

# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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Colonel Woolsey, reached Fort Garry on the 24th of August. Riel was unaware of its approach. His followers fled at once. It is stated that resistance was contemplated by Riel but was opposed by his followers. The union jack was hoisted on the fort and a royal salute fired in honor of the event. No arrests were made by Woolsey's orders, and warrants have been applied for by private parties against members of the late provisional government. Great credit is given to Col. Woolsey for the safe conduct of his force without mishap, in 38 days from Shebangtown to Fort Garry. Donald Smith, who accompanied the force, has assumed possession of the Hudson Bay Company's property.

## GREECE.

The Grecian Brigands

ATHENS, 29.—Italian advocates are excluded from taking part in the trial of the Marathon brigands. England exacts ten thousand pounds indemnity for Mrs. Lloyd. Father Sedfield, chief of the Dominican order in England, it is reported, has resigned because of his objections to the dogma of infallibility.

## WEST INDIES.

Cable Laid.

HAVANA, 1.—The shore end of the West India cable has been successfully landed at Santiago.

## FRANCE.

Particulars of the late battles—Conflict reports.

PARIS.—In the Senate to-day the Minister of foreign affairs announced that he had sent dispatches to foreign Courts denouncing the conduct of the Prussians in firing on ambulances, and threatening to renounce the convention of Geneva if the practice continues, and declaring that if Prussia persists in her refusal to consider all soldiers of France as belonging to the regular army, and to treat them as members of the landwehr and landsturm. In the Corps Legislatif Jules Favre presented a petition, signed by 2,000 Parisians, protesting against the savage conduct of the besiegers of Strasbourg, and demanding that immediate relief be sent.

The American branch of the Paris ambulance trains is recognized as singularly well appointed and effective. VANERS, 1, via BERLIN.—McMahon's effort to rescue Metz has entirely failed. The consequences of the defeat have been on Tuesday, when he lost 50 guns. The French losses were immense, as compared with the Prussian. The Uhlans and dismounted Hussars, took near Sedan, two strong positions, in spite of the determined resistance of the French.

PARIS, 1, midnight.—The Ministry has just given the following news to the public, in the absence of official reports from the Generals commanding in the northeast, from a multitude of telegrams received from various Belgian towns under the rule of Ang. 31. "From 8 o'clock in the morning until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, are extracted the following which, bears the character of probability. On the 30th ult., a series of engagements occurred between McMahon's army and the enemy, near the city of Metz, lasting from 8 o'clock in the morning till 8 o'clock p. m. Our troops were attacked by the Prussians from the woods on the heights of Stenay, a position we had but recently evacuated and which the enemy immediately occupied. The attack which was vigorous, at first forced our army to a retrograde movement, but we soon, at 2 o'clock p. m., took the offensive, and again retained it till 7 o'clock in the evening. After darkness put an end to operations. When night fell we reoccupied the Meuse in order to form again near Donchery a few miles east of Metz. The engagements of this first day's fighting have cost us sensible losses, although we have inflicted heavy damage on the Prussians. The infantry of Marne particularly distinguished itself, and performed prodigies of valor. The Prussians ruined the town of Monstir, in that neighborhood, and killed most of the inhabitants. On the next day, the 31st, the Prussians again took the offensive. At 7 o'clock a. m., on the left bank of the Meuse, between the towns of Danzig and Douchevry, our forces retreated slowly until Marshal McMahon had drawn the Prussians into the angle formed by the ramparts of Sedan, and the heights on the left side of the river. Here the Prussians were compelled very serious losses, and were forced to retreat; they effected this about noon, withdrawing toward Villenotray. After several unsuccessful attempts they at last succeeded in placing themselves on the opposite side of the Meuse. On the morning of the 31st McMahon crossed the Meuse at Monstir. This furnishes a direct contradiction of the dispatch of King William to the Queen, Aug. 31st, which announced that he had repulsed the troops under the command of McMahon, beyond the Meuse. Everything seems to indicate that the engagement will be renewed to-day.

The Journal Officiel, this morning, admits McMahon's defeat of Tuesday, but claims that he achieved partial success on Wednesday.

Ulrich, the commandant at Strasbourg, announces that he will continue to hold out against the enemy, even if the city is bombarded night and day. Since yesterday forenoon Basine has fought the first Prussian corps, the battle ending in the latter's favor. All the culverts and fortifications are ruined, and the whole defense can be blown up at a moment's notice. Positive news has been received here that communication between Basine and McMahon has been re-opened.

NEW YORK, 3.—A Berlin telegram announces the capitulation and surrender of the entire French army at Sedan. King William announces that the Emperor Louis Napoleon, yesterday, surrendered to himself; McMahon is wounded.

