

OUTLOOK FOR GOOD TIMES DURING 1904.

FIRST QUARTER WITH THE MINES.

They Have Paid Nearly One Million Dollars in Last Three Months.

LEADS FIGURES OF LAST YEAR.

Smelter and Mill Construction Will Run Between Two and Three Million Dollars for 1904.

WHAT FIGURES SHOW.

Dividends have been paid since Jan. 1, last, by nine Utah mines, aggregating the sum of \$233,000, as follows:

Daly-West	\$251,000
Silver King	200,000
Annie Laurie	37,500
Century	5,000
Sacramento	5,000
Horn Silver	20,000
Utah	1,000
Gemini	50,000
Grand Central	50,000

Compared to the first quarter of 1903, this year exceeds it by about \$100,000.

ALTHOUGH the first quarter of the year 1904, just passed, has witnessed serious shrinkages in the value of mining stocks, it does not happen to be the case that the stock market is a barometer of the true condition of the mining industry.

This fact was never better demonstrated than it is at the present time by making comparisons.

The market for stocks was never in worse condition; the speculative element is not buying and prices have gone down and down until it seems the rock has been reached, and those who made purchases when prices were up find themselves poorer by a whole lot.

On the other hand the mining industry was never in a more flourishing condition than it is now. A story of progress comes from nearly every camp; some have had a struggle to keep in line, but the more important districts have made advancements.

This is particularly true of the "Old Reliable" at Bingham, which is fast becoming a rival of Butte and, in time, is almost certain to excel the great Montana camp as a copper producer. Bingham has some of the largest copper mines in the world, which are contributors to the smelters of the valley to the extent of almost 3,000 tons of ore daily, and the amount in a few months' time will be brought up to 5,000 tons. The Utah Consolidated, Boston Consolidated, United States, Utah Copper, Tampa, Utah-Apes, Bingham Consolidated, Ohio Copper and Butler-Liberal, are all making rapid strides and are each preparing to increase their present output.

In Park City the Daly-West and Silver King are keeping up with their past record of production. Among the newer mines which are contributing or preparing to forward their ores to the local markets, are the Keith-Kearns, recently equipped with milling facilities, and the American Flag. The Ontario, which has been developed last year, the Columbus Consolidated mine, which promises to enter the dividend list this year. Much interest is being manifested in Alta and several companies are preparing to operate there on extensive scale.

At Mercur only two mines of consequence are working—the Consolidated Mercur and Sacramento. The changes made in the mill of the former have proven satisfactory and the mine gives promise of getting back into the dividend list. The Cinnabar ores of the latter have proven a pleasing source of revenue and enough has been realized therefrom to meet several dividends.

At Stockton important changes are being made in the mill of the Bonanza mine, which has been completed to the length of more than 6,000 feet.

The outlook for the Tintic district is brighter than it has been for some time, while Stateline, Park Valley and Beaver county camps are in line for a season of prosperity.

In the way of smelter and mill building there are several big things under way and projected for this year.

Plants which will cost between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000 will be built. The Utah Consolidated is enlarging its smelter near Murray from 500 to 800 tons capacity, at an expenditure of \$250,000; the United States Smelting company is adding several lead stacks to its equipment at an expense of about \$200,000, and by July next will enter into competition with the American Smelting and Refining company for the purchase of lead ore; the Bingham Consolidated has several changes in contemplation, but no definite plans have been outlined. The principal smelter construction in contemplation is that announced some time ago by the American Smelting and Refining company to build at Murray near the site of its present works a copper plant to cost about \$1,000,000. The plans for the buildings are now being drawn and contracts will be let before fall.

The Newhouse Mines and Smelters corporation has already let contracts for the building of the first unit of its big concentrating mill, which is to handle the ores of the Cactus copper mine in Beaver county. The first unit will be of 800 tons, to be followed by the addition of other units until the capacity is brought up to 4,000 tons per day. A million dollars at least will be expended in this enterprise. The Ohio and Utah Copper companies at Bingham have in contemplation the enlargement of their milling facilities and the Yampa Smelting company, also of Bingham, may build onto its plant. The Columbus Consolidated of Alta will soon commence work on a 150-ton concentrator and Park Valley may be provided, with another mill before the year ends.

REAL ESTATE MEN ARE CONFIDENT.

They Believe Their Business Will Boom in Course of a Short Time

BAD WEATHER INTERFERED.

But With Brighter Skies and the Passing of Some Outward Conditions Improvement is Expected.

