

## Fires, Losses, Insurance and Property Involved in Same.

Below will be found figures showing the work accomplished by the Salt Lake fire department during the first 11 months of 1906.

Many important improvements have been made, chief among them being a change in the alarm system. The alarm system is the gong system established at First and Second South streets on Main.

The report of the fire department, showing the number of fires, the property involved, insurance involved and paid, loss over and above insurance, the actual loss, the amount of money spent and a statement of the operator showing the class of fires, the time in service, the number of feet of hose stretched, the amount of chemicals used and the distance covered, is given as follows:

The new station, No. 5, on Ninth South between Tenth and Eleventh east, is nearly completed. It will have a crew of 13 men, a new truck, a combination hose and chemical and a steamer. A feature of the fire alarm system is the gong system established at First and Second South streets on Main.

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| RISKS AND LOSSES. |               |                    |                     |              |                 |               |                 |               |                 |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Month.            | No. of Fires. | Property Involved. | Insurance Involved. | Actual Loss. | Over Insurance. | Water Damage. | Over Insurance. | Water Damage. | Over Insurance. |
| January           | 19            | \$308,750.00       | \$147,350.00        | \$1,351.00   | \$31.00         | \$180.00      | 101             |               |                 |
| February          | 13            | \$122,750.00       | \$5,000.00          | \$4,250.00   | \$6,564.53      | \$2,316.04    | 101             |               |                 |
| March             | 10            | \$124,000.00       | \$44,400.00         | \$1,482.43   | \$1,735.43      | \$252.00      | 102.3           |               |                 |
| April             | 20            | \$343,095.00       | \$139,380.00        | \$8,035.30   | \$10,189.30     | \$2,125.00    | 100             |               |                 |
| May               | 11            | \$198,050.00       | \$79,000.00         | \$2,335.58   | \$2,345.58      | \$16.00       | 101.5           |               |                 |
| June              | 17            | \$288,000.00       | \$1,000.00          | \$2,535.98   | \$2,535.98      | \$2,005.00    | 85              |               |                 |
| July              | 38            | \$2,350.00         | \$3,250.00          | \$1,170.50   | \$1,305.50      | \$135.00      | 85              |               |                 |
| August            | 25            | \$234,600.00       | \$79,700.00         | \$1,143.00   | \$1,285.00      | \$125.00      | 72              |               |                 |
| September         | 19            | \$4,160.00         | \$5,332.00          | \$347.50     | \$467.50        | \$120.00      | 83              |               |                 |
| October           | 29            | \$171,250.00       | \$78,900.00         | \$1,117.50   | \$1,165.00      | \$2,947.50    | 90              |               |                 |
| November          | 29            | \$123,500.00       | \$34,350.00         | \$2,251.00   | \$4,228.00      | \$1,975.00    | 96              |               |                 |
| Totals            | 221           | \$2,101,755.00     | \$1,129,982.00      | \$46,135.00  | \$57,427.60     | \$11,285.54   |                 |               |                 |

| EXPENDITURES.               |             |                     |              |                      |             |           |                     |              |                      |
|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Month.                      | Salaries.   | Operating Expenses. | Advertising. | Additional to Month. | Total.      | Salaries. | Operating Expenses. | Advertising. | Additional to Month. |
| January                     | \$3,910.70  | \$422.62            |              |                      | \$4,333.32  |           |                     |              |                      |
| February                    | 3,880.20    | 936.66              |              |                      | 4,816.86    |           |                     |              |                      |
| March                       | 3,876.30    | 231.02              |              |                      | 4,107.32    |           |                     |              |                      |
| April                       | 4,089.50    | 1,677.28            |              |                      | 5,766.78    |           |                     |              |                      |
| May                         | 4,132.15    | 1,015.06            |              |                      | 5,147.21    |           |                     |              |                      |
| June                        | 4,221.55    | 1,213.57            |              |                      | 5,435.12    |           |                     |              |                      |
| July                        | 4,300.35    | 463.38              |              |                      | 4,763.73    |           |                     |              |                      |
| August                      | 4,134.55    | 798.86              |              |                      | 4,933.41    |           |                     |              |                      |
| September                   | 4,093.85    | 523.21              |              |                      | 4,617.06    |           |                     |              |                      |
| October                     | 4,135.45    | 323.37              |              |                      | 4,458.82    |           |                     |              |                      |
| November                    | 4,173.15    | 556.08              |              |                      | 4,729.23    |           |                     |              |                      |
| Totals                      | \$44,983.75 | \$8,161.09          |              |                      | \$53,144.84 |           |                     |              |                      |
| Less sold other department. | 964.90      |                     |              |                      | 964.90      |           |                     |              |                      |
| Net operating expenses.     | \$7,196.19  |                     |              |                      | \$52,829.49 |           |                     |              |                      |

| STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS.  |        |      |         |        |          |               |          |                  |       |
|---------------------------|--------|------|---------|--------|----------|---------------|----------|------------------|-------|
| Nature and No. of Alarms. | Phone. | Box. | Street. | Total. | Minutes. | Feet of Hose. | Gallons. | Time in Service. | H. M. |
| January                   | 19     | 1    | 1       | 21     | 2,150    | 27            | 13       | 30               |       |
| February                  | 13     | 1    | 1       | 15     | 1,050    | 85            | 10       | 10               |       |
| March                     | 10     | 1    | 1       | 12     | 1,350    | 130           | 8        | 45               |       |
| April                     | 20     | 1    | 1       | 22     | 3,900    | 62            | 10       | 45               |       |
| May                       | 11     | 1    | 1       | 13     | 2,050    | 111           | 10       | 15               |       |
| June                      | 17     | 1    | 1       | 19     | 3,850    | 129           | 17       | 06               |       |
| July                      | 38     | 1    | 1       | 40     | 4,700    | 86            | 28       | 09               |       |
| August                    | 25     | 1    | 1       | 27     | 4,050    | 99            | 21       | 30               |       |
| September                 | 19     | 1    | 1       | 21     | 4,000    | 58            | 25       | 43               |       |
| October                   | 29     | 1    | 1       | 31     | 5,700    | 75            | 10       | 07               |       |
| November                  | 29     | 1    | 1       | 31     | 4,350    | 83            | 17       | 07               |       |
| Totals                    | 205    | 9    | 7       | 221    | 39,810   | 925           | 199      | 55               |       |

