

THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 44.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1866.

VOL. XV.

The Deseret News.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY

Wednesday Morning.

ALBERT CARRINGTON, EDITOR

OFFICE:

CORNER OF SOUTH & EAST TEMPLE STREETS.

TERMS:

One Year.....\$5.00.
Six Months..... 3.00.
Three Months..... 2.00.

ADVERTISEMENTS, to insure insertion must be handed in by MONDAY NOON, and paid for in ADVANCE.

Calendar for October. 1866.

New Moon, 8th day, 9h, 6h, 20m. Morning.
First Quarter, 16th day, 1h, 55m. Afternoon.
Full Moon, 23rd day, 4h, 43m. Afternoon.
Last Quarter, 30th day, 7h, 16m. Morning.

D	M	W	Moons of place at Noon.	Signification of Signs.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.
1	M	15	45	Breast, Stomach	5 56 5	4 43
2	T	19	26		5 57 5	4 42
3	W	12	43	Heart & Back	5 58 5	4 41
4	T	25	54		5 59 5	4 39
5	F	8	52	Bowels & Belly	6 0 5	4 37
6	S	21	35		6 1 5	4 36
7	S	4	07	Reins & Loins	6 2 5	4 34
8	M	16	27		6 3 5	4 33
9	T	28	38		6 4 5	4 31
10	W	10	40	Secret Members	6 5 5	4 29
11	T	22	36		6 6 5	4 28
12	F	4	27	Hips & Thighs	6 7 5	4 26
13	S	16	18		6 8 5	4 25
14	S	28	11		6 9 5	4 23
15	M	10	21	Knees & Hams	6 10 5	4 22
16	T	22	21		6 11 5	4 20
17	W	4	46	Legs & Ankles	6 12 5	4 19
18	T	17	32		6 13 5	4 17
19	F	0	40	Feet & Toes	6 14 5	4 16
20	S	14	14		6 15 5	4 15
21	S	28	15		6 16 5	4 13
22	M	12	41	Head & Face	6 18 5	4 12
23	T	27	28		6 19 5	4 10
24	W	12	28	Neck & Throat	6 20 5	4 8
25	T	27	34		6 21 5	4 7
26	F	12	34	Arms, Shoulders	6 22 5	4 5
27	S	27	21		6 24 5	4 4
28	S	11	50	Breast, Stomach	6 25 5	4 3
29	M	25	25		6 26 5	4 2
30	T	9	37	Heart & Back	6 27 5	4 0
31	W	22	55		6 28 4	59

[Special to the DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

Southampton, 25.

The Tutonia sailed with two million francs in gold. The Bremen also sailed with £142,000 in gold.

London, 25.

The presence of three United States ships of war at the Island of Candia attracts much attention.

London, 26.

A steamer has been chartered to take 1,000 troops to Canada.

Berlin, 27.

The Prussian Diet has been prorogued.

Madrid, 27.

Gen. Marsulus has been appointed Governor General of Cuba.

Florence, 27.

A military commissioner has gone to Venice to take possession of the war material.

New York, 29.

Advices per Cuba's mail say the Marquis De Gallifut goes as civil Administrator with Gen. De Castellnan to Mexico.

A dispatch from Madrid says the Spanish Government have been informed that the negotiations undertaken by the United States to bring about peace between Chili and Spain were progressing favorably.

The World's Washington special says the Secretary of the Treasury has removed Dr. Hastings from the lucrative position of physician and surgeon to the U. S. Marine Hospital of San Francisco,

and conferred the office upon Dr. Joseph C. Tucker.

The Tribune's Richmond special says it is generally understood here that Jeff. Davis will not be tried either in October or November and it is positively stated that his council will be notified of the fact tomorrow.

The ship Seminole arrived today from San Francisco, she sprung a leak in the Pacific, and had to throw overboard 800 sacks copper ore, by doing which the leak was decreased so that the pumps kept her free.

London, 28.

The treaty of peace between Italy and Austria will be signed in a day or two. St. John's N. B., 29.

Telegrams from Cape Breton and Newfoundland here, state that the gale of the 23d and 24th was of unusual severity, sweeping over the whole island of Newfoundland, and prostrating the telegraph wire for miles. Mr. Field arrived here this afternoon from Shediac, having left the Medway and Terrible, in the Straits of Northumberland, engaged in laying the new cable between New Brunswick and Prince Edward's Island.

