

Bonapartist; M. Guion, deputy for Indre-et-Loire, M. Lepetit, deputy for Vienne, M. Paul Morin, deputy for the Seine, M. Scherer, deputy for the Seine Et-Oise, M. De Tocqueville, deputy for the Manche, General Chabron Letellier, and General Valaze, deputy for the Seine Inferieure of the Left Centre. M. Carnot, M. Lanfrey, deputy for the Bouches Du Rhone, M. Rainport, deputy for the Yonne, and M. Testiliu, deputy for the Nord, of the Left. M. Carbon, deputy for the Seine, M. Cremieux, deputy for Algiers, M. Litte, deputy for the Seine, and M. Scheurer-Kestnes, deputy for the Seine, radicals. The Right Centre proposed to annul the elections of the foregoing because of the infraction of the rule requiring secrecy, but after a heated encounter between M. Buffet M. Gambetta, the proposal was rejected by a majority of thirteen.

LONDON, 16.—A special to the Times from Berlin says that Thomassen has repeatedly torn the bandage from the wound he inflicted in his attempted suicide, and is now securely bound. He seems to be a Swabian by birth, but has been naturalized in the U. S. He passed a week last October in Liverpool, apparently trying to ascertain whether it would be best for him to put his infernal machine on board a steamer there or in Bremenhaven. The number of killed by the explosion already reaches eighty, and others of the injured are not expected to recover. Forty corpses were buried to-day, together with some chests filled with unidentified fragments of bodies. The total number of killed and wounded is now estimated at 180.

The Times announces that the board of trade has ordered an official inquiry into the loss of the *Deutschland*, to begin on Monday, next, at Poplar. Fourteen bodies of the victims were buried at Dover Court yesterday; the shops in that place and in Harwich were closed during the funeral, and deep sympathy was shown by all the inhabitants.

6 a. m.—A special from St. Paul DeLoanda states that Captain Cameron's exploring expedition arrived there Nov. 19th, having traversed the continent from Ujiji; the expedition has been a complete success. All the men were well.

A private telegram from Egypt states that, on the demand of the British government, the Egyptian men of war will be recalled from Zanzibar, and the expedition to Abyssinia will confine itself to exacting satisfaction, after which the troops are to return to Egypt.

BREMEN, 16. There is no change to-day, in the condition of Thomassen; he has fully confessed, and has revealed the names of his accomplices, but the authorities will not make known further particulars.

CONGRESSIONAL SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 15. — Substitute the following for Morton's resolution on the election in Mississippi, in the p. m. Senate report—

"Whereas, It is alleged that the late election in Mississippi for members of Congress, State officers and members of the legislature, was characterized by great frauds, violence and intimidation, whereby the freedom of the ballot was in a great measure destroyed, a reign of terror established, the ballot boxes stuffed, and spurious tickets imposed upon voters, so that the popular majority of more than 25,000 was overcome and in its place was given an apparent but fraudulent majority of more than 25,000; and, "Whereas, The legislature thus chosen will have the election of senators to represent that State in this body; and,

"Whereas, If the allegations are true, a great number of citizens of the U. S. have had their rights, under the constitution and laws of the U. S., wickedly violated; therefore,

"Resolved, That a committee of five senators be appointed by the chair to investigate the truth of such allegations and the circumstances attending such election, with power to visit said State, to make an investigation, to send for persons and papers, and to use all necessary process in the performance of their duties, and to make a report to the Senate, before the end of this session, of their investigation and findings."

At the request of Bayard, the resolution was laid over until to-morrow, and was ordered printed.

WASHINGTON, 16.—A large number of memorials, asking the appointment of a commission to inquire into the alcoholic liquor traffic were presented, and referred to the committee on finance.

HOUSE.

In the House the Speaker stated that inasmuch as the committees were not appointed, he would proceed with the call of the States for bills and resolutions.

Frye introduced a bill to make persons charged with crimes and offences witnesses in U. S. courts.

Hale, of Maine, offered the following resolution, and moved the previous question on its adoption—

"Whereas, the country is suffering under the evils of an irredeemable currency, which causes uncertainty in business and stimulates speculation to the prejudice of legitimate business and labor; and

"Whereas, both political parties in the U. S. stand committed against repudiation and in favor of a speedy return to specie payments; and,

"Whereas, Congress established a like policy in the act of March 16th, 1869, which was followed by the act of January 14th, 1875, providing for a return to specie payments on the 1st day of January, 1879; therefore,

"Resolved, that in the judgment of this House prompt legislative measures should be taken to render said act of January 14th, 1875, effective, by placing in the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury whatever powers may be necessary to that end."

Hale demanded the ayes and nays on the previous question, but the House refused to second it, ayes 75, nays 145.