## The Big Events of the Year in the World Of General Business and Finance.

- JANUARY.**
- 1—Printers in many cities strike for an eight-hour day.
  - 2—McCall resigns as president of the New York Life Insurance company; succeeded by Alexander E. Orr.
  - 3—United States Smelting, Refining and Mining company incorporated with a capital of \$75,000,000.
  - 4—American National Livestock association formed by consolidation of two national organizations.
- FEBRUARY.**
- 5—Central Pennsylvania coal miners strike; trouble settled on the 12th.
  - 6—Helmuth sells his copper holdings to rival concerns.
  - 7—Bank of America in Chicago placed under a receiver.
  - 8—United States supreme court holds that traffic in coal by railroads is unlawful. President Roosevelt and Secy. Taft, concurring in the report of the minority of the board of consulting engineers of the Panama canal, favor a lock canal.
  - 9—German Reichstag passes the bill to extend reciprocal tariff rates to the United States.
  - 10—President Roosevelt's intervention induces President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers to call a national convention with the view of averting a miners' strike.
  - 11—United States Steel corporation leases the J. J. Hill ore mines in upper Michigan for 30 years.
- MARCH.**
- 12—Vanderbilt buys the Pittsburg & Lake Erie railroad.
  - 13—Ohio 2-cent-a-mile railroad fare law takes effect.
  - 14—George W. Perkins, ex-vice president of the New York Life Insurance company, arrested on a technical charge of grand larceny in giving insurance money to campaign funds.
  - 15—Conference of miners' representatives and operators at Indianapolis adjourns sine die without reaching an agreement.
- APRIL.**
- 16—Mining suspended in the anthracite region.
  - 17—Atty.-Gen. Moody decides to prosecute coal-carrying railroads.
  - 18—Russia concludes a loan for \$450,000,000.
  - 19—Chicago, Burlington & Quincy company and officers fined by a federal court for rebating.
  - 20—Suit begun at Toledo against the Standard Oil company and subsidiary concerns to revoke their charters.
  - 21—Baltimore & Ohio railroad quits the coal business.
- MAY.**
- 22—President Roosevelt, in a special message to Congress, attacks the Standard Oil company.
  - 23—Sugar trust and New York Central Railroad company indicted under the Elkins law.
  - 24—Anthracite miners accept peace terms offered by the operators.
  - 25—Collapse of the longshoremen's strike at Cleveland kills the mates' union.
  - 26—Electric Properties company chartered.
- JUNE.**
- 27—Kansas City jury finds four packing companies guilty of accepting freight rebates.
  - 28—Federal court at Kansas City convicts the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad of rebating.
  - 29—Lake Erie & Ohio River ship canal charter bill passed by the senate.
  - 30—Tobacco companies indicted by the federal grand jury of New York for conspiracy.
  - 31—House finally passes the Lake Erie & Ohio River ship canal charter bill; signed by the president next day.
- JULY.**
- 1—Former officials of the Chicago & Alton railroad convicted in Chicago federal court of rebating.
  - 2—International Policyholders' committee permanently organized.
  - 3—Wages in New England cotton mills raised.
  - 4—Central Pennsylvania coal miners' strike settled in conference.
  - 5—Cincinnati laundries indicted on charges of combination in restraint of trade.
  - 6—Pennsylvania railroad reduces passenger fares east of Pittsburg and Erie and abolishes the 1,000-mile ticket rebate.
  - 7—Conference of miners' representatives and operators at Indianapolis adjourns sine die without reaching an agreement.
  - 8—Closing of the Milwaukee State Bank of Chicago causes a panic and two deaths among depositors.
  - 9—Standard Oil company indicted by the Chicago grand jury for accepting rebates.
  - 10—Federal grand jury at Jamestown, N. Y., indicts the Pennsylvania Railroad company and the Standard Oil company for rebating.
  - 11—Conference of governors, insurance commissioners and attorneys-general meets at St. Paul to draw up an insurance code.
  - 12—At Adams' 400 bucket shops assign.
  - 13—Pennsylvania railroad lines west of Pittsburg give notice of a reduction of rates to a 2-cent basis.
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- SEPTEMBER.**
- 1—Vanderbilt begins a railroad rate war.
  - 2—Largest natural gas well in the world brought in near Kane, Pa., and gas beyond control.
  - 3—H. C. Frick and H. H. Rogers buy control of the Norfolk & Western railroad.
  - 4—Pennsylvania railroad cuts passenger fares to 2½ cents a mile in Central Passenger association territory.
- OCTOBER.**
- 1—Terms of lease of the Hill ore properties to the United States Steel corporation made public.
  - 2—American Union Telephone company absorbs several other independent concerns; total capital, \$250,000,000.
  - 3—Ohio Bridge Trust dissolved.
  - 4—Detroit United Railway company announces an experiment a rate of 10 fares for 25 cents.
  - 5—Jury in Findlay, O., convicts the Standard Oil company of conspiracy.
  - 6—New York Central railroad fined by a federal court in New York for rebating.
  - 7—Trans-Alaskan-Siberian Railroad company chartered in New Jersey.
  - 8—National Petroleum association files complaints against the Standard Oil company.
- NOVEMBER.**
- 1—Harriman wins control of the Illinois Central railroad, defeating President Hamilton Fish.
  - 2—Pennsylvania railroad orders increase of wages.
  - 3—John D. Rockefeller and Standard Oil directors indicted at Findlay, Ohio.
  - 4—Atty.-Gen. Moody sues for an injunction against the Standard Oil company.
  - 5—American Federation of Labor approves of alliance with the American Society of Equity.
  - 6—Thomas F. Ryan resigns his official connection with many railroad and industrial corporations.
  - 7—Minimum fine imposed upon the Pullman Car company in the Pennsylvania pure food cases.
  - 8—United States Steel corporation announces increase of wages.
  - 9—Samuel Gompers re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor.

