THE DESERET NEWS. 306 THE DESERET NEWS: and sisters. They have, as President daughters, as it has done, I will lay my If we were living in the days of Nau-Young has often said, a great amount of body on the walls of the building." faith; they have so great trust in God as The sentiment as he uttered it, ran WEEKLY. to go and sell their grain, expecting that through me. I felt as he did. Yet we, God will feed them whether the grain for years, have had in our city a paper is in the bin or not. Some such confi- which publishes, if possible, more DISCOURSE. dence as this seems to pervade their abominable lies about us and our peo-By Elder GEORGE Q. CANNON, minds respecting that which is in the ple than were published by the Nauvoo delivered in the New Tabernacle, Salt future, and they manifest to a certain Expositor, for the abatement of which Lake City, Oct 7th, 1868. extent, carelessness and indifference in Hyrum Smith said he was willing to regard to carrying out the counsels that die. We have not noticed it; we have REPORTED BY DAVID W. EVANS. are given them, thinking that God, who suffered it to go on undisturbed. But has so signally preserved them in times | the time has come for us to take this There have been some exceedingly impast, will still continue to protect them. matter into consideration. Brother portant questions presented before us It is an excellent thing for us to have Pratt said yesterday, that our papers faith, but we should not have faith scarcely ever alluded to it. We have the north and to the south, and every-

for our consideration at this Conference. I look upon them as of momentous importance, because upon their correct sointion depends, to a very great extent, the perpetuity of our homes, and of the institutions which God has given us. upon God for help to enable us to ac-God has entrusted to this people His complish that which he requires at our our minds, that we may see and under- attempts are spared to excite against us gespel. He has placed in His church the oracles of the holy priesthood. He has given unto us the labor of upbuilding His Zion on the earth, and it is for | doing while listening to the remarks of us, if we expect to receive the reward the brethren during this Conference; that He has promised, to fulfill that trust when I reflect on the condition we there are two from which I will read in our midst and goes forth to the world faithfully, let the consequences be what were in when driven from Nauvoo, and you a few extracts so that you may see unchallenged, it is a difficult thing for they may.

down their lives to establish the work with which we are connected. It is for us to decide during this Conference whether that blood has been shed in vain; whether the sufferings, trials, difficulties and hardships, our exodus from the lands which we formerly occupied and inhabited, our pilgrimage to this country, our sufferings since we came here, the labors we have expended in rearing this city and in extending civilization throughout this Territory-Isay it is for us to decide to-day and during this Conference whether or not all this has been in vain; and whether we will build up His kingdom according to His divine commandment, or divide our building up a system or systems that are opposed to this work. It is for us to decide whether we will submit to the jurisdiction of the holy priesthood, or whether we will renounce that jurisdiction and our allegiance to God. These are the questions which present themselves before us to-day. They are im- | wanted to see the face of an enemy nortant questions, and should be decided | again, and if we could only have bread earefully and understandingly. occupy to-day as, in some respects, a himself yesterday, that if we had only critical one. Not that I anticipate any wolf and deer skins to clothe ourselves danger, or have any fears that we are with we would be satisfied, if we could going to be overthrown, if the people only have peace. It was peace we came their God. I know, as I know that I fled from our former homes and made that this is the work of God. I know | valleys. that He has promised that it shall stand for ever, and that it shall break in pie- circumstances which surround us now? ces everything that is opposed to it. But also know that in order for it to accomplish this great work, and for us to share in all its benefit and blessings, we individually must be faithful to it, for which endowments and sacred ordithe blessings which are promised to us are made conditionally. If we prove reereant to the trust that God has given to us, others will be raised in our places to take the great work in their hands. and carry it forward to its full consummation. I look upon the present time, as I have said, as a critical one. I feel that and the means we have produced. Is it if we do not listen to the counsels that not necessary, then, that something are given to us, God has a scourge in should be done? To my mind it is clear store for the Latter-day Saints. I feel that some effort, such as has been proin every fibre of my body, in every nerve of my system that this is a turn- the Saints and to set before them the ing point with the Latter-day Saints, principles of salvation in such a manand that there is required of us to-day, ner that they will understand the course a decision upon this subject. We have they ought to take. now, for a long period, done as we pleased. We have gone here or there, | terday, and while we were South, I ofand done to a certain extent to suit | ten had brought to my mind a circumourselves, regardless of God, the coun- stance that occurred in Nauvoo. It sels of His servants or the interests of was on the 10th of June, 1844, I had oc-His kingdom, and regardless of every | casion to go to the City Council of Nauthing save our own general interests. voo, with some proof sheets to the editor The consequence is that there is grow- of the Nauvoo Neighbor,-Elder John ing up in our midst a power that mena- Taylor. I was a boy at the time, the ces us with utter destruction and over- printer's "devil," as it is technically throw. We are told - openly and called. While there, the subject under without disguise, that when the rail- discussion, was the declaring of the road is completed there will be such a Nauvoo Expsoitor a nuisance. Doubtflood of so-called "civilization" brought less many of you recollect that paper, in here that every vestige of us, our one number of which was issued by the