Several republicans voted no, among them Kelly, of Pa., who was the first man to pass between the tellers on that side. The resolution was referred to the committee on banking and currency.

Starkweather introduced a bill to amend the law relating to postage on mailable matter of the 3rd class, providing that from the 1st of January, 1878, the postage on pamphlets, transient newspapers, periodicals, magazines, handbills, posters, unsealed circulars, prospectuses, proof sheets and corrected proof sheets shall be one cent for every two ounces or a fraction thereof; and that postage on all other matter shall remain as now provided by law. He moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill.

Randall suggested that the bill be first considered in committee.

Starkweather then remarked that he only carried out the universal desire of the people to have the postage on transient papers placed where it was.

Bills and resolutions were further introduced and referred as follows—

By Hewitt, directing the Secretary of War to furnish the list of claims pending in the Quartermaster General's department at the time leave of absence was granted Quartermaster General Meigs, which have been, since that date, passed and allowed, together with any report or statement in relation to the bill thereto made by General Meigs or by the acting Quartermaster General; adopted.

By Douglas, to increase the pay of men at life-saving stations.

By Rainey, to abolish the House committee on Freedmen's affairs. By Cook, to refund the cotton tax collected between 1863 and 1868; also to authorize payment for all cotton seized by the U. S. after May 29th, 1865. By Banning, to establish a branch mint at Cincinnati. By Lawrence, instructing the committee on foreign affairs to inquire into the expediency of restoring to the Japanese government so much of the Japanese indemnity fund as may not be necessary to meet the just claims for damages and expenses properly chargeable on that fund; adopted. Also declaring it to be the sense of the House that the policy of finance shall be steadily pursued which, without an unnecessary check to business, will ultimately equalize the purchasing power of the gold and paper dollar.

Holman moved its reference to the committee on banking and currency, and it was so referred.

Coleman offered the following—

"Resolved, That in the judgment of this House, in the present condition of the financial affairs of the government, no subsidies in money, bonds, public lands, endorsements, or by the pledge of public credit, should be granted by Congress to associations or corporations engaged, or proposing to engage, in public or private enterprises, and all appropriations from the public treasury ought to be limited at this time to such amounts only as shall be imperatively demanded by the public service."

He moved the previous question on its adoption, and the resolution was adopted, yeas 223, nays 33.

Springer, of Ills., offered the following resolution and moved the previous question on its adoption—

"Resolved that in the opinion of this House the precedent established by Washington, and other presidents of the U. S., in retiring from the presidential office after their second term, has become, by universal concurrence, a part of our republican system of government, and that any departure from this time-honored custom would be unwise, unpatriotic and fraught with peril to our free institutions."

The previous question was seconded, and the resolution adopted, yeas 232, nays 18.

A resolution instructing the committee on banking and currency to report a bill repealing the national banking law, and substituting for national bank currency national paper money, issued directly from the Treasury, and made legal tender for all debts, public or private, including duties on imports, and to be interchangeable for registered bonds bearing 365-100 per cent interest, was referred to the committee on banking and currency.

By Bucknor, reducing the salary of the President of the U. S. after the 4th of March, 1877.

Randall introduced a concurrent resolution providing for the adjournment of both houses from Monday next, till Tuesday, the 4th of January, '76. He said he had offered it after a conference with both sides of the house. The resolution was agreed to and the House adjourned till Friday.

Starkweather presented a petition against further appropriations for the distribution of seeds through the agricultural bureau.

By Slemmons, to repeal the tax on tea and tobacco; also a resolution calling on the Attorney General for information as to the number of prisoners held by authority of the U. S. Government in the different State prisons, with the annual expense thereof; adopted.

By Conger, for the better protection of emigrants and to prevent the importation of criminals.

By Durand, to enable certain soldiers and sailors to perfect their title to a homestead under the homestead law, without entry, occupation or improvement.

By Rusk, for public buildings at La Crosse, Missouri; also providing that all pensions on account of death from wounds or disease, received in the service, shall commence from the date of death or discharge.

By Dunnell, to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to ascertain the amount due the State of Minnesota for suppressing Indian hostilities.

By Faulkner, to pay the German Evangelical church, at Martinsburg, W. Va., \$2,500, on account of the destruction of the church in 1863, while in the possession of the military forces of the U. S.

By Kidder, to establish the Territory of Pembina.

Lawrence offered the following resolution, which was agreed to—

"Whereas, the incorporation of general legislation on appropriation bills sometimes requires either the support of objectionable provisions or opposition to necessary appropriations; and,

"Whereas, every measure should stand on its own merits; therefore,

"Resolved, that the committee on rules be directed to report an amendment to the rules, which shall exclude from appropriation bills all generalization, either on reports of conference committees or otherwise."

