

## COMMERCIAL WAR WITH RUSSIA.

Count Cassini Thinks There is  
Small Prospect of One.

AMERICA WOULD BE LOSER.

He Goes to St. Petersburg, Where  
He Will Do What He Can to  
Straighten Matters.

New York, June 25.—Before sailing for Russia on the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Count Arthur Cassini, the Russian ambassador in this country, said some interesting things about the tariff trouble between the United States and Russia. He said that the first thing he intended doing on his arrival in St. Petersburg was to see M. De Witte, the Russian minister of finance about it. He did not think that Russia, in reprisal for our duties on Russian petroleum, would impose a high duty on agricultural machinery of American manufacture.

"The diplomatic relations," he said, "between Russia and America are of the most friendly nature, and this so-called conflict between them on account of the tariff is an exceedingly small matter and will no doubt be settled within a very short time and satisfactorily to both countries."

"It is part of my duty to clear away any clouds of misunderstanding between the two countries and there is absolutely no danger that the present cordial relations will be disturbed by the tariff business. It is a very small matter, but to be perfectly frank, the agitation was started on this side of the water and I shall do all I can to straighten out the trouble."

The Russian minister of finance declared that Russia did not pay any duty on her sugar and it was said here that the question left one in doubt as to the benefit of the tariff. "You look at the benefit of the tariff," he said, "it is a rather questionable matter for should there be a commercial war—which is all that is at stake—the United States and Russia—this country would be the loser, as the Russian exports to these shores amount to annually only \$3,000,000, while the United States sends millions of dollars worth of her products to Russia every year. The volume of trade is increasing every year, and it is only beginning to grow on Russian soil, so you see what I mean when I say that Americans would be the losers by a commercial war."

"Of course, Russia, if hard pushed, could get her goods from Germany, but this would surely not be desirable to Americans; and another thing—our trade rights belong to this country. As I said before the trouble does not amount to much and with such men as Secy. Gage at the helm the matter will be straightened out and it is to be deplored that such a thing has happened at this time."

"The relations between both countries are very cordial and no better testimonial of this can be had than the fact that at the policy each country adopted in relation to the recent trouble in China. Both are almost alike. I do not think that there is any danger of Russia imposing prohibitive taxes on any agricultural machinery coming from these shores but America should meet us half way in this affair and especially so in view of the incalculable benefits American industries will reap from the opening of the Siberian railway."

Count Cassini on his arrival on the other side will first go to Paris, and spend a month there with his adopted daughter, the Countess Marguerite. He will then go to Russia and expects to return here the first part of September.

### THE PRETORIA CONSULATE.

It Has Been Tendered to Grant Gillespie of Missouri.

New York, June 25.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Washington says:

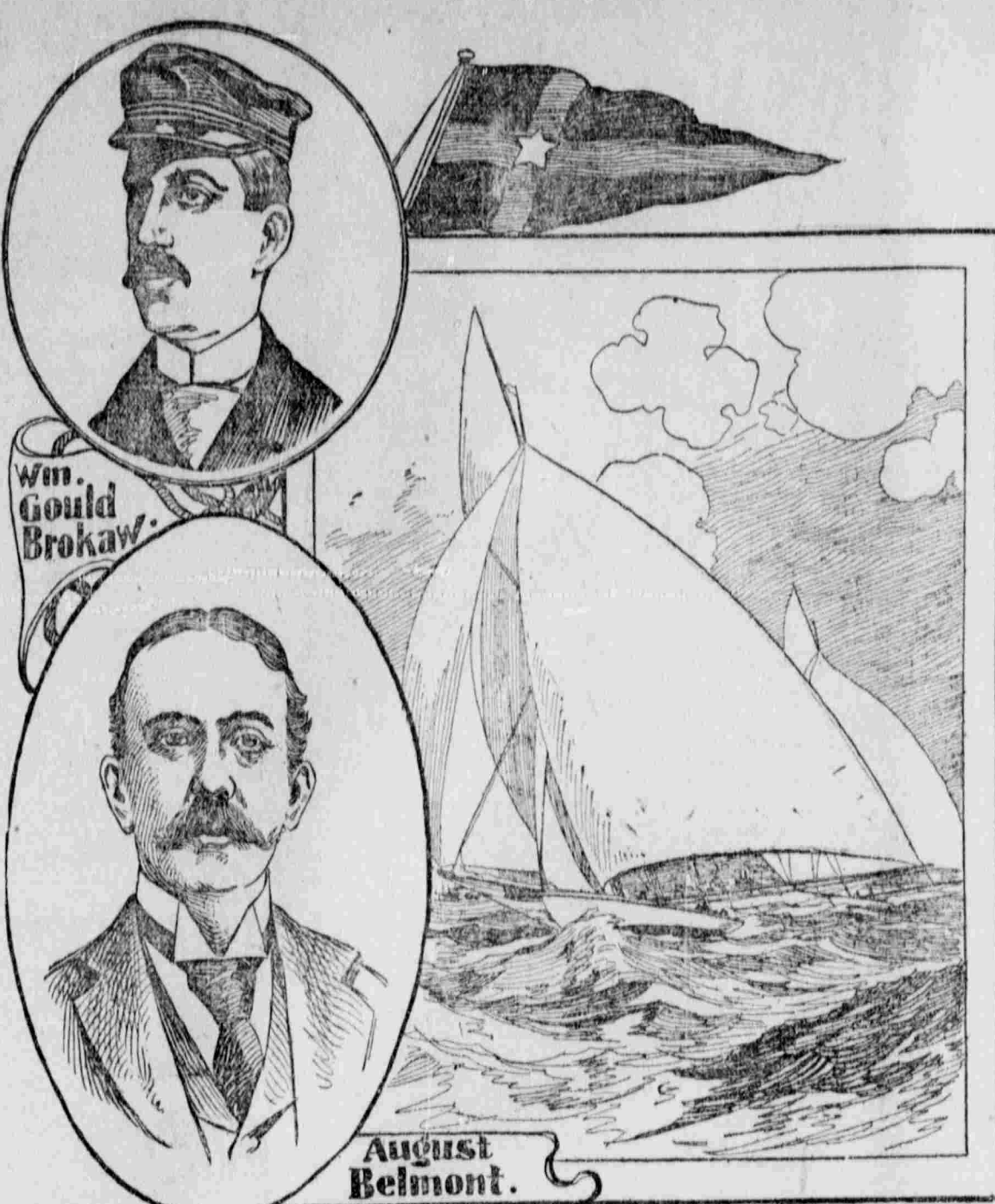
It is probable that the consul generalship of Pretoria which has been vacant since the return of the late Mr. Adelbert S. Hay, who was killed at New Haven on Sunday morning, will soon be filled by the appointment of Grant Gillespie of Missouri. The Missouri Republican leaders have indicated that Gillespie for the post and the state department is only awaiting his acceptance before announcing his selection. Mr. Gillespie was in Washington a few days ago and the place was offered to him. He hesitates to accept, because the experience of Adelbert S. Hay showed that the salary of the post, \$2,000, is not enough to support the incumbent. He has been assured that Congress will increase the pay and it is thought that on this assurance he will accept it and qualify at an early date so as to hurry to the Transvaal capital and look after the long neglected interests there.

Mr. Gillespie has had quite a notable career in the volunteer army in the last three years. He was a first lieutenant in the Sixth Missouri regiment, commanded by Capt. L. H. Wardman, of the Tenth United States cavalry, in the war with Spain, and served creditably with that regiment on garrison duty in Cuba for six months. When the volunteer regiments for service in the Philippines were formed, Gillespie was commissioned a first lieutenant in the Twenty-first United States volunteers. As soon as his regiment arrived at Manila, Lieut. Gillespie was detached from it and placed in command of the company of Macabebe scouts. He distinguished himself in this service and was brevetted twice for gallantry. He commanded Gen. Funston's scouts for about a year. For the last six months of his service in the Philippines he was assistant chief of staff of the Sixth United States cavalry, and when his regiment was ordered home to be mustered out, Gen. MacArthur asked him to remain and accept the place of chief of police of Manila. If Mr. Gillespie goes to Pretoria as consul general, it will be with the understanding that the salary is to be increased to \$4,000.

### Adelbert Hay Buried.

Cleveland, O., June 25.—On a grave on a magnificent hill that overlooks the city, in beautiful Lakeview cemetery, the body of the lamented Adelbert S. Hay was laid to rest this afternoon. The funeral party arrived in Cleveland from New Haven at noon, and the funeral service was held in the Wade mortuary chapel a few hours later. The casket was covered with a profusion of flowers. A magnificent wreath of roses was the gift of the state department at Washington. Classmates of the deceased at Yale were the honorary pall-bearers. Secy. and Mrs. Hay showed evidences of the great sorrow they and Mrs. Hay were so nearly prostrated that her husband had to assist her nearly all the time.

