

## LABOR TROUBLES AFFECT TRADE.

They Make for Conservatism in  
Many Directions.

## CROP REPORT GRATIFYING.

Uneasiness Over Money Market Only  
Extends to the Banks of  
Speculators.

New York, July 5.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say: "Developments of fresh labor troubles is a feature of a week that has made for conservatism in many directions, but throughout the country jobbing and retail lines are busy and are handling goods at prices which yield fair profits. There is a reflection of this activity in the continued improvement in the textile markets in the East, and the uneasiness over the money market does not extend beyond the ranks of speculators in stocks. Crop reports continued gratifying, much good having been done by rain in the middle West. Harvesting of winter wheat progresses favorably."

"Manufacturing has been interrupted by the elements and labor agitation. Numerous striations from heat caused humane employers to close mills during the most distressing hours, while the sheet and hoop-workers were ordered to stop work until certain disputed points were settled. No immediate settlement is anticipated, because many plants need repairs and other are taking stock. Until the owners wish to resume their position will not be known. The reduction of 25 per cent in the brown goods division have decreased manufacturing, as a whole, is unusual, active for the season."

"Footwear shops in New England are active on fall lines, but local jobbers are less busy and orders from abroad on the road are light. Leather is quiet but firmer, with a splendid export demand for hemlock sole."

"Woolens and worsteds are selling better and raw wool is taken more freely, but the average of 100 grades according to Coates Bros' circular, was slightly lower, at 17.06 cents on July 1st. Cottons are in better domestic demand, but prices are held above bids of shippers to China, and sales in the brown goods division have decreased. Manufacturing, as a whole, is unusual, active for the season."

"Staple products are quiet, speculation being restricted by depressing weather, and the length of holidays at most of the exchanges prevented new commitments. News from the West was full of promise as to the growing wheat yield, causing a further decline in prices, although foreign needs are known to be heavy. Corn steamed somewhat from the reported injury from heat and drought. Receipts continue light in comparison with last year's, but exports are equally unsatisfactory."

"Cotton holds firmly at a point a little below 9 cents, the free movement into sight of the old crop being disregarded. Strength is following greater activity in the goods market, together with rumors of rain in Texas and a few other states where moisture is deficient. Sales of No. 7 Rio coffee have been made below 6 cents, which is not surprising, since receipts at Rio and Santos ports are short of 11,000,000 lbs. The record-breaking crop will be surpassed if the current yield is to equal expectations."

"Compared with the prices of a year ago, wheat shows a decline of about 11 cents a bushel; cotton, 6.35 cents a bale; and coffee, 3 1/2 cents a pound, while corn is not higher than last year's price, and pork products alone of these commodities show any advance."

"Commercial failures during the first half of 1901 numbered 5,759, with liabilities of \$55,894,690, against 5,332 last year, for \$74,447,462. In manufacturing lines there were 1,265 defaults, with liabilities of \$17,623,283. The improvement over the preceding year was most striking in brokerage and banking insolvencies, which were \$9,200,425 and \$10,539,534, respectively, against \$22,124,340 and \$25,822,682 last year. This is more noteworthy because the violent agitation in Wall street during May was calculated to cause serious disturbances, and the last week of June brought other failures through injudicious speculation and poor banking methods."

"While the half-year's statement is gratifying, the second quarter makes a much better showing. Liabilities declined from \$7,392,283 in the first quarter, with the second quarter of 1900. The average liability per failure was smaller than in the corresponding three months of any year since the records were first compiled. The proportion of bad debts to solvent payments was 1 to 20.3, only seven other quarterly periods making smaller returns."

## FOUR NEGROES HANGED.

Publicly Executed Before Two Thousand People.

Chipley, Fla., July 5.—At Vernon, ten miles from here, negroes, Belton Hamilton, Jim Harrison, William Williams and John Simmons, were hanged today for murder. The three former were convicted of killing a helpless negro and almost killing his wife. John Simmons had killed another negro.

