DEMOCRACY.

Work of the Democratic Territorial Convention Yesterday Afternoon.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS REPORT.

The Party Platform.—Speeches by Judges Judd and Henderson. Votes of Thanks.

At the afternoon session of the Democratic Territorial Convention the committee on credentials reported that the following delegates were entitled to seats:

Box Elder County—Hyrum Standing, R. H. Jones, H. H. Smith, J. D. Peters, S. W. Cook.

Cache County—G. W. Thatcher, Fred Turner, O. C. Ormsby, E. R. Owen, J. C. Thoreson, J. R. Lowe, P. S. Barson, G. W. Baker, W. C. Burnham, J. M. Bernhisel.

Davis County—R. E. Egan, W. A. Hyde, Hyrum Stewart, T. J. Brandon.

Utah County—Julius Hanberg, R. L. Moore, J. B. Gaddy, J. Mercer, D. F. Felt, R. A. Deal, W. N. Dusenberry, Levi Openshaw, A. D. Gash, W. D. Roberts, John Jones, W. H. King, W. B. Pike, L. P. Lund, Richard Nuttall, J. E. Hall, E. A. Harker, M. M. Kellogg, M. R. Henry, J. B. Milner.

Weber County—H. P. Henderson, J. W. McNutt, L. R. Rhodes, J. B. Barton, E. A. McDaniel, W. L. McGinnis, A. J. Webber, John McManus, O. H. Tribe, C. C. Richards, Thos. D. Dee, David Evans, G. R. Belnap, John Seaman, E. W. Sowles, L. M. Gregg, James Wangsgard, J. J. Sullivan, J. A. Boyle, G. W. Brunhall, Jr.

Wasatch County—William Buys.

Washington County—R. C. Lund.

Sanpete County—C. A. Swalsburg, Jr., O. B. Burgland, J. H. Hougaard, W. K. Reid.

Summit County—O. F. Lyons, John Horton, T. H. Wright, J. E. Bromley, John Boyden, S. F. Atwood, F. C. Evans, G. W. Young, G. G. Redden.

Tooele County—W. C. Rydalch, J. C. De La Mar.

Emery County—D. C. Robbins, Herbert Savage.

Iron County—Thomas Adams.

Rich County—William Rex.

Salt Lake County—J. W. Whitehead, Jr., George D. Alder, George Stringfellow, Gustave Krueger, J. H. Paul, J. H. Moyle, C. W. West, S. A. Merritt, J. W. Judd, Thomas Lewis, Herbert Pembroke, A. E. Hyde, O. H. Hardy, F. H. Hyde, Thos. Matthews, J. L. Rawlins, P. L. Williams, F. S. Richards, J. G. Sutherland, J. P. Bache, F. H. Dyer, F. Armstrong, H. C. Lett, Thomas Marshall, A. G. Norrell, D. O. Rideout, Jr., W. C. A. Smoot, Jr., J. W Sharp, John Hall, G. L. Scott, J. P. McCormick, Michael Gibbons, George Spencer, A. White, H. R. Stevenson. The alternates from this county were J. M. Benedict, A. F. Shroeder, J. M. Waddell, W. Van Cott, W. H. Cassady, Thomas Hall, W. J. Halloran, W. A. Hodges, A. Kimball, E. A. Smith, J. T. Caine, T. W. Jennings, D. C. Dunbar, Alfales Young, J. R. Toronto, Joseph Lowe, P. W. Madsen, T. V. Williams, E. G. Woolley, W. R. Gibbs.

The following counties were not represented: Beaver, Garfield, Grand, Juab, Kane, Millard, Morgan, Piute, San Juan, Uintah.

The committee recommended that when a county was not fully represented, the delegates present be authorized to cast the full vote to which the county was entitled.

The report was adopted, and the committee on permanent organization and order of business reported as follows:

President, J. W. Judd, of Salt Lake County; vice-presidents, M. M. Kellogg, Utah County; G. W. Thatcher, Cache County; R. C. Lund, Washington County; secretary, E. A. Smith, of Salt Lake County; assistant secretary, A. D. Gash, of Utah County.