Rev. Dr. Hayden, after the invocation, delivered a funeral sermon in



### ANNUAL REGATTA OF THE NEW YORK YACHT CLUB.

That this is to be a great year for yachting is shown by the unusual interest taken in the annual regatta of the New York Yacht club on June 29. Besides the 21 yachts entered in the races the regatta was made the occasion of a gathering of hundreds of steam and sailing pleasure craft from many ports on the Atlantic seaboard. Mr. August Belmont is vice commodore of the N. Y. Y. C. Mr. Brookman is the millionaire owner of the fast schooner yacht America.

which he paid eloquent tribute to the worth of the deceased and referred to considerable length to his work as consul at Pretoria. He said the faithfulness with which the deceased did his duty should comfort his parents in their grief.

At the conclusion of the services the body was borne to the grave near by, and lowered into its resting place. Secy. and Mrs. Hay and their children will remain in the city for a day or two, the guests of Samuel Mather.

### CHICAGO COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS IS DESTROYED.

Chicago, June 25.—During a heavy thunderstorm tonight a bolt of lightning struck the College of Physicians and Surgeons on Harrison street. Fire, which followed the lightning, in a short time destroyed the college building, which was one of the finest of its kind in the West.

The lightning struck the college squarely on the top of a rising projection in the front part of the roof and such a tremendous crash of thunder accompanied the flash that all the people in the neighborhood thought an explosion had taken place in the college. Almost before the first fire engine had arrived the flames spread all through the five stories of the building.

Adjoining the college is the smallest building of the West Side hospital, which was filled with patients, about 100 being in the various wards. As soon as it was seen that the college could not be saved and its walls were liable to fall at any time, the work of removing the patients from the hospital began. Rain was falling heavily at the time, but fortunately there are so many hospitals and medical institutions in the neighborhood that it was necessary to remove the patients but a short distance, most of them being taken to the county hospital, one square away.

The firemen and the attendants at the hospitals did most of the moving, carrying the invalids on beds, cot stretchers or whatever came to hand. None of the hospital patients were injured.

The College of Physicians and Surgeons is the medical department of the University of Illinois, situated at Champaign, Ill. The loss on building and equipment is practically total and will approximate \$200,000.

### TRANSPORT LOGAN ARRIVES.

Brings Forty-fourth and Thirty-eighth Regiments of Infantry.

San Francisco, June 25.—The transport Logan arrived today from Manila with the Forty-fourth regiment, U. S. A., and six companies of the Thirty-eighth regiment. In addition to the officers of the organization there were a number of cabin passengers, including Mrs. Funston, wife of Gen. Funston. There were two deaths among the troops during the voyage.

On the transport were 37 officers and 1,062 enlisted men of the Forty-fourth, 21 officers and 373 men of the Thirty-eighth, 30 officers on leave, 16 women and children, 5 servants, 11 hospital corps men and 13 general prisoners of the Forty-fourth and Thirty-eighth.

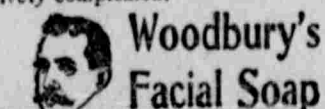
Col. Edward J. McClelland is in command of the Forty-fourth, while Maj. G. L. Goodier brought the companies of the Thirty-eighth home. The remainder of the regiment is on the Thomas.

### Butte Pool Rooms Closed.

Butte, Mont., June 25.—All the pool rooms in Butte closed down at the end of business today. Mayor Davey's having ordered their licenses revoked. The rooms have been paying the city \$120 a month each. They claim they were not ordered on to do so and that further there is no prohibition against their business in the anti-gambling law. The mayor takes the ground that there is no law permitting poolrooms. It is claimed the closing of the rooms was brought about by the gamblers, who were not allowed to run their business and who agitated the doctrine of "all or none."

### Women may be Beautiful.

Nothing is so attractive, so suggestive of purity of mind and body as a clear velvet complexion.



Woodbury's Facial Soap removes the blemishes that disfigure the face, neck and hands leaving the skin smooth, firm and white.

Woodbury's Facial Cream cleanses, soothes and softens the skin. Sold by dealers, 25 cents each. Booklet free. Trial size package of soap and cream 5 cents postpaid.

Andrew Jergens & Co., Sole Agents, Dept. 114 Cincinnati, O.

### BRYAN IS NOT A CANDIDATE

He So Declares, Nor Has He Any One in Mind for Any Office.