## Official Directory of Salt Lake City and County.

- Commissioners—W. W. Wilson, John C. Mackey, E. D. Miller.  
Clerk—J. U. Eldredge, Jr.  
Attorney—P. P. Christensen.  
Sheriff—C. Frank Emery.  
Recorder—P. O. Perkins.  
Treasurer—W. O. Carbis.  
Auditor—I. M. Fisher.  
Surveyor—Joseph Swenson.  
Assessor—C. M. Brown.  
Superintendent of Schools—John W. Smith.
- COUNTY OFFICIALS-ELECT.**
- Commissioners—J. E. Clinton, four-year term; J. B. Cosgriff, two-year term.  
Clerk—J. U. Eldredge, Jr. (Re-elected.)  
Attorney—Willard Hanson.  
Sheriff—C. Frank Emery (Re-elected.)  
Recorder—P. O. Perkins. (Re-elected.)  
Treasurer—J. A. Groesbeck, Jr.  
Auditor—Frank Heginbotham.  
Surveyor—Joseph B. Swenson (Re-elected.)  
Assessor—C. M. Brown (Re-elected.)
- CITY OFFICIALS.**
- Mayor—Ezra Thompson.  
Recorder—John B. Moreton.  
Attorney—Ogden Hiles.  
Treasurer—Frank A. Swenson.  
Auditor—Rudolph Alf.  
Health Commissioner—M. R. Stewart.  
Engineer—L. C. Kelsey.  
Supt. of Streets and Irrigation—Jacob T. Raleigh.  
Supt. of Waterworks—Frank L. Hines.  
Land and Water Commissioner—Frank Mathews.  
Supt. of Parks—H. F. Heath.  
Chief of Fire Department—Charles T. Vail.  
Chief of Police—George A. Sheets.  
Building Inspector—D. W. Gambel.  
Oil Inspector and Sealer of Weights and Measures—H. H. Brough.  
Food Inspector—W. J. Frazier.  
Sexton City Cemetery—John E. Wiscomb.  
Plumbing Inspector—Frederick Spencer.  
Humane Officer—T. A. Heringer.
- COUNCIL.** A. J. DAVIS, President.  
First Ward—Thomas Hobday, C. J. Crabtree, L. D. Martin.  
Second Ward—J. H. Preece, A. R. Carter, E. O'Donnell.  
Third Ward—A. F. Barnes, F. S. Fernstrom, John Holley.  
Fourth Ward—R. S. Wells, W. J. Tuddenham, W. Mont Ferry.  
Fifth Ward—A. J. Davis, T. R. Black, M. E. Mulvey.
- BOARD OF HEALTH.**
- Mayor Ezra Thompson, Chairman; M. R. Stewart, R. W. Fisher, F. H. Haley, F. L. Hansing, Clerk.
- BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.**
- F. J. Leonard, Chairman, C. D. Rooklidge, W. J. Halloran, C. P. Brooks, S. M. Barlow, F. R. Christensen, Clerk.
- BOARD OF EDUCATION.**
- Board of Education—Arnold G. Gianque, Byron Cummings, M. J. Cheesman, W. J. Newman, O. W. Moyle, Mathoniah Thomas, H. P. Henderson, C. S. Martin, T. R. Ellerbeck, Joseph Oberndorfer.  
Clerk of the Board—L. P. Judd.  
City Superintendent of Schools—D. H. Christensen.
- Those Dear Friends.**
- Mildred—Mr. Oldham asked my opinion about sending you a birthday present, and I told him you had stopped having birthdays five years ago. Was that right?  
Helen—Yes, I believe so. At least, it was three years after you stopped.
- NOTICE TO OUR CUSTOMERS.**
- We are pleased to announce that Folsom's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung troubles is not affected by the National Pure Food and Drug law as it contains no opiates or other harmful drugs, and we recommend it as a safe remedy for children and adults. For sale by F. J. Hill Drug Co.