Cox offered the following resolution, which was agreed to—

"Resolved that the committee on foreign affairs inquire into and report upon the expediency and the justice of giving to the German Empire the notice required by the fifth article of the treaty with the North German Empire, signed Feb. 23th, for the termination of said treaty, or so much thereof and of the protocol of June 12, 1871, as related to citizens of the U. S., their renunciation of naturalization, and their political condition in Germany under said treaty and protocol."

The House then adjourned until Monday next, with the understanding that the business on that day shall be confined to the presentation by the Speaker of any communication he may have to make.

The journal of Friday last having been read and some executive communication being laid before the House, the Speaker announced the standing committees.

The committees are as follows—

Elections—Harris, of Va., Thompson, Blackburn, Beebe, House, Debolt, Poppleton, Hoar, Wells, of Mass., Baker, of Ind., and Brown, of Kansas.

Ways and Means—Morris, Wood, Hancock, Thomas, Hill, Chapin, Tucker, Blaine, Kelly, Garfield and Burchard.

Appropriations—Randall, Holman, Wells, of Mo., Atkins, Hamilton, of N. J., Blount, Singleton, Wheeler, Hale, Foster and Waldron.

Banking and Currency—Cox, Payne, Goode, Gibson, Haymond, Burchard, Wake, Townsend, of Pa., Kasson, Eames and Hubbell.

Pacific Railroads—Lamar, Atkins, Luttrell, Walker, of Va., Lynde, Throckmorton, Thomas, of Md., Phillips, of Mo., Garfield, Kasson, Platte, O'Neill and Blair.

Judiciary—Knott, Hunter, Ashe, Lynde, Lord, Hurd, Caulfield, McCrary, Lawrence, Frye and Starkweather.

Public Lands—Saylor, Goodwin, Fuller, McFarland, Valling, Gause, Lane, Hathorne, McDill, Morey and Crouse.

Foreign Affairs—Swann, Faulkner, Banks, Barnum, Ely, Hamilton, of Ind., Springer, Forney, Monroe, Williams, of Wis., and Packer.

Military Affairs—Banning, Glover, Williams, of Mich., Ferry, Cook, Reilly, of Pa., Hardenburg, MacDougall, Thornburgh, Harbut and Straft.

Education and Labor—Walker, of Va., Lamar, Faulkner, Cutter, Stinger, Clark of Mo., Springer, Hoar, Magoon of Wis., White and Nash.

District of Columbia—Buchler, Neal, Phelps, Cate, Hartinge, Hinkle, Stevenson, McCrary, Willard, Hendee and Phillips, of Kansas.

Public Buildings and Grounds—Holman, Wells, of Mo., Harrison, Cook, Hewitt, of N. Y., Nash, Young, Williams, of Mich., Woodward, Plaisted and Kimball.

Patents—Vance, Bagley, Jr., of N. Y., Douglas, Landers, Hartzell, Clark of N. Y., Smith of Ga., Conger, Dobbins, Sampson and Hoge.

Commerce—Heretford, Ward, Durand, Reagan, Piper, Kehr, Pierce, Felton, Hunter, Ross and Dunnell.

Post Offices and Post Roads—Clark, of Mo., Waddell, Luttrell, Ainsworth, of Iowa, Walker, of N. Y., McMahon, Slemmons, Cannon, Miller, Stowell and Wallace of S. C.

Claims—Bright, Neal, Brown, of Ky., Robbins, of N. C., Tarbox, Cochran, Phillips, of Mo., Pratt, Bass, Brady and Cason.

War Claims—Eden, Milliken, Warren, Cabell, Ellis, New, Caldwell, Congies, Smith, of Pa., Wilson, of Iowa, and Haskins.

Naval Affairs—Whitthome, Lewis, Mills, Jones, of N. H., Willis, Williams, of Del., Robbins, of Pa., Burleigh, Harris, of Mass., Hayes and Danford.

Revision of the Laws—Durham, Southard, Bell, Metcalf, Teese, Douglas, Sparks, Crapo, Denison, Oliver and Robinson.

Invalid Pensions—Jenks, Bagley, of Ills., Wilson, of W. Va., Bliss, Hewitt, of Ala., Rice, Yates, Rusk, Sennickson, Purman and Rainey.

Revolutionary Pensions—Hunter, Bland, of Mo., Philps, Clarke, of Ky., Hurd, Davis, Schumaker, Townsend, of N. Y., Dobbins, Henderson and Williams, of N. Y.

Indian Affairs—Scales, Wilshire, Boone, Sparks, Harker, Horgan, Lane, Seelye, Page, Vannorkes and Tufts.