Order of business—Election of Territorial central committee of fifty members, the delegates of the several counties to make nominations, and where a county was not represented that it be filled by the convention.

Report of the committee on resolutions.

Adjournment.

The report was adopted, and in taking the chair, Judge Judd said it was with the profoundest gratitude that he acknowledged the honor conferred upon him. To be the presiding officer of the first territorial Democratic convention ever held in Utah, was an honor of which any man might well be proud. They were Democrats not only for this election, but for all time to come. Their great object was to build up a Democratic commonwealth here. It had been said that the speaker and some of his friends were simply working to get Utah admitted as a State. He wished to say that the issue of statehood was wholly irrelevant at this time. The object of this movement was not to get statehood for Utah, but to educate the people and have them align themselves up with the two great national parties as they were elsewhere in this union, according to their preferences. The people here were capable of the same patriotic aspirations as any other people. Could not the mass of the people of Utah be trusted with this matter as safely as any other people? No set of men and no section of the country had a corner on patriotism. The Democratic party has not been organized here to procure statehood, but he wanted to say plainly that when the proper time to consider that question came, the Democratic party will deal with that issue as it had dealt with every other question. Who would say that the Democratic party could not be fully trusted with this matter? Did it not control the destinies of this great nation up to 1860, and had it not done it since that time? Had it not always proved itself equal to any emergency that had arisen? If they would stand by their principles and organize and work, when they met next year they would nominate a Democratic candidate for Delegate to Congress and elect him. (Applause.) When the delegates went home their real work would begin. The Liberals would not be able to hold the Republican party down always. The Republican party was an adroit organization and it was guided by some of the ablest men in the country. The Democrats should waste no further time on all its shows and buffooneries. The Liberal party was here today; it would be gone tomorrow. [Applause.] The Republicans were watching this Territory and they hoped to make of Utah a Republican State. The Republican party was already present in the person of the Utah Commission and in other organizations, and before another year, the Democrats would have an active and aggressive Republican party to combat. Next year when a Democratic candidate for delegate to Congress was nominated, they would not have a "Liberal" to fight, but a Republican organization. Too much attention could not be paid to this subject. It had been said that the mass of the Mormons were Democrats. He urged them not to be misled by this statement. The Democrats could never take Utah by default or without a struggle.

The following were then elected members of the Territorial central committee:

Beaver County—John Ward Christian, Beaver City, Utah.

Box Elder—John D. Peters, Brigham City; H. H. Smith, Corinne.

Cache—George W. Thatcher, A. O. Barber, Noble Warrum, Jr., Logan, Utah.

Davis—Thomas J. Brandon, Farmington.

Emery—Don C. Robbins, Huntington.

Garfield—W. P. Sargent, Panguitch.

Iron County—William Davenport.

Kane—Homer Bunting, Glendale.

Rich—William Rex, Randolph.

Millard—James A. Melville, Fillmore.

Salt Lake—Samuel A. Merritt, F. S. Richards, F. H. Dyer, Caleb W. West, P. L. Williams, J. L. Rawlins, John T. Caine, LeGrand Young, B. B. Quinn, O. P. Miller, C. M. Nelson.

Sanpete—W. T. Reid, Manti; Peter Graves, Ephraim; John Carter, Mount Pleasant.

Summit—John Boyden, James E. Bromley, Coalville.

Tooele—Chas. L. Anderson, Grantsville.

Uintah—Lycurgus Johnson, Vernal.

Utah—Dr. Julius Hanberg, M. M. Kellog, W. N. Dusenberry, R. A. Deal, L. P. Lund.

Wasatch—Harmon Cummings, Heber.

Washington—Isaac C. MacFarlane, St. George.

Weber—J. W. McNutt, R. W. Cross, C. C. Richards, H. W. Smith, W. V. Helfrich.

