

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Sub-Committee Favored Gold Plank Which Was Finally Rejected by Committee on Resolutions.

HAS AN ANTI-POLYCAMY PLANK

Favors a Wise and Conservative Revision of the Tariff—For Generous Pensions—Against Ship Subsidies.

St. Louis, July 7.—The sub-committee of the committee on resolutions spent the entire day until 5 o'clock in perfecting the details of the Democratic platform concluding at that hour with the adoption of the gold standard plank. The plank was voted on during the absence of Mr. Bryan and Congressman Williams, and the ballot stood 7 to 3, the affirmative votes being cast by Messrs. Daniel, Hill, Patterson, Hamlin, Cable, Poe and Davis, and the negative votes by Shively and Newlands. The understanding was that if Messrs. Bryan and Williams had been present they would have cast their votes in the negative, thus bringing the opposition to 5. When the plank came before the whole committee the gold plank was rejected.

The taking up of the financial plank by the sub-committee precipitated a sharp debate, in which most of the members participated. Senator Dubois opposed it most vigorously. He admitted that the increase in the production of gold had had the effect of creating a sufficient supply of money for the present needs, but said that the output of the precious metals is so irregular as to render it most uncertain, and argued that, while the present supply may be sufficient to meet the wants of the world, it cannot be relied upon permanently.

He was replied to by Senator Daniels and Senator Hill, who contended that the plank presented recognizes the quantitative theory of money advanced by the Democratic party, and from this point drew the conclusion that the declaration is not inconsistent with former pronouncements on the subject.

Much interest was manifested in the polygamy question, upon which Senator Dubois presented a plank, and while it was discussed at some length, it was in the end accepted without change. It is as follows:

"We demand the extermination of polygamy within the jurisdiction of the United States and the complete separation of church and state in political affairs."

The anti-trust, tariff and other important planks were earnestly debated and liberally amended. But as presented they were generally satisfactory to all the members of the sub-committee. As agreed upon by the sub-committee the text of the platform follows:

TEXT OF PLATFORM.

We, the delegates of the Democratic party of the United States, in national convention assembled, declare our devotion to the essential principles of the Democratic faith which brings us together in party communion.

Under them, local self-government and national unity and prosperity were alike established. They demand our independence, the structure of our free republic and every Democratic extension from Louisiana to California and Texas to Oregon, which preserved faithfully in all the states the tie between taxation and representation. They yet inspire the masses of our people, guarding jealously their rights and liberties and cherishing their fraternity, peace and orderly development.

They remind us of our duties and responsibilities as citizens and impress upon us, particularly at this time, the necessity of reform and the rescue of the administration of government from the headstrong, arbitrary and anarchic methods which distract business by uncertainty and pervade the mind with dread, distrust and perturbation.

The application of these fundamental principles to the living issues of the day constitutes the first step toward the assured peace, safety and progress of our nation. Freedom of the press, of conscience of speech; equality before the law of all citizens; the right of trial by jury; freedom of the person defended by the writ of habeas corpus; liberty of personal contract untrammelled by summary laws; the supremacy of the civil over the military; a well-disciplined militia; the separation of church and state; economy in expenditures; low taxes, that labor may be lightened; the prompt and unswerving fulfillment of his private obligations; fidelity to treaties; peace and friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none; adequate acquiescence in the will of the majority, the vital principle of republics—these are doctrines which democracy has established as the province of the nation, and they should be constantly invoked, preached, resorted to and enforced.

GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES.

First—Large reductions can readily be made in the expenditure of the government without impairing the efficiency of any branch of the public service and we shall insist upon the economy and frugality compatible with vigorous and efficient civil, military and naval administration as a right of the people too clear to be denied or withheld.

HONEST PUBLIC SERVICE.

