GEDEGE OF CANNON. EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

December SI, 1968

EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT.

THE year which closes to-day has been a most eventful one. The workings of the Union Pacific and Central Railro Providence have been plainly visible, are the most completed. The the hastening on a communication hoped for then said on this point the point of the by some, dreaded by others, and by it over lightly. The works of 18 most not understood. The world, po- bear its record to future generations of litically, missically, morally and scient tifically, has moved on with great, and it may be said, terrible strides.

One of the great political features of progress made by the mass of the people of Great Britain to power and to a voice in lie best in which governs them. So important has this been that the entire political economy of that nation will undoubtedly be changed by it. That which a few years ago would have been viewed as almost impossible, and almost merilege, has been already reached. The people feel their power, the Almighty have been over the peop aud the aristocracy know it, and already endeaver to conciliate a rising greatexistence as a caste. The sacred establishment of the National Church is attacked, in the disestablishment of th Irish Church. And the majesty of the throne is only preserved from contempt by the reverence given to the womanly vistues of the lady who occupies it. Closely allied to this is the triumph of of the Radical party in the United States. Its continuation in and increase of power are the evidences that old landmarks be demoliahed and changes be brought about which now would startle all but the boldest were they anticipated. Austria has stepped forward in the march of progress, in the passage of the Civil Marriage bill, and with other changes from the desnumerous important reforms. Spain ture; and we can say to all Israel, Stand has cast out a lascivious and corrupt fast and see the fulfillment of the pur-Queen, and is yet in the throes of a great political revolution. Russia has kept moving in the march of progress among the nations. But France has grown less liberal, as a government, not as a people, and may see perilous times ere many months roll over. From the far east, the lands of mystery and multitudes, the same note is sounded, and progressive change has manifested its power. Japan has overthrown the Tycoon, after that form of government had held sway for centuries; and the early future of that empire is likely to be one of greater change, sth of October they began working the first China, the largest empire-in point of wool. On the 20th November the first population-in the world, with its numerous millions of inhabitants, its exclusivences, in peouliarities and ancient with easy capacity for 50. A patent Wilcox though little changed civilization, has become a member of the family of nations. In the embassy of Mr Burlingame, the barrier of ages have been broken down, and the "Fiowery Empire" offers a hand to the mighty powers of the west.

red till j very fountain of li Id have greater part of the ave COTTUD Yet there has been great progress made, not only in the spread of liber alism and in science and art; but in pressive characteristics of the are Among these the immense efforts at energies put forth in the c 318t

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rality, d

the energy land al person science, skill, art and inventive powers of the people of the age.

While there was the state the year just past, has been the rapid pening and scenes transpiring through the nations, how has it been with Utah. our home? Here, the peace which has characterized our settlements since first made has continents toolign unlatter rupted. The agricultural products of the Territory have suffered materially through the destructive reverse of the grasshoppers; but has anyone suffered want because of it? The providences ple, and they have prospered and been blessed. They have done their share, ness which threatens to blot out their too, in building the great highway on which the traffic and commerce of the nations seem destined soon to pass. Instead of an increase of the cause which lead to crime, the people have become more temperate more abstemious in the use of everything hurtful, and more devoted to their God. The increase of police cases in this city is only an evidence of an increased transent population. Efforts have been put forth to become selfsustaining, which, under the blessing of old forms will continue to be sweptaway, the Lord, we expect to see productive of all the good desired. And, perhaps, never in the history of the church has there been a year in which so great a determination has been manifested among the people to be united, and in concert with their leaders, keep the commandments of God and do His will,

well ask a ith coal." EXEMPTION FROM SHALL-POL.