As the committee on resolutions was not yet ready to report, Mr. A. D. Gash, of Provo, was called upon for a speech, and in responding said: The Democratic party came into existence with the stars and stripes, and it would exist as long as that emblem of freedom waved. He hoped to see Utah become a grand Democratic State, because it was his home.

Judge Henderson was next called on. He said that if it was expected that the Democrats would carry this Territory, there must be organization and education. If this plan was followed the advantage gained would be permanent and lasting. He spoke on the tariff question and after giving his views on that subject, took up the local question by saying that certain persons here had for years been demanding that the "Mormon" people give up polygamy and that the Church cease interfering with politics. All this had been done, and then certain of these men receded from their positions and said that the movement was a trick to secure statehood. The people could never hope to obtain statehood until they affiliated with the great national parties, and until they had become fully Americanized. When this was done he supposed that every person in the Territory hoped that Utah would be admitted as a State. This movement was inaugurated to bring about such a state of affairs ultimately.

The committee on resolutions then reported the following:

The Democratic party of Utah, in convention assembled, congratulate the whole people of Utah, of whatever class or party, that the local issues heretofore existing, engendering contention, strife and bitterness and obstructing the progress and prosperity of the territory, would be forever buried but for a small faction living upon old animosities which of necessity must soon die.

That the people of Utah, recognizing their power, have resolved to assert it, and that for the future the old People's and Liberal parties shall have no place in their midst. Those of our fellow citizens heretofore adhering to the People's party have not only by profession, but in act sincerely disavowed its organization, its heretofore adherents in great numbers allying themselves with the two great national parties, Democratic and Republican. From the ranks of the former Liberal party, large numbers of both Democrats and Republicans, from every part of the Territory have seceded with rejoicing the action of the People's party; have clasped hands and the work of organizing the two great national parties is now in rapid progress.

It would seem that conditions so favorable would invite every citizen who loves his home and family and desires the prosperity and progress of the Territory, to enlist at once and do all in his power to further the great and good work of making the political conditions in Utah that exist in the balance of our common country. It is scarcely to be believed, yet it is true, that there is an organized faction, composed of those who, in the past, from the pulpit, the press and rostrum, as well as from official station and in private life, have declared and solemnly assured the people of the Territory and the nation that they exacted of the "Mormons" of the Territory but two things: the abandonment of the practice of polygamy, and the non-interference of the Church in political affairs. They are compelled to admit that as far as human profession and action can go their exactions have been conceded, yet they still persist in keeping up the old contentions in this Territory.

We arraign the present Liberal faction, which is largely composed of Republicans, as false to every pledge made by that party in the past. It seeks to perpetuate its existence by falsely denying that the conditions which led to its organization have ceased. It cannot truthfully deny that the "Mormon" people have accepted, by profession and action, the terms upon which the assurance of the settlement of our local strife was promised, yet the Liberal party indict a whole people of insincerity and falsehood.

The Liberal faction, not satisfied with taking a false position itself, assumes the right to announce the position of the Democratic party. We, however, prefer to define our own position, and upon the subject of statehood for Utah declare that we are Democrats, and that our party never has and never will favor the admission of Territories until all the necessary conditions for statehood exist. That we are now an organized party, and as such, we feel entirely capable of dealing with any public question when it shall arise. That the question of statehood for Utah is not involved in the present movement for division on national party lines. The living, burning issue is whether this people shall have an opportunity to prepare themselves for statehood in the future, or whether the Liberal faction, by its misrepresentations, its appeals to prejudice and hate, shall keep the people so separate and apart as to postpone the admission of Utah indefinitely. We have no hesitancy in declaring that statehood would be a great boon to this Territory, and when Utah is fully prepared and the people desire it, that we as a party will be found as we ever have been, supporting the right.

Be it resolved, that we accept the declaration and action of the Mormon people abandoning the practice of polygamy, and the People's party disbanding the same, as done in good faith and all sincerity; and we favor the restoration of the franchise to all disfranchised citizens who will obey the laws of the United States.

2—That the changed conditions in this Territory leave no reason save for national parties.

