

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 18.—A special to the *Times* from Winona, says: Careful estimates of the wheat crop show the average yield per acre in the entire region south of the Minnesota River will not exceed thirteen bushels, and the average grade of wheat within the same limits will be No. 2. An average of sixteen bushels per acre is a very liberal estimate for the entire wheat-growing area of the northern portion of the State, including the most fruitful fields of the Red River Valley. There is no reason to believe that there is the slightest superiority this year in northern wheat over that produced in the long cultivated fields of Winona and adjoining counties. The statisticians think the aggregate yield of wheat in the entire State for the present year will amount to 38,593,944 bushels. This computation will scarcely meet the views of the sanguine gentlemen who recently harvested with their lead pencils a crop of from 45,000,000 to 50,000,000, but with a reasonably brisk foreign demand, and fair prices during the ensuing winter, such as there is every reason to expect, the farmers of Minnesota will be able, partially at least, to extricate themselves from the tight quarters into which last year's crop forced them.

The *Times*' account of the Sprague scandal alleges that Mrs. Sprague published her statement by the advice of friends, and that the effect had been unfavorable to her. Sprague was not under the influence of liquor during the recent interview with his wife. He half invited her to return to Cononchet, and will make no answer to her statement. He considers himself legally entitled to the children and believes his wife's proper place is Cononchet. He has promised her protection and peace unless she decides to return to previous advisers. No intimation is given that she is detained against her wish. Sprague repels with indignation the insinuations against his wife's virtue. Her alleged intimacy with Conkling is attributed to her having sought his legal advice, and enmity grows out of political differences with Conkling when Sprague was senator. Reports are current that Mrs. Sprague desires a separation but the husband is averse to a divorce.

The governor's indignation is less against his wife than her advisors. When he took up a gun the other day it was against Conkling.

The *Herald's* Washington correspondent reports on the authority of western democrats, that Tilden was recently visited by a deputation of western men friendly to his presidential views, who admonished him frankly that unless he could manage to harmonize his party in this State so as to carry the State election this fall and by a decisive majority they would feel compelled to abandon him and take up a western candidate.

The projected international convention of Jews in Paris in September next is in some respects the most remarkable of all international conventions lately proposed or held. The Jews all over the American continent, as well as different parts of Asia will be there.

Four dead bodies were found this morning in the ruins of the hotel burned last night at Locust Grove. They were those of Jos. W. Pierce, W. Schuchardt, Kate Rafter, (chambermaid) and Louise Cook.

WASHINGTON, 16.—Treasurer Gillfillan is preparing a circular prescribing the regulations under which notes, standard silver dollars and fractional silver will be issued.

The following are the new regulations for the issue of standard silver dollars; they are furnished at the expense of the mint in sums of \$500, or any multiple thereof:

First—Upon the receipt at this office of the original (a duplicate will not do) certificate, issued by any assistant treasurer or National Bank depository, that a deposit of currency has been made to the credit of the Treasurer in the general account. Deposits with the Assistant Treasurer at New York may be made by checks, payable to his order, forwarded directly to him with instructions to deposit the amounts on account of standard silver dollars, and to forward the certificates therefor to the Treasurer.

Second—Upon receipt at this office of United States notes, frac-

tional coins or National bank notes.

Third—Upon receipt and collection of the check on New York, payable to the order of the Treasurer of the United States.

The following are the new regulations for the issue of fractional silver coins:

First—The Treasurer and the Assistant Treasurers will exchange fractional silver coin in sums of \$20 or any multiple thereof for lawful money of the United States on demand of any holder thereof.

Second—The Treasurer will forward fractional coins, at the expense of the Government in return for remittances of fractional currency in sums of \$500 or more.

Third—The Treasurer will forward fractional silver coins in any sums, at the expense of the consignee, upon compliance with the regulations prescribed above for the issue of silver dollars.

Fractional silver coins will be redeemed under the following regulations:

First—The holder of any silver may, on presentation of the same in sums of \$20 or any multiple thereof, at the office of the Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer, receive therefor lawful money of the United States.

Second—Coins for exchange should be put up by denominations, each package marked with the amount it contains.

Third—No coins mutilated so as to be unfit for circulation, will be received.

