May 8.—In the first cabin of the White Star liner Teutonic which arrived here last night, a passenger, transfers from the American liner St. Paul, who were on board that steamer when she rammed and sent to the bottom the British cruise ship, off the Isle of Wight April 25. They are the first of the disabled steamer's passengers to land here. The letter was written in a mission house in Cheyenne, which the Rev. Mr. Williams was in charge of, and posted by a soldier who frequented the place.

PREACHER ACQUITTED.

Was Charged With Defaming Pres. Roosevelt in a Letter.

Denver, Colo., May 8.—Rev. Ira D. Williams, an itinerant preacher, who was charged with mailing a letter on the envelope of which was an inscription defaming President Roosevelt, was acquitted by United States Commissioner Hinsdale yesterday, after he had been held in custody for 24 hours. The letter was handed another person to mail and that the accused had nothing to do with the writing of the offensive inscription. According to the testimony the letter was written in a mission house in Cheyenne, which the Rev. Mr. Williams was in charge of, and posted by a soldier who frequented the place.

AMERICAN THEATERS.

Two Japanese Architects Arrive in New York to Study Construction.

New York, May 8.—Tamioka Yokohama and Yasuo Matsui, two Japanese architects from Tokyo, have arrived in New York for the purpose of studying the construction of American theaters and gathering data for the Tokyo artistic and imperial theater, which is to be built by a company of private capital.

The Japanese architects, who arrived in New York in time for dedication for the Japanese exposition of 1912. The playhouse, when it is completed, will be used for the presentation of the classics of the Japanese drama and also for the masterpieces of the stages of Europe. It will be the first theater planned after the American method of construction in Japan, and its stage will be equipped with all the paraphernalia used in occidental dramatic art. The Japanese visitors are visiting theaters, scenic studios and other places where they can obtain information regarding American theatrical construction.

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JEROME TESTIFIES IN HIS OWN BEHALF

Against Him Have Been Made
Charges of Dereliction
Of Duty.

PROSECUTION OF RICH MEN.

Emphatically Denied Having Tried to
Prevent the Indictment of
Thomas F. Ryan.

New York, May 7.—Dist. Atty. Jerome, testifying in his own defense in connection with the charges of dereliction which have been preferred against him today said that the nearest he ever came to sending a wealthy man to jail was in having one of them committed to an asylum.

"You mean Harry Thaw," asked Attorney Pierce for the complainants.

"Yes, Thaw's the man," responded Jerome.

"You forget Al Adams," interjected Asst. Dist. Atty. Kresel.

"Oh, yes," replied Jerome, "so I do, but he had only two and a half or three millions. He was not one of the big fellows."

Taking up the question of political campaign contributions, Mr. Pierce asked what justification there could be for making contributions to either political party in 1904.

"Differences in economic doctrines," Jerome replied.

"How could the economic doctrines affect the insurance cases?" he was asked.

"Well, the New York Life, the Mutual and the Equitable held between them \$1,500,000,000 worth of securities. There was an opinion on the part of President McCall that a panic would follow Parker's election, and you can figure what a 5 per cent depreciation on the \$1,500,000,000 would amount to."

Taking up the matter of the \$50,000 which was paid by George W. Perkins to the Nylc organization of agents in New York Life Insurance company, Mr. Pierce asked the witness if he regarded it as a loan.

"Not exactly," Jerome replied.

"Didn't you know that the charter of the company absolutely prohibited Perkins from turning that money over to the Nylc fund?"

"I did not know; the charter is not very exciting literature."

Mr. Jerome said that in five years he had personally conducted three trials, one of them resulting in a conviction. Mr. Jerome was questioned regarding his relations with Thomas F. Ryan of the Metropolitan Street Railway company.

"Since last November," asked Mr. Pierce, "have you not used all your influence to prevent the indictment of Thomas Ryan?"

"That statement is mendacious, and you know that it is," replied the district attorney.

Mr. Jerome insisted that he had done all that he could to secure indictments. In the Wall-Cortland streets ferry road deals.

