

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

SARATOGA, 29.—In the race today, for the Saratoga cup, valued at \$1,200, added to a sweepstakes of \$50 each, two and a quarter miles, the following started: Joe Daniels, Harry Bassett, True Blue and Wanderer. Wanderer was the favorite in the pools. Joe Daniels won, Bassett second, True Blue third, Wanderer a bad fourth. Time 4.10 1/4.

NEW YORK, 29.—It is understood that the government will press the cases against the parties who have been importing inferior watch movements into this country, with the forged names of American manufacturers engraved on them.

The London Times of the 17th expresses the opinion that the Ashantee war may yet become a formidable affair.

Up to the 24th of this month the total number of emigrants who had arrived this year was 179,376, which is only between 700 or 800 less than the figures at the corresponding time a year ago.

BUFFALO, 29.—The Niagara Falls train of the Erie Railway came into collision with a passenger train on the Buffalo, New York, and Philadelphia Railway this evening, at the Clinton Street crossing, about two miles out of this city. Two persons, Mrs. Dooley, of Elmira, and Mrs. Pierce, of Buffalo, are supposed to be fatally injured, and some ten or twelve others injured but not seriously. The Erie train struck the rear end of the third passenger coach of the other train, knocking the end off, and throwing the car off the track. The injuries to the passengers were caused by the rolling over of the car. Each road throws the blame of the accident on the other. Most of the injured passengers proceeded with the train, those seriously hurt were brought to Buffalo and received medical aid.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—Twenty-two Chinese women, brought by the steamer, were sold at auction today. Young girls brought as high as \$450 each, old and middle-aged women from \$250 to \$100. They were all consigned to one of the six Chinese companies.

CARSON, Nev., 29.—The water was turned into the pipe and flume of the Virginia and Gold Hill Water Company for the first time today. It is expected that the fluid will be in Virginia by Saturday evening next, provided there are no accidents. One piece of pipe gave way today, but it was owing to a sheet of very rotten iron. The break was repaired during the afternoon and all is going on favorably at present. The water company were served with an injunction yesterday by the farmers of Washoe Valley, restraining them from using the water of Franktown Creek. A hearing will take place next Tuesday before Judge Harris at Reno.

NEW YORK, 30.—Edward Barcke & Co., importers of glassware, etc., whose books have been seized by the customs officers, and against whom a suit has been commenced to recover penalties for the alleged violation of the revenue laws, assert that all violations of law were committed by one Clark, who was in charge of the business here, during the absence of the firm in Europe, but that while he altered the charges at the custom house he made proper entries in the books of the firm, and that when a sufficient number of these alterations had taken place to warrant a good case against the firm, he voluntarily retired from their employ, having previously arranged with the customs officers to get one-fourth of the amount recovered from the firm by compromise or conviction.

A report is current that Wm. M. Tweed has escaped a new indictment through a stupid blunder or design on the part of some official. Andrew J. Garvey testified, before the grand jury, that he collected a fraudulent bill from the city for \$126,707, and that he collected the bill through Ingersoll, to whom he gave his check for \$95,000. On this and other testimony concerning the parties implicated, the grand jury ordered an indictment against Tweed, Ingersoll, and W. E. King, Tweed's private secretary. But when the bill of indictment was returned for the signature of the foreman, the name of Tweed was found omitted, and the mistake, if mistake it was, was not rectified. Ingersoll and King have fled, and the new indictment is worthless.

The Commissioners of Emigration have complied with the request of the Roumanian Society, to return to Roumania those emigrants who are unable to support themselves here, and they think that the consul at Bucharest is deserving of censure for permitting such emigration.

Thirty thousand German Catholics of this city have petitioned the Commissioners to give the Catholics on Ward's Island a separate place of worship.

CHICAGO, 30.—By an explosion of gas in a blast furnace at the Chicago rolling mills, last evening, five men were fatally, and three severely, burned.

BOSTON.—The members of the State constabulary, heretofore charged with the enforcement of the liquor law, have been ordered by the board of commissioners to resign at once, owing, as alleged, to the non-performance of their duty.

ST. LOUIS.—It has just come to light that a valise, containing \$38,000 worth of Lima mining stock, of California, which was left at the Atlantic and Pacific R. R. office, last Friday evening, by Geo. Berry and S. A. Christie, was stolen that night by a street Arab, about thirteen years old, who sneaked into the office while it was being scrubbed out by the woman who takes care of it. Ten thousand of the stock has been recovered and the thief arrested.

SAN FRANCISCO, 30.—A Chinaman committed suicide, yesterday p. m., by hanging himself. Only 270 Chinese came by the last steamer. The number first reported was over 1,200. The falling off is significant.