A dispatch just received at this office says that King William announces to Queen Augusta, the surrender of the whole French army at Sedan, including the Emperor himself.

## CALIFORNIA.

Mexican Advances.

SAN FRANCISCO, 2.—Private advices from Mazatlan, Aug. 21st, say that young Mejia had escaped from the power of Placido Vega, and had arrived there. One of Losada's commandants who had been bribed to release him, hired three assassins, who murdered seven officials in charge of Mejia, among whom was the nephew of Vega.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

### CANADA.

TORONTO, 2.—Intelligence from Red River, announces that the forces, under

Beaumont, Tuesday: "A battle has just occurred in which we are victorious. The French were driven over the Meuse. The first Bavarian corps participated successfully, one battalion capturing two guns."

## PRUSSIA.

A Battle, the French have their usual Luck—Napoleon surrenders to King William.

BERLIN, 2.—The following, from the King to Queen Augusta is just made public: "SEDAN, 1, 3 p. m.—A battle has raged since half past eight o'clock this morning; our forces have advanced victoriously. The 4th, 5th and 7th corps, and the Bavarians were engaged. The enemy was almost entirely driven into the city."

BERLIN 3.—The following highly important dispatch has just been made public here: "Before Sedan, France, Friday Sept. 2, 12.30 p. m., from the King to the Queen. A capitulation whereby the whole army at Sedan are prisoners of war, has just been concluded with General Wimpfen, commanding, instead of Marshal McMahon, who is wounded. The Emperor surrendered himself to me, and as he has no command, he left everything to the Regent at Paris. His residence I shall appoint, after an interview with him at a rendezvous to be fixed immediately."

BERLIN, 2, one p. m.—Official news is still behind, but it is known that a series of battles occurred on the 30th and 31st, in which both sides suffered heavy losses. On Wednesday the Prussians assumed the offensive, but were drawn by McMahon under the guns of Sedan, when they suffered terribly before they succeeded in passing the Meuse. McMahon moved to Mouson on the morning of Wednesday. As the success on Wednesday covered so wide a region, the particulars are confused and hardly known. It is certain, however, that the Prussians captured twenty guns, eleven mitrailleurs and seven thousand prisoners.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

Fing of truce fired on and trumpeter killed.

LONDON, 1.—The Prussians report that Lieut. Von Schimpff was sent yesterday, under a flag, to summon Verdun to surrender and that he was fired upon and his trumpeter killed.

Since McMahon left Rheims he has marched to Bethel, Vanziere, Bazancy and through the Meuse valley and the Argonne mountains to Stenay, and thence to Montmédy. A writer in the Figaro says that Bazaine, in one of the battles around Metz, entrapped the Prussians, some 21,000 strong, in Joumouilly quarries, led by spies disguised as peasants. His cavalry then fell on their rear, while surprised and unable to retreat they were cut down and suffered terribly. Bazaine, however, is greatly mortified that this should have been reported at Paris as a victory.

LONDON, 2.—The British Medical Journal says that Dr. Hewitt, of St. George's Hospital, has been summoned to attend the Emperor.

LONDON, 2, 1 p. m.—Dispatches were received from Paris this morning, claiming that the Prussians were repulsed in their attack on McMahon, after ten hours sharp fighting. The Prussians attacked the French from the front and rear. The French captured 30 guns and a great many prisoners. The Prussians are reported to have been driven towards Belgium.

Another dispatch says the Prussians were victorious, but it is not generally known. It is reported from private sources on Wednesday that Bazaine attempted to cut his way out of the fortifications of Metz, and that the latter lasted all day and evening; but on Thursday morning he was again driven within the walls. The losses were extremely severe on both sides.

The death of the Emperor was rumored this afternoon, but the particulars were so conflicting that the effect of the rumor was not marked.

## BELGIUM.

French capture thirty guns—Captured and disarmed—The Meuse full of dead bodies.

BRUSSELS, 1.—The Belgian newspapers, to-day, publish the following telegram: "BRAYLON, 31.—Fighting commenced at nine this morning at Basille. The French are said to have captured thirty guns; no positive result has been received."

BOULON, BELGIUM 1.—Bazaine has driven the Prussians towards Sedan; the French are at La Chapelle. Paris papers report, obscurely, three French successes, without locating them.

BRUSSELS, 2.—Last night the frontier guard captured, unhurt and disarmed two hundred French on Belgian territory, near Sedan.

The slaughter in the battle this morning was terrible, the Meuse was filled with dead bodies. The villages of Basille, Ballean, Benelley and Sernay are in flames. The French captured in Belgium were sent to camp at Beverloo.

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