The town of Vernon is without railroad connection, and long rides were made by all classes of people to see the hanging. At least 2,000 persons were present.

The four negroes were made to ascend the gallows at one time, and after short statements from each, all claiming to be on the road to heaven, the trap was sprung. Only one neck was broken, the others dying from strangulation.

## THE RELIGION OF JESUS.

Jewish Rabbis Discuss Its Introduction into Jewish Schools.

Philadelphia, July 5.—The topic which occupied most of the morning session of the annual conference of the American Union of Jewish Rabbis today was "Whether or not the religion of Jesus should be taught in the Jewish theological schools." Last year a committee, consisting of Rabbi David Philipson, G. Deutch and Joseph Kraskopf, was appointed to consider the matter and report at this year's conference. The following report was submitted today:

"Dogmatically speaking, the position of Judaism in respect of the founder of Christianity is altogether negative. In denying its divinity, though the pivot on which Christianity revolves, Jesus of Nazareth, has no place in Jewish theology. The conception of his historical position and of his significance in the development of religion

## MANY WOMEN TESTIFY That Pe-ru-na Cures Female Ills.

Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Offers to Treat All Women Free During The Summer Months.



Miss Millie Baker.

Miss Millie Baker writes from 290 East Ohio street, Chicago, Ill.:

"I suffered for years with weakness peculiar to women, severe bearing-down pains, and continual headache. My system seemed completely upset and I did not know where to find relief. The doctor tried three different remedies but they did not seem to help me any."

"After using five bottles of Peruna I was as well and strong as ever. I would not be without it for any money."—Miss Millie Baker.

## A Well Woman.

Mrs. Florence Atkins, 922 Forsyth street, Toledo, O., writes:

"I am today cured of that dreadful disease I wrote to you about when I asked your advice. I at once began taking Peruna and Manalin and have just finished the fifth bottle. It has cured me of leucorrhoea. I had the trouble for nine months and had given up hope of ever being strong again. I cannot tell how happy I feel, but you will know. I never heard of such medicine. It is the only medicine on earth. My husband is now taking it for catarrh of the head. I will always keep Peruna in my house."

"I cannot find anything to talk about from morning till night, but Peruna. I was a sick woman when I first wrote you. I have a bright, clear color now, and am altogether a well woman. I think leucorrhoea is the worst of female diseases, for I suffered all sorts of pains. I thought at first that I had ulceration of the womb, and Peruna has cured me. I am now a sound woman. Peruna is the best friend I ever had on this earth—it must be praised—it cured me."—Mrs. Florence Atkins.

is a matter of individual view and conviction, as is also the point of contact and application to the Jewish nature of many of the beautiful moral teachings attributed to Jesus, but these cannot form part nor be incorporated in any official statement or declaration of Jewish belief."

The report was received with applause and was unanimously adopted. Rabbi Wise of Portland, Or., was elected one of the directors.

## Manufacturers in Montana.

Washington, July 5.—A preliminary statement of the census office, showing the condition of the manufacturing industries in the state of Montana, was given out today. The statement includes the extensive lead and copper smelters and shows a total value of products amounting to \$54,292,118. There are 1,087 establishments, with a capital of \$40,506,081, and 10,101 wage-earners. The total wages paid were \$3,958,530. The value of the products of the smelters, included in the above, was \$41,851,216. There are three lead and seven copper smelters in the state. The aggregate capacity is \$29,682,456; wage-earners 4,853, and wages paid, \$4,189,754.

## TREATMENT OF BOER PRISONERS.

Dr. Leyds Protests Against it to Continental Powers and America.

London, July 5.—"Dr. Leyds," says the Brussels correspondent of the Morning Post, "has addressed to the continental powers and the United States a protest against Great Britain's barbarous treatment of Boer women and children. It is said that Holland will support the protest."

## NEW YORK ART MUSEUM.

Will Probably Receive Eight Millions from the Rogers Estate.