Francisco Times potiers that a certain part of that city enjoys a comparative exempall-pox. It thinks it the remarkable from the fact that by all the commonly accepted rules, the di localities. "Innumerable loads of rel and along with the sand a other material used for filling in lots. A

of green slime, also, backed up probsumming for momune, 1011-24 U 10 odors like anything else than those of 'Araby the blest. ". A wwer in the neighborhood is a reeking collection of filth, and the tide is powerless to remove the collected

abomining AO HIARO RIARO RIVER all this region," the Times says, "enjoys comparative immunity from the pestilence, which attacks other localities here the utmost care is taken in the observances of senitary regulations. These franks of filedings and is strates at a bed J and risks the mull-phil had brough has passed lightly through towns in the vi-cinity, some of which have entirely escap-

The Board of Supervisors has passed an ordinance establishing a veccine depart ent for the city and county of San Francisco. It is to be under the control of five physicians, who are to establish a depot forthwith, for keeping and distributing healthy virus, and all the vaccinating physicians are to submit to these five physici-ans the virus they use.

OF SE A THE AREA A BE

For the Deseret Evening News.

Cincinnati, 30.-A horrible murder and suicide took place in this city this morning. William Ashbash killed his wife, Josephine, by blows on the head with a hatchet, and stabbing her once in the left side with a butcher knife; he then shot himself through the head with an Enfield rifle, the ball entering the left lower jaw and tearing away the back part of the head, scattering his brains all over the room.

Memphis, 30.-Reports from Marion. potism which but lately was one of her great characteristics. Prussia has made humerous important the sin that now closing. This causes us militia are pursuing at Augusta; fear-to have the brightest hopes for the fu- ing they may be attacked they are build-

Charles 1 No. North Mail p posts and b

> er the river, -topped to the top t of nearly three

THE REPORT OF A DECK OF A

icial journals speak of the col

n's Bay 1 unner & Co., heavy dealers in an manufacturers of cottons, susp ions in America.

adrid. The Ge and ten thousand soldiers to Cuba and Parto Rico during Januar

London.-The following dispatch from Constantinople, dated y contains the latest news on the Eastern uestion: Great proparations are m questions: Green proparation of the Eing in the arsonals on account of the threatened war with Greece. Trans-ports, loaded with supplies, have been sent to Hobart Pasha's fleet. The new House of Commons met yesterday for preliminary busines the who had took the oath of office. Writs were is aned for elections to fill the vacant seats, after which the house adjourned until the 16th of February.

Reverdy Johnson, in a speech yesterday to a deputation from the London Workingmen's Society, said the natura-lization treaty between the United States and Great Britain was certain of relification by the United States Sa The treaty provides that British sub-jects, who have been naturalized in the United States shall have the same rights and protection on their return to Great Britain as native born Ameri-CANA

Madrid.-For the purpose of reducing

Madrid.—For the purpose of reducing the Budget for the coming year, the suppression of thirty-seven Captain Generalships, Governomhips and Bish-oprics has been suggested. Vienna.—La Press says the Greek government is ready to comply with the recent demands made by Turkey, sup-ported by the Great Powers of Europe. Madrid.—Mambal Paris, recently Governor General of Madrid is dead.

the locomotive will penetrate eber Kanyon till betwees of Weber Kanyon till Engineering parties of both the Union and Contral companies are now running surveys for branch lines from Ogden to Selt Lake City; and the intest advices say that the U. P. R. R. will not honor San Francisco with its e: but from somewhere in the toward Puget Sound in quest of

China and East India trade. version, if successful, would be proamidst the other quaking, about the ANON. bay of San Francisc



BANDS' ORICAGO STOCE ALE ON draught a the Bolt Lake Billard

The best quality of States (seap, reduced to 3 cents per bar, at G. W. Davis, two doors north Kimbali & Lawrence's.

WANTED -A young of elderly woman compo tent to do general housework and cooking in a small family, Good wages given, Apply at

A. C. PYPER& Co., One door south on Western Union, Telegrap B. W.L. W.Lawton be

We bespeak special notice of the physicians and druggists, and the people of Utah Territory erally, to the advertis intender of the Naws of W. H.Schlesselin & Co. importers and jobbers in drugs, chemicals, drestuffs &c. 170 & 172 William street. New York This is an old established and highly respectable firm, and may be depended upon for furnishing drugs, chemicals &c, of the purest quality, and at rates that defy competition.

