

other attack of hemorrhage, which brought on dropsy and at last caused his death. He was married to Miss Nellie Houtz on Christmas night in 1888. A wife and two children are left to mourn his loss. He was a member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

Friday afternoon Thomas Cornell died at his home in this city, of paralysis and pneumonia. Brother Cornell had been a patient sufferer for the past three years from one of the ailments which contributed to his death, and about three weeks ago his sufferings became very acute. The deceased was 59 years of age, and a native of London, England.

Elder Cornell came to Utah in 1887. For eight years prior to that date he was president of the North London branch of the Church, and in that capacity will be well remembered by the missionaries who labored in that part of the country. He was faithful and energetic in all his duties, his life being that of a consistent Latter-day Saint. He was a quiet, unassuming man, firm in his religious convictions, and possessed of the faculty of making friends of those with whom he became associated. In this regard he did a good work in spreading the Gospel. A host of friends will sympathize with the family in their bereavement.

There was a most serious and lamentable accident at Tooele on Saturday last about noon. The victim was Grover, the nine-year-old son of Hon. Charles McBride, now a member of the lower branch of the Territorial Legislature. He had been out hunting with a small boy named Marshall.

His gun was a 22-caliber rifle in which bird shot was used, there being seventy of these tiny pellets in each cartridge. After having done some firing the gun was cleaned and Grover put the muzzle to his right eye and looked down the barrel for the purpose of seeing how well the work had been done.

Unfortunately his companion had inserted a cartridge after the cleaning without his knowledge and in some manner (perhaps how will never be known) it was exploded, the full charge of shot entering and completely destroying the eye and lodging at the side and back of the brain.

The injured eye was removed by Doctors Pfoutz and Richards and a good many of the shot and pieces of fractured bone taken out. All of the shot could not, however, be extracted at this juncture of the case.

Information has been received from Ephraim, Sanpete county, to the effect that an old man at that place named Bernard Hansen has just been found guilty of a piece of quiet stealing that has covered a period of several years and the gradual turning away of small sums of money until it ran up into the thousands.

Hansen is an old bachelor and a number of years ago was given employment by the managers of the co-op. store. For a long time he was regarded as a model of honesty and trustworthiness. His work was that of cleaning out the store to which he had free and unlimited access.

Some time ago the management became suspicious and marked some of

the scrip issued by the store. Later it was ascertained that the marked scrip had been converted into cash by Hansen. His room was searched and \$1,900 in gold found in an old trunk. He confessed that all but \$400 of this amount had been stolen by him. He now thinks that the money is "wind-fall" for the store and that he should be exonerated.

The following was filed with the Weber county court, and is self-explanatory:

Ogden, Utah, Jan. 30, 1894.—To the Hon. County court of Weber county: Gentlemen: Your attention is respectfully called to the fact that between March 2, 1891, and August 30, 1892, there was illegally appropriated from the county funds of Weber county to A. C. Bishop the sum of \$1,547.10, on account of "salary" as probate judge.

Such appropriations were held by the Supreme Court of Utah to be illegal in the case of Barton vs Cutler, decided by said Supreme Court in June, 1890, and reported in Vol. VI, Utah reports, page 409. Therefore, all of said sum of \$1,547.10 was illegally appropriated, as it was all appropriated after the decision in the case of Barton vs Cutler was rendered.

I therefore demand, as a taxpayer of Weber county, that you immediately order said institution to recover said amount, together with interest thereon from the several dates of payment.

Respectfully,

DANIEL HAMER.

Following is a copy of a resolution adopted by the board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce Feb. 6, copies of which have been forwarded to the Speaker of the House and President of the Council:

Whereas, there have been a number of financial bills introduced in the present Legislative Assembly which are calculated to prevent money from coming into this Territory for mortgage investment, some of said bills abolishing the distinction between deeds of trust and mortgages; and,

Whereas, Others of said measures provide for the double taxation of mortgaged property, and others still limit the power of the citizens to enter into contract one with another where money considerations are involved, therefore,

Be it resolved, That this Chamber of Commerce, representing the business interests of Salt Lake City, views with alarm the possibility of the enactment into laws of such pernicious and destructive measures and most solemnly protests against such action.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of the members of this Chamber, that the passage of such injurious laws will drive out some investment companies now doing business in Utah, as well as prevent others from entering this field, thus lessening the competition for mortgage loans and thereby increasing the rate of interest and making it more difficult for the borrower to procure a loan.

Resolved, That as there are at present many millions of dollars of foreign capital invested in Utah loans, both on deeds of trust and mortgages, most of which will mature this year and next, and as the amount of said maturing loans is far beyond the capacity

of Utah capital and local financial institutions to absorb, we are appalled at the contemplation of the distress and ruin to be wrought by the proposed legislation, which may prevent the renewal of said loans or the procurement of other moneys to replace the same.

Resolved, That during the present unparalleled depression, panic and stringency in the money market, we deem it an act of unequaled folly to disturb by adverse and hostile legislation the well earned reputation of Utah for conservatism and the good faith of its people, in dealing with financial matters.

## TARIFF PASSES THE HOUSE.

Washington despatch, January 31.—The tariff debate, on the Wilson bill closed today with a burst of oratory. Crisp, Reed and Wilson came forward in the closing hours to argue for and against the inauguration of the new economical system. The galleries of the House were crowded long before the session opened, and the leaders on both sides were accorded an ovation as they entered the hall.

Reed arose from the Republican side amid wild cheering and handclapping in the galleries and the buzzes of his friends. When quiet was finally restored, with his back to his friends and his face to his foes, towering in defiance, he began his address.

Throughout Reed's speech he was frequently interrupted by applause, and even the Democrats at times joined in the laughter at his witticisms. At the close he was greeted with a spontaneous and long continued burst of applause, and he was warmly congratulated by his friends.

While the demonstration was still in progress Crisp relinquished the chair to Hatch, of Missouri, and took his seat on the floor of the House. When order was restored he was recognized to reply to Reed. Until he warmed up he spoke with hesitation, but as he became warmed his words came in a perfect torrent, sweeping resistlessly over all opposition and he was encouraged by the hearty applause of his Democratic associates.

Wilson, chairman of the ways and means committee, at once arose to close the debate. He was greeted with great cheers. He opened with sarcastic replies to Burrows (Mich.) and Dolliver (Iowa). Turning to the subject in hand, he eloquently portrayed the advance of freedom. "This bill," he said, "is one of those advances; no McKinley bill could stem the advance of human progress. Great causes could not be laughed or ridiculed away, and the gentleman from Maine could not draw from his armory of sarcasm and wit to stop the advance of this cause of the lightening of burdensome taxation."

As Wilson closed, Tucker and several others sprang forward and as wave after wave of applause echoed through the chamber they lifted him from his feet to their shoulders and bore him up the aisle. When let down, he received the enthusiastic congratulations of his conferees. It was a demonstration such as is seldom seen in Congress. Business was at a standstill twenty minutes on account of the disorder.