Adjournment was taken until tomorrow.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Annual Convention Will be Greatest Gathering of Its Kind.

New York, May 8.—The annual convention of the National Wholesale Grocers' association at Atlantic City June 2-5 inclusive, is expected to be the greatest gathering of food purveyors ever held in the country. It will represent something like nine-tenths of the entire grocery trade of the country and delegates will be present from every state in the country, bringing with them more than a thousand. A committee from the New York and Philadelphia associations are hard at work making plans for the session and the business program just issued by Secy. H. Bockmann, indicates something of the importance of the commercial questions to be considered during the convention.

The convention will be held at the Marlborough-Blenheim hotel in the big ballroom. The first session will be called to order Tuesday morning, June 2, at 11:30 o'clock, when President William Judson of Grand Rapids, Mich., will occupy the chair and addresses will be made.

FEDERATION OF AM. ZIONISTS CONVENTION

New York, May 8.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Federation of American Zionists, it was decided that the next annual convention be held at Atlantic City from July 10-15. This will be the eleventh annual convention to be held by the United Zionist societies of the country and delegates representing some 400 societies in different cities of the United States will be present. Many important matters affecting the progress of the movement for the restoration of Palestine to the Jewish people will come up for consideration at this gathering. Special attention will be paid to the practical work of Jewish colonization in Palestine that is now being carried on. It is expected that by the time of the convention some important news will be received here from the central organization in Cologne, Germany, relating to the political activities of the movement in its negotiations with the Turkish government. Much of the business of the convention will relate to the propaganda that is carried on here by the different societies and there will be also an election of officers.

"LA BELLE OTERO'S" QUESTION.

"La Belle Otero," the well-known dancer, was yesterday shown over the Paris law courts by M. Benoit, presiding judge of the court of appeal. She was greatly interested, but seemed eager to ask a question.

Presently she turned to her guide and said: "Now, how much a year can a man like you earn as a dancer?"

At Benoit replied: "Seven hundred twenty pounds a year." "Why, I spend as much every month," cried the dancer, laughing.

"No doubt," replied the judge, "but if I live till I am 75 I shall still be earning my £720. Are you quite sure you will be doing the same?"

"I am afraid not," replied La Belle Otero, looking a little mortified. (London Daily Mail.)

LINERS 1,000 FEET LONG.

At Messrs. Harland & Wolff's yard at Belfast, work has been commenced on some new ships, which will allow of the building of liners of much greater dimensions than any yet designed.

In twelve or fifteen months' time, it is expected, the keel of a mammoth White Star liner for the Southampton and New York passenger trade will be laid. The vessel in question will mark an epoch in the world's shipbuilding and engineering. The new ships will allow of the construction of vessels of the enormous length of 1,000 feet, with proportionate beam, depth, and weight.—London Evening News.

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5 lbs. Rolled Oats25c	Pickled Pork10c
5 lbs. Macaroni or Spaghetti25c	10-lb. Pail Lard\$1.25
3 lbs. Sago	.....25c	5-lb. Pail Lard	.....65c
3 lbs. Tap Rice	.....25c	3-lb. Pail Lard	.....45c
5 lb. Pkg. Hercules Mush.	.....25c	Eight 5c cans Pot. Ham	.....25c
3 pkgs. Pan Cake Flour	.....25c	Two 30c Roast Ribs of Beef	.....35c
3 pkgs. Apizeo	.....25c	Two 25c Veal Loaf	.....25c
2 tall cans Salmon	.....25c	30c Roast Ribs of Beef	.....35c
3 large cans Milk	.....25c	Two 25c Corn Beef Hash	.....25c
4 cans Peas	.....25c	10 Nugget Soap	.....25c
3 cans Baked Beans25c	7 Royal Laundry50c
		11 Crystal White50c
		9 lbs. Washing Soda25c

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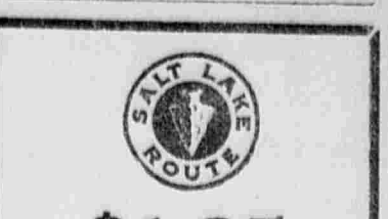
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