All interested in the weilfare and pleasure of the rising generation-and where is the man or toman whe is not, in Utah-will feel special in perusing the advertisement, in to-day's pa per, of A. Christian, of New York. He manutures patent spring horses, perambulators, carriages, cabs, rocking horses, propellers, eighs &c. Now that "puffing billy" has got so near us it will be very easy to send for a carriage or cab for yourselves, or a rocking horse or perambulator for the bables, so, gentlemen and ladies, when you have the needful on hand for this purpose think of A. Christian, his manufactory is in Mangin street, New York.

We call the attention of our business men and of the people generally, to the advertisement, in to-day's issue, of Wolcott & Co., of 229 Farnham street, Omaha, wholesale dealers in paints, brushes, oil, varnish, window glass, tar. rosin, coal oil, sporting and blasting powder, &c. This firm is perfectly reliable, and the business men of Utah may depend upon being honorable and sat isfactorily dealt with in all business transactions with them. They jurnish



POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Washington, November 30, 1863. PROPOSALS for conveying the mails of the United States from July 1, 1869, to June 30, 1870, on the following routes in the Territory of Utah, will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 p.m., of February 26 mert, to be decided by March 6 following:

No. 16641 From Eagle Valley to Panaca, 20 miles and back, once a week. Leave Eagle Valley Thursday at 12 m; Arrive at Panaca by 7 p.m; Leave Panaca Friday at 8 a.m; Arrive at Eagle Valley by 3 p.m. 16642 Frem Pinite to Panaca, 62 miles and back, once a Week.

back, once a week. Leave Pinto Tuesday at 8 a.m; Arrive at Panaca Wednesday by 7 p.m Leave Panaca Wednesday by 7 p.m. Arrive at Pinto Friday by 7 p.m. From Midway, by Heber, Wanship, Coalville, Echo Ulty, Croydon, Mor-gan, Enterprise, and Mountain, to Ogden City, 91 miles and back, once

a wee

Leave Midway Monday at 1 a.m. Arrive at Ogden City Wednesday by (

p m. Leave Ogden City Thursday at 7 a.m. Arrive at Midway Saturday by 6 p.m. From Tooele to Grantsville, 11 miles and back, once a week. Leave Grantsville Thursday at 1 p.m;

Arrive at Too-le by 4 p m; Leave Too-le Thursday at 4.39 p.m; Arrive at Grantsville by 7 p m. From Franklin by Fish Haven Salat

Charles, Bloomington, Paris, and Liberty, to Bennington, 60 miles and

back, once a week. Leave Franklin Monday at 6 a.m; Arrive at Bennington Wednesday by

6 p m; Leave Bennington Thursday at 6 a.m. Arrive at Franklin Saturday by 6 pim

NOTES.

Proposals must be to carry the mail with elerity, certainty, and security," using the rms of the law, and they must be guaranteed two responsible persons, certified to as such a postmaster or judge of a court of record. No pay will be made for trips not performed, and for each of such omissions not satisfactorily explained three times the pay of the trip may be deducted. For arrivals so far behind time a o break connection with depending mails, and ot sufficiently excused, one-fourth of the com-ensation for the trip is subject to forfetture, ines will be imposed, unless the delinquency not sum be satisfactorily explained, for neglecting to take the mail from or into a post office; for suf fering it to be jujared, destroyed, robbed or lost: and for refusing, after demand, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or is concerned in running, vehicles on the route. The Postmaster General may annut the conract for disobeying the post office laws, or the instructions of the Department. He may alter the schedule of departures and arrivals, and also order an increase of service by allowing therefor a pro rata increase on the contract pay He may also curt ut or discontinue the vervic In whole or in part, at a pro rata decrease of pay, allowing one month's eztra compensa-tion on the amount of service dispensed with. Bids should be addressed to the "Second Assh-tap! Postmyster General," a perscribed "Pto bits als, Ctab Terr. uory, and sent by MAIL.