alone. Our faith should be associated with works, and the latter should correspond with the former. When our faith and works are united we can call hands. I month dive amozijio wollei vo

sisters, on past scenes, as I have been Already the establishment of this this valley-the sufferings of the wo- nents. work has cost the best blood of this gen- men and children, and of the aged apostles and numerous Saints have laid hundreds we buried in Winter Quarters, to an extract taken from one of our paand the privations the people endured while there; on the hardships the people were compelled to endure after their arrival here, and remember that all this was caused by the red hand of persecution, by mobocracy and the violence of wicked men, who envied us the possession of our Heaven-given rights. When I reflect upon all this, and also upon our circumstances now, I feel thankful for what God has done for us, and my prayer, oft repeated, has been "O God, never let this people again become a prey to mobocrats, never let us fall again into the hands of our enemies, but if we do wrong, do Thou chasten us and save us from the hands strength and energy, and the talents of those who have persecuted us." This with which He has endowed us in has been my feeling. But when I look at our circumstances now, I feel as though the people had forgotten that which they have passed through, and were not averse to having a repetition of those scenes. For years after we came into these valleys we felt as though we never and water and peace we could be con-I look upon the position which we tent. We felt, as Bro. Pratt expressed will only be true to themselves and here to enjoy. It was for peace that we live and am speaking to you to-day, the long and wearisome journey to these against the gross outrage has been alone But how is it to-day? What are the Why, here in the head city of Zion, in the centre city, where the foundations of the temple are laid and where the House of the Lord has been reared in nances are given, what do we find? We find a power growing up in our midst that threatens us, in the most plain and undisguised manner, with utter destruction. Is this so? It is, and has been so for years; and this power has been fostered by us as a people. It has grown, flourished and fattened upon us posed, should be made to concentrate While the brethren were talking yeschurch and institutions shall be com- Laws, and other apostates. You who do pletely obliterated. When we are told not recollect the paper may recollect thus plainly and undisguisedly, would reading about it. There was some ex- the land which the laws of the United

never alluded to it; we have deemed it where as far as the influence of our eneunworthy of allusion, it is so utterly mies extends. In these infamous sheets contemptible; but I now lay it before the public are informed that the Latteryou .What we are doing on the pres- day Saints are assassins and everything ent occasion is to fully bring it home to that is vile, low and degraded. And no stand the nature of the power that is in the minds of the officers of the par-When I reflect, my brethren and growing in our midst, which we foster | ent government feelings of hatred, and and sustain. grag a gainga bloow nordw

eration. Already a prophet, a patriarch, among us; when I reflect upon the we find the following, written in regard were any greater evidence needed of our per:

voo and I had heard these extracts read I should have thought they were from the Warsaw Signal. But these execrable sentiments were not published in Warsaw, they were not published at the Sweetwater, at Austin, or Virginia in Montana, but they were published at Salt Lake City, in the centre stake of Zion, as at present organized. They are circulated through our streets, and placed in the hands of our children. They are disseminated throughout the Territory, so far as they can be; they are sent to the east and to the west, to to make them believe that a crusade I glanced over a few of these papers ought to be inaugarated against us. that are now being published here, and When a paper of this kind is published on our journey from the Mississippi to the spirit which animates our oppo- men and women outside of this Territory to realise that everything in its In an editorial of the 11th of August pages concerning us is false. If there patience and forbearance and of our lawabiding tendencies than we have already given, they are to be found in the fact that the editor of this paper is not hung. (Hear, hear.) In any other community he would have been strung up to a telegraph pole; but here, in Utah Territory. n Salt Lake City, under the nose and in the eyes of the people and their leaders, this man who proclaims these infamous falsehoods travels our streets unnoticed and unchallenged. Let it be known throughout the world what we have submitted to in this respect, and there is not a man from Texas to Maine. from the Atlantic to the Pacific, who would not say we are the most patient citizens of the United States by telling them | and forbearing people on the Continent, or we would not submit to it. In any other Territory that office would be "gutted" within five days. I allude to this matter because this paper is sustained in our midst, and those whom we sustain, sustain it; our money pays for its subscriptions. Our money pays its editor, buys its ink, paper and type, and pays its compositors and pressmen. I will refer to another instance of the growth of this antagonistic power in our midst. A short time ago a circular, got up secretly by certain reverend gentlemen dwelling in this City, and probably printed and mailed by night, was sent broadcast throughout the East, in which every vile epithet that so-called religious men could consistently use. was applied to us as a people. In this circular, these so-called Christian divines appealed as they said, from a strange land and from the midst of a strange people, to their brethren in the East, invoking them, if they wished to save this land from barbarism and to civilization to raise \$15,000 to buy a lot. on which a rectory might be established and a school built. And the purpose for which that school was designed was to inoculate the children of the Latterday Saints with their damnable and pernicious doctrines. Who sustains this institution, and who sustains and has sustained this paper? You can answer these questions. Will we patiently submit to these things? Shall we bow ourselves as willing slaves to the yoke they would fasten upon us? (Cries of "No. No.") Well, then, if you will not bow to it, stop your trading with men of this class and sustain your friends; sustain those who want to build up the kingdom of God, who are one with us. If this light must come and we have to cut off all from the church who will not reform in this respect, I would rather have it done now than wait until, environed by enemies, we are thrust out of our possessions at the point of the bayonet and compelled to flee to the mountains for safety. (Congregation said "Amen") As an individual, I have no fellowship with those who sustain the enemies of the kingdom of God. I never did have. From my childhood my heart has been in this kingdom; every pulsation of it has been for Zion. For years we have submitted to this treatment at the hands of outsiders in our midst. The present paper has been, if anything, better than its predecessor,