Chicago, 30.

The following is a letter which Gen. Grant has authorized to be published:—

Headquarters, Armies of U. S.,

Washington, Sep. 19, 1866.

Brevet Brigadier Gen. W. A. Hillyer.

I see from the papers that you have been making speeches, in which you pledged me to a political party. I am further in receipt of a letter from Gen. Gresham, of Indiana, in which he says that his opponent for Congress had published an extract from a letter received from you in which you pledged me to the support of President Johnson, and as opposed to the election of any candidate who does not support his policy. You nor no man living is authorized to speak for me in political matters, and I ask you to desist in future. I want every man to vote according to his own judgment, without influence from me. Yours &c.,

U. S. GRANT.

Washington, 30.

Senior Romero received dispatches to-day dated Chihuahua 3d. President Juarez had appointed Gen. Nuza governor and commander of Zacatecas.

Gen. Nuza was instructed to march with the available forces of his command upon the City of Durango, the only place the French hold in the State of Durango, and to attack it in combination with the forces of Gen. Merneva.

Gen. Diego Alarez has been appointed Military Governor of Guerrero.

New York, 1.

The Herald says Gen. Santa Anna, at his headquarters on Staten Island, is untiring in his efforts for the rescue of Mexican independence.

The steamer Arizona, with California passengers and mails of the 19th ult., arrived.

SEXTON'S REPORT.

G. S. L. City Sexton's Report for the month ending Sep. 30, 1866.

Adults 5
Children 29 34
Males 15
Females 19 34

DIED OF THE FOLLOWING CAUSES AS REPORTED.

Diphtheria 7
General debility 7
Putrid sore throat 5
Teething 5
Inflammation bowels 3
Diarrhoea 2
Mountain fever 1
Croup 1
Died at birth 1
Inflammation bladder 1
Strangury 1 34

Brought from country places for interment 1

Newly arrived emigrants 30

Resident citizens 3

Total interments 34

JOSEPH E. TAYLOR, SEXTON.

PRUSSIA has cast a steel gun which shoots a missile weighing 1,250 lbs.

CONNECTICUT BLUE LAWS.

An exchange paper gives nearly a column of "Puritan Laws," which are said to have appeared in the Northamptonshire Spy in 1787, from which we clip the following:—

No one shall travel, cook victuals, make beds, sweep house, cut hair or shave on the Sabbath day.

No one shall run on the Sabbath day, or walk in the garden or elsewhere, except reverently to or from meeting.

No woman shall kiss her children on the Sabbath or fasting day.

No one shall buy or sell lands without permission of the Selectmen.

A drunkard shall have a master appointed by the Selectmen, who shall debar him from the liberty of buying or selling.

No minister shall keep a school.

Whoever wears clothes trimmed with gold or silver or bone lace above two shillings per yard, shall be presented to the Grand Jurors, and the Selectmen shall tax the offenders at £300 estate.

No one shall read Common prayers, keep Christmas or set days, make minced pies, dance, play cards, or play on any instrument of music except the drum, trumpet and jewsharp.

No gospel minister shall join people in marriage; the magistrates only shall join in marriage, as they may do it with less scandal to Christ's Church.

When parents refuse their children convenient marriage, the magistrates shall determine the point.

The Selectmen, on finding the children ignorant, may take them away from their parents, and put them in better hands, at the expense of their parents.

No man shall court a maid in person or by letter, without first obtaining consent of her parents; £5 penalty for the first offence, £10 for the second, and for the third imprisonment during the pleasure of the Court.

Married persons must live together or be imprisoned.

Every male shall have his hair cut round, according to a cap.

MARSHAL VAILLANT'S DOG.