Fourth—When coins are forwarded to the Treasury by express they should be addressed to the Treasurer of the United States, Washington, D.C.

The vital and social statistics of mining population will form an important feature of the work of the agents to be appointed from the geological parties in the field to gather statistics of the next census, and it is expected that a sufficient number of facts will be developed to indicate the average cost of production in mining industry.

Contracts for headstones for soldiers' graves are awarded to Saml. G. Bridges, of Keokuk, Iowa, and a New York State man. The price of headstones average about \$2.28 each.

Comptroller Porter, of the Treasury Department, says of the National Board of Health, that he is of the opinion that contributions for the support of the people of Memphis in camps is absolutely necessary to prevent the spread of yellow fever into other States. A requisition upon the \$500,000 appropriated by Congress will be honored.

The board of officers appointed to correct certain disputed points in connection with the battle of Chickamauga, will also correct any differences respecting the actual positions of troops in the battle of Stone River, Tennessee.

CHICAGO, 16.—A fire at West Bend, early this morning, destroyed a whole block of brick stores, the main portion of the business street. For want of an engine the citizens were forced to let the fire have its own way. Eleven buildings were destroyed, with contents. Loss about \$40,000; insurance \$8,000.

SARATOGA, 16.—The Tilden men have arrived here in excellent spirits, claiming the anti-Tilden faction were routed and that Robinson has the State committee on a good working majority, and his nomination is a foregone conclusion if he wants.

It is hinted that the Governor may now withdraw for harmonizing purposes and another man substituted, who, while he may be as pronounced in Tilden's interest as Robinson, would let Kelly and Tammany gracefully out of the embarrassment into which they are placed by refusing beforehand to support Robinson. Comptroller Olcott was spoken of as the man most likely to be selected in case Robinson should withdraw.

OMAHA, 16.—The *Republican* has crop reports, showing that wheat is a fair crop, although somewhat damaged in the State. It will yield from six to twenty bushels per acre. Corn is an immense crop, the best ever known here. Small grains are all in good condition.

MEMPHIS, 16.—Dr. W. L. Coleman, of San Antonio, Texas, who was ordered by the National Board of Health to investigate the origin of the fever prevailing in this city, has been quietly at work for a month past. While he is not at liberty to make public the manner in which the germs were introduced, yet his investigations showed that they were imported direct

from the West Indians; and that passed the New Orleans quarantine unchallenged and arrived in this city some time in June.

The Howard Association have 207 nurses attending 193 sick families, 120 of whom are whites, 78 colored. Their expenses daily aggregate \$900.

The total deaths from yellow fever for the week ending 6 o'clock p. m. to-night, is forty-six, to date, 189.

Memphis, 16.—Twenty-one cases in all were reported to the Board of Health to-day, fourteen were colored. No deaths since noon. All the prominent sick are reported doing well to-night.

An experienced yellow fever nurse was telegraphed for to-day to go to Barley Station, Tenn., 20 miles east of Memphis, on the Charleston railroad.

Another case of fever has developed at White Haven, Tennessee, a child of L. A. Gaff, ticket agent.

SAN FRANCISCO, 16.—At Los Angeles to-day, J. D. Lynch and W. A. Spaulding, editors respectively of the *Herald* and the *Express*, engaged in a shooting affray on the street. Several bystanders were wounded, but both belligerents escaped unhurt. The trouble arose from an article in the *Herald* reflecting on Spaulding.

DEADWOOD, D. T., 18.—Captain J. S. Mitchell, lately arrived from Evanston, suicided by shooting last night.

L. F. Whitbeck, local editor of the *Pioneer*, last night shot at a negro, whom he claims had assaulted him. The ball missed the negro and struck F. D. Martin, formerly a wholesale grocer of this city, in the forehead, inflicting a dangerous and probably fatal wound.

WHEELING, Va., 18.—This morning a "run in" occurred between two freight trains on the Band O R.R. at Black Oak, seven miles east of Piedmont, West Va. One train was loaded with grain and the other with stock. The stock train was badly wrecked, the engines being thrown over the bank, killing the engineer, McDonald, of Martinsburg, and seriously injuring the fireman. A large number of cattle, hogs and sheep were killed.

PITTSBURG, 18.—It is reported that 80,000 barrels of oil were burned at Parker, and the total loss is estimated at \$100,000.