Second.—The enforcement of honesty in the public service and through legislative investigation of those departments of the government already known to be corrupt, as well as other departments suspected of harboring corruption and the punishment of ascertained corrupt officials without fear or favor or regard to persons. The persistent and deliberate refusal of the senate and house of representatives to permit such investigation to be made by either branch of Congress demonstrates that only by a change in the executive, complete exposure and punishment of corruption be obtained. The government should not permit itself to be robbed by entering into contracts with convicted trusts or interstate trade. We believe that one of the best methods of procuring economy and honesty in the public service is to have public officials return as nearly as may be to Jeffersonian simplicity of living.

A TRAINED MAN FOR PRESIDENT.

Third.—We favor the nomination and election of a president, trained in the ways of the Constitution, who shall place his face sternly against corruption of legislation and judicial functions, whether veiled under the guise of executive construction of existing

laws, or whether it take refuge in the assertion of superior wisdom.

TARIFF QUESTION.

Fourth.—The Democratic party has been and will continue to be the consistent opponent of that class of tariff legislation by which certain individuals have been permitted through congressional favor to draw a heavy tribute from the American people. This monstrous perversion of the equal opportunities which our institutions were established to secure, has caused what may once have been infant industries to become the greatest combinations of capital that the world has ever known. These publicly favored enterprises have been converted into monopolies, thus bringing to an end domestic competition, which was the only check upon the extravagant profits made possible by the protective system. These industrial combinations, by the financial assistance they can give, now control the policy of the Republican party.

WISE REVISION FAVORED.

We favor a wise, conservative and businesslike revision and a gradual reduction of the tariff by the friends of the masses and for the commonwealth, and not by the friends of its abuses, its extortions and its discriminations, keeping in view the ultimate end of "equality of burdens and equality of opportunities," and the constitutional purpose of raising a revenue by taxation, to wit: The support of the federal government in all its integrity and virility and keeping also in view existing conditions, however wrongfully, mistakenly or hastily brought about, and the danger to the cause of tariff reform itself of abrupt reversal of policy.

We should bear in mind, in short, these two things: First, the general principle that the sole deviation of the federal government economically, effectively and constitutionally administered; and, second, the equal truth that in the assertion of any general principle and the righting any ultimate end, however sacred and logically unavoidable, due regard must and should be paid to actually existing conditions.

We favor the reduction of tariff taxation upon trust-produced articles to the point where foreign competition may enter the American market whenever trusts and combines, seeking monopoly, raise their prices to the American consumer above a reasonable and just profit by such reduction, depriving trusts and monopolies of the power to extort from the American people, under shelter of American law, prices higher than those charged foreigners for identical articles.

MONEY QUESTION.

The discoveries of gold within the past few years and the great increase in the production thereof, adding two thousand million dollars to the world's supply, of which seven hundred millions falls to the share of the United States, has contributed to the maintenance of a money standard of value no longer open to question, removing the issue from the field of political contention.

[The committee on resolutions subsequently eliminated this plank.]

PANAMA CANAL.

Our party having long and earnestly advocated the construction of an inter-oceanic canal for the purpose of national defense and commerce between the states and with foreign nations, we favor the early completion of the isthmian canal. But while making this declaration and accepting the results as an accomplished fact, we cannot too forcibly express our disapproval of the methods by which the canal route has been acquired or too solemnly record our hope that this precedent of defiant diplomacy may never be used against us to our humiliation and injury.

TRUSTS AND COMBINES.

We recognize that the gigantic trusts and combinations designed to control capital to secure more than its just share of the just product of capital and labor, and which have been fostered and promoted under Republican rule, are a menace to beneficial competition and an obstacle to permanent prosperity.

We demand the vigorous and impartial enforcement of the laws already made to prevent and control such trusts and combinations, and we favor their further legislation in restraint thereof as experience shows to be necessary.

Corporations chartered by authority of the people must remain forever subject to regulation in the interest of the people.

RIGHTS OF CAPITAL.

A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. We recognize the right of capital in all legitimate lines of enterprise to combine for the increase of business, for enlarging productive capacity and for decreasing the cost of production, but when such combination in its purpose or effect creates or tends to create a monopoly in its production to restrain trade or to stifle competition, to increase cost to the consumer, or to control the market, it violates the spirit of our laws, becomes inimical to the public welfare and peace, should be so regulated, controlled or prohibited by law as to amply protect the public interests.