For forms of proposal. V C., any other informa tion, see advertisement of this date, In

Mexico and the South American Republics have, as usual, been in a condition of chronic revolution; which the late.

In the physical world the events and incidents have been of a terrible and terrifying character in numerous places The earthquake in Equador and Peru was the most, fearful recorded in its deso terrific a character. The Sandwich Islands, California and other parts of ter, Malta, Turkey, India, all felt the throes of the shaken earth. And tidal waves, have crossed the broad Pacific, carrying devastation to the shores of various lands, verifying the prediction of the prophets that the sea should heave beyond its bounds. The fearful eruption of the volcane, Mauna, Loa, on the Sandwich Islands, and the erup tions of Vesuvius and Etna, have ex cited ther interest, and marked the Hand that guides the unseen influences which affect the destinies of the world. Eighteen hundred and sixty-eight has been memorable, also, for its disasagonizing shipwrecks recorded is

poses of Jehovah.

EDITORIAL SUMMARY.

SACRAMENTO WOOLEN FACTORY .- The "Capital Woolen Mill" is the corporate name of the first woolen factory established in Sacramento. It has been working for upwards of a month: but was not thrown open to visitors from the newspapers until the 19th inst. The reporters are loud in its praise. The first steps towards the establishment of the enterprise were taken in March, 1868. A building was erected, firstclass machinery was imported, and on the blanket was turned out. The engine which drives the machinery is 45 horse power, water lifter pump, with capacity for raising 30,000 gallons per hour, furnisher water for washing the wool, from a well thirty-six feet deep. The present cost of driving the machinery is \$11.25 per day, a cord and a half of wood, at \$7.50 being required. Steam plantations, avowing that they would half of wood, at \$7.50 being required. Steam plantations, avowing that they would have the heart's blood of every white man on the Ogechee River, asying the temperature are a part of the machinery. The mill has capacity to spin and werve up temperature are a part of the machinery. The mill has capacity to spin and weave up 650,000 pounds of raw wool per year. The majority of the employees are Chinese. West indics have endeavored to emu- They work the looms and manage other parts of the machinery requiring more patience than judgment. When the mill shall have been all completed and all the co templated machinery in running order, its

entire cost will have been about \$80,000. has plenty of work to do, and it pays. The white blankets made in the mill are said to structiveness and the extent of emintry over which it passed. Other countries too, had like visitations though not of Francisco mills. We are indebted for these cit particulars to the Sacramento Union.

This is a step in tha right direction, and the Pacific slope. Great Britain, Gibral-Judiciously managed, the enterprise cannot fail to be successful pecuniarily. It will not only give employment to a number of persons, but it will be the means of encouraging wool growers, and lead to the breeding of a fine quality of sheep. We take great pleasure in recording the inauguration of such enterprises in our own Territory and among our neighbors. Without them no true progress in civilization can be made.

> NEW INVENTION .- The San Francisco Call has been inspecting a quantity of brick recently burned by a new process, for which the inventor has apllied for a paten The Call says respecting the process:

"In building his kiln he places stone coal etween each layer of bricks, and connec ters by sea and land. The number of all the flues to chimneys, which second from the sides, centre and ends of the kiln. something appalling to contemplate. Collisions, railroad disasters, terrible and goes away upon the end of ten days he or a kiln container o for a kiln conty about brick is only about cost for fuel was in the dollars per thou the kiln b the bricks were spoiled." It is estimated that by this process a saving of thirty per cont, can be made building material. Since writing the above we clip the following from the Sacramento Rec. which evidently does not think much of this socalled new inven d,' for which a patent which the children of Israel were con allied to it, riots of a degradingly utal character. And despite all the prts made to prevent the spread of the method is very common. One might

rite

ng stockades and throwing up works around the jail. Mesars. Harney, Crump, Typer, Mafford and other pro-minent citizens have been arrested and confined; no cause is given for the arrest. The privates wear no uniforms, so that it is impossible to distinguish them from other negroes, except by their arms.