3—That, as Democrats, we avow our allegiance to the party that has maintained its existence since the government was formed, and will live as long as it lasts.

4—We adhere to the time-honored principles of Democracy, and such as are set forth in the national platform adopted by the last national Democratic convention.

As a true and loyal embodiment of Democratic principles, we adopt the following:

"1—We believe that the government of the United States is a national sovereignty supreme within the sphere as delegated and defined in the Constitution, and to that government our first allegiance is due, and we believe in a willing and loyal obedience to all its laws and a strict enforcement of the same.

"2—We believe that the several States of the Union are sovereign within their sphere, and that upon the preservation of their autonomy depend the benefits of local self-government, the liberty of the citizens and the perpetuity of the Union.

3—We are opposed to the idea of centralized or paternal government, believing that the best government is the one that governs least; and therefore we believe in the largest liberty to the individual citizen consistent with good government.

4—We are opposed to any legislation by the Federal government which looks to or operates in levying taxes for the benefit of any one class at the expense of any other, but we believe that the principle of all taxes should be revenue, and that confined to the needs of the government economically administered.

5—We are opposed to any legislation tending to build up monopoly, as the result is to make rich the few to the hurt of the many, and we believe that the rule of the government should be the greatest good to the greatest number, special privileges to none, equality to all.

6—We are unalterably opposed to force and fraud in the conduct of elections, or to any interference with them by extraneous power of means. The Constitution of the United States should not be violated by unconstitutional legislation to facilitate party advantage.

7—We favor the full restoration of silver to the position it occupied in our national currency before its demonetization by the Republican party.

8—The Democratic party being naturally the friend of labor, we ask the workingmen of Utah to carefully consider which of the two great national parties is best calculated to promote their welfare, and pledge to them on our part legitimate and proper measures to further their well being. We are opposed to Chinese or imported contract labor, and opposed to the Republican plan in vogue in Pennsylvania of discharging workmen for striking against pauper wages.

9—We are in favor of the eight hour per day law on all public works, and not less than the minimum rate of wages shall be paid to the various trades.

The reading of the resolutions was interrupted by frequent and hearty applause, and at the conclusion Mr. Kellogg offered another resolution setting forth that the Democratic party was in favor of the Australian or official system of voting. After some discussion the resolution was adopted and the report of the committee as amended was adopted unanimously.

P. L. Williams offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That fifteen members of the Territorial Democratic committee shall constitute a quorum to transact business, and that it shall have power to appoint from its members an executive committee to be composed of such number as it may determine, and such executive committee shall, during the recess of the Territorial committee, exercise all its powers.

F. S. Richards then offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Territorial committee take the necessary steps to have Democratic societies organized throughout the entire Territory as soon as practicable, to the end that each county and precinct be perfectly organized for political action.

Prof. Paul called attention to the necessity for Democratic literature to distribute among the people, and presented the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this convention hereby authorizes the Territorial central committee to furnish each county with campaign literature, and to assess upon each county a sum proportionate to the literature furnished.

Resolved, That we pledge the faith of our respective counties to meet this expense with promptness.

A vote of thanks was then tendered to the officers, and after three rousing cheers for the Democratic party, the convention adjourned sine die.

The Central territorial committee afterwards held a meeting and elected the following officers:

Chairman, Colonel Merritt; vice-chairman, F. S. Richards; secretary, Elias A. Smith.

On motion an executive committee of seven was elected as follows:

Samuel A. Merritt, F. S. Richards, John T. Caine, F. H. Dyer, Julius Hanberg, George W. Thatcher, J. W. McNutt.

The meeting then terminated.

Picked His Pockets.