New York, July 5.—The Metropolitan Museum of Art is made the residuary legatee of the late Jacob S. Rogers, the locomotive manufacturer, whose will has been filed for probate at Paterson. It will probably receive \$8,000,000. If for any reason the Metropolitan Museum of Art does not accept the gift it will go to the New York Society of Libraries, the New York Historical Society, the American Museum of Natural History or the General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen and the Mercantile Library association. The will was dated June 2, 1892. At

## NO INSURRECTION IN ARGENTINA.

Secy. Del Visio Makes Positive Denial of a Revolt.

## NO SIEGE IN BUENOS AYRES

Minister Lord Has Not Telegraphed Any Information of a Revolution to State Department.

New York, July 5.—Antonio Del Visio, first secretary of legation of the Argentine republic in Washington is quoted in a Washington dispatch to the Tribune as saying:

"There is absolutely no sign of an insurrection or revolt in Argentina. The conditions are nothing like those in Venezuela; Buenos Ayres is not in a state of siege. Yesterday I received a dispatch from my government saying that crowds had gathered about the capital and were petitioning the congress to abandon the project for the unification of the public debt. I do not fear any serious encounters and think the government will be able to preserve order without difficulty."

Senor Del Visio added that he was inclined to regard the published reports of rioting over the present administration's financial policy as much exaggerated. He remarked that appeals to Congress from crowds had occurred in all countries.

## NO INFORMATION FROM LORD.

New York, July 5.—The Washington correspondent of the Herald points out that Minister Lord, accredited to Argentina has not cable any information to the state department showing that a serious condition of affairs has arisen there, nor do his mail dispatches indicate that he anticipated an outbreak which would require the government to apply martial law.

Rear Admiral Cromwell, commander-in-chief of the South Atlantic station, left Buenos Ayres only a few weeks ago with his squadron for Rio De Janeiro.

## SALMON CANNERIES COMBINE.

Incorporated Under Laws of New Jersey with \$25,000,000 Capital.

New York, July 5.—The first official announcement in connection with the organization of the Pacific Packing and Navigation company, otherwise known as the salmon canneries consolidation, has just been made at the office of the company. It was authoritatively stated that the papers in the deal had been signed, and that the new company will be incorporated under New Jersey laws, probably on Monday or Tuesday of next week. Incorporation papers are now being prepared. The new company will have an authorized capitalization of \$25,000,000, half preferred and half common stock with an authorized bond issue of \$7,000,000. The issued capital of the new company is to be as follows: For the present: Six per cent debentures, \$2,000,000; Preferred stock 4 per cent cumulative, \$4,500,000; common stock, \$6,500,000; total, \$13,000,000.

Among the most important companies entering the new consolidation are the following:

Pacific American Fisheries company, Pacific Steam Whaling company, Arctic Oil Works, Fairweather fishing company, Alsworth & Dyer, Seattle, Quadra Packing company, Alaska, Bay Strait Packing company, Alaska, Boston Packing & Fishing company, Alaska, Tanquet Packing company, Alaska, Chatham Strait Packing company, Alaska, Chilkoot Packing company, Alaska, Western Fisheries company, Alaska, Alaska Fisheries Packing company, Alaska.

## TRADE WITH CUBA.

Tariff Concessions to it Will Occupy Congress' Attention.

New York, July 5.—Representative John Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, a member of the ways and means committee, is quoted in a Washington dispatch to the Tribune as saying:

"Tariff concessions to Cuban products will be the next serious question which Congress will have to deal with. It will be a very important question and will have to be dealt with broadly."

The difficulties in the way are readily apparent. The Cubans will ask a market for their sugar. If we can, as Secy. Wilson of the department of agriculture asserts, produce in this country from beets raised by our farmers, all the sugar we consume, there is a problem right away. The best sugar industry is extensive and growing. The farmers engaged in raising the beets and the men who turn the raw material into the finished product by the investment of capital in manufacturing plants will insist upon protection.

"Then there are our own citizens who will want less restricted commercial relations with Cuba. It is not to be expected that the Cubans will admit our dairy products, our flour and meat, our machinery, agricultural implements, boots and shoes and other things into their country on less favorable tariff terms than we give them for their staple products. As I said it is a broad question and will have to be handled skillfully."