Passengers from the Arkansas River report the fields white with cotton, which the planters were unable to pick, their hands having gone off to join the militia

Savanna.-The Sheriff of the county and his associates on Tuesday went to Hayward's plantation, on the Ogechee River, eleven miles from the city, to arrest seventeen negroes, charged with shooting watchmen on the plantations and carrying off the crops of the plant-ers. They made five arrests, but when on the Atlants and Gulf Railroad they were surrounded by about one hundred armed negroes, who rescued the prison-ers, disarmed and robbed the Sheriff, destroyed the warrants, and then threatened to kill him if ever he served a legal process again in that vicinity. the scene of hostilities at Bear River. two white men badly hurt. All white ing as I passed down, everything tunmen have been obliged to flee to this nelward seemed unaccountably me city to save their lives. The women and little children are in the hands of demented stare instead of the friendly the mob and have been carried off into the woods. Great excitement exists in the community. A Sheriff's posse of between three and four hundred citi-zens will leave at day break to-morrow to rescue the women and childre .. The cause. It is claimed by the new-comers military decline to interfere until the that they can "put her through" (that

pletely destroyed by fire to-night. There the building, valued at five to fifteen hundred each, all of which were burned or sufficiented. Twenty carriages, valued at fifteen hundred each, harness, etc., were also destroyed. The total loss is probably \$200,000.

Philadelphia.-The Street Railway passenger depot, on the Richmond line. in Lehigh street, was burned this morning, with twenty-two cars. The flames spread be rapidly that the men in fine office had to break the tron bars from the

alized to previde for the work. The cost of the work is estimat- and filling. There is I at two millions. The total Illinois being less than dir millions, the speakers urged that the State could well afford to complete this important enterprise without delay. The *Republican's* Washington special mys the difficulty in the first Congre-cational Church, between General Howard and the Rev. Dr. Boynton,

neral luipr London .- Itis the ge that the Conservatives will be successful in the elections for members of Parlia-ment to fill the vacancies.

New York.—A London dispatch says the owner of the English yacht Cam-bria, declines young Bennet's challenge for a race with the Daunilless of the New York Yacht club, the latter being of much heavier tonnage.

Correspondence.

JALVIO.

TUNNELVILLE, 12 miles below Mouth of Heno. Dec. 27th, 1868.

Editor Descret News .- These remains through a species of grey quartz, spot-ted with felspar, very hard, on the east face, and through black limestone, im-pregnated with flinty conglomerate on the west face. At this stage of the work come along the company's swarms of "Ould Ireland's" sons, direct from

number of the civil authorities for pre-merving order is exhausted. New York.—The extensive livery stable of Hrigge Hrus, the largest in the city, on Twenty-third street, was com-pletely destroyed by fire to-night. There

in giving centres. On the day before Christmas a por-

tion of the company's host expected to make a straight wake for the Promon-tory, and gobble up the heavy rock cut at the mouth of the Narrows, there also giving Sharp & Young's men an admirable opportunity for seeking an easier "chunk." The first bridge on the Weber, at the head of the Namera

has also fallen into the hands of the Company's men, who have already the

spread so rapidly that the mean in the office had to break the iron bars from the windows to escape. The loss is heavy. Chicago, 31.-The Republican's special at Yankton, says the Dakota House of Representatives have passed a bill giv-ing women the right to vote and hold office in the Territory. It will probably be defeated in the Council by a small majority. A convention was held at Peoria, yes-terday, to take measures to secure im-provements in the Illinois river by deepening the Illinois and Michigan canai. The Legislature will be memo-rialized to previde for the necessary

goods as cheap as either New York, Chicago or St. Louis, with freight added.

The excellent preparations of Dr. Chapin, by the use of which he gained so great a popularity in the treatment and cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Constipation and Palpitation of the Heart, and all diseases arising from Indi-restion and Tornid Liver was none other than of Utab. gestion and Torpid Liver, was none other than what is now put up under the name of Red Jacket Stomach Bitters.

Lonses & Managers......H. B. Olawsen & J. T. Caine.

tiste, MADAME MARIA METHUA

SALT LAKE

R. ADD WEAVER.

Mr. BEN HOYT, The Inimitable Bones.

