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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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ALBERT CARRINGTON, EDITOR

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TERMS:

One Year.....\$5.00.
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Three Months.....2.00.

Calendar for AUGUST 1867.

First Quarter, 6th day, 11h. 40m. P.M.
Full Moon, 15th day, 3h. 8m. A.M.
Last Quarter, 22d day, 1h. 53m. P.M.
New Moon, 29th day, 5h. 36m. A.M.
Apogee 10d, 11h. P.M. Perigee 6d, 7h. P.M.

D	M	W	of	Moon's	Signification	Sun	Sun
			place	at	of	Rises.	Sets.
			Noon.		Signs.	h m	h m
1	T		1	♈	14	4 56	7 16
2	F		15		59	4 57	7 14
3	S		29		18	4 58	7 13
4	S		12	♎	41	4 59	7 12
5	M		25		33	5 0	7 11
6	T		8	♍	15	5 1	7 10
7	W		20		30	5 2	7 9
8	T		2	♊	40	5 3	7 7
9	F		14		37	5 4	7 6
10	S		26		31	5 5	7 5
11	S		8	♋	23	5 6	7 4
12	M		20		18	5 7	7 2
13	T		2	♈	18	5 8	7 1
14	W		14		24	5 9	7 0
15	T		26		40	5 10	6 58
16	F		9	♉	5	5 11	6 57
17	S		21		41	5 12	6 55
18	S		4	♊	29	5 13	6 54
19	M		17		32	5 14	6 53
20	T		0	♋	50	5 15	6 51
21	W		14		23	5 16	6 50
22	T		28		12	5 17	6 48
23	F		12	♌	18	5 17	6 47
24	S		26		39	5 18	6 45
25	S		11	♍	11	5 19	6 44
26	M		25		51	5 20	6 42
27	T		10	♎	31	5 21	6 41
28	W		25		6	5 22	6 39
29	T		9	♏	29	5 23	6 37
30	F		23		25	5 24	6 36
31	S		7	♐	20	5 25	6 34

Correspondence.

Through the courtesy of Elder George A. Smith, we make the following extracts from a letter to him by Elder Warren N. Dusenberry, dated Perry, Pike County, Illinois, July 6th:—

To recount to you the trials and pleasures of the trip across the plains would be a mere rehearsal of scenes to you familiar. We arrived at Julesburg on June 27th, and started on the 28th, on the cars for Omaha, where we arrived next day. From thence we (Bro's. Brown, Boyle, Lee and myself) traveled by steam boat to St. Joseph, where we got aboard the cars bound for St. Louis, in which we arrived on the morning of July 2d. After spending a short time hard washing, br. Brown and myself started out in search of some Latter-day Saints, and were successful in finding br. Rudd and several others, br. Rudd being President of a small Branch, the most of whom we met in the evening at br. Rudd's house. The brethren seemed very glad to see us, and expressed the belief that there were many in their city that would embrace the gospel.

On the evening of the third I started for this place, where my parents lived from the time I was three years old until 1860, when we started on our pilgrimage west. I came prepared for almost any kind of a reception, and must

say that I could not ask for a more cordial one. This is certainly the great babel of doctrines. In a town of about 800 inhabitants they pretend to support seven churches, and at least one-fourth of the inhabitants are infidels. My relatives, with whom I am stopping, are, or claim to be, Universalists, and many of them seem really anxious to investigate "Mormonism." Many of the inhabitants who were, when I left here, connected with some denomination, are now afloat and say they would like me and some other elders to come back here this winter and hold meeting, as they would like a change. Many tell me of leading members of the community and in high standing in some church being convicted of adultery, and in a few days the question is dropped, being only a nine days' wonder. I had been posted in the procedure of one who is a leading man, whose guilt was known, and he was the first to attack me, but the battle was short. He asked me in quite a crowd, how "Brigham and the Mormon Prophets generally got along?" Knowing the spirit that prompted the question, I answered that, like the good men of old, President Young was blessed with peace and happiness; that by minding his own business he had the less to do; and by obeying the will of God and leading a virtuous life he possessed that which we were not all blessed with, a clear conscience. This shot caused many of the bystanders to laugh, and others to look as if they would ask "Are you posted?" and the squire after rallying asked how the crops were this year in Utah. This is all the slurring questions that have been put to me. There seems to be more of a spirit of liberality than I had expected to meet.

I expect to remain here but a few days when I shall join br. John Brown in Southern Illinois when we will commence our tour through the Southern States. I think every day that previous to this journeying on a missionary tour little did I comprehend the responsibility and importance of a "Mormon elder;" and my constant prayer is that I may through humility before God and obedience to His laws, be competent to the task.

At Omaha we separated with a majority of the brethren destined for Europe, all feeling well; they going by way of Chicago. At St. Louis I sent you a Missouri Republican, having in it a notice of our arrival and what our business was. Of very few persons that I have met, as yet, could it be said that they view the Latter-day Saints as the small band of fanatics that they once looked upon them as being. Many seem to begin to realize that we are of some importance. By what I have said I would not have you believe that I have in my imagination surveyed my future road through the States as being void of obstacles; but perhaps I am more sanguine of success in the work before me than experience will guarantee.

Br. Smith, please write to me directing to this place, from whence I can have them forwarded. When I get to my field of labor I will write you again.

[Special to the DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

Bucharest, 15.

All the members of the Danubian Cabinet have tendered their resignations to Prince Charles Honzenholern.

Paris, 15.

Dispatches from Constantinople state that the Turkish government, after giving due consideration to the collective note of the European Powers, has come to the conclusion that it cannot admit the intervention of those governments in the affairs of Candia, and refuses to consent to the joint inquiry proposed.

Berlin, 15.

Minister Bancroft has had an informal interview with Count Bismark, at

which the conversation was most cordial.