NEW YORK, 18.—Specials report all quiet and unchanged at Narragansett, which gives the lawyers and creditors of the Sprague estate the hope that the affair can be compromised some way and the family kept together.

Speaking of the entries to the great six days walking match, the *Sun* says: Yuma, the Indian runner, is uncertain. A letter to his backer, in Los Angeles requesting him to deposit his share of the stake had not been answered.

ATLANTA, 18.—Three of the men who were in the mob that murdered Standing, the Mormon Elder, have been captured and lodged in Whitfield jail. They declare that Standing killed himself, that they or their comrades took him into the woods for the purpose of whipping him, and just as they were about to commence he picked up a pistol and shot himself deliberately in the face. There are witnesses who swear that Clawson, Standing's colleague, confessed that this was the truth, but he now says that he told this at the demand of the conspirators and to save his own life. The murderers will be taken before the court at its next session.

WASHINGTON, 18.—The *Post* contains a long attack upon the State department, based on a letter from Consul Mosby, at Hongkong, dated February 20. Mosby says in the letter that several thousand dollars have been collected at that port since '71 as fees for the examination of Chinese emigrants to the United States, and that this money has not been turned into the Treasury. Mosby asks what he shall do with the money he collects, and intimates that he would like to keep it. The information to be derived from the letter is that Seward, our minister to China, who was consul at Hongkong, has been guilty of peculation in retaining the fees collected on the account mentioned.

FOREIGN.

QUEBEC, 16.—All was quiet during the night except an occasional random pistol shot. The troops are still in the barracks. At noon fighting was resumed by the French attacking Champlain Street from the heights. The attacking party

is said to be in force and well armed.

The Irish in Champlain and Montcalm Wards are prepared to defend their homes and families, and have barricaded, in some instances their houses.

Passengers by the North Shore train from Montreal last night, state the cars were stoned in passing through Stoch, and Bishop Racine, of Hicoulima, and other passengers were slightly injured by missiles.

An old man named Crowley was fatally beaten this afternoon by three men at Cape Blanc. Geraux was killed by boat hooks and stones, and not by a bullet.

In St. Roch's several cases of brutal assault are reported, and the people there have stopped the street cars, as there are a number of English-speaking employees. A young man named Brown was badly beaten.

The first part of Champlain St., leading up to the Coves from the city, is inhabited principally by Irish. Higher up towards Sillery a portion of the street called Cape Blanc is known as the French district. St. Roch's and St. Souveiler are principally French districts, and Montcalm Ward, Irish and French. An estimate of the expense to the city by riot places it at over \$50,000, exclusive of the commercial loss which must ensue.

Rioting and assaults at Cape Blanc continue at intervals, but here is not now much apprehension of another standing fight.

The Ninth battalion called out, composed principally of French Canadians, has been deprived of its arms.

A meeting of members of the old Ship Laborer's Society is called for to-night on Priests' Wharf. The object is to induce the ex-remists in the society to accept the terms desired by the French seceders.

Upper Town is pretty free from trouble, and strangers and business men are not interfered with.

LONDON, 18.—The English officers and Turkish commissioners are still prevented from proceeding with the delimitation of the Bulgarian frontier by the action of the militia. The British consul general has renewed his complaints to the Bulgarian government.

The Austrian Emperor arrives at Vienna on Tuesday and Count Andrassy on Wednesday. The latter will submit his resignation to the Emperor, and name a statesman as his successor qualified to continue his policy. No idea is entertained of reversing the policy pursued in occupying Bosnia and Herzegovina. The Emperor on receiving the above nomination will make known his decision relative to the acceptance of the resignation of Andrassy.

The St. Petersburg police seized several carts conveying barrels of gunpowder, grenades and other explosives to a small chandler's shop in St. Petersburg. A large store of explosives was also found in the shop, and its proprietor is arrested. It is not yet ascertained where the powder was obtained or how it was to be employed.

Eight thousand Albanians are threatening the Serbian frontier.

The Bulgarian government having taken measures for their protection, the commissioners for delimitation of the Bulgarian frontier will be able to resume its labors immediately.