He Says Mark Hanna Is the Logical Successor for the Republican Nomination for President.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 25.—The following, over the signature of William J. Bryan, appears in the Times, Norman E. Mack's paper, this afternoon:

"I am not only not a candidate for any office, but I have no candidate in my mind for any office. My interest centers in principles, and men are important only as they aid in carrying out these principles."

"The Democratic party stands for definite, positive principles, and unless I mistake the sentiments of the masses the voters will insist upon adhering to these principles in spite of threats of reorganizers. Those who argue from the standpoint of expediency will not have influence with the voters, because none can say what is expedient. We may deserve to win and yet lose, but still it remains that to deserve to win is the surest road to success."

In an interview Mr. Bryan said that Senator Hanna was the logical candidate of the Republican party for President in 1904, because he represented the dominant force in that party. Vice President Roosevelt, he said, represented the "warlike spirit" which was developed by a war of conquest. In reply to Senator Foraker's speech at Columbus, O., last night, Mr. Bryan said: "When Senator Foraker says that I am the only intelligent man who does not admit that the defeat of 1896 was a blessing to the country he makes an unjust reflection upon the intelligence of more than 8,000,000 people, for there are that many who do not believe that a Democratic victory in 1896 would have brought disaster to the nation and they are sufficiently intelligent to deserve the respect of Senator Foraker."

### EARL RUSSELL'S TRIAL.

Jury Will Consist of House of Lords' Including the Bishops.

New York, June 25.—Commenting upon the coming trial of Earl Russell by the house of lords upon the charge of bigamy the London correspondent of the Tribune says:

"The jury of peers is the most remarkable one known in criminal law. The panel includes the entire house of lords from the junior barons to the bishops and the princes of the royal house. Every peer having the right to take part in ordinary business can present himself as a juror in this bigamy case and can be exempt from a challenge. A bare majority of these unsworn jurors will suffice in determining the guilt or innocence of their brother peer and the precise bearings of American practice on the obligation of marriage in England."

### GERMANY'S EXPORT TRADE.

Report on Effect of War in Various Quarters on It.

Washington, June 25.—An interesting report showing the effect of the wars in South Africa, the Philippines, and China, on the German export trade for the past few years has been received at the state department from Consul Kehl at Stettin. Germany's exports to the Transvaal fell off nearly \$2,500,000 in 1900, as compared with 1899. On the other hand her exports to the Philippines increased from \$442,000 in 1899 to \$1,490,400 in 1900. Her trade with China also showed a slight increase in 1900 over the preceding year. In exports to Cape Verde the statistics showed an increase of about the same proportion as compared with 1899.

### OIL MAY SUPERSEDE COAL.

So Says a British Expert Who Comes to Study American Oil Fields.

New York, June 25.—Arthur Lauderdale Le Normand Brabazon, second son of the Earl of Menth, who has attained a considerable name in Great Britain for philanthropic work, such as instituting workshops for paupers and gymnasiums for physical training, said in an interview at a hotel here:

"It is my belief that the time is not far off when coal as a fuel will be superseded almost entirely by petroleum. Young Brabazon has for some years been connected with a large oil concern which owns extensive fields in Roumania. He has visited the oil fields

of the Danube, of Baku and the Caspian sea and has now come to this country to examine the oil regions of Texas and West Virginia. He arrived in this city last Saturday. Mr. Brabazon is 29 years old. In continuing to speak of his belief that coal would in a short time give way to oil as a fuel he said:

"Oil is more cheaply and easily obtained than coal. The means of drawing it out of the ground have been perfected to a great degree so that expense of power and of money has been reduced to a minimum. The chief reason I have come to inspect your fields is because your means of obtaining oil are entirely different from the method in operation in Russia and other parts of the old country. There the oil is bailed out, so to speak, drawn up by buckets. Here I understand it is forced out by means of compressed air. I have heard that the American method is superior, but I have come to find out for myself."

"The supply of petroleum is practically inexhaustible. At Baku, Russia, on the Caspian sea, there are strata of enormous length filled with petroleum, which will of themselves furnish the supply for several centuries to come."

"Oil is gaining in ever increasing favor with the steamship companies. The line of steamers plying between Borneo and England already uses oil as a fuel instead of coal. Other steamships are being refitted for oil consumption for trade between England and the colonies."

"It will not be many years before oil will be used on the steamships of the Atlantic trade."

Mr. Brabazon expects to remain in this city for a fortnight or more before starting for the oil fields. This is his first visit to this city.