AMONG the real estate men of the city, the opinion prevails that after the weather has become settled, and political disturbances are at an end, Salt Lake is in for something like a boom in their line of business. Of a large number of prominent dealers interviewed during the week, scarcely one was found who did not admit a certain apathy among purchasers at present, and all attributed it, first, to bad weather; secondly, to the presidential year; and a few made reference to the senseless agitation over Snator Smoot. The following expressions voice the general idea of the situation:

QUIET AT PRESENT.

Harrington & Courtney: There is no denying the fact that just at present things are at a standstill. We have probably 200 names of people well-to-do people, too—who are "talking" of buying, but in reality, the real estate business is dull. Some are holding off to see what the oil discoveries will amount to; in fact, there are innumerable reasons given by prospective purchasers for delay. It looks to me, though, as if there will be plenty of business when good weather arrives and the moving season begins. I do not believe the Smoot case affects local buyers one way or another.

INSTALLMENT PLAN.

A. Richter—Nearly all the buying done here at present is on the installment plan. Some are selling because they are crowded with heavy mortgages and those who are able are selling out in order to buy larger and better places. A great many more, having bought their property during the boom, are holding on because they cannot get used to present prices. The Smoot agitation and the fact that it is a presidential year do not tend to strengthen business, either. But even if we do not do much this year, next year will be the greatest in the history of the state. Nothing can retard Salt Lake's growth.

REACTION COMING.

J. Donnan Reavis—The present dullness in real estate circles is no indication of a general business depression. The weather has interfered in every way with building. The roads to the quarries and brick yards are practically blocked. But the delay will react with good effect. I believe there is more in prospect than there was at this time last year. That our population is growing is shown every day in trade circles and in the directory. And the people who are selling property are immediately reinvesting in real estate. They are getting ahead because it is cheaper than paying for repairs.

SALT LAKE GROWING.

J. W. Houston—I have traveled a good deal this year and nowhere have I found a city that has such bright prospects as Salt Lake. We are growing, growing, growing, and this ought to be a banner year. We're into the year of the presidential election, it should be the very best in the city's history. A certain local agitation is working no good to the city, but we will survive that. Plenty of people are inquiring for homes and those who are selling are doing so to reinvest in real property. In fact, with Utah's prospects, it is no wonder that real estate is working no good to the city, but we will survive that. Plenty of people are inquiring for homes and those who are selling are doing so to reinvest in real property. In fact, with Utah's prospects, it is no wonder that real estate is working no good to the city, but we will survive that.

FUTURE ASSURED.

W. E. Hubbard—Nobody, I believe, doubts the greatness of Salt Lake's future, but what can we do in this business with the town a veritable sea of mud. We cannot show prospective purchasers around at all, especially newcomers. We must simply wait until winter is over.

SATISFACTORY SEASON.

G. C. Richter—My impression is that this season will prove very satisfactory for a real estate dealer. There has been a healthy demand for houses, as well as building lots, and it would be greater were the streets in better shape. Where you can take a man to a house on a car line, his ardor is not cooled to the same extent as when he must wade through mud knee-deep for a quarter of a mile. The Smoot agitation injures the business on the outside, easterners having an exaggerated opinion of conditions. But among people here, where it is understood, I do not believe any dealer suffers.

OUTSIDE MONEY COMING IN.

Brown Real Estate Company: We are agents for the Red Butte quarries and we suffer doubly—in not being able to get our own material down town, to say nothing of that which is ordered by our customers. If we can get good weather from now on, so the roads will dry up, this will turn out to be the biggest year we have ever had. Notwithstanding the presidential year, I have yet to find the person who has not implicit confidence in Salt Lake real estate, and a good deal of money is being put into it by outsiders. More than 75 per cent of the sales made are for the purpose of reinvesting in more valuable pieces of property.

A BETTER YEAR.

Tuttle Bros.: The first quarter of 1904 has been, with us, at least, better than the same period in '01, '02 or '03. We have had more sales and larger sales than during any three months of those years. Most of the transfers made this year have ranged between \$4,000 and \$10,000 and we are unable to see that the presidential year has had the slightest effect upon this business. Were it not for the bad weather, things would have been better, no doubt, but 1904 will be a record breaker, nevertheless.

BUSINESS WILL DOUBLE.

The Rega Agency: The stormy weather has retarded business. We have complaints every day from our customers because we cannot fill our contracts as speedily as we should, the reason being that it is impossible to get material over the muddy roads to the building sites. But things are brightening up. This last week has brought us more business than the 30 days preceding it and unless all signs fail the business done here last year will double within the next six months.