# Old Imperial and Biscuit Extension Mining Companies.

## TWO IMPORTANT PROPERTIES OF THE WONDERFUL CHERRY CREEK CAMP.

### OLD IMPERIAL MINING AND MILLING CO.

The fame of Nevada once rested upon the production of her silver mines. This situation has passed. The larger time that the future will bring, giving her the name of the world's treasure-house, will depend upon the production of at least the three precious metals, the yellow, the white and the red. The silver of Nevada once saved the national credit, and though such importance may never again be reached, silver will once more become one of the chief factors of Nevada's prosperity.

The camp of Cherry Creek, in the heights of the Steptoe valley, attracted many adventurous spirits in the days of Nevada silver mining. The Star, the Exchequer, Ticep, Mary Ann, and others yielded rich ores to the miners' efforts so easily that systematic mining was not thought necessary. Though metal extraction is as old as Tubal-cain, yet the advanced science of mining, as we see it practised today, is very young indeed. The owners of the Cherry Creek properties kept little or no surplus on hand for development being isolated also by a hundred miles from railroad, nearly all supplies coming by team twice that far from Utah, machinery costing fabulous prices, naturally they found mining exceedingly expensive. When silver fell to less than half its former value, the most accessible ores having been mined out, the mines of Cherry suffered the fate of Nevada properties generally.

But the isolation of Cherry Creek is past. The discovery of copper ore in immeasurable quantities at Ely, 50 miles south, drew, and is drawing, the largest and most wealthy interests of the country to its development. The Nevada Northern railroad has been built from Cober on the Southern Pacific to Ely, and at Duck Creek, between Cherry Creek and Ely, large smelters are being built. These will form the best market possible for the Cherry Creek ores.

The Old Imperial Mining & Milling company owns what is looked upon as probably the largest mining property of the district. It covers a great assurance, two miles in length, and out of one of its claims, the Exchequer, approximately \$7,000,000 worth of ore has been taken. This was all free milling, and was extracted by means of a tunnel, below which the workings extended only about forty feet. The ore farther down was sulphide and not workable by the amalgamation mill. Of the nine claims of the group some are patented, and the rest are in process of being patented.

**FORMATION.**

The vein lies between quartzite and porphyry, and is from 25 to 100 feet wide. The gangue of the vein is

# GEORGE Q. CANNON ASSOCIATION

24 EAST SOUTH TEMPLE ST.

BOTH PHONES 910.

HUGH J. CANNON, President and Manager.

## BROKERAGE.

MINING AND COMMERCIAL STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

We hold a seat on the Salt Lake Stock and Mining Exchange, and have Mr. Preston J. Cannon in attendance at every call. Send orders by wire or mail to our office and they will receive instant attention.

In connection with the George Q. Cannon Association, three of its members have recently organized a firm for the practice of architecture and the various branches of engineering. The members of the firm, the title of which is CANNON BROS., ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS, are Lewis Telle Cannon, architect, Sylvester Q. Cannon, mining and hydraulic engineer and U. S. deputy Mineral Surveyor, and Willard T. Cannon, mechanical and electrical engineer. Their offices are in the Manx building, at 24 East South Temple street. Phones, 910.

## REAL ESTATE.

We have one of the largest lists to be found in Salt Lake City of Property to be sold. We can suit our friends if they are looking for homes or business property. List your real estate with us and if it can be sold we will sell it. We will build you homes on easy terms.

quartz, stained with oxide of iron and carbonate of copper. The entire ledge shows mineralization and much is of either shipping or milling grade. The ore has been found richest in the hardest quartz, and where the quartz is not so compact there is evidence of water leaching. This has carried the metal downward and deposited it by a process of natural concentration below the ground water level. On the south end of the property the lode of the Star mine, another great producer, crosses the Exchequer lode on Old Imperial ground. This intersection of two rich veins is doubtless the location of a great body of high grade ore.

**DEVELOPMENT.**

The operations of the present owners have been confined mainly to the development of the New Century claim on the north side of Exchequer canyon. They have a shaft down 270 feet, and extensive drifts and cross cuts. Much high grade mineral has been encountered and all the workings practically are in valuable ore. Good bodies of thousand ounce ore have been found, and as yet have not been explored. Four cars of \$55 ore has been shipped.