NEW YORK.—A fire was discovered in the fifth story of the government bonded warehouse on Greenwich Street, about half past ten to-night. The engines were ineffective and the fire spread rapidly along and through the upper stories, some two hundred feet on Greenwich Street. Two additional alarms were sent out for fire engines from up town. The flames continued to increase, and at this hour, 11.30, the entire roof, which is mansard, on the Greenwich side of the building, and two upper stories, have been burned. A bakery adjoining is also burned, and several tenement houses were in imminent danger, but the firemen have evidently obtained control of the fire, and will undoubtedly keep it confined to the government storehouses. The building is filled with valuable goods, and those not destroyed by the fire will undoubtedly be ruined by water. The loss will be great. A heavy brick wall only prevented the fire working through to Thomas St., which is filled with tenement houses, and crowded with poor families, among whom the utmost consternation prevailed. The warehouses are in charge of W. H. Darling, the government appraiser. No fires have been used in the building since last winter, and the fire to-night is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—The Republican State Convention reassembled this p. m., with open doors. Jas. B. Sevier was elected president, with the usual number of vice presidents. Committees were appointed, and up to adjournment the committee on credentials had not reported. Hughes will probably secure the nomination. The convention adjourned till 9.30 p. m.

CORINNE, 30.—The citizens are organizing a joint stock company to purchase the Daily Reporter printing establishment, from Judge Toohy, and it is expected that the paper will resume its place again in a few days, probably during this week. The new hotel to be built here by Horace Hull & Co., will be commenced next Monday. Times are growing lively on the Bear.

NEW YORK.—The government warehouse loss will not fall short of half a million on goods of all kinds, owned by the government and a number of firms. The loss on the building, owned by the government, is \$50,000.

The funeral of James Coulson, the talented young journalist, took place today, from his late residence in Union Square. Many friends of the deceased were present, among them several prominent journalists. The remains were taken to Greenwood. The coroner has already decided to investigate the mystery surrounding the death of Mr. Coulson.

The World's special at Constantinople says the Sultan has ordered his council to devise a scheme for the thorough reorganization of the army, and has also contracted for

the immediate manufacture of 500 Krupp guns.

SAN FRANCISCO, 30.—The police, to-day, unearthed a Chinese secret society known as the Hep Ye Lung, the purpose of which is to carry on a traffic in Chinese females for prostitution. One Yat Lung, having married a Chinese girl who escaped from a brothel, was brought before the society and commanded to pay the keeper of the brothel \$350, on pain of death. He escaped, and reported the facts, and to-day seven members of the society were arrested on a charge of conspiracy. The society numbers 30, including some of the most prominent Chinamen in the city.

The Women's Anti-tax Paying League held a meeting this p. m., sixty members were present. They agreed to raise a fund for the purpose of employing counsel to aid them in establishing their right of representation or immunity from taxation.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Michael Rourke, who deserted four small motherless children. They were found in a house nestled in a corner under a pile of rubbish and old rags, having been without food over twenty-four hours. By the Mayor's direction they were properly cared for. The eldest child is only eleven years old, the youngest about six.

SAN DIEGO, 30.—Information from Guatay Valley says that a fight had occurred between the Indians of the Jucumba tribe, who live in Lower California, and Mexicans living in Guatay Valley. Thirty of these Indians and twenty Mexicans congregated at Pablo Sandoval's house on Saturday evening, and commenced gambling. Liquor was purchased and excitement ran high, until daylight, when a row occurred and knives were drawn and freely used. Not a single shot was fired. After a long struggle the Indians became masters, and the Mexicans fled, leaving several fatally wounded. Pablo Sandoval, whose family were there, refused to leave. He was taken prisoner and was pinioned by the Indians, who started with the intention of carrying him off to kill him, or taking him down into Lower California, and getting a ransom. His friends hunted up the Indian general, who intercepted the victors, and ransomed Sandoval by giving the Indians some money, two horses and a number of sheep.

PORTLAND, Or.—The work on the Walla Walla and Columbia river Railroad is progressing favorably. Large quantities of timber have been brought to the mouth of the Yakima. Track laying has commenced.

The Walla Walla Statesman says the farmers are now actively engaged in cutting grain, and from every quarter we learn that the crops are the heaviest ever cut in this valley.

The evidence in the case of J. F. Ballou, charged with shooting S.B. Spooner, puts the matter in a different light. Spooner, it was shown, had been on terms of improper intimacy with Mrs. Ballou for over two years.

A Toronto special says the Governor General has just ordered a royal commission to investigate the charges brought against the ministry by Mr. Huntington in the House of Commons. The commission will have power to administer oaths, which the parliamentary committee did not. These charges involve the whole scandal which has been connected with the names of Sir John A. McDonald, Sir Francis Hinks, and other ministers, with the alleged improper use of their official stations in the award of the R. R. contract, as charged by Sir Hugh Allen and his colleagues.

It seems that the District Attorney's office has not been addressed upon the subject of a pardon for Frank E. Walworth, that there is no petition for his pardon in circulation, and that the published letter relative to it, purporting to come from the pardon clerk at Albany, was written in this city.