Marshal Vaillant, says a Paris correspondent, is very fond of dogs, and he is the happy possessor of one whose intelligence many men would be happy to share. I allude to Brusca, the intimate friend of Nero, the Emperor's own dog. LE NORD gives some interesting details of the little animal whose portrait by Jadin attracted so much attention at the last year's exhibition. Brusca was found on the field of battle at Solferino. His master, an Austrian officer, had been killed that day, and the poor dog was found howling by the side of his dead body. Some French soldiers, touched by the sight of his evident grief, carried him away in their arms, and brought him to the Major General of the Army, Marshal Vaillant. The Marshal accepted the gift, and brought him with him to Paris. At first, Brusca having been educated in Germany, had great difficulty in understanding French; indeed, unless he was spoken to in German, he walked off and turned his tail to the speaker with an air of utter disgust. However, he has now acquired the language, and was ten Austrian regiments between him and his present master, all their Teutonic sounds would not prevent his reaching the Marshal. Whenever he goes to Court, Brusca goes likewise; whether the Emperor himself be in his way or not is nothing to him, Brusca would quietly walk over the Imperial boots to secure a snug seat near the Marshal. He attends Cabinet Councils with the utmost regularity. This winter Brusca was immensely bored by the length of the discussions, and sneezed and coughed as usual when he considers that the Council has sat long enough; but on this special occasion his impatience rose to a loud whine, which, producing no effect on the Ministers, he walked straight up to the Emperor and scratched his trousers. His Majesty, annoyed at being interrupted, pushed the dog away and said, "Estil bete ce chien?" "Bete?" said the Marshal, indignantly; "no, Sire, he is not stupid—you shall see." The Minister rose, took a newspaper off the table, and going to the far end of the Council Cham-

ber, said, "Brusca, take that to the Emperor." Each of the Ministers, as he passed them with the paper in his mouth, tried to get it from him. Brusca would not let it go, and carried it safely to his Majesty. From that to this Brusca has his *entree* at all Cabinet Councils. He keeps himself beautifully clean, and when his paws are dirty he carries a brush, left for his special use, in one spot, to one of the Marshal's servants and barks at him till he brushes off every particle of dust.

NEWS ITEMS.

THE recent investigation into the charges of bribery at elections in England, brought to light the fact that the member from Yarmouth had expended \$350,000 to maintain his seat in Parliament.

THE Victory Bridge over the river Thames, at Battersea, is nine hundred and twelve feet long and one hundred and thirty-two feet wide. It is the widest railway bridge in the world. It will have four railway tracks.

THE weight of arms, accoutrements, clothing and provisions, the total carried by European foot soldiers is as follows: Austria, 51 lbs. 8 oz.; England, 54 lbs. 8 oz.; France, 55 lbs. 5 oz.; Prussia, 56 lbs. 8 oz.; Russia, 71 lbs. 5 oz.

THE work of extending the track of the Pacific Railroad beyond Alta was commenced several days ago, and about four miles have been laid beyond that point. The road bed is completed, or nearly so, to Cisco, and there will be no interruption in laying the iron until that point is reached. Cisco is located about twenty-two miles beyond Alta and fifteen miles this side of the summit. As at least a half mile per day is laid, Cisco will be reached before the first of November. The entire force of workmen on the road will, when the winter's snow renders it necessary, be transferred to the eastern slope. On the return of Spring grading across the snow-belt of the summit will be resumed. Cisco will therefore probably remain the terminus of the road until June or July next, at which time a long stride will be taken to some point on the eastern slope. If the main tunnel is not completed at that time a temporary track will be laid across the summit. Tunnel No. 2, at Emigrant Gap, a short distance beyond Cisco, was completed on Wednesday. This tunnel is three hundred and fifty feet long and is five thousand feet above the level of the sea. There are two other tunnels on the line which are being worked as rapidly as possible. One will be two hundred feet and the other four hundred feet long. The main tunnel at the summit will be about one thousand six hundred feet long. All the tunnels are made wide enough for a double track. Cisco is located about ninety-two miles from Sacramento.—[Sacramento Union.]

THE reaction of the war upon the taste, habits, ambitions and morals of our people, has proved fearfully damaging. The old order of things has been entirely broken up. The leaders of other days are left behind, if not forgotten. Classes are dissolved. The ideas and usages with which we have become familiar are thrown aside. New men, new customs, new notions, are everywhere uppermost. The low have been lifted up. Followers have become leaders. Beggars of yesterday are millionaires to-day, and set the fashion for whoever is foolish enough to follow their guidance. The consequences are legitimate. Such an intense and insane rush and struggle for wealth, reckless extravagance of expenditure, such a delirium for vulgar display, this country has never seen. And alas! not only taste, refinement, purity and piety have gone down before the tide, but even honesty, the only firm basis of commercial prosperity, the only sure support of social order, the one essential condition of individual and public welfare is yielding to the weight and pressure of popular passions and fatuity. Speculations, which are merely gambles under a less obnoxious name, frauds and all imaginable villainies, are carried on almost openly. It is estimated that a single interest lied the Government out of sixty millions of dollars last year.—[Christian Enquirer.]