### WAR OF 1812 WIDOW.

She is Ninety and Gets a Pension, with Arrears.

New York, June 25.—A pension of \$12 a month has just been granted to Mrs. Peimiera Decker, of Philadelphia, says a Washington dispatch to the World. She is the widow of a soldier of the war of 1812, is nearly 90 years old and is blind. Her husband was a private in the First regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers. He has been dead nearly 21 years and Mrs. Decker will receive arrears of pension for that whole period, amounting to a little more than \$3,000. Mrs. Decker, it is believed, is the oldest person to whom a pension was ever granted.

### Depew Makes His Last Will.

New York, June 25.—Senator Chauncey M. Depew has just made his last will and testament, not because he is ill but because he will sail for Europe today and he believes in being on the safe side. The ceremony of signing the will took place in the senator's office in the Grand Central station. The witnesses to the will were Horace C. Mowbray and Mortimer T. C. Cowperwaite.

### CASHIER MUSSEY PARDONED.

He Got Away With \$100,000 From a Vermont Bank.

Washington, June 25.—The President has pardoned Charles W. Mussey, former cashier of the National Bank of Rutland, Vt., who was convicted last year of the misapplication of \$100,000 of the funds of the bank and sentenced to seven years in the house of correction.

### SUB-TROPICAL RAMBLES.

The Author's Experiences.

U. S. Consul Pike, of Port Louis, Mauritius, has written a charming book upon this gem of the ocean, the home of Paul and Virginia.

Col. Pike, whose New York address is 43 Exchange Place, had a curious experience with coffee and the beverage almost destroyed his eyesight.

He says: "Speaking of coffee, my first warning against its use was insomnia followed by depression, and despondency. The nervous system was in such a condition that I could not attend to business and to my distress I discovered that my eyesight was becoming more and more imperfect every day. From my knowledge of the symptoms of coffee poisoning, I concluded to leave off the coffee and take up Postum Food Coffee in its place."

The results were astonishing. Gradually my eyesight recovered, and the nervous condition and depressed feeling disappeared. I have now been using Postum in place of coffee for several years and am in perfect health."

My family of six persons discarded coffee some time ago and use Postum. I would not be without it. It is a most valuable addition to the breakfast table and should be in every household."

## PLATT ON CUBAN PACIFICATION.

The Author of the Amendment Has  
Grave Doubts.

### NO DICTATORSHIP WANTED.

The United States Cannot be Satisfied  
With a Republic of the South  
American Type.

New York, June 25.—The next issue of the Independent will contain a paper under the caption "The Pacification of Cuba," written by Senator Orville H. Platt. In closing the writer uses these words: "One question must be asked: Will the new government succeed? Some conditions in Cuba are favorable to success, some are not. The United States cannot be satisfied with the ordinary South American republics there. It must be a real republic that will insure our peace and quiet and safeguard our interests there. A mere paper republic with a virtual dictator, or constantly recurring revolutions would be nearly as disastrous to Cuba and dangerous to the United States as was the Spanish domination to which we put an end."

### TO SIGNAL TRANSPORTS.

Wireless Telegraphy is to be Used  
at San Francisco.

Washington, June 25.—Gen. Greeley when at San Francisco investigated the operations of the signal corps wireless telegraphy plant at that place and gave orders that an officer of the signal corps be sent to San Francisco to co-operate with Col. Long, quartermaster in charge of the transports, in utilizing the system on the transports going from and arriving at that port. It is believed by the officers of the signal corps here that the transports on the Pacific can be signaled from forty to sixty miles from San Francisco by this system.

### TO SET ASIDE PATENTS.

U. S. Attorney Institutes Proceedings  
Against Senator W. A. Clark.

Butte, Mont., June 25.—Speaking of the suit instituted against him yesterday by United States District Attorney Rogers at Helena to set aside patents for 10,000 acres of valuable land in Missouri county, alleged to have been filed upon for speculative purposes, Senator W. A. Clark said today:

"The allegation that R. M. Cobbar, was my agent in procuring the land is false. I merely bought the land of him after exhibit of abstract showing the title was vested in him. I was an innocent purchaser for a valuable consideration and I maintain the government cannot cancel titles nor interfere with my rights. That doctrine was clearly established in the case of the United States vs. Budd."

### AN AMERICAN LADY'S LOOT.

Sir Claude MacDonald Tells What Happened in  
the Forbidden City.

British, Belgian and Italian Representatives Will Refuse  
to be Implicated.

