The business world here is very skaky. Real estate men are in a sad plight. The banks have absolutely refused to trade with them. The large number of heavy failures recently is causing a decided ner-yousness in commerce. Money is short. One can't tell what a day may bring forth. A panic such as those of 1873 or of 1877 coming in 1890 would mean almost a French revolution. Working men are desperate. Anarchists, socialists and communists are numerous. Capitalists are arbitrary, arrogant, purse proud and domineering. Elections are teconing a farce. Gamblers, ginsellers and pimps are judges of elections and have the disposal of the franchise in their hands. These are plain truths and patent to the most superficial observers. The Chicago Tribune to-day publishes a list of candidates nominated and sure to be elected to the Illinois Legislature, all of whom are gamblers, thicves, and ex-con-victs. This is disheartening, but out of it may yet come good. JUNIUS.

PLATFORM OF THE INDEPENDENT WORKINGMEN.

At the rally of the Independent Workingmen's Party, held in the Federal court room September 12th, the following platform was adopted:

1-As workingmen we recognize the necessity of self-protection, and resolve ourselves into a permanent organiza-tion with this as our primary object. We have had innumerable proofs that the cause of labor can only be advanced by the organized efforts of those who live by their honest toil.

2—That the workingman must, in order to secure recognition, recognize

and realize his own power as a sovereign eitizen, aud we hereby announce to all that this power will not be bartered for the empty promises of aspir-

ing politicians.

3—That Utah work shall go to Utah workmen, and that we recognize as Utah workmen all those, no matter from whither they have come, who have come amongst us to make this Territory their home.
4—That as factors in the body polit-

ic, we are prepared to assume our portion of the responsibility in the conduct of public affairs.

5—That we commend and pledge ourselves to support and maintain iny honorable policy which will protect our citizens against foreign labor. And we shall insist upon such tariff legislation and the rigid enforcement of existing laws against the importation of contract labor as will insure such protection. We pledgeourselves to such measures as will promote the dignity of labor and the elevation of the laboring classes, and secure to then such compensation for their la-bor as will enable them to secure homes for their families and to edu-cate their children. We favor a re-duction in the hours of labor, and shall forever work for the execution of pro-visions tonehing the settlement of dif-terences between capital and labor by arbitration.

6—That fidelity to the laws of our country and the Territory shall be at all times imperative, and it shall be the duty and object of this political body to enforce a strict observance of the same. Patriotism is the first element that constitutes a passport to the

privileges and rights of American citizenship, and should always dwell

m the hearts of the American people.
7—That the election laws of this country, which were intended and framed for a just and honest purpose, bave been manipulated by political schemers who, to gratify their lust for schemers who, to gratify their lust for office, have prostituted the laws of the land to such an extent that an honest votor is at a loss to know when he is or when he is not a citizen of this glorious country.

8—That owing to the imperfection and misapplication of our present election system, and owing to the adoption by many of the most progressive States in the Union, we declare ourselves in favor of the Australian ballot system.

tralian ballot system.

9—We demand that registrars or judges of election shall not be eligible to be elected to any office within thet gift of the people at the election for which they are judges or regist-

10-That the numbers, wealth, social and educational standing aud in-dependence of the citizens of this Territory fully entitle them to look forward to the early admission of Utah as a Sovereign State.

11—We believe that the education of

the young should be free, and obliga-tory upon the State; that a knowledge of the common school branches of the common school branches should be a requisite for the exercise of the franchise. We approve the compulsory clause of the educational law passed by the last Legislature, but insist that no child under the age of ten be allowed to work in the stores, fortexing workshops mines or a new control of the common control of the control o factories, workshops, mines or at any other kind of labor, and that between the ages of ten and fourteen they should be required to attend school at least three days in each school week.
12.—That the legislative assembly of

this Territory should pass an appro-priate apprentice law in order that the male children of Utah may be taught

male children of Utah may be taught to become skilled mechanics in the different trades and occupations.

13—We favor the enactment of such laws by our Federal government as shall place silver on a par with gold and make it a full standard for all debis, but public and private, and such laws as will encourage the development of our mines and the better projection of our mines and the better projection of our mines and agricultations. tection of our mineral and agricul-tural lands to bona fide eitizens, and against the holding of either mines or laud by an alieu or an alien corpora-

tion.
14—For the protection of our manu-14—For the protection of our manufacturers, who have been barrassed by competition with the product of convict labor, imported here to the great detriment of manufacturing enterprise of this Territory, for which it is well adapted, we demand that the legislature of this Territory enact such laws as will best save the interests of the large numbers engaged in such the large numbers engaged in such

landable pursuits.