We demand that the restraint of such illegal combinations be entrusted to the Democratic party, which is not responsible for their existence, and which has ever protested against their continuance.

We condemn the Republican system of legislation under which trust monopolies are enabled to exact higher prices for their manufactured products from our own people than they sell them for abroad.

We demand an enlargement of the powers of the Interstate commerce commission to the end that the traveling public and shippers of this country may have prompt and adequate relief for the abuses they are subjected to in the matter of transportation.

We favor the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine in its full integrity.

We favor a liberal trade treaty with Canada.

REDUCTION OF ARMY.

We favor the reduction of the army and of army expenditure to the point historically demonstrated to be safe and sufficient.

We favor the maintenance and liberal annual increase of the navy as our best defense in our isolated continental condition against a foreign foe, and a source of no possible danger to the liberties of our people.

We favor the enactment and administration of laws giving labor and capital impartially their just rights. Capital and labor ought not to be enemies. Each is necessary to the other. Each has its rights, but the rights of labor are certainly no less "vested," no less

DISCRIMINATING LADIES.

The ladies who have used Newbro's Herpicide speak of it at the highest terms, for its quick effect in cleansing the scalp of dandruff and also for its excellence as a general hair-dressing. It makes the scalp feel fresh and it always takes itching which dandruff will cause. Newbro's Herpicide effectively cures dandruff, as it destroys the germ that causes it. The same germ causes hair to fall out, and later baldness; in killing it, herpicide stops falling hair and prevents baldness. It is also an ideal hair dressing, for it lends an aristocratic charm to the hair that is quite distinctive. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. Z. C. M. I. Drug Co., Special Agents.

"sacred" and no less "inalienable" than the rights of capital.

PROTECTION OF CITIZENS.

We pledge ourselves to insist upon the just and lawful protection of our citizens at home and abroad, and to use all proper measures to secure for them, whether native born or naturalized, without distinction of race or creed the actual protection of laws and the enjoyment of all rights and privileges open to them under the covenants of our treaties of friendship and commerce; and if under existing treaties the right of travel and sojourn is denied to American citizens or recognition is withheld from American passports by any country on the ground of race or creed, we favor the beginning negotiations with the governments of such countries to secure by new treaties the removal of these unjust discriminations.

GENEROUS PENSIONS FAVORED.

The Democracy would secure to the surviving soldiers and sailors and their dependents generous pensions, not by an arbitrary executive order, but by legislation which a grateful people stand ready to enact. Our soldiers and sailors who defend with their lives the Constitution and the laws, have a sacred interest in their just claims. They must, therefore, share with us the humiliation with which we have witnessed the exaltation of court favorites, without distinguished service, over the brave heroes of many battles; or aggrandized by executive appointments out of the treasuries of a prosperous people, in violation of the act of Congress which fixes the compensation and allowances of the military officers.

SHIP SUBSIDY BILL DENOUNCED.

We denounce the ship subsidy bill recently passed by the United States as an iniquitous appropriation of public funds for private purposes and a wasteful, illogical and useless attempt to overcome the subsidy and obstructions raised by Republican legislation to the growth and development of American commerce on the sea. We favor the upbuilding of a merchant marine without the additional burden upon the people and without bounties from the public treasury.

The Democratic party stands committed to the principles of civil service reform and we demand their honest, just and impartial enforcement. We denounce the Republican party for its continuous encroachment upon the spirit and operation of civil service rules, whereby it has arbitrarily dispensed with examinations for office in the interests of favorites and employed all manner of devices to overreach and set aside the principles upon which the civil service was established.

EXTERMINATION OF POLYCAMY.

We demand the extermination of polygamy within the jurisdiction of the United States and the complete separation of church and state in political affairs.

RECLAMATION OF ARID LANDS.