## OFFICERS OF 47TH HERE.

Regiment Carried the Flag Around the World.

Salt Lake was visited yesterday by several officers of the Forty-seventh volunteers, who have just returned from the Philippines and are on their way east. Some of the members of the party were Lieut. Charles H. Morrow of Summerset, Kentucky; Capt. Oscar Bishop, of Hartford, Ky.; and Lieut. Philip Yost of Canton, Ohio. He took a drive over the city and visited every point of interest including Fort Douglas.

The Forty-seventh regiment has the distinction of being the only regiment in the United States army that has sailed as a regiment all around the world. It left New York in November, 1898, on the transport Thomas, and landed at San Francisco a few days ago on the same ship. It was the only regiment except English troops that has been allowed to land on the island of Manila since the French occupied the island under Napoleon.

Lieut. Morrow says that they had a review and parade there and were accorded royal treatment by the English troops. But he says the climax of the whole tour and in fact one of the most memorable incidents in his life was the reception at Gibraltar. The occasion was propitious. The war spirit was up, and the English troops were sympathizing with the United States. The Thomas was given a review and was run alongside the Mediterranean squadron, commanded by Admiral Fenshade.

Capt. Smiley has now been transferred to Madison barracks.

Albany, N. Y., July 5.—Raymond Albert, a thirteen-year-old lad, this evening shot and killed Emanuel Koehler, a boy of 12 years, and then hanged himself. The boys were playmates and according to statements of neighbors, they had quarreled some days ago. Albert is the son of a well known painter, and Koehler is the son of a minister of the gospel.

## SAW THE SULTAN OF SULU.

He Wore a Dress Suit Without Cuffs or Collar.

New York, July 6.—Capt. S. E. Smiley, of the Fifteenth regiment, U. S. A., who returned recently from the Philippines, having been on the staff of Gen. J. C. Bates, said of his visit to the sultan of Sulu at his island capital:

"The sultan the day I saw him wore a dress suit without collar or cuffs. For headgear he had a skull cap on the front of which was set an enormous diamond. He is a little man with a no more striking personality than is given him by his costume. When standing he hardly comes above the elbow of the average American."

During the review the British bands played the "Star-Spangled Banner" and the American band on the Thomas replied with "God Save the Queen," and when the American ship drew up in front of the Magnificence, Admiral Fenshade's flagship, the bands broke out with "And Lang Syne," and all the wild enthusiasm on both sides was let loose. Everyone was wrought up nearly to a frenzy of excitement, and those who were there will never forget the scene.

## JOSEPH FISHER INJURED.

Resident of Mill Creek Thrown from Load of Hay.

Joseph Fisher of Mill Creek was found lying in a ditch near Third South and Third East street yesterday afternoon by Officer Williams. It was thought at first that he was intoxicated but on examination it was seen that he had been hurt and was in a half-dazed condition. Some of the people in that neighborhood say that he wandered around in the vicinity of the place where he was found, for hours. He was unable to talk coherently and the officer called the patrol wagon and had him taken to the Holy Cross hospital, where Dr. King attended him. As soon as he was able to collect his wits he stated that he was riding on a load of hay when his animals took fright, ran away and threw him into the street. He lit on his face and received several severe cuts and bruises. His injuries are painful, but as yet they are not regarded as serious.

## JOHN T. AXTON TO REMAIN.

F. B. Stephens Resigns as President of Y. M. C. A.

Seven of the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. met last evening and unanimously declined to accept the resignation of Secretary Axton, which was handed to them on March 25th. Inasmuch as their action was unanimous, Mr. Axton was induced to withdraw his resignation, but he said he would not have done so under any other conditions.

The resignation of Pres. Frank B. Stephens was received and accepted, and Vice President Walter C. Lyne will act in that office until another president is chosen. Mr. Stephens says that he has nothing personal against the secretary, but he had taken subscriptions for the Y. M. C. A. from parties whom he had told the secretary's resignation would be accepted, the only condition on which they would donate anything. Since the secretary is to be retained, Mr. Stephens thought the only honorable course for him to pursue would be to resign.