THE RAILROAD SHOPS AND DEPOTS

Considerable Money Will be Spent Soon for Buildings of This Kind.

THE SHORT LINE IN EARNST.

Has Already Commenced Work That Will Involve Expenditure of Large Sums—Other Railroad Work.

THE railroads propose to spend considerable money in Salt Lake this summer in the way of putting in permanent improvements. If all that has been promised is fulfilled there should be work enough for a veritable army of labor. From first to last the Oregon Short Line, Rio Grande Western, Utah Light and Railway company, Salt Lake Southern, Salt Lake & Ogden, and Salt Lake & Brigham City have promised fully \$3,000,000 in improvements and extensions in Salt Lake and vicinity for this year. It is not anticipated, however, that this sum will be spent, for from past experience it is demonstrated that the promises of railroad promoters are not always fulfilled to the letter.

O. S. L. IN EARNST.

The only railroad system that has to date developed any signs of activity in the direction of fulfilling promises made by executive officials is the Oregon Short Line.

REASONS WHY GOOD TIMES WILL CONTINUE.

UTAH in general, and Salt Lake City in particular, are now in a position to judge with a fair degree of accuracy, as to what may be expected of the year 1904 in a business way. The first quarter of the year ended on Thursday, March 31, and its record we have in hand. The second quarter can be fairly indicated from the first.

On this page are compiled some of the reasons—by no means all of them—why we may look for sound, healthful trade conditions for the remainder of the year. It would be too much to expect a repetition of the unbroken prosperity of 1903—in a presidential year no one could reasonably look for that—but our best business men know that the records of both 1902 and 1903 reached such handsome totals that even if we fall slightly below them this year, there is still a good, safe margin with which 1904 may feel contented. The outlook in all those avenues and channels through which the prosperity of our community flows—The Smelters, Mines, Crops, Water Supply, Dividends, Building Operations, Public Improvements, New Population, Railroad Improvements, Real Estate Sales, Oil Operations, etc., etc.—all indicate beyond question that the year will be one which our progressive people will have reason to be satisfied with.

son Short Line which during the past week has broken ground for the new round house, shops and yards out in North Salt Lake. The aggressive improvement campaign inaugurated by the Oregon Short Line contemplates a \$200,000 union passenger depot, 250,000 shops, a new engine house, yard tracks, car shops, viaducts for vehicles and pedestrians, and other innovations which will cost fully \$1,000,000.

WORK HAS BEGUN.

During the past week steps have been taken toward the establishment of a camp in North Salt Lake for the laborers employed, a steam shovel has also been set to work getting out gravel from the foothills for distribution over the marshy land that is the site of the projected improvements and everything points to there being considerable activity in the section of the city. The tenants along Fourth West from South Temple street and Third West the plans for the big structure have been approved by Mr. Harriman and there is nothing to hinder the work.

DEPOT PLANS UNDER WAY.

While there is nothing official forthcoming as to when work will be commenced on the union depot for the Short Line and the San Pedro at the foot of South Temple street and Third West the plans for the big structure have been approved by Mr. Harriman and there is nothing to hinder the work.

R. G. W. QUIET.

Inquiry at the office of the Rio Grande is not productive of any cheering news. General Sup. J. H. Young yesterday stated that there was nothing new in the projected plans of the Rio Grande for a big depot and shops. This matter, he said, was still in statu quo.

OTHER IMPROVEMENTS.

Among the other improvements slated for this summer, that of the construction of the Salt Lake Southern from First South on the east side to Bingham will undoubtedly be rushed. General Manager A. V. Taylor reports that most of the poles and arms for the trolley feed wires are in place within the city limits and considerable grading has been done. Just as soon as the weather permits active construction will be pushed and the new suburban line become an accomplished fact.

Taken all in all there will be plenty of work for railroad labor this summer in and around Salt Lake.

ASHTON ON REAL ESTATE.

The bad weather has seriously interfered with the real estate market. This is particularly the case with property lying outside the heart of the city. It has been practically useless to offer suburban property to inquiring customers. With the advent of spring the prospects for the real estate dealer are brighter. To my mind, the growth of Salt Lake City from now on will be substantial. Our local capitalists are spending their means for Salt Lake's development and outside investors are being convinced that this section promises good returns on money they have to invest. Naturally, Salt Lake is well located and the many resources of our state will add materially to her prosperity. Present indications point to a greater activity in Salt Lake City than is to be found in the cities of surrounding states. During 1904, I expect a great deal of improvement in the way of cottages and residences, and a fair amount of larger work.