New Orleans, 15.

The full registration of whites is 44,273; of blacks, 82,079.

There were 14 deaths by yellow fever during the week ending this morning.

Galveston, 15.

Canales has revolted, and is now marching on Matamoros.

London, 15.

The action of the House of Lords to-night, in receding from its amendments to the reform bill, placed both Houses in complete accord. The bill has finally passed and received the assent of the Queen.

In the House of Commons, to-night, the Government withdrew the bill to prevent public meetings in Hyde Park.

Sandusky, O., 16.

The steam tug Dispatch, of Detroit, was burned to the waters edge at two o'clock this morning, at the dock in this city; loss \$16,000.

Cincinnati, O., 16.

The Commercial's Galveston, Texas, dispatch, reports that the yellow fever is raging terribly in that place; twenty deaths occurred on the 12th, thirty-one on the 13th, 29 on the 14th and over one thousand cases in town on the 15th. The hospitals are overflowing, and the managers are calling for extra help. The Internal Revenue office is closed, the employees are all sick.

New York, 16.

The Fenian scare is becoming prevalent again in Montreal; the Brotherhood, it is apprehended, propose a raid at the coming election, as a diversion in favor of the Devlin party.

The police in Mobile are resigning, being unwilling to serve under a negro. A Radical meeting in Forsyth County, N. C., recently passed a resolution that Congress adopt measures to aid poor Unionists for losses during the war, out of the property of rebels.

Paris, 16.

At an election recently held throughout the Empire, the opposition made very heavy gains.

Augusta, Ga., 16.

Gen. Pope's order to the civil officials notifies the papers opposed to reconstruction under the military bill, of the withdrawal of patronage from them; of 13 dailies in the State, only 4 endorse the congressional programme.

Baltimore, 16.

We have had one of the severest rain storms for years, lasting from Wednesday evening till this morning; the streets were flooded a foot deep, also many stores and dwellings, and considerable damage was done to travel; all the railroads were interrupted by the washing away of culverts. The Philadelphia railroad is in many places several feet under water. The train from New York last night fell through a culvert fourteen miles from here, breaking the express, baggage and mail cars; nobody was killed.

Washington, 16.

Trains are delayed in consequence of a rain storm, which has done considerable damage in this neighborhood.

London, 17.

The rain storm throughout England continues, and it is believed that the crops are seriously damaged in some districts.

Parliament will be prorogued on the 21st.

A general election of members of parliament in North German will take place on the 31.

New York, 17.

The Mexican government refuses to deliver the body of Maximilian to the Austrian government; it is buried in the cathedral.

French ships have taken over 900 families from Candia. A contagious disease is reported to have broken out there.

At the election to the French Council General, 460 are for the Government, 21 for the opposition, and the remainder out of 600, are neutral.

Nagasaki has been damaged by a severe storm. An Athens lettersays they

are supplying food to 10,000 Christians from Crete, and that there are 14,000 Cretan refugees in Greece, nearly all supported by charity.

There had been 3,300 deaths by cholera in Sicily, at the week ending July 4.

Philadelphia, 17.

The rain storm during the last 70 hours has ceased; the damage by water is not less than \$100,000.

Detroit, 16.

Gage Bros. store was destroyed by fire to-day; loss \$15,000; one fireman was killed.

St. Louis, 17.

An Omaha dispatch reports a battle in the neighborhood of Plum Creek, between 500 Sioux and 200 Pawnee scouts, lasting 6 hours; the Sioux were routed with great loss; the scouts were reinforced by U. S. troops.

Julesburg, Col., 18.

Fifty Pawnees had a fight with hostile Indians near Plum Creek, took 15 scalps and two prisoners, and captured a large herd of stock. Over a mile of telegraph line is reported destroyed. The telegraph operator at Plum Creek and his five men are reported missing. The Indians are now in sight of Ft. Morgan.

A MOUNTAIN IN SWITZERLAND FALLING INTO A VALLEY.—The following is an extract of a letter sent by a young gentleman in Feldkirch, Switzerland, to his parents in Liverpool: "Not far from here part of a mountain has set itself in motion, and is sliding down into the valley. The inhabitants of a village at its foot are in great consternation at the occurrence. Last winter we had very much snow and rain, and the water has trickled down through all the crevices of the mountain into the ground. It has undermined the foundations in one part, and caused it to fall in about three weeks ago. Other pieces have since followed this one. Every few minutes a new crack shows itself; at first as broad as a piece of thread, it becomes gradually broader and broader, and one piece of the mountain rapidly follows another. At present a very large surface is in motion to the depth of perhaps more than a thousand feet. A river and all the brooks which flowed down the mountain have disappeared in the cracks; paths which were formerly nearly level have been separated into little pieces, of which some are twenty feet higher than the next one, and though the mountain was formerly covered with large forests, there is now scarcely a single tree on it in its natural position. They have been wrenched out of the earth and thrown away in all directions, some of them lying with their roots in the air and their heads in the cracks in the mountain."

A NEW REPORTER.—A Chicago paper says: We took a new reporter on trial yesterday. He went out to hunt items, and after being away all day returned with the following, which he said was the best he could do:

Yesterday we saw a sight that froze our muscle with horror. A hackman, driving down Clark street at a rapid pace, came near running over a nurse and two children. There would have been one of the most heart-rending catastrophes ever recorded, had not the nurse, with wonderful forethought, left the children at home before she went out and providentially stepped into a drug store just before the hack passed. Then too, the hackman, just before reaching the crossing, thought of something he had forgotten, and turning about, drove in the opposite direction; had it not been for this wonderful occurrence of favoring circumstances, a doting father, a loving mother, and affectionate brothers and sisters would have been plunged into the deepest woe, and most unutterable funeral expenses.

The new reporter will be retained.