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"The hankering for seclusion and exclusion, and the foul spirit of the assassinator to secure them, stick out in every word of the above extract. It is as full of the fell spirit that has always actuated the crew, whose spokesman this Editor is in this instance, as the sting of the adder is of venom, But it is the vain and weak boast of a throttled bully. The day has gone by when hired bands of cut throats, "destroying angels," can ply their heinous avocation, and drive from the Territory, or murder all whom Brigham Young and his crew do not want in it. This fellow, who at the bidding of his master, Brigham, to whom he sevilety and profanely bows as his god, insults the that no one but those who bow as servilely as himself to Brigham, shall have leave to stay in this Territory, ignores the fact that the Salt Lake basin is a rich oasis in which nature has lavishly congregated all that is needed at the Half-way Point on the great National highway, the Pacific Railroad, and that it all belongs the citizens of the United States, and not to Brigham and his crew. We speak advisedly when we say Brigham and his crew, for by reference to the doings of the Latter-day Saints' Legislature it will be seen that they have attempted to give Brigham and his set very great quantities of the richest part of this valley, including mill privileges, &c.

Hitherto this Territory has only been of interest to the people of the United States because of the infamous establishment sought to be set up in it in the sacred name of religion, and the motor of the warfare the moral sense of the country, but now for the reasons just named, a commercial interest is added, and the two together will as surely as truth is truth, and right is right, crush out the vile thing and rid the country of the foul blot, peaceably if possible, but with a besom of destruction if that is inevitable." [Mark these words! How much they sound like the language of the manifesto of the mob in Jackson County, Missouri!] "This Editor, in his shallow boasting, forgets, or purposely keeps out of sight, the truth that this Mormonism, which is sacrilegiously called a religion, is a heathenish heterodoxy, and that therefore the orthodox churches of the land, whose members number millions, will throw themselves against the spurious monster of Utah with all their force. This force only awaits the opportunity that the railroad will give it. In that day it will do you no good to buy a pitiful Congressman, and he must be a pitiful one indeed who would sell himself to Brig-VIIGHOS SUT DIES DER ham.

In another article, which appeared on the 8th of September, we find the following: AM HOMENIE BELINGHORS

"There are numbers of foreigners in this Territory, who have never abjured their allegiance to the foreign ruler from whose dominions they emigrated; and who have year after year voted for local officers and a delegate to Congress. There are others who, deceived by the representations of the Probate Judges, either wilfully or ignorantly made, that they had no power to naturalize, have taken out their papers from the Probate Courts, in many instances paying a larger tee therefor than the clerk of the District Court would be entitled to charge. These foreigners all occupy and hold more or less land in this Territory, and expect to avail themselves of the pre-emption law to the exclusion of actual citizens who are ready and desirous of occupying

it not be folly, nay insanity, for us to sit citement at the time in the Council. States gives them a right to do. Many of for that had no editor's name to it. Fosthese foreigners, either holding no papers still, fold our arms supinely and await They had passed an ordinance declaring tered on the hill here, its contributors at all or those spurious ones issued by the crash without making a single ef- it a nuisance, and empowering the city were men who wore the uniform of our Probate Courts, have since the passage of fort to ward it off? A people who would | marshal, John P. Green, to abate it. respected "Uncle." Its printers were the act of 1862, prohibiting polygamy in be thus besotted would be unworthy Joseph and Hyrum were in conversamen who were paid as soldiers. There the Territories of the United States, openly the blessings which God has bestowed | tion at one of the windows of the room. was no name published at the head of its and persistently violated its provisions; upon us. Hyrum remarked to Joseph: "Before I columns, and it was more base even than and have been loud in the expressions of I know there is a feeling of great con- will consent to have that paper continuthe present publication, because no one disloyalty towards the government of the fidence in the minds of our brethren | ed to defame our wives, sisters and United States." was responsible for its contents. I have