OUR HALF YEAR OF DIVIDENDS.

Commercial Stock Returns for 94 Lead Those of Last Year.

LONG LIST OF PAYING COMPANIES

Some in the List Have Been Paying Stockholders Over a Quarter Of a Century.

NOTHING forms so true an indication of the real prosperity of the masses as the amount of money on deposit in the savings banks and the sums invested in dividend paying companies. There is, of course, no way of telling to what extent the people are interested in local commercial institutions but it is certain that such investments are growing in popularity year after year, and if the number of the stockholders of our various banks, other dividend paying companies, and other institutions that our dividend payers have done and will do for the first half of 1904 forms an interesting story. The record equals that of the first half of 1903, and slightly surpasses it. The following list, compiled by E. L. Burton, is not complete, but it gives a fair idea of the companies that are paying dividends, and many private concerns which pay handsomely are not reported, but so far as known the regular disbursements for the half year ending June 30th next, will have been as follows:

Z. C. M. I.	\$4,000.00
Home Fire Insurance Co.	10,000.00
R. M. B. Tel. Co.	65,000.00
Con. W. & Machine Co., Pr.	35,000.00
do.	20,000.00
Utah Sugar Co.	105,000.00
Amalgamated Sugar, Pr.	51,000.00
Deseret National Bank	39,000.00
Amalgamated Sugar, com.	35,000.00
Walker Bros' Bank	3,000.00
Deseret Savings Bank	6,000.00
State Bank of Utah	10,000.00
Zion's Sav. Bank & Tr. Co.	8,000.00
National Bk of the Republic	9,000.00
Utah National Bank	3,000.00
Coburn J. Grant & Co.	4,000.00
Utah Stove & Hardware Co.	1,500.00
Church Bonds	15,000.00
S. L. & C. R. P. Bonds	75,000.00
Sumpter Valley R. R. Bonds	5,000.00
First National Bk of Ogden	15,000.00
Ogden Savings Bank	6,000.00
Utah National Bank	6,000.00
First Nat'l Bank of Logan	3,000.00
Thatcher Bros. Bank	6,000.00
Provo Commercial Bank	4,000.00
Lehi Commercial & Sav. Bk	1,500.00
Springville Banking Co.	1,000.00
Mr. Pleasant Bank	1,000.00
Manti Savings Bank	3,500.00
First Nat'l Bank of Nephi	2,500.00
Davis Co. Bank	1,000.00
Barnes Banking Co.	1,000.00
Total	\$446,000.00

Mysterious Circumstance.

One was pale and yellow and the other fresh and rosy. Whence the difference? She who is blushing with health uses Dr. King's New Life Pills to maintain it. By gently arousing the lazy organs they compel good digestion and head off constipation. Try them. Only 25c. at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

Z. C. M. I.

The Store with 35 years experience.

The Homer Abstract Company WILL NOT move from the Deseret National Bank building.

Z. C. M. I.

The Store with 35 years experience.

Don't fail to see The Great Train Robbery at the Unique Theater this week.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Zion's Cooperative Mercantile Institution will be held in the Institution's Office, No. 15 to 23 South Main Street, Salt Lake, on Tuesday, April 5th at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of hearing the President's report, the election of officers and directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

T. G. WEBBER, Secy.
Salt Lake City, March 30th, 1904.

WOOL PROSPECTS ARE IMPROVING.

The Quality is Very Good and Over 2,000,000 Sheep Will be Shorn.

CLIP WILL BE 11,000,000 LBS.

Sheep Are Now Selling for \$3 Per Head—After Shearing They Will Bring Less.

THE outlook for Utah stockmasters this year is, if anything, almost brighter than that at the commencement of last year. While the woolbuyers predict lower prices—as of yore, as is their business—investigation is productive of the assertion that good prices will prevail. Heavier fleeces are in order while the loss this winter has been way below normal. To add to this the heavy storms and protracted precipitation will make feed abundant so that sheep can be shipped to market in prime condition. The clip this year will reach about 11,000,000 pounds clipped from the backs of approximately 2,000,000 sheep. In round figures the wool clipped in Utah this year will reach in the neighborhood of \$1,335,000. The value of the 2,000,000 sheep and lamb crop after shearing will be about \$4,225,000. Upon this basis the value of the sheep

at present in Utah is in round figures, \$5,960,000.

JESSE M. SMITH TALKS.