Weights and Measures—Stephens, of Ga., O'Brien, Potter, Saylor, Parson, of N. Y., Maist, of Wis., Chittenden and Seelye.

Territories—Southard, Caldwell, Mutchler, Franklin, Mead, Culbertson, Wegginton, Frost, Mackey, Freeman, Bagley, of N. Y., and Patterson.

Agriculture—Caldwell, Harris, of Ga., Marsh, Davis, Rea, Goodin, Anderson, Smith, of Pa., Rusk, Van Vorke and Smalls.

Mines and Mining—Bland, Turner, Durham, Potter, Odell, Gibson, Campbell, Evans, Woodburn, Caswell and Lynch.

Private Land Claims—Gunter, Buckner, Parsons, Powell, Candler,

Levy, Ainsworth, Ketchum, Joyce, Cannon, Lapham.

Public Expenditures—Milliken, Hatcher, Perry, Cowan, Debrill, James, Reilly, Campbell, of Ills., Whiting, Norton, Wood, of Pa., and Patterson.

Railways and Canals—Jones, of Ky., Stone, Savage, Meade, Schleicher, Mackey, of Pa., Landers, Davy, Henderson, Frost and Haze.

Mississippi Levees—Allis, Hatcher, Walshire, Morey, Roberts, Young, Sheakley, Darrell, Whiting, Morrey and Wallace, of Pa.

Reform in Civil Service—Whitehouse, Brown, of Ky., Throckmorton, Payne, Collins, Debold, Cutter, Hurlbut, Harris, of Mass., Foster and Leavenworth.

Manufactures—Stone, Dibblell, Ross, of N. J., Williams, of Ala., Hopkins, Money, Burchard, Farwell, Bolton, of R. I., Williams, of N. Y., and Hyman.

Militia—Cowan, Hereford, Bell, Scales, Candler, Walsh, Tarbox, Ross, of Pa., Darrall, Crouse and King.

Expenditures on Public Buildings—Metcalf, Wilson, Western Virginia, Bagley, Pratt and Townsend, of New York.

Expenditures in Navy Department—Beebe, Mills, Sheakley, Burley and Baker, of New York.

Expenditures in States Department—Springer, Thompson, Caldwell, Wallace and Leavenworth.

Expenditures in Treasury Department—Ely, Bright, Hartzell, Williams, of Mich., and Plaisted.

Expenditures in War Department—Clymer, Robbins, of N. C., Blackburn, Bass, and Darford.

Expenditures in Post Office Department—Stone, Reagan, Walker, of N. Y., Stowell and Adams.

Expenditures in Interior Department—Mutchler, Boone Anderson, Woodworth and Tufts.

Expenditures in the Department of Justice—Caulfield, Candler, House and Starkweather.

Select Committee on Centennial Celebration—Hopkins, Hancock, Barnum, Banks, Harrison, Obrien, Williams of N. C., Hardenburgh, Kelly, Blaine, Lawrence, Baker, of N. Y., and Rainey.

Immediately after the announcement of the committees the House adjourned until Wednesday, the fifth of January.

Land Patents.—The following have been published—

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Salt Lake City, U. T., Dec. 13th, 1875.

Cash Patents have been received and are now ready for delivery at the Land Office, to the following named persons:

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| John Armstrong | Joseph Wair |
| Andrew C Nelson | Mons Monson |
| John Jeremy | John Bailey |
| Andrew Anderson | William Clyde |
| William Adamson | William S Brighton |
| Mads P Madsen | William Huggins |
| John C Shepherd | Hyrum Bates |
| Feargues Lester | John L Jewkes |
| Richard Jewkes | Phillip Kohlheyer |
| | John A Quist. |

OLIVER A. PATTON, Register Land Office, Salt Lake City.

TERRITORIAL DISPATCHES.

BY DES. TEL. LINE.
Weather Report Dec. 14.

Hebron—Very warm and pleasant.

Tokerville—very pleasant.

Nephi—Very warm and clear.

Logan—Clear and fine, sun shining brightly.

Payson—Pleasant.

Silver City, Tintic—Fine and pleasant; very little snow on the level, no indication of storm.

Alta City—Clear, quite warm, thawing.

Beaver—Clear and warm.

Pioche—Delightful, too warm for a fire.

Bingham Cañon—Fine, beautiful day.

Paris, Bear Lake—Very foggy, not much snow.

Ogden—Clear.

December 19th, to the wife of Elder R. F. Neslen, a son.

IN A RECENT NO.

In this City, Dec. 16th, Mr. JOSEPH HALS and Miss MARIA SPENCER SCHOLEY. The ceremony was performed by Bishop Tuttle, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Blakemore.