We congratulate our western cities upon the passage of the measure known as the Newlands irrigation act for the irrigation and reclamation of arid lands of the west—a measure framed by a Democrat, passed in the senate by a nonpartisan vote and passed in the house against the opposition of almost all the Republican leaders by a vote, the majority of which was Democratic. We call attention to this great Democratic measure, broad and comprehensive as it is, working automatically throughout all time without further action of Congress, until the reclamation of all the lands in the arid west capable of reclamation is accomplished, reserving the lands reclaimed for homesteaders in small tracts, and rigidly guarding against land monopoly, as an evidence of the policy of domestic development contemplated by the Democratic party, should it be placed in power.

IMPERIALISM.

We favor the preservation, so far as we can, of an open door for the world's commerce in the orient without unnecessary entanglement in oriental and European affairs, and without arbitrary, unlimited, responsible and absolute government anywhere within our realm. We oppose as fervently as did George Washington himself an indefinite, irresponsible, discretionary and vague absolutism and a policy of colonial ex-

ploitation, no matter where or by whom invoked or exercised; we believe, with Thomas Jefferson and John Adams, that no government has a right to make one set of laws for those "at home" and another and a different set of laws, absolute in their character, for those "in the colonies." All men under the American flag are entitled to the protection of the institutions whose emblem the flag is; if they are inherently unfit for those institutions, then they are inherently unfit to be members of the American body politic. Wherever there may exist a people incapable of being governed under American laws, in consonance with the American Constitution the territory of that people ought to be no part of the American domain.

INDEPENDENCE FOR FILIPINOS.

We insist that we ought to do for the Filipinos what we have already done for the Cubans. And it is our intent, and as soon as it can be done wisely and safely for the Filipinos themselves, and after amicable arrangements with them concerning naval stations, coaling stations and trade relations, and upon suitable guarantees of protection to all national and international interests, to settle the people upon their feet, free and independent.

NO "PROMOTERS" WANTED.

The endeavor of the secretary of war, by pledging the government's indorsement for "promoters" in the Philippine Islands, to make the United States a partner in speculative exploitation of the archipelago, which was only temporarily held back by the opposition of Democratic senators in the last session, will, if successful, lead to a permanent entanglement from which it will be difficult to escape.

STATEHOOD FOR TERRITORIES.

We favor statehood for Oklahoma and Indian territory, statehood for Arizona, statehood for New Mexico and a territorial government for Porto Rico.

ELECTION OF SENATORS BY PEOPLE.

We favor the election of United

States senators by a direct vote of the people.

Oil Reservoir Burning.

Lander, Wyo., July 7.—A reservoir of oil belonging to the Belgo-American Drilling trust, is burning, with a heat that makes approach impossible, and is covering the country for miles around with black smoke. Nearby are two other lakes or pools of oil, which contain nearly a half million barrels of oil. Should these take fire, it will cause the loss of over \$5,000,000 worth of oil, machinery, derricks, etc. The wells are gushers, but have been capped, awaiting the building of a railroad by the company for the transportation of the product.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

Excursion To Logan.

Saturday, July 9th, via O. S. L. Round trip \$2.50. Special train leaves S. L. 11:00 a. m., special returning leaves Logan 6:00 p. m. of the 10th.

Strick & Zeldler Pianos.

Are still the admiration of all beholders. BEESLEY MUSIC CO., sole agents.

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS

Mrs. Winkler's SCOTCH WHISKY has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, soothes the gums, always all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cents a bottle.

THE KOLITZ SPECIAL

To Ogden Sunday, July 10.

Leaves Salt Lake 10:00 a. m. Forty-five minutes later you will be in Ogden. The interior of a panoramic delight of grassy meadows, green trees, softly murmuring brooks that bear you swiftly away from business cares. Pay us one dollar for a ticket. We do the rest.

'NEWS' SUBSCRIBERS LEAVING TOWN.

All subscribers of the Deseret News in Salt Lake City, who are leaving town for the summer can have their papers forwarded to their nearest post-office address without extra charge, by notifying the City Circulator of the Deseret News.

