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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 11.—Davis submitted a resolution instructing the committee on finance to inquire into the advisability of a change in the organization of the Treasury and other departments, and make a general transfer of authority and custody. Ordered printed.

Logan called up the joint resolution regarding the extending of the franking privilege. He said that under the present law, while department clerks could frank official business, this privilege was denied to members of Congress.

Discussion followed upon the expediency of restoring the franking system, in which some of the abuses which caused its abolition were referred to.

At the expiration of the morning hour, on motion of Withers, the army appropriation bill was taken up. Withers stated that as compared with the bill of last year the present bill, as reported from the Senate committee, showed a net increase of appropriation of $262,000. In committee of the whole the amendments of the Senate committe were agreed to.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 12.—On motion of Buckner, the morning hour was dispensed with, 123 to 24.

Wood moved that when the House next went into committee of the whole on the funding bill, the debate on the pending amendment be limited to 30 minutes. Agreed to, 149 to 4, Coffroth, Stevenson, Humphreys and Weaver.

The House went into committee on the funding bill.

Wood said there was nothing inconsistent in a 3 per cent. bond and the shortening of the option indicated in the bill. With the removal of the tax on deposits in banks and the establishment of a 3 per cent. rate, the option was immaterial, because the bonds would not be likely to rise to any great premium, and government could at any time get them at par or a nominal premium. He was confident of the speedy negotiation of every bond issued.

Stevenson opposed the bill, because it fixed a permanent national debt on the country.

Weaver protested against it on the same ground.

McMillan said he moved to offer an amendment making the bonds taxable.

Dunnel advocated a 3 per cent. bond, redeemable within 10 or 20 years.

Turner opposed the refunding theory, but favored an income tax on capitalists to extinguish bonds.

The debate was extended one hour.

The time for debate having expired the question recurred on Wood's amendment, fixing the rate of interest on bonds and certificates at 3 per cent.

Newberry demanded a division on the question and the vote was first taken on fixing the rate on bonds at 4 per cent. Agreed to, 132 to 92. The great body of democrats voted in the affirmative and a majority of the republicans in the negative. The second branch of Wood's amendment to arrange the rate on notes at 3 per cent. was also agreed to without division.

Sanford, of Alabama, offered an amendment providing that before any bonds or notes authorized by this act are issued it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to pay out for bonds accruing during the year 1881 all the standard silver dollars and all the gold over $50,000,000, now in the treasury for redemption purposes.

Republicans, in order to spoil the committee bill, aided the adopting of this amendment by abstaining from voting, and it was agreed to—93 against 28.

Wood gave notice that he will demand a yea and nay vote on this amendment in the House.

McMillen, Tenn., offered an amendment providing for the taxation of the bonds, and although at first there was a disposition on the republican side to refrain from voting and even to vote in its favor, it was finally defeated—ayes 57, noes 99.

AMERICAN.

Comments of Grant's Canal.

NEW YORK, 12.—The *Tribune* says of the Grant article: The paper will be sure to produce profound impression on both sides of the Atlantic. If it does not float the Nicaragua enterprise, which Grant commends to the American people—an American canal on American soil—it will go far towards sinking the French scheme, which is already fast assuming the appearance of a gigantic stock jobbing operation.

The *World* says: This country maintains a foreign office and staff of diplomatic agents abroad for the purpose, among other things, of giving authoritative utterance to foreign countries to the purposes and settled will of the American government. With this machinery under his control, and with so important an occasion for employing it, pressing for many months past upon his attention, why has not the President of the United States made it impossible for De Lesseps or for anybody else to delude himself or to delude the people of a friendly nation into the belief that 50,000,000 of Americans who now overshadow a new field with their power, are less alive to the immediate and prospective interests of their country than were their fathers in the earliest infancy of the republic? There is no sense in assuming that the De Lesseps Company is a foreign power, or that the Monroe doctrine has any application to its operations. Neither the French nor any other European government has any connection with the canal scheme. It is possible that if the work is carried out the questions of government control or protection may arise in future with a view to another originality, it would be well for our government to declare what Washington would be without having invented the first shout in the Monroe doctrine.

To-morrow's Public will show the course of business as established through the clearing house returns for the week ending with the same week last year. New York has gained 79 and 4-10 per cent., Boston 39, Philadelphia 21 [illegible], Chicago 31 3, Cincinnati 19 [illegible], St. Louis 14 [illegible], Baltimore 61, Milwaukee 22, Louisville 31 6, Pittsburg 42 7, Providence 10, Kansas City 28 4, Indianapolis 24 8; New Orleans has lost 11 8, and San Francisco 4 [illegible], while Cincinnati and Syracuse are stationary. The new year opens with a large exchange at New York, the largest ever known, and outside of New York, the largest on record, unless before the first week in December.

Gen. Ord's Poverty.