15—We also favor the enactment of such laws by our legislature as will secure to the farmer, a fair and equitable return for the product of bis labor and lighten the burden which has bandicapped this greatest of all industries.

As a part of the remaining business of the meeting, the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That we censure the Utah Commission for its mal-administration

in their own social condition and government. We therefore denounce as un-American and as opposed to the genius of our institutions all attempts to disfranchise men for their alleged beliefs or opinions.

Resolved, That widows' property, personal and real, to the amount of \$2000, should be exempt from taxa-

tion.

## BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Mr. P. L. Williams presided at the meeting of the school board on Thursday evening, September 11th, Mayor Scott being absent.

Mr. Pyper presented an applica-tion from Thomas McIntyre to teach the musical department of the Twenty-first Ward, which was re-ferred to the committee on employ-

ment of teachers.

Mr. Armstrong submitted a query in regard to school supplies. He wanted to know just what the duties of the committee on school supplies were. He thought there might be a conflict between that committee and the committee on general supplies. It was the gener-al opinion that this question would right itself.

A slight amendment was made to rule 5, in reference to the purchase

of supplies.

Mr. Colbath, from the committee on employment of teachers, recommended the employment of Miss Emily Batt, who had passed a most creditable examination. The recommendation was adopted.

Emily Batt, who had passed a most creditable examination. The recommendation was adopted.

First Ward: Alta Westbrook, grades 3 and 4; salary, \$75.

Second Ward: Ada Van Woimer, grades 6 and 7; sa'ary, \$90. Atthea Wheeler grades 1 and 2; salary, \$00.

Third Ward: A. C. Watt, grades 1 and 5; salary, \$00.

Fourth Ward: Lucy M. Van Cott, grades 1 and 2; salary, \$65.

Fifth Ward: D. W. Stafford, grades 6 and 7; salary, \$100.

Sixth Ward: Lloyd Porter, grades 6 and 7; salary, \$100.

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Enght Ward: A. S. Martin, grades 7 and 8; salary, \$10.

Eighth Ward: A. S. Martin, grades 7 and 6; salary, \$75.

Edith Woodmansee, grades, 3 and 4; salary, \$50.

Mrs. T. W. Bilss, grade 1; salary, \$75, and Bossic kimball, grade 2; salary, \$50.

Eighth Ward: M. D. Bowen, grades 5 and 6; salary, \$10.

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Eighth Ward: M. D. Bowen, grades 5 and 6; salary, \$50.

Tenth Ward: G. N. McKay, grades 7 and 8; salary, \$25.

Eleventh Ward: W. F. Jamison, grades 3 and 4; salary, \$75.

Eighth Ward: W. F. Jamison, grades 5 and 6; salary, \$10.

Itathe Lovis, grades 3 and 4; salary, \$75.

Mrs. G. N. McKay, grades 7 and 8; salary, \$10.

Itathe Lovis, grades 3 and 4; salary, \$10.

Twelfith Ward: W. F. Jamison, grades 5 and 6; salary, \$10.

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Thirteenth Ward: O. H. Avoy, grades 7 and 8; salary, \$20.

Thriteenth Ward: S. B. Work, grades 4 and 5; salary, \$20.

Thriteenth Ward: S. B. Work, grades 4 and 5; salary, \$30.

Lillie Guin, grades 3 and 4; salary, \$30.

Link Hempsted, grades 5 and 6; salary, \$30.

Lizzie Keim, grades 6 and 6; salary, \$30.

Lizzie Keim, grades 1 and 2; salary, \$30.

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Fifteenth Ward: E. S. Halleck, grade 6; salary, \$125. Many Berkley, grade 7; salary, \$75. H. G. Webb, grades 5 and 6; salary, \$75. Nettle Libby. grades 3 and 4; salary, \$60. Eva Lloyd, grades 2 and 3; salary, \$60. Vickie Clayton, grades 1 and 2; salary,

\$50. Sixteenth Ward: William Bradford,