Zebedee Williams, a laborer who resides at 542 west Eighth South street, called at police headquarters about 5 o'clock last evening and stated that he had just had his pockets picked in a saloon at the corner of West Temple and Second South streets. He claims to have stepped up to the bar and called for a glass of beer after which he took his pocket book out and paid for it, returning his money back to his hip pocket. At this juncture a stranger stepped up to him and entered into conversation with him. At the same time he felt some one brush closely by from behind, but paid little or no attention to it. After leaving the saloon he discovered his loss and went straight to the City Hall to relate his tale of woe. He seemed greatly distressed over his loss. The pocket book he says contained $25 in cash, a Utah Central time check for $14.50 and an order for two tons of coal. No clue.

SECRETARY BALFOUR

Intimates that a Local Government Bill for Ireland Will be Introduced.

SIMILAR TO THE ENGLISH AND SCOTCH ACTS.

Healy Says It Will Have the Support of the Irish Members of the House.

By Telegraph to the News:

An Irish Local Government Bill.

LONDON, July 21.—During the debate on the Irish estimates in the House of Commons, Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, intimated that a local government bill for Ireland based broadly on the same lines as the English and Scotch acts, would be introduced at the next session. He asked whether the bill would have the support of the Irish members.

T. M. Healy said it would have their support.

The French in Africa.

PARIS, July 21.—A dispatch from the west coast of Africa says the French expedition of fifty persons from Libon, to avenge the death of the Frenchmen, encountered twelve hundred warriors armed with European rifles, in the village of Jonese. A fight lasting for four hours occurred. One Frenchman and many natives were killed, and a large number wounded. The natives retreated.

The railway men's union have decided to resume work today.

Another Imperial Chase.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 21.—A ukase is being prepared directing that foreigners doing business in Russia, who fail to become naturalized citizens within five years, shall be expelled from the country.

A Grave Charge Against a Physician.

PHOENIX, Ariz., July 21.—Dr. Scott Helm, surgeon-general of Arizona Territory and a prominent practicing physician, was arrested yesterday on the charge of criminal malpractice. The victim will probably die. Last night, H. McDonald, an uncle of the woman, attempted to shoot Helm, but was prevented by bystanders.

The Money Stringency in Portugal.

LISBON, July 21.—The currency tension is extreme. The premium on a pound sterling is now 15 per cent.

At a meeting of five thousand workmen in Braga, it was resolved to request the governor to take steps to prevent the speculation in English gold, to the detriment of Portuguese circulation.

Berlin Gets.

BERLIN, July 21.—Mendelssohn, the banker, will send to Russia $7,500,000 in gold. The police authorities have forbidden the Guelph clubs in Hanover to celebrate the battle of Langensalza and other memories.

Spurgeon's Condition.

LONDON, July 21.—Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon passed a restless night and was very much exhausted this morning.

Death of Senator Ross.

TAHLEQUAH, I. T., July 21.—Senator W. H. Ross died suddenly yesterday of heart disease at Fort Gibson. The senator was a half breed, 60 years of age, educated at Princeton. He held almost every office in the gift of the Cherokee Nation from chief, down.

Harrison's Views Communicated to the Pope.

ROME, July 21.—President Harrison's views on the matter advocated by Herr Cahensly and Stasphael, the secretary, as outlined to Cardinal Gibbons at the accidental meeting between the President and the cardinal at Cape May, Wednesday, have been communicated to the Vatican. The Pope declared he never favored the plan of appointing bishops of the nationalities of Roman Catholic communities in the United States, advocated by Herr Cahensly. The incident is thus closed.

Offers 25 Cents on the Dollar.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—The appraisement of the property of Sevill, Schofield, Son & Company, the great textile firm, shows assets amounting to $569,000 and liabilities to 920,000. Schofield offers the creditors in settlement 25 cents on the dollar cash or 33 cents unsecured deferred payments extended thirty months. The final arrangements will be completed in a few days.

MARKETS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, July 21, noon.