Gen. Ord, formerly of California, arrived on Monday. The *Herald* prints a letter from General Sherman to Senator Maxey, who is very zealous to have Ord retired as a major General, in which Sherman says: He has been a prominent actor in every war since 1830. Since 1855, when he married in San Francisco, he has been charged with the expenses of a large family. He never attempted any speculation in property, even in the temptations in California in 1848-49, never engaged in any lucrative business to supplement his small pay as Lieutenant or Captain, and I am informed that to-day he has not laid up the money needed to bring his family from San Antonio to Washington.

The Chinese Treaty.

The *Commercial Bulletin*, in regard to Commissioner Swift's statement about Chinese naturalization being null and void, says: If Swift is correctly reported here, we are inclined to think no such treaty as he and his confreres have brought home with them will ever receive the sanction of the United States Senate. There are many Chinese merchants who are among the largest taxpayers on the Pacific coast, and in New York the courts, as is well known, have no scruples about granting naturalization papers to persons of this nationality. The exclusion is totally at variance with the spirit of our free institutions.

The Telegraph Union.

The *Evening Post* says of the union of the telegraph companies, that rumor has it that new stock will be issued, Western Union stock going into the new company at par, American at par, Atlantic and Pacific at fifty each, in proportion; that the play then will be to turn over the company to government.

Steamship Subsidies.

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special, speaking of the mail steamship subsidies to-day, says Postmaster General Maynard said: "I think it would be a wise measure to so amend the general law on the subject to authorize the payment, by the Postmaster General, of a just and reasonable compensation, within prescribed maximum limits, and commensurate with the importance of the service performed by such lines of American steamers as may be employed under contract with this Department in the transporting of mail of the United States in Mexican, Central American, North American and trans-Pacific ports. It is now announced the committee on postoffice and post routes are preparing a bill which will appropriate $1,500,000 for carrying foreign mails the coming year, the rate for monthly mails to be $30 per mile per year, under contracts made for a term of years."

Correspondence.

KINGDOM OF BAVARIA,
Ludwigshafen,
Dec. 8th, 1880.

Editor Deseret News:

It may be interesting to your numerous readers to see how this old country is progressing, so I take the liberty to send you a short report for publication (if worthy) in your valuable and interesting paper.

If we notice the situation of Germany at the present time, we see the land burthened with an overplus population and groaning beneath its inhabitants. Here are many large cities containing immense numbers of human beings, pent up, as it were, in one great prison house, inhaling an unwholesome atmosphere impregnated with deadly poison, many of them living in pent up corners, dragging out a miserable existence; their haggard faces and looks tell but too plainly the tale of their misery and wretchedness.

Here are chemical and many other factories employing thousands of men, paying them per day's work (12 hours) from 40 to 50 cents. How can they support their families, if they have any, on such wages? Pay rent, taxes and buy everything to eat, drink and wear? Provisions are about one-third higher than in Utah. The greatest economy and care hardly suffice to provide where they have families the cravings of nature.

So fearfully do misery and wretchedness prevail in many parts of this country that parents are afraid to fulfill the first great law of God, "Be fruitful and multiply and replenish the earth," and by desperate circumstances are almost forced to the unnatural wish of not propagating their species. While corrupted with a corresponding depravity which reigns among this people, they are found using suicidal measures to prevent an otherwise numerous progeny from increasing their father's misery and inheriting his misfortunes. And while this is the actual state of affairs, there are in this country emperors, kings, princes and nobles living in great splendor in large palaces, having many servants, which they treat more like slaves than their equals.

I can see several reasons why the rulers oppress the poor; one is on account of the overplus population, they can get labor almost at any price, and consequently take advantage of this to make themselves immensely rich. Another reason is, the masters are forced by competition to this state of things. Still another reason, and I believe the greatest, is to keep the people poor, so as they cannot rise in rebellion against them and the governments; they dare not make strikes as they are entirely dependent on their daily labor to support their families.

Let us look at the armies of Prussia, Austria, France and all minor kingdoms, let them be gathered together, and what an abundant host of persons there would be. They would be sufficient to make a large State. And what are they doing? They are watching each other as a person would watch a thief. In the city of Berlin and its immediate towns are at the present time about 100,000 soldiers, besides police to a very great number. Suppose we add their families, where they have dwelt and where they have not, notice the vast amount of pauperism, misery and depredation that such is in unnatural state of things produces. And what is their employment? They do not raise grain to supply the wants of men, nor are they occupied in any useful avocation, but they must live, and their wants must be supplied by the products of the labors of others.

Iniquity of every description goes hand in hand, vice in all its sickening forms revels in the palace, in the city, and in the country, corruption, debauchery and abomination abound, and "the earth is actually defiled under the inhabitants thereof, because they have transgressed the laws, changed the ordinance, and broken the everlasting covenant." I believe thousands of persons in these countries desire to do right if they only knew how, but they don't see the foundation and extent of the evil, and long established customs and doctrines blind their eyes and blast their energies. If the servants of God were permitted to teach them the everlasting gospel without fear, many honest souls could be gathered from these countries, but until that time comes very little can be accomplished, in my opinion.