Mr. SAMUEL BICKEY, Champion Clogrist

PROFESSOR KING, Violinist, Director of Music,

Mr. HENRY KENDALL

THURSDAY, DEC. 31, 1989.

SONGS, DANCES,

For Programme see Posters and "Curtain,"

The Performance will commence with the thril-

JOSEPH RUSSELL.

Prince of Comedians.

Composed of the

will make

Bertrand, Pierre, and Baron

Spackman

(+):+:+:+:+:+:

ADVERTISEMENTS

phiet form, at the | rincipal post offices, ALEX. W. RANDALL, Postmaster General, 193310 d34 4w

NOTICE.

In the matter of WM. H. MILES, JR., In Bankruptey. Bankrupt.

Bankrupt. NOTICE is hereby given, that, pursuant to an Order made by said Court, in the matter of Wm. H. Miles, jr., a Bankrupt, ou the 23rd day of December, A. O. 1868, a hearing will be had upon the Petition of said Bankrupt, heretofore filed in said Court, praying for his discharge from all his debts and liablitities, proveable un-der the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to es-tablish a uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2nd, 1867, and for a certificate thereof, before mid Court, on the 18th day of January A. D. 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Supreme Court Rooms in the city of Sait Lake, in mid District of Utah, at which time and place any creditor of said Bankrupt, or any other person in in-terest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the anid petition abould not be granted. Notice is further given, that the third meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt will be heid before R. H. Robertson, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, at his office in Sait Lake City, on the said District, at his office in Sait Lake City, on the said 18th day of January, A.D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day: Bait Lake City, December 26th, 1868.

Balt Lake City, December 26th, 1868. W. I. APPLEBY, Clerk of said Court in Bankruptey, O. F. STCICKLAND, Petitioner's Att'y. 21d-6t





ne dote a boyleger teel watch in

Sweet Potatoes,

TRACKAUS Abother

82.00 per tin.

fires, mining disasters and colliery explosions, have been exceedingly numer-ous, as if death in those forms laughed all he has to do in to the prepare for another of at science and art, and all the means employed to prevent them. Famine has aided to fill up the page of horrors, from which various portions of the eastern hemisphere have siffered severely.

In the moral world the decadence has been very marked. Wickedness and corruption have increased with sickening repidity-murders of most atrocious character; robberies, the most audacious and bold; with every species of crime and villainy of which the human mind can conceive. The progress of Liberalism in Britain, to which allusion has been made, has had for an attendant, though not exactly allied to it, riots of a degradingly brutal character. And despite all the

broken out afresh, ninety-eigh The full of abuse of General How-

william's annual review of the The Re

s of Chicago during the past and and forty-The state for Of these one n nailsee purpo

ar is six h wenty the

debt of this will be all days, when the temporary track, which Government has refused to accept, will be abandoned, as having in some man ure contributed to the speedy construc-tion of the road; whether commensurate or not with its cost is purely a Company concern:

Our estimable Bishop Sharp evince ne perceptible dulines bors and he are upon Bishop intends quietly to hew his

I visited the tunnel to-night. The is a heap of rock to move yet, and if they put devilght or darknoss, through that 500 feet of quarts fifth rock withthe coming quarter of mother earth's mual expedition I shall be very much

surprised. Temporary tracks, just now, are in

at to the TTY TY TY TY TY This applies merely self; and there is no present pr

awaria di terretter totanti a its data its month and date of the NOTICE.31 .* Fresh Baltimore Oysters, only straighten, sum or sharpen all kinds at inglor's Row, half a In the matter of GILBERT WEBB, Bankrupt In Bankruptey. TICE is hereby sin onice the the public lands donated to all his debts and liabilities, p CHICKENS, BUTTER BY THE KEG OR POUND,

Mr G B Waldron

HUU.

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STd-6t

standard of the herburners and tweive and CHOICE APPLES, "Patient a bri AND GODDARD'S als Lake City, De