Bar Silver	[illegible]	New York Central	[illegible]
Money	[illegible]	Navigation	[illegible]
4 coupons	[illegible]	North American	[illegible]
Pacific 6's	[illegible]	Pacific Mail	[illegible]
Atchison	[illegible]	Rock Island	[illegible]
Central Pacific	[illegible]	St. Louis & San Fr.	[illegible]
Burlington	[illegible]	St. Paul & Omaha	[illegible]
Rio Grande	[illegible]	Texas Pacific	[illegible]
Northern Pacific	[illegible]	Union Pacific	[illegible]
Preferred	[illegible]	Fargo Express	[illegible]
Northwestern	[illegible]	Western Union	[illegible]

The stocks opened [illegible] lower. The market [illegible]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.

For Catarrh.

Use Dr. Isaac Hardy's Catarrh Remedy and Tonic Bitters; the two used together will eradicate it from the system. JOHNSON, PRATT & CO., Wholesale Agents, Salt Lake City. dim

Dr. J. Thomas,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Has removed to his old stand, No. 16 Main Street, where he can be found by his friends and patrons.

Keep Cool and Secure Health by the Use of
PHOS - FERRONE, THE BEST SODA DRINK in this country. Z. C. M. I. Drug Department, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

MONEY TO LOAN

By Utah Investment Co. Bonds negotiated. Offices 239 and 240 Constitution Building. B. Y. Hampton, Pres.; V. P. Caffrey, Sec'y; N. V. Jones, Treas.

A Cure for Cramps in the Stomach.

Albert Erwin, editor of the Leonard, Texas, Graphic, says: "For the cure of cramps in the stomach, Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the best and most speedy I ever used." Many others who have tried it entertain the same opinion. dim

MONEY TO LOAN.

Have plenty of money to loan on city real estate and mountain acreage, at lowest market rates.

EDWARD B. WICKS,
dim [illegible] Main Street.

Good Cooking

Is one of the chief blessings of every home. To always insure good custards, puddings, sauces, etc., use Gail Borden "Eagle" Brand Condensed Milk. Directions on the label. Sold by your grocer and druggist. 1a

The Pulpit and the Stage.

Rev. F. M. Shrout, pastor United Brethren Church, Blue Mound, Kan., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parishioners thought I could live only a few weeks. I took five bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, and am sound and well, gaining 26 pounds in weight." Arthur Love, Manager Love's Funny Folks' Combination, writes: "After a thorough trial and convincing evidence, I am confident Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption beats 'em all, and cures when everything else fails. The greatest kindness I can do my many thousand friends is to urge them to try it." Free trial bottles at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00. 3

We are offering our
PROVO FLANNEL SUMMER SHIRTS
At Greatly Reduced Prices.
JOHN C. CUTLER & BRO.
No. 36 Main Street.

CHILDREN'S KNEE PANTS, ages 4 to 12 years. Two pairs for 25c, at
d GOLDSMITH & CO'S.

Excursion to Wasatch.

There is no lovelier spot in the mountains anywhere adjacent to Salt Lake than Wasatch.

The Rio Grande sells round trip excursion tickets at rate of $1.50.

Trains leave daily at 8:00 a.m., returning at [illegible] p.m.

J. H. BENNETT,
d General Passenger Agent.

Dr. Burrows, Oculist, Aurist and Optician. Spectacles fitted. Commercial Block.

Go to SPENCER, BYWATER & CO'S 11 and 13 West South Temple Street, for Tin Roofing, Guttering, Spouting, Stoves and Tinware, etc.

"A God send is Ely's Cream Balm. I had catarrh for three years. Two or three times a week my nose would bleed. I thought the sores would never heal. Your Balm has cured me."—Mrs. M. A. Jackson, Portsmouth, N.H.

I have had nasal catarrh for ten years so bad that there were great sores in my nose, and one place was eaten through. I got Ely's Cream Balm. Two bottles did the work. My nose and head are well. I feel like another man.—C. S. McMillen, Sibley, Jackson Co., Mo.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him. Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. 3a

GARFIELD BEACH.

New Time Card.

On and after June 28th trains will run as follows:

Leave Salt Lake	Arrive Garfield	Leave Garfield	Arrive Salt Lake
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

* Daily except Sunday.

† Daily except Monday and Tuesday. Orchestra Band in attendance every day.