We have not received a reply from the government to our petition about religious liberty, although it is four months since it was sent; it seems they do not take notice of it. But we know there is a power that will make them take notice before long, for the Almighty has decreed to rend and break in pieces all earthly governments, to cast down their thrones, to turn and overturn, and break up the nations, to send forth his messengers and make a way for the establishment of his everlasting kingdom. Nations will not much longer be at ease. The troubled elements will ferment and rage, and dash with tremendous fury. The plagues of the last days are at hand, and who shall be able to escape?—none but the righteous, none but the children of the kingdom of God. The days of the reign and rule of sin are numbered, and destruction will come on the ungodly like a thief in the night—unexpected; because they would not receive his messengers, but hardened their hearts against the warning proclamation, killed the prophets, banished the servants of God from among them, and will not listen to the warning voice.

In regard to myself, I can say I am proud of being a member in the church and kingdom of God, and although banished from my native country, am trying in my weak and imperfect way to promulgate the principles of the everlasting gospel among those who will listen. It is very difficult to get at this people at the present time to warn them, but it is the Lord's work and he will bring it about in due time.

Ever praying for the prosperity of the work of the Lord in this mission and throughout the world, I remain

Your brother in the gospel,
M. D. ROSENBAUM.

HEBRON, January 2, 1881.

Editor Deseret News:

We have reasons to be thankful our lot is cast in so favorable a spot in the earth. The spirit of God prevails in our midst, and we have a good community. As for our present condition, our Bishop teaches us correct doctrine and desires all to govern and control themselves. Credit is due our school trustees for being energetic and providing us a good school under the able management of Professor L. W. Peck. The Y. M. and Y. L. Improvement Associations are well attended; our officers are alive and awake to their duties. Daniel M. Tyler is President of the Young Mens' Association, and Sister Lydia T. Whisor is President of the the Young Ladies'. Our Sunday school is not to be forgotten, which is doing a vast amount of good in disseminating the principles of the gospel, and all good practicable habits of life. During our holidays they have presented very creditable entertainments, under the supervision of Superintendent Amos P. Hunt. We are thankful we can note during the holidays no drunkenness, no spirit of rowdyism; nothing of this kind has marred our peace. During our week of amusements our Bishop and council presented us a very nice party, interspersed with songs, speeches, etc. Other nice parties followed, by the associations, and on New Year's day our Relief Society presented a very enjoyable party for old and young, commencing at one o'clock in the afternoon. A hymn was sung and prayer offered by Bishop T. S. Terry. Brother Bowler and family of singers (recently from England) presented the second hymn. President Esther M. Pulsipher addressed a well filled house very appropriately. Grandmother Huntsman then made some very good remarks. Bishop Terry delivered a discourse on the duties of a bishop and his helps in government. After a variety of songs and speeches, all did ample justice to a feast of the fat things of the earth, which was prepared for the occasion. In the evening all joined in a social party until 10.30 p. m., and thus we passed New Year's Day.

Seemingly, all enjoyed the good spirit, which we desire to be led and guided by through the present year.

Very respectfully,
CARLOS.

MORONI, Utah,
January 5th, 1881.

Editor Deseret News:

We had quite a time of enjoyment on Christmas and New Year's nights in dancing. The young folks, I think, were amply satisfied. The musicians were Sperry brothers and Charles Morris, from Nephi.

We are having a three days' hunt, gotten up by Brothers Moroni Bradley and Andress Jensen, the losers to furnish a dance.

Our day schools under the management of Brother Aaron Hardy and Sister Sarah J. Jolley, are greatly improving the young folks. Our school trustees are alive to the responsibility placed upon them, trying to place teachers of our own faith, that all may go as it should do.

I must not forget the labors of Bro. Cyrus H. Wheelock and Bishop George Farnworth. The former gave a very forcible discourse on celestial marriage, substantiating the same from the Bible, showing that God acknowledges it, but was displeased with adultery. Bishop Farnworth is a father amongst the people, looking into their circumstances, inculcating true principles of co-operation, home industry, tithing, encouraging the people to become self-sustaining in all things pertaining to their eternal welfare, and as an agent for the Church, I think he has established great confidence in the people.

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NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JACOB PEART, DECEASED.

JACOB PEART AND MARTIN LENZI, administrators of the estate of Jacob Peart, deceased, having on the 20th day of December, A.D. 1880, filed in this court their annual report showing the financial condition of the said estate.

Now, therefore be it ordered that Saturday, the fifteenth day of January, A.D. 1881, at 10 a.m. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at the County Court House in Salt Lake City, be and is hereby appointed the time and place when and where all persons interested may appear and file objections to said report or any part thereof.

It is further ordered that notice hereof be given to all parties interested, by publication of a certified copy of this order till the day appointed herein in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, a newspaper published in and having general circulation in Salt Lake County.

Done in open court this third day of January, A.D. 1881.

E. SMITH,
Probate Judge.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } ss.
County of Salt Lake. }

I, D. Bockholt, Clerk of the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the order of the Court in the matter of the estate of Jacob Peart deceased, appointing time and place to file objections to the account of the executors as appears of record in my office.

(SEAL.) In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the said Court, this 4th day of January, A.D. 1881.

D. BOCKHOLT,
Probate Clerk.

d35 td

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