**PRESENT OPERATIONS.**

A short time ago, Mr. Charles Rundberg examined the property for the George Q. Cannon Association, which controls the company. He spent considerable time on the ground and made a very favorable report. The company soon afterward secured Mr. Rundberg's services as mine manager, and he is proving his assertions true. Mr. Rundberg's wide experience in mining and the work he has done is a guarantee of success. While in the

employ of Mr. Samuel Newhouse for ten years he superintended the development of the Highland Boy and Boston Consolidated mines at Bingham, and of the Cactus mine in Beaver county, three of the greatest copper mines in the world.

Upon his taking charge of the Old Imperial property, Mr. Rundberg transferred the machinery across the canyon to the Exchequer ground, believing that the greatest ore bodies would be found there, and with the object of connecting up the workings already there with those on the New Century claim, a plan that can be easily accomplished. He has started work in the face of the tunnel in the direction of the intersection of the Star and Exchequer veins, and has already struck a promising body of ore. His plan is to continue the tunnel to the

above mentioned intersection, and to sink the present shaft, which is down 250 feet, to a considerably greater depth. This shaft has some water in it still, and it is asserted by those who worked in it years ago, that it was in rich ore, though of a character that could not be treated in these days, but which is valuable now. Mr. Rundberg has a force of men at work and is preparing to put in the most modern machinery that can be procured.

The office of the company is at 24 E. South Temple street, in connection with the George Q. Cannon Association suite. Less than five miles from railroad, covering a vein the wealth of which has been demonstrated, with rich ore already uncovered and under the direction of one of the best practical mining men in the west, the Old Imperial property has before it the very brightest future.

doubted future of the camp, that a large advance over the purchase price was refused by the present lucky possessors.

Ore of a high quality was produced and sent to market, during the silver era of Nevada, in fact of such quality, that it could be transported by wagon several hundred miles at a profit. This fact goes far to convince those who know that, with additional development along common sense lines, with a railroad at the camp, as it now is, for the quick and economical transportation of ores to the smelters, and the application of modern methods and machinery, this good old property will give an account of itself, which will well justify the sanguine hopes and expectations of those who have so confidently invested their money in the property.

The continuity of these ledges has been well established by the mining which has heretofore been carried on, and the frequency and richness of the ore shoots, occurring within these ledges, are being more thoroughly demonstrated each day. That these shoots go deep down has already been proved, by all previous mining operations in that district.

The veins are in a contact between lime and quartzite, the hanging wall being lime and the foot wall quartzite. Where the main vein crops out, it is shown to be about 60 feet wide. The ore carries silver, gold and some copper, with a great preponderance of the first named metal.

It is expected that, in about a year, the smelters, now in course of construction, will be in operation at Duck creek, 35 miles distant from Cherry creek, and on the main line of the Nevada Northern railroad. When this is accomplished, the cost of ore transportation will be reduced to a minimum.

The property will be operated by means of a tunnel, which at 500 feet distance from the mouth, will attain a depth of about 600 feet. This tunnel will prove one effective means of exploring the veins at depth.

The company's ground is adjoined on the north by that of the Biscuit Mining company, whose shaft is down 850 feet, and in all probability the drift from the 850 foot level, will be continued on into the territory of the Biscuit Extension, thus exploring at depth, the north part of the latter company's possessions.

One very gratifying feature in connection with the Biscuit Extension is that very good results have been obtained, with a very modern amount of development work, and nature has bestowed unusual favors upon the Cherry Creek mine, by causing the ore shoots to occur very near the surface.

It is confidently predicted by the talent, that the near future will witness some great results in Biscuit Extension.

The office of the company is at 24 East South Temple street in the suite occupied by the George Q. Cannon association.

### BISCUIT EXTENSION MINING COMPANY.

Among the properties of greatest promise in Nevada, is that of the Biscuit Extension Mining company of Cherry Creek, White Pine county. For several months past the company has been gathering unto itself a group of claims of bonanza proportions and quality, covering as they do the most wonderfully mineralized and richest silver-bearing ledges in the district.

So keen was the rivalry to acquire the ground that no less than three parties were in the field, all trying at once to get it. And so universally recognized has become the district, not only because of past performance, but also for the great things now being accomplished, as well as the un-