## ELKS ARE SKIRMISHING.

Skillful Tactics Being Used to Secure the Grand Lodge Convention.

The local Elks are becoming more determined than ever to capture the prize they have set out after, viz. the grand lodge convention of 1902. They have telegraphed to Milwaukee for suites A and B on the parlor floor of the Pfister hotel, the most popular quarters in the city. The grand lodge officers have their headquarters at the Elks club, and the Salt Lake delegation, so that the latter have secured a vantage point where they can dispense their hospitality and impress their brother Elks with the fact that Salt Lake is the best place to meet in 1902.

## AN ENJOYABLE FUNCTION.

Banquet Given in Honor of Visitors by Final Frith Lodge.

The banquet given last evening by B. F. Peixoto lodge No. 421, I. O. O. B. in honor of Grand President George Schmale and Grand Orator Friedlander of Oaxland, was a very agreeable affair. The banquet was held in Kolitz's summer garden, which was tastefully decorated for the occasion, with palms, potted plants, and the national colors, festooned attractively around the garden. There were one hundred guests present, and William Graupe acted as toastmaster.

The program was as follows: President Schmale, who responded to the toast, "The Order," Isaac Solomon, "The Grand Lodge Officers," Dr. Friedlander, "District No. 4," Albert Graupe, "Our Lodge," Joseph Roehmer, "The New Members," responded to by Henry Cohn, one of the new members. Wm. G. Watters, "The Ladies," Herbert Hirschman, "Our Visiting Brothers," responded to by L. Wertheimer; Geo. Landerberg, "Our Absent Members," Toasts were also responded to by Dr. Theodore Meyer, Adolph Jacobs and Mr. Silberstein. While the delicious refreshments were being discussed, Schettler's orchestra furnished a fine program of music.

The following new members of the lodge were initiated at the last meeting: Shanon Bamberger, Emanuel Kahn, S. H. Auerbach, Geo. Rhode, Max Weil, H. Barnett, A. Cohn, Leo Rothman, H. Cohn, Sam Spiro, G. M. Lewis, Eugene Kahn, I. M. Lewis, Morris Stiefel, D. Fulop, S. A. Benson, Emil Lehmann and A. Silberstein.

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In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the company printed on the front of every package.

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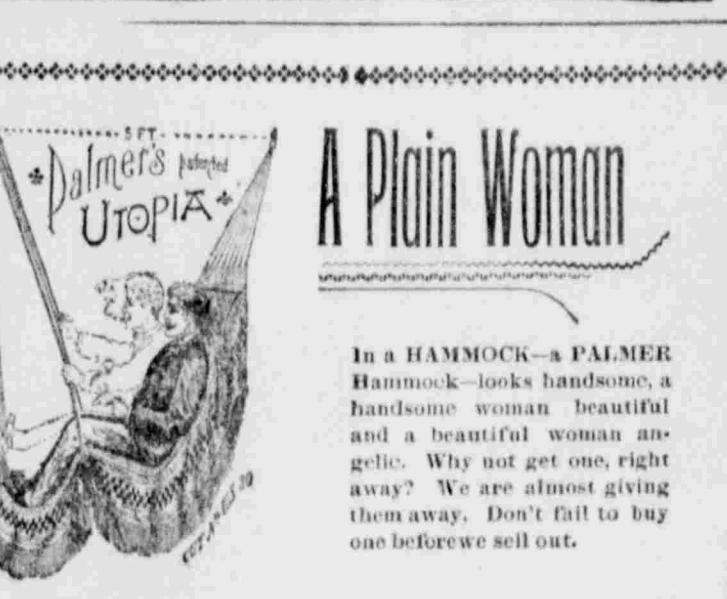


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For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for rashes, itchings, and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use Cuticura Soap in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. It unites in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet, bath, and baby soap in the world.

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