France having refused to authorize ex-Khedive Ismail Pasha to reside in Algier, the Powers have intimated to the Porte they do not object to his living in Constantinople. The Sultan, however, is opposed to having Ismail in his capital.

The report is contradicted that the Pope is seriously indisposed.

The prefect of police at Sophia has been arrested in Pesh for recently mistreating the Italian consul at Widdin.

Local and Other Matters.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, AUG. 18.

TEMPLE ORDINANCES.

The St. George Temple will open for ordinance work on Tuesday, the 2nd of September. All who wish to participate should present themselves properly recommended.

JOHN D. T. MCALLISTER.

Information Wanted.—John Wheadon, of Herriman, Salt Lake County, would like to hear something concerning John William Wheadon, who emigrated from Broadwindsor, Dorsetshire, England,

on the 15th of June, 1878, crossing the Atlantic in the S. S. *Wyoming*. When last heard from he was in Kanosh, Millard County, Utah.

Not Forgotten.—The three imprisoned executors, Elders Cannon Young and Carrington, each received yesterday by express a mammoth fresh trout, packed in ice, sent from Provo, with the compliments and best wishes of P. Maden & Sons.

The brethren also received on Saturday a magnificent floral wreath, made and presented by a lady of this city.

Fire.—About two o'clock this afternoon, the stables of G. G. Bywater and W. D. Williams, 17th Ward, were discovered to be in flames. Dense volumes of smoke arose and a large crowd soon assembled at the scene of the conflagration. The buildings were of frame, and filled with hay, so the progress of the devouring element was rapid. A bucket brigade was early at work and did good service in preventing the spread of the flames, and on the arrival of the fire brigade, the smouldering embers were deluged in water.

The fire was started by a little four year old boy, who was playing with matches. A pig was in one of the stables, but was dragged out unharmed. The total loss will probably aggregate about \$500.

Accidents.—A young man named Jos. Dickman, a resident of the 19th Ward, was severely injured to day at Snell's Quarry, near the Warm Springs. He had drilled a hole, had put in the blast and was tamping in the dirt, when he discovered that the fuse had come out. He then commenced digging out the wadding with a spoon, to put the fuse back in, when the charge, which was of giant powder, exploded, burning him in a terrible manner. His hand was badly shattered and his face was so mutilated that it was thought his eye-sight was destroyed. Dr. Ballou, who is attending the patient, does not think the matter so serious, however, and has hopes of the speedy recovery of his injured charge.

A man named Murphy, who was injured by an explosion in Idaho, about the 5th inst., came down on the U. C. train, Saturday morning, and was conveyed to the hospital for treatment. The upper part of his body is badly burned, but at last accounts he was progressing favorably.

An eight year old son of Brother Isaac Brockbank, received injuries this morning which were for a time considered dangerous. He attempted to jump down some steps leading into the cellar, when he fell face foremost down the ladder, and was picked up insensible. He is all right now.

Mysterious Death.—Yesterday morning, about 6 o'clock, Corover Taylor was waited upon by an officer, who informed him that a dead man had just been found on the sidewalk near the Congregational Church, Third South Street. An inquest was soon after held upon the body of the deceased, when the following particulars and verdict were made known.

The deceased was a German butcher, about 36 or 37 years old, named Valentine Faubel. He has relatives in San Francisco and has been in Salt Lake seven or eight years. When he left his shop, near the Idaho store, on Saturday evening, he is supposed to have had \$30 or \$40 on his person.

Geo. Hawkes testified that he had seen Faubel at 9 o'clock on Saturday night, and that he had several times heard him complain of a severe trouble with his head.

Geo. Beniz saw deceased a little before 11 o'clock on Saturday evening and he seemed all right then. Witness thought he had about \$60 with him. Deceased wanted to see witness early next morning.

Following the introduction of the foregoing testimony a post mortem examination was made by Drs. Thompson and Anderson and the inquest was adjourned till 1 p. m.

There was found upon the person of the deceased a nickel plated five-shooter pistol, two dollars in silver, a knife, seven keys, a silver watch and chain and a gold ring.

At 1 p. m. Dr. Thompson testified that he and Dr. Anderson had opened the body and found no sufficient cause for death, though they thought he died from apoplexy. No bloodvessels were ruptured, but little tubercles were found over the brain. Think apoplexy caused the death of the man,