Pianos and Organs

Tuned, cleaned or repaired by Mr. Gustave Dinklage, piano-maker. See BEESLEY MUSIC CO. about it, or phone them—either line.

REAL ESTATE MEN wanting deeds, contracts, agreements or other legal blanks, will find the latest forms at the Deseret News Book store.

Glasses 75c

This sign is often displayed on the streets. Don't think because the print looks larger with a pair of them on, that they are what you need. Properly fitted glasses do not magnify. We guarantee a fit. Examination free.

UTAH OPTICAL CO., 237 Main Street.

Clearance Sale

The Best Goods and the Lowest Prices Ever Given to The Salt Lake People.

Outing Suits.

Reductions on Clothing, Outing Suits consisting of Coat and Trousers.

\$5.00 Suits	\$3.50
at	
\$6.00 Suits	\$4.00
at	
\$7.50 Suits	\$5.00
at	
\$8.00 Suits	\$6.00
at	
\$10.00 Suits	\$7.00
at	
\$12.00 Suits	\$8.00
at	
\$15.00 Suits	\$11.00
at	
\$18.00 Suits	\$13.00
at	

1/4 Off on all OUTING TROUSERS.

1/4 Off on all Wash Vests, plain white and evening dress vests only excluded.

1/4 Off on all House Coats and bath robes.

Evening Dress Clothes excluded.

Regular Suits

Regular Suits, Coat, Vest and Pants.

\$10.00 Suits	\$7.50
at	
\$12.00 Suits	\$8.00
at	
\$15.00 Suits	\$11.00
at	
\$18.00 Suits	\$13.00
at	
\$20.00 Suits	\$15.00
at	
\$22.00 Suits	\$16.50
at	
\$25.00 Suits	\$18.00
at	
\$30.00 Suits	\$20.00
at	

Broken lots in suits. We have arranged these by themselves and will sell them at HALF PRICE.

1/4 Off regular price on all Extra Trousers.

1/4 Off regular price on all Walking Sticks.

1/4 Off regular price on all Umbrellas.

Negligee Shirts.

Plain White only excluded.

\$1.25 Shirts	85c
at	
\$1.50 Shirts	\$1.10
at	
\$1.75 Shirts	\$1.25
at	
\$2.00 Shirts	\$1.50
at	
\$2.50 Shirts	\$1.75
at	
\$3.00 Shirts	\$2.25
at	
\$3.50 Shirts	\$2.75
at	

1/4 Off on all Underwear, except Linen Mesh and Stuttgarter.

1/4 Off regular price on all Belts.

1/4 Off regular price on all Nightshirts.

1/4 Off on all Half Hose, silk hose only excepted.

1/4 Off regular price on all Caps.

Neckwear.

All 50c Neckwear

40c	
at	
All 75c Neckwear	50c
at	
All \$1.00 Neckwear	75c
at	
All \$1.50 Neckwear	\$1.00
at	

Gloves.

\$1.25 Gloves

90c	
at	
\$1.50 Gloves	\$1.15
at	
\$1.75 Gloves	\$1.25
at	
\$2.00 Gloves	\$1.50
at	
\$2.50 Gloves	\$2.00
at	

White Dress Gloves only reserved.

Carpenter's Aprons, Cook's Caps, Waiters and Bar Coats at HALF PRICE.

Top Coats.

\$10.00 Overcoats at

\$7.50	
\$12.00 Overcoats at	\$8.00
\$15.00 Overcoats at	\$11.00
\$18.00 Overcoats at	\$13.00
\$20.00 Overcoats at	\$15.00
\$25.00 Overcoats at	\$18.00

Straw Hats.

All Straw Hats at—

HALF PRICE.

One lot rough Straw that sold up to \$1.00, each

25c

Any \$3.00 Hat in the house

\$2.15

Any \$5.00 Hat, Stetson and Youman's excepted, for

\$3.50

The Greatest Money Saving Opportunity You Will Have. It is to Your Interest To Improve It. All This Season's Goods.

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