Fare for round trip, 50c.

D. E. BURLEY,
Genl. Agt. Passgr. Dept.

THE PIONEER

Arbogast

50c. per quart for that delicious Boston Ice Cream, delivered to any part of the city. Guaranteed as to purity. The best in the market. 158 Main Street; 48 E. First South Street. Telephone your orders. d

THIRTY-NINTH DIVIDEND.

Z. C. M. I., Salt Lake City, July 13, 1891.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF THREE per cent. [illegible]

T. G. WEBBER, Secretary.

NOTICE.

Z. C. M. I., Salt Lake City, July 13, 1891.

THE STOCK TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS Institution will be Closed on July 15th and re-opened on August 1st, 1891.

T. G. WEBBER, Secretary.

CITY CEMETERY NOTICE.

THE OWNERS OF BURIAL LOTS IN THE City Cemetery will please take notice that the fee for caring for lots is now due and payable at the sexton's office [illegible]

DANIEL DUNNE, City Sexton.

WANTED.

IMMEDIATELY, A MIDDLE AGED woman [illegible]

IMMEDIATELY, A WET NURSE [illegible]

LOST.

LOST—SUNDAY EVENING, A BANK [illegible]

FOR SALE.

A FOUR YEAR OLD HOLSTEIN AND Jersey Bull. Enquire of F. F. [illegible]

R. K. THOMAS.

26, 28, 30, 32 E. 1st S.

Grand, General, Genuine

BARGAIN SALE.

DRESS GOODS.

200	pieces	Turkey Red Calicoes at	2½c	per yard
25	"	Plaid Gingham at	5c	"
150	"	Twilled Dress Goods at	5c	"
150	"	Ettamine Bunting at	5c	"
10	"	Seersucker at	5c	"
100	"	Challies at	5c	"
25	"	Figured Zephyrs at	8½c	"
50	"	Sicilian Reps at	8½c	"
50	"	Pacific Lawns at	8½c	"
50	"	Embroidered Zephyrs at	10c	"
25	"	Home-spun Suitings at	10c	"
20	"	Seaside Suitings at	10c	"
10	"	Herring-bone Cashmere at 25c, was 50c		"
50	"	All-wool 40 inch Suiting at 45c, was 75c		"

50 New Novelty Dress Robes at actual cost, and

500 Remnants (Dress Lengths) of all Kinds.

DRESS GOODS AT ACTUAL COST.

SHOES.

1000 Pair Ladies', Misses', and Children's Shoes and Slippers at a Sacrifice. These are a number of lines of Shoes that we don't intend to keep any more, hence the very low prices we have put on them. It will pay you to look at them.

CLOTHING.

500 Youth's and Boy's Suits to be closed out.

250 Pair of Men's Pants at Real Bargains.

200 Pair Youth's and Boys' Pants cheaper than ever.

One lot of Boys' KNEE SUITS at 70c per suit.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ladies' Beaded Capes at $1.50 each.

Ladies' Silk Capes at cost.

Ladies' and Misses' Blouse Waists at cost.

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests, 3 for 25c.

Ladies' Chemise, 15c, 20c, 25c and 40c, worth double.

Ladies' Fancy Parasols, 25c, 75c, 90c; former price, 65c, $1.25, and $1.85.

Ladies' Opera Shawls at Cost.

Big Stock Assorted Laces at 5c per yard.

Boys' and Girls' Straw Hats, 15c and 25c, were 40c and 75c

Babies' Lace Bonnets at Half Price.

50 Dozen Men's Jersey Ribbed Shirts and Drawers at 25c each.

500 Pieces EMBROIDERY FLOUNCING included in this sale.

5 Pieces Yard Wide Carpet at 20c per yard.

A few Brussels Door Mats at 50c each.

Rugs, Art Squares, and Remnants of Carpets at Half Price.

BARGAINS

In Silk Curtains, Lace Curtains, Table Covers and Scarfs, and many other Bargains that we have not room to mention.

R. K. THOMAS.