New York, June 25.—Among the passengers on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse was Sir Claude Maxwell MacDonald, who was British minister to China during the Boxer troubles, and Lady MacDonald. Asked if he thought there was any likelihood of a conflict between Russia and Japan in the near future, Sir Claude said:

"Recent events in China might lead one to think so. Japan, however, though ready to defend any encroachments on her lawful rights is, fortunately, a peaceable nation, and is not looking for trouble with Russia if she can by any possible means avoid such a catastrophe, through the usual channels of diplomacy and arbitration."

When asked concerning the story that the wife of a United States diplomat was concerned in the looting of a store-room in the forbidden city and that Lady MacDonald protested against the action, Sir Claude said:

"I remember the incident to which I think the article refers, and when I read the story in San Francisco I wrote to Gen. Chaffee. Lady MacDonald was in a party which went over the palace. When they reached the store-room and there was some talk of breaking in, Lady MacDonald, the secretary of the British embassy, and the Belgian and Italian representatives withdrew. They refused to have anything to do with the affair. What went on after that I cannot say. It is not true that Lady MacDonald protested. She



### PART AND PARCEL.

DAINTY box, an exquisite wrapper, a delicate color, and a clinging fragrance—yet all these will not cleanse the skin! Has it ever occurred to you that you pay big prices for these things? Do you care to buy five articles or do you require only one—a strictly pure soap. Remember you pay for perfume whenever you buy it mixed with soap. Don't you think it is wiser to make your own selection of perfume and buy it separately? It is certainly the method adopted by most persons of cultivated taste, those who bathe with pure Ivory Soap.

IVORY SOAP—99 PER CENT, PURE.

simply withdrew. Who the persons were who remained I will not say, but they entered through the south gate under passes issued by Gen. Chaffee. Afterwards an American aide and another person came to apologize to me but I told them that there was nothing to apologize for as I knew nothing except that Lady MacDonald had withdrawn. Afterwards at a meeting of the representatives of two nations had protested, and I suppose that they were the Belgian and Italian ministers."

When asked whether he thought that the conduct of the missionaries justified the stories that he had been sent out from China, he replied:

"The conduct of the missionaries so far as I know was excellent. I wrote commending one Mr. Gamwell, who was

### Naval Promotions.

Washington, June 25.—Alfred William Balch, of Saginaw, Mich., and Roger T. Atkinson have been appointed assistant surgeons; Ensign Ralph Earl has been promoted to the rank of lieutenant, junior grade; Lieut. Harry Mc L. P. Huse has been promoted to lieutenant commander.

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ASHTON, WHYTE & SKILLICORN CO.  
(Successors to Watson Brothers)

## CUT STONE

Dealers in all kinds of Cut Stone for Buildings, Curbing, Cemetery Coping, Etc.

OFFICE AND YARDS—22 to 34 North Sixth West Street, Salt Lake City.

## "KEEP MONEY AT HOME"

By Insuring with the

# HOME FIRE of UTAH

"INSURE TODAY TOMORROW MAY BE TOO LATE."

## HEBER J. GRANT & CO.,

General Agents.

## A Household Treasure

Millerstown, Ohio, July 2, 1900.

Wine of Cardui has been a household treasure with us. When I married Mrs. Snapp my friends ridiculed me and asked me why I married a dead person. They said she would not live until fall. She then weighed less than 100 pounds. Now she weighs 145 pounds. She has three boys, the last weighing 9½ pounds at birth and the other two 10 pounds each. That was her exclusive medicine and I am so well pleased with what it has done for her. We are willing to do you all the good we can for suffering humanity.

W. H. SNAPP.

Mrs. Snapp has health and children, instead of waiting a slow death amid the gloom of a barren home. Instead of her own cry of pain breaking the silence of a darkened sick room, the prattle of her three children let sunshine into her heart. No wonder her husband writes of Wine of Cardui as a "household treasure". The Snapp family owe to Wine of Cardui all in life worth living for. A healthy mother is the foundation of a happy home. For fifty years

## WINE of CARDUI

has made happy mothers of sick and emaciated women. Thousands of women have written grateful letters with the same joyful ring as this letter from Ohio. The letters tell of freedom from those dragging monthly pains and of complete cures of the worst cases of falling of the womb, "whites" and the terrible headaches and backaches that follow menstrual disorders. They show that suffering the pangs of female ills is unnecessary when Wine of Cardui can be secured. Why do you suffer when such testimony is placed before you? Druggists sell \$1.00 bottles.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms: "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.