A Madrid correspondent writing about the massacre at Alcoy, says women played a conspicuous part in the massacre, as they did in Paris during the Commune. Nothing which occurred in Paris even in the last frenzied agony of desperation and baffled fury, at all approaches this brutal massacre. When the minister of foreign affairs was asked, in the Cortes, for a statement of what had really happened, he declared that for the honor of the chamber, of the country, and of the republic, he was obliged to re-

frain from mentioning all that had happened. According to his account the insurrection was got up by internationalists, and commenced in a strike or a series of strikes, in which the workmen demanded a large rise in their wages, as much as fifty per cent, and when refused they left their work and assumed a threatening attitude, interfering everywhere with work, and spreading alarm among peaceful inhabitants, especially those belonging to the well-to-do classes. They finally demanded the resignation of the town council and the substitution of a council of their own nomination. This demand the mayor of Alcoy, Senor Augustine Alhorts, refused, and he was given three hours to change his mind. He took possession of the town hall, and with a few civil and national guards and some friends tried to hold it against the mob. The little garrison was soon overpowered, the assailants burst in, and then followed a scene which the minister declared it impossible for him to describe. The defenders of the town hall, after being subjected to other horrible insults and injuries, were stripped naked and held up from the balcony in full view of the howling mob below. Their names were called out one by one, and the mob was asked whether it would have them dead or alive, and according to the answer either their heads were cut off and their mutilated bodies thrown down from the balcony, or they were thrown down still alive, the mob below trying to catch them as they fell on bayonets and sticks, and everybody then rushing to assist in despatching what remnants of life were left, or, if too late for this, to further mangle and disfigure the breathless bodies. One of the principal and most respectable inhabitants was seized by the insurgents, his clothes sprinkled with petroleum and set on fire, and he made to run while shots were taken at him. Other atrocities scarcely less terrible are reported.

A fire in a linen drapery establishment, in the Rue Mouge and Monffretel, Paris, July 14, burned three shopmen to death. A fourth person was killed by jumping from the window to escape the flames.

WASHINGTON, 31.—Mr. Ela, the fifth auditor of the Treasury, has received a letter from Natick, Mass., the home of Vice President Wilson, wherein the writer says the Vice President has improved, and is in better spirits. His physician says that everything has worked to his mind exactly, and he talks of Mr. Wilson's recovery with confidence. It is believed, however, that the Vice President will not be able to take his place as presiding officer of the Senate at the opening.

FOREIGN.

VIENNA.—At the barracks in the suburbs of this city there have been in one day as many as two hundred cases of cholera and thirty deaths; the ravages of the disease have become so extensive that the government has been compelled to order the removal of the troops to Bruck, a small town twenty-three miles south-east of Vienna.

In this city the number of deaths from cholera, is reported at twenty per day.

LONDON.—The republicans of Bristol have issued a manifesto protesting against an increase in the allowance to the Duke of Edinburgh on the occasion of his marriage.

The Colonial government of Queensland, Australia, has offered through its agent here, to pay the passages of ten thousand skilled laborers from Great Britain to the colony.

BERLIN.—Bismark has granted permission to the Good Templars to establish lodges in Prussia.

ST. PETERSBURG.—Official dispatches from Gen. Kaufman report that tranquility prevails in Khiva. The health of the troops is good. The transportation of liberated slaves to Persia and elsewhere has begun.

VERSAILLES.—In the Assembly to-day, treaties of commerce with Great Britain and Belgium were concluded by the Duke De Broglie, and were approved. A message from President MacMahon, proroguing the Assembly, was received and read. The President says he will answer for the preservation of order during recess, and will insure the maintenance of respect for the authority of the Assembly. He points to the happy results of concord between the government and

Assembly, among which he specified the passage of the bill for the reorganization of the army. Alluding to the evacuation of the soil by German troops, now fast approaching completion, he makes a grateful acknowledgment to the successful negotiations of President Thiers to that end, and praises the Eastern departments for their heroism, and the French people for their patriotism and self abnegation, in the protracted trial they have undergone. The country will never cease to feel a sense of its dignity when it remembers what a price it has paid for peace, but noisy manifestations of joy over the event should not be indulged in. Peace is the first necessity, and the government is resolved to maintain it. Assurances are received daily of the sincere amity of foreign powers. The president closes his message by declaring that he will continue the policy indicated by frequent and unanimous votes of the Assembly. At the conclusion of the reading there were cheers from the Right and Centre. The permanent committee of the Assembly has resolved to sit once every two weeks during recess. An amendment offered by the Left making the sittings weekly was rejected. The committee will hold its first regulassession on the 13th proximo.

LONDON.—In the Commons this evening, the consideration of the Queen's message, touching the message of the Duke of Edinburgh, was resumed. Gladstone was present and made a speech urging the grant of the allowance asked. He referred to the numerous precedents and set forth the auspicious character of the approaching alliance. Royal marriages, he said, rarely had a political or diplomatic significance in these days, but this union, while one of mutual friendship, would be a new tie between England and what some regarded as a hostile state. It would cause a favorable change in public feeling toward Russia. No time could be more satisfactory for such an alliance than the present. Gladstone paid a glowing tribute of praise to the Emperor Alexander for the emancipation of the serfs. He then moved that 25,000 pounds per annum be granted the Prince and Princess, and 26,000 to the latter in case she survives her husband. In conclusion the Premier deprecated a decision of a character likely to destroy the gracefulness of the act. In the absence of Disraeli, Ward Hunt seconded the motion. Taylor, member for Leicester, said he could not vote for the motion. He regarded