In order to obtain an unbiased statement of the outlook for the sheepmen, "The News" today interviewed Jesse M. Smith, president of the Utah Wool Growers' association. In answer to questions Mr. Smith said in substance: "The outlook this season is very good considering all things. As near as can be ascertained the price of medium wools will range from between 13 and 15 cents, with fine medium and fine some two cents lower than last year, and other wools in proportion. While there will be fewer sheep shorn this season than last, the clip will be about the same, as the fleeces are decidedly heavier than they were last year. I look for this year's clip to come up to fully 11,000,000 pounds. From statistics in our office there will be about 2,000,000 head shorn in Utah this year. All sheep have wintered well and there have been practically no losses whatever, the returns show away below normal. When it comes to the mutton market, the outlook is most encouraging. I look for higher prices to prevail. With the abundant moisture that has fallen there is a prospect of a good crop of mutton for some time to come. As it is the herds are in excellent condition and some are even now good for mutton. As the sheep stand now before being sheared they are worth about \$3 a head; after shearing and with year lambs, they will be worth from \$2 to \$2.25.

FLOCKS ARE CLEAN.

"Another good feature is that, thanks to the state board of sheep commission, there is very little disease prevalent in Utah at this time. By far the greater number of herds are entirely free from scab, while in the infected herds there are from one to six cases only. Conditions were never better. The establishment of a quarantine line separating the winter from the summer ranges, and the rigid enforcement of the law under path of a heavy fine, is another good move that will be effective in stamping out disease among the sheep.

"Taken all in all the outlook is very bright this season."

Escaped An Awful Fate.

Mr. H. Haggins of Melbourne, Fla., writes: "My doctor told me I had Consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe it all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

Z. C. M. I.

Conference Week Bargains. See Large Ad.

\$1.00 TELEPHONES.

For Residences. 20 outgoing calls per month. No charge for incoming calls. 25c for excess calls.

\$2.00 TELEPHONES.

For Residences. Unlimited service. ROYALTY FOR THE DESERT BELL TELEPHONE CO.

Z. C. M. I.

Men's Stylish Clothing. Special Prices.

BIG STORMS AND HEAVY HARVESTS.

Regarded as Certain That the Former Will Bounteously Insure the Latter.

FARMERS THUS MADE HAPPY.

Appearances Are That Granaries Will Teem, That Meadows and Ranges Will be Covered With Grass.

THE precipitation for the month just closed amounted to four inches, which is a stand-off with the second highest record in the history of the local government records, the other four-inch record occurring in March, 1876. The highest March record continues to be that of 1891, or 4.66 inches, something phenomenal. The precipitation this year so far, has been quite heavy, being nothing less than 7.70 inches as against 4.28 inches for the corresponding period of last year, 3.19 inches for that of 1902, 5.20 inches for the first three months in 1901, but only 2.97 inches for the same period in 1900. In 1899 the record was quite high, 6.75 inches, while for the year before that, 1898, it was decidedly light, being only 2.67. But in 1897 the precipitation was very heavy for January, February and March, being 7.17 inches, pretty near the record for the present year.

WHOLE WEST DRENCHED.

The heavy precipitation for the first three months of this year is by no means peculiar to this basin, for it has extended all over the north and west, and only the other day Boise chronicled the heaviest rainfall in local history, 2.5 inches in 24 hours. Idaho has been well drenched, just as has northern Utah, and the outlook in the well watered country is in the highest degree encouraging. But up to within the last 10 days the south of the 40th parallel of latitude had been slim and in the far southern part of the state the ground was said to be bone dry. In fact in Sanpete valley, farmers were obliged to irrigate to soften the soil so that they could plow. The Shoshone of Fillmore and others who were up from the south on business earlier in the month reported that people were leaving and preparing to leave, intending to locate in Idaho and Alberta, or were thinking of going to Mexico. However, since then, the advent of the much needed rain has alleviated somewhat the situation and the immigration ardor is temporarily abated.

SNOW IN THE WASATCH.

