

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

OMAHA, Sept. 8.—The attendance at the G. A. R. reunion was fully 20,000. At 3 p. m. there was a fine artillery drill by Battery Five, Second United States Artillery, under Colonel Woodruff, of Leavenworth. In the evening, there took place on Cut-Off Lake, a sham battle between the *Monitor* and *Merrimac* and running the blockade at Vicksburg. A man on board the *Carondelet* was badly burned by the premature explosion of powder.

JERSEY CITY, N. Y., Sept. 8.—The examination in the case of Henry Pointdexter, Pullman car porter arrested for abducting the three children of Mrs. Mary E. Ford, of Locust Valley, California, last Wednesday, was resumed this morning.

MRS. FORD

was the first witness. She testified she had lived in Locust Valley for the last 10 years, and that she and her husband kept a boarding house. They frequently had 150 boarders. She owned the house and about four or five acres of land surrounding it, upon which was 35 huts that they leased to miners. On August 19th she started for San Francisco en route to New York. For three days she boarded with a man named Wheeler, who lived in San Francisco a few blocks from the depot. On August 23d she left with her three children and baggage for New York. Mrs. Ford then related the principal incidents that occurred on the road, until she arrived at Pittsburgh. At that point Pointdexter was in charge of the car. He was very kind to her and did many little favors for

THE CHILDREN.

She was sure he was the man she left the children with in Steup's restaurant.

Mrs. Mary Kenney, with whom Mrs. Ford is stopping, testified she was present when Pointdexter was identified. "I had Mrs. Ford's arm," witness said, "and as soon as she saw Pointdexter she trembled violently. She said to him, 'You are the man who was with me on the car,' and he replied, 'Yes,' but quickly contradicted himself."

The case was adjourned till next Wednesday for a further hearing.

MONTRÉAL, Canada, Sept. 8.—The grand jury found a true bill against "Boodler" McGaricle, Detective Pinkerton and Col. Hickey, of Chicago, this morning. The charge was at the instance of James Baxter. A petition for a

BENCH WARRANT

to have McGaricle appear before the present session of court is now being prepared.

ROTTERDAM, Sept. 8.—Nieuwenhuis, the socialist agitator was tendered a reception last night by the socialists of this city. A crowd stoned the building in which the reception was held and tore down and burned the socialist flag. Several men forced their entrance into the house and made a general wreck of the furniture. The socialists fled through the back door. The police charged on the mob and succeeded in dispersing it. Quiet was not restored until midnight.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—A sensation was created to-night by the announcement that

ED. McDONALD,

the convicted "boodler," had made a daring and almost successful attempt to escape from the county jail. Two weeks ago, it appears, a woman visitor brought McDonald a fine coil of rope. He reached the roof through the ventilator and lowered himself to the yard, where he was walking boldly out when by a mere accident he was noticed and seized. The matter has been kept extremely quiet by the sheriff's officers.

Officials at the jail this evening claim that the story of the attempted escape is without foundation.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—A will was filed in the supreme court to-day to break the will of the late Judge T. Lyle Dickey. According to the will, Mrs. Beulah C. Dickey, second wife, was bequeathed the entire estate. The complainants are Judge Dickey's children, all of whom were by the first wife. They are: John J. Dickey, of Omaha; Martha A. Wallace, of Ottawa, Illinois; Charles P. Dickey, of Holku, Hawaiian Islands and Victoria B. Wallace of the same place. The court is asked to carry out the intention of deceased, which is declared to be that the widow receive one-third of the estate. It is claimed that Mrs. Dickey compelled her husband to make a will ignoring his children. The startling charge is made that when the judge was on his death bed he begged the presence of a lawyer for the purpose of making a new will. The boon was denied, and it is charged that pending the death of the aged judge, his wife would allow no one to see him but herself.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—The Guion steamer *Wisconsin* landed to-day 418 Mormon passengers, all of whom leave to-night for Utah. They are in charge of Jno. Isaacs, of Utah, who has brought over three like parties before. In the present party are 171 English, 107 Scandinavians, and a small number of Germans.

An effort was made by the daughter, formerly living at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, to induce her mother to visit her before going west, but Mr. Barnes, the husband, objected, so that the efforts of a devoted daughter and several clergymen proved unavailing.

GREENVILLE, Sept. 8.—The general council of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in the United States and Canada convened here to-day. This council promises to be of more than ordinary interest. Representatives are either here or on the way from every synod of that part of the church known as the General Council of the Lutherans, except the Michigan synod, which has not yet been heard from. This is the supreme body of this branch of the church in America.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The trades union congress has passed a resolution pledging the various unionists to begin agitation in favor of decreasing the hours of labor to eight hours per day and to make Saturday a full holiday. It was contended by the delegates that the 700,000 men out of employment would be able to get work if this rule were put in force.

Sir James Ferguson, parliamentary secretary to the foreign office, announced in the House of Commons to-day that the government had received advices that the Germans had deposed the King of Samoa and that the English and American consuls at Apia had protested against the action of the Germans.

DUBLIN, Sept. 8.—At the special meeting of the Irish Privy Council to-day it was decided to have

O'BRIEN ARRESTED

if he does not appear before the court at Mitchelstown to-morrow in answer to the summons served upon him. Messrs. Labouchere, Dillon and other members of Parliament will proceed to Mitchelstown to-morrow.

The Glasgow magistrates have sentenced Mr. Hayden, editor of the *West Meath Examiner*, to three months' imprisonment for obstructing the police during the recent evictions.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The government has assented to the granting of a subsidy of £45,000 yearly to the Canadian Pacific Railway, for carrying mails to and from the east.

BERLIN, Sept. 9.—The *North German Gazette* indicates that Prince Bismarck's reply to the Porte's note, contained his refusal to mediate between Turkey and Bulgaria, which is Prussia's office.

SOFIA, Sept. 8.—The state of siege has been raised. Prince Ferdinand has conferred upon the ex-regents, M. Stambuloff, M. Sitkoff and Colonel Mullkuroff, the decoration of the order of bravery.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8.—At a meeting of the capitalists in this city to-day, who were largely interested in the Chinese syndicate, it was resolved to pay no attention to the published statements concerning the past escapades of Count Mtkiewicz. He is not, they state, to handle a penny of the money and he will be paid for his services in the matter at whatever value they may be placed. Publications concerning the count, it is declared, will not retard the progress of the scheme.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 8.—A special to the *Sentinel*, from Marquette, Mich., says: "Word has been received here of the foundering of the schooner *Niagara*, consort of the steamer *Raleigh*, six miles northeast of White Fish Point, Lake Superior, in yesterday's gale. She was commanded by Captain Clements, and was ore-laden from Ashland to Ashabula. Her crew of ten men was lost, and the captain's family is also reported to have been aboard. Owing to poor wires, and the fact that there are no survivors, the details are hard to get.

Captain Dolos Waite, of the steamer *Idaho*, just arrived, reports passing

THE WRECK

of the *Niagara* at 11:30 a. m. to-day. She lies off White Fish Point, five miles from shore. Her mizenmast just reaches above the water.

Captain Waite saw no traces of the ill-fated crew. The *United Empire* arrived at Saulte during the day and the captain reported it was the worst sea he ever experienced. Captain Waite thinks that, in addition to the crew of the *Niagara*, there were a number of ladies aboard her, and all must have perished. The gale was one of the worst on the lake for years, the wind reached a velocity of 60 mile per hour. There is no way of ascertaining the names of the lost to-night.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Robert Louis Stevenson, English romancer, and author of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," is at the Victoria Hotel, having arrived to-day from England. He is traveling for his health and will spend the winter in Indianapolis where Mrs. Stevenson was born, and will then continue across the continent to California and thence to Australia.

OTTAWA, Ills., Sept. 9.—The supreme court met at 9 this morning. Nothing relative to the anarchists was done. The court is hearing arguments on the call of the docket.

MUSKOGEE, Indian Territory, Sept. 9.—The Creek national election for chief, second chief and members of the houses of kings and warriors, occurred Tuesday. Returns come in slowly, but so far indicate the election of Legus Perryman, of Tulsa, as chief over Joe Perryman, the present incumbent. Legus Perryman presents the sale of Oklahoma. He is a man of good ability, fine education, has been a delegate to Washington and enjoys the confidence of his people. The election went off quietly and but one political shooting occurred.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 9.—The casting of the stern of the new United States cruiser *Charleston*, now building here, has been successfully accom-

plished. The steel stern post was cast June 22, but the casting of the stern was a greater feat, the stern weighing fully sixteen thousand pounds. It is said to be the largest casting ever made on the continent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 9.—To-day is a legal holiday in California, being the thirty-seventh anniversary of the admission of California into the Union. Business is almost entirely suspended throughout the state and celebrations are being held in all the large cities.

DUBLIN, Sept. 9.—At Mitchelstown, where the case of the government against Wm. O'Brien, under the coercion act, was to have been tried to-day, the courtroom was crowded all day with civilians, police and soldiers. O'Brien did not appear in court to answer to the summons. Service of the summons was proven and the judge granted a warrant for O'Brien's arrest.

An open-air indignation meeting was subsequently held. Henry Labouchere and others made speeches denouncing the government for its course in regard to Ireland.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 9.—The department of customs has been apprised of a trick which has just been played on the American authorities by the captain of the *Alfred Adams*, a British Columbia sailing schooner. The *Adams* was seized in Behring's Sea last month by the United States revenue cutter *Rush*, and her scalps and fishing tackle taken away. A prize crew was put on board and the captain was ordered to navigate the schooner to Sitka. The captain seemingly obeyed for a time, but after having parted company with the *Rush*, coolly headed the *Adams* for Victoria, B. C., where she arrived a few days ago. The prize crew could do nothing to compel the captain to proceed to Sitka, as it is understood to have consisted of only two men and the crew of the *Adams* not having been removed, was too strong for them.

DUBLIN, Sept. 9.—Dr. Kane, grand master of the order of Orangermen, recently wrote to Gladstone asking him to state whether in his future proposals for home rule, the representatives of Ireland as an integral part of the kingdom would be retained in the Imperial Parliament. To this Gladstone has replied that the subject of the exclusion of Irish members from the Imperial Parliament is not involved in the question of home rule for Ireland.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 9.—Ross, the negro murderer of Emily Brown (white), was hanged this afternoon. He went to the gallows singing a hymn.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 9.—This afternoon, in a crowded restaurant, Fred Knight, aged 35, a wonder of hitherto good reputation, met Miss Ida Wallace, a young woman whose conduct has made her a subject of scandal. Without any warning and during a commonplace conversation, he drew a revolver and shot Ida in the right ear. She fell unconscious, and the horrified spectators allowed Knight to walk out with the smoking revolver in his hand. He went directly to the police station and surrendered. He coolly stated that he shot the girl because she had given him a disease which he communicated to his wife, causing her death. The deceased, Mrs. Knight, left her husband a few months before her death and having no friends, went to the county almshouse and died, it is said, of a loathsome malady. She was very well behaved and respectable. Ida Wallace is unconscious. The physicians say she will die.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Sept. 9.—After having made an exhaustive examination of all the clues concerning the mysterious disappearance of Mrs. Mary E. Ford's three children, the police have reached the conclusion that they sailed on the Red Star Line steamer *Bengenland* with the German woman who came through with Mrs. Ford on the train from California. Chief of Police Murphy has ascertained that the woman's name is Fort, and that her husband is an officer in the United States navy, on leave of absence for three months. Mrs. Fort accompanied her husband, who is going to look after some property that he recently inherited in France. The *Bengenland* is expected to arrive at Antwerp to-day, and Chief Murphy has telegraphed to the United States consul there to look for the children.

DUBLIN, Sept. 9.—A conflict occurred at the meeting which was held at Market Square. The police were attempting to protect the government stenographer, when a fight took place. The crowd repulsed the police, sixty in number, several of whom were struck with sticks and stones, and several injured. The police obtained reinforcements and returned to the scene, and fired six shots. Two men were instantly killed, and several others wounded. The rioters dispersed, but threaten to re-gather.

THE MEETING

In Market Square was attended by many persons. Dillon, Labouchere, John Ellis, Gill, Condon, and O'Hae were present. The government reporter was escorted by the police, who tried to push to the front. The crowd resisted them with sticks and stones. The police then made a charge against the crowd, who were repulsed by men on horseback. Condon tried to pacify the crowd. Dillon advised them to treat the police with silent contempt, because home rule was nearly won, and then the Irish forces would be under the control of the people instead of in the hands of their enemies. The row was renewed,

however, and reinforcements of police, who had been driven up from the barracks, fired into the crowd. One man

WAS KILLED

and several others wounded. One of the wounded has since died. The police next charged and dispersed the crowd. Labouchere was a witness of the whole scene from his carriage. He asked Magistrate Seagrave if the meeting might be held elsewhere without molestation. Seagrave replied that the meeting might be held anywhere outside of town. Then a constable came up and spoke to Seagrave. The latter at once corrected himself, declining to allow the meeting anywhere. Seagrave was in the hotel when the police fired. It is not known who ordered them to fire.

Dillon, Father O'Callaghan and Father O'Connell followed the police, and entered the barracks with them. The priests were put out. Dillon was inside during the firing. He says much

CONFUSION PREVAILED,

nobody seemed in command. Babouchere arrived later and asked the inspector to ascertain who fired. The inspector refused to make any such inquiry. A youth has been found who says he can identify the constable who killed Riordan. Dr. Fenton expresses the opinion that Riordan was not killed by a bullet, but by a blow on the head with the muzzle of a carbine.

LONDON, Sept. 9.—Sir James Ferguson, parliamentary secretary for the foreign office, replying to Gourley, in the Commons to-day, said the government had no information with reference to the seizure of the *Pathfinder*, by the American government, but unless she was engaged in fishing within three miles of the coast of Alaska, she was not liable to lawful seizure. The report stated that seven vessels in all had been seized. The American government ordered no more vessels to be seized, pending judicial proceedings, and that the vessels and persons already seized be discharged, reserving all questions involved for the negotiations at Washington. He was not prepared to state what course the government wanted to take in dealing with the Alaskan fishery question.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 9.—Thos. G. Jones, colonel of the Second Alabama regiment, forwarded by express to the Governor of Connecticut, so as to reach Hartford to-day, the battle-flag of the Sixteenth Connecticut Volunteers. It was captured at Plymouth, North Carolina, April, 1864, by a member of the Montgomery True Blues, which was reorganized and is now one of the companies in Col. Jones' regiment. In his letter the colonel says the flag is returned because of the indisposition to retain a memento of triumph of brethren over brethren.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 9.—The British ship *Hahnemann* has arrived here from New South Wales, having touched at Pitcairn Island July 25th, where the mutinous crew of the British ship *Bounty* sought refuge in 1790. The population of the island has increased to 107, of whom 57 are women. Only three deaths have occurred in the past three years. The ship brought a number of letters from the islanders, mailed to friends in England.

OMAHA, Sept. 9.—The Veteran Fire men, numbering 150, who arrived here last night with Cappa's Seventh New York Regiment Band, paraded the streets to-day, accompanied by the Veteran Firemen of the Council Bluffs and Omaha fire departments, with their apparatus and several bands. This evening Cappa's band gave a concert in Exposition Hall. The New Yorkers received a great ovation in Omaha. They left for San Francisco to-night by special train at 11 o'clock.

OMAHA, Sept. 9.—The seventh annual competition of selected riflemen of the regular army, division of the Missouri, closed to-day. Gold medals were awarded and presented by Gen. Crook to Corporal Peterson and Sergeants Palmer and Mitchell (for both known distance and skirmish), Private Feeney, Lieutenant Malcomb, Sergeants Unger, Crow, Wood, and Randall, Corporal Kelly, and Private Miller. Known distance scores show an average of 70.55 hits, and skirmish scores an average of 50.91.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—Ex-Congressman Albert Gallatin Talbott, of Kentucky, died from heart failure this morning. Mr. Talbott formerly took an active interest in Kentucky politics, and represented that state in Congress from 1855 to 1879. He was a native of Kentucky.

WARSAW, Ind., Sept. 9.—Elijah Hayes and wife, of Warsaw, have donated to the Methodist Board of Missions property valued at \$130,000. This comprises their entire possessions, they reserving but a small annuity.

St. Louis, Sept. 9.—The St. Louis Typographical Union, jointly with the Pressmen's Union have notified the employing printers of this city that after November 1st, nine hours shall constitute a day's work and eight hours on Saturday, and that wages shall remain unchanged. Employers held a meeting to-night and adopted resolutions declaring the demand unjust and that it should be firmly resisted.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The Brooklyn *Standard-Union*, this evening, publishes a long statement by one whose name is not given. It professes to show that Dr. McGlynn was condemned and dismissed from the priesthood without a hearing. It is asserted than an

ELABORATE DEFENSE

was prepared and forwarded to Cardinal Gibbons when he was at Rome; but, the narrator goes on to say that Cardinal Gibbons and Bishop Keane were very much interested in carrying through the project of the Catholic University, and that the cardinal was willing to help Cardinal Simeoni out of his McGlynn dilemma, in order to forward the chances of the university, suppressed McGlynn's defense entirely and let the case go to hearing *pro confesso*. The authority quoted adds that Bishop Spanning of Peoria originated the idea of the university and secured a nucleus of \$300,000 for it, in the donation of Miss Caldwell of New York; that, finding that Bishop Spanning had been ignored in the arrangements for it, she withdrew the gift, and that she has not yet restored it, though she has been indirectly threatened with a suit for the money.

THE STORY ADDS

that Bishop Moore of Florida, who has McGlynn's cause, has written the facts of the suppression to Rome and that it is very probable that the cause will be re-opened. Moreover, it is stated that Cardinal Gibbons says he suppressed the case, believing he was acting for the best, but that he now sees a great injury was done McGlynn and he will do all he can to repair it. About this publication, Dr. McGlynn to-night said that it is substantially correct.

DELUTH, Minn., Sept. 9.—The steamer *Spokane* has arrived at Two Harbors and reports that she passed the big schooner *David Dows*, of Toledo, adrift in the gale of Tuesday and Wednesday, and that the vessel has not been seen since. It is feared that she

HAS FOUNDERED

with all hands, some fifteen souls. The *Dows* was the largest schooner on the lakes. She was owned by David Carrington, of Toledo, and valued at \$60,000.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 9.—The family of Captain Clemens, of the lost schooner *Niagara*, were not on the ill-fated vessel. They are safe at home in this city. It is therefore probable that only ten persons lost their lives, the captain, two mates, Macbeth and Quinn, the cook and six sailors.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Thomas Kelly, Michael Crowe and another man named Walters, were

BURIED ALIVE

this evening in the new aqueduct at North Yonkers. The earth above caved in on them. They lie under 1200 feet of earth and there is possibly a chance of their having escaped instant death.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 9.—Fishing vessels arriving from the Grand Banks suffered terribly in the great storm of the 3d inst.

Captain Nelson, of the American schooner *Mabel Kenniston*, boarded the wreck of the vessel called the *Ocean Bride*, and was horrified to find her crew lying dead in the cabin. One dead body tied to a rope was floating by the side of the wreck. The American schooner *Nellie Woodbury* lost six men. They

WERE DROWNED

in sight of his vessel. The captain cut a cable in his endeavors to save the men, but succeeded in rescuing only one man. Another American schooner reported the loss of two men. All incoming vessels reported the gale as frightful and said that when all the reports are in the loss of life and property will be found to be enormous.

LEXINGTON, Mo., Sept. 7.—The great church scandal at Odessa was finally closed last night, the congregation voting as to the pastor's guilt. An almost unanimous vote declared the pastor guilty of having seduced Miss Nellie McHatton, leader of his church choir.

CRETE, Neb., Sept. 7.—A railroad man while drunk sat on the railroad track west of Deuton this morning, and was struck by the Denver through freight, and fatally injured. He is unconscious, and no one seems to know his name.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The Austrian consul at Bombay reports that 3,323 deaths from cholera occurred in Oude during last May.

PARIS, Sept. 10.—The French Consul at Rustchuk has been recalled, his life having been threatened.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The *Times* says the blood of the Mitchelstown victims is on the heads of Messrs. O'Brien, Davitt and Labouchere, whose inflammatory and cynical language drove the men against the muzzles of the rifles. This teaches the people that although their leaders have amusement and profit, the people pay for it with their lives.

The *Standard*: "The spectacle at Mitchelstown will convince Messrs. Labouchere and Brunner of the goal whereto their steps tend before it is too late, or they will be held guilty for the suffering which otherwise ensues."

The *News* this morning says: "Coercion was not long in bearing its bitter fruits. The government meant to provoke bloodshed in Ireland. Blood has been shed in perfect wantonness and the butchery is its most revolting feature."

The *Post* says: "The Mitchelstown affair shows the necessity for the full application of the crimes act to prevent such meetings altogether."

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The government have issued an urgent whip to their supporters to attend the sitting of the