Forest Superintendent Marshall, who was in town yesterday from Kanab, says that there is more snow in the Wasatch mountains than he ever knew before. The roads in the northern part of the state have for the time being lost their bottoms, in not a few localities all travel is abandoned, and horseback is the only way one can get around. Of course the watercourses are booming, and the ground of the entire Great Salt Lake watershed is so thoroughly soaked that it is taking up any more moisture and the water is running on to the great lake. Two weeks ago the lake was about the same height it was last year at that time, but now it is higher by several inches, and is rising much faster than it was in the latter part of March, 1903. Isaac Sears who was out at the lake shore by the Jeremy salt ponds the other day, when it was so dark early in the afternoon, says that the clouds coming rolling in from the west, over the lake like great waves, and it seemed as though a big tidal wave was approaching. Mr. Sears notices a rapid increase in the volume of the lake, and that the water has once more covered the bottom between Antelope island and the main land, and which has been dry land for over two years. He met a man who drove over from the island and the latter stated that at the rate the lake level was rising, it would be up to the level of the island between the island and the main shore in a few days. This gives hope that there will be good bathing at Saltair the coming season, as the lake will continue to rise for the next two months, and perhaps longer. Utah lake is also rising rapidly, and at present rate of increase will be up to compromise point before long.

GOOD CROP OUTLOOK.

All this is in the way of ensuring great crops the coming season over an immense area. The country is so saturated with moisture that the water tables under the surface of the ground to a higher elevation than usual, so that there will not be as much need of irrigation as has been customary, and much of the water, river water that would otherwise be used, will run into the Great Salt Lake. The dry bench farmers are rejoicing, for they believe that this year, at all events, they will not suffer because they do not have irrigation water, and barring unforeseen accidents, copious harvests are made sure to them. In fact that is the promise for all. Last year, with four and a quarter inches for the initial watering, the lands were all dead pretty well. But this year, with three and a half inches of water in excess of that, the promise is that much the better. The only thing that might make a farmer afraid is the fear of possible raids on the crops from grasshoppers and other pests, and just to what extent these will materialize is yet to be ascertained. The ranges are all in fine shape, and the grass will be rich and abundant, this spring, so that taking the situation all round, there is just reason for extended hope.

Taking Desperate Chances.

It is true that many contract clogs and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chances instead of giving them the proper attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to withstand such succeeding colds, and paves the way for more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle? For sale by all druggists.

The Homer Abstract Company

WILL NOT MOVE from the present quarters at the Deseret National Bank, which they have occupied for the past 15 years. On the contrary, we have remodeled our large and commodious office, to meet the requirements of our steadily increasing business, which we have merited through conscientious treatment of our patrons. We have acquired ownership of the superb and valuable Title Records, compiled and used by the Salt Lake County and State Title Guaranty & Trust Co., and we assert unqualifiedly and splendidly equipped abstract office in the state. THE HOMER ABSTRACT CO.

THE MUNICIPAL BETTERMENTS.

Work That the City Has Outlined in the Way of Public Improvements CANNOT DO ALL, HOWEVER.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

The Estimates Run Close to Half a Million Dollars for the Current Year—What They Are.

Parley's Canyon reservoir	\$221,448
Street paving	33,960
Sidewalk extensions	24,450
Sewer extensions	18,800
Jordan river bridge	7,000
Crosswalks, etc.	6,500
State street improvements	4,500
Total	\$346,258

THE municipality of Salt Lake City, it is estimated, will expend nearly a half million dollars during the year on improvements in its streets, water system, sewer system and other public matters. The most important improvement under contemplation at the present time is the increase of the city's water supply by the construction of a large storage reservoir in Parley's canyon, the site for which has been secured by the city and the preliminary work was commenced by the city council last fall. The reservoir will be in that matter this year is at present hard to tell, as the government will no doubt take hold of the Utah lake and take advantage of the event the city might take advantage of from the lake to exchange with the many owners of water rights in Big and Little Cottonwood creeks. Such action on the part of the city might result in the abandonment of the Parley's canyon reservoir project.

SOUTH TEMPLE PAVING.

Exclusive of the proposed paving of east South Temple street, from State Eighth East street, it is estimated that the city will expend \$53,960 on its streets. The contract for the 100 South street paving, from State to Second East, has already been awarded at a cost of \$17,115. The city has been working on the paving of South Temple street, between State and Second East, since the city council last fall. The work will be in that matter this year is at present hard to tell, as the government will no doubt take hold of the Utah lake and take advantage of the event the city might take advantage of from the lake to exchange with the many owners of water rights in Big and Little Cottonwood creeks. Such action on the part of the city might result in the abandonment of the Parley's canyon reservoir project.

NEW SIDEWALKS.

It is estimated that the sum of \$23,095 will be expended on the paving of sidewalks during the year, and the sum of \$6,500 will be expended on crosswalks for street intersections and grading and graveling the streets. The estimated extensions for the year are about \$24,450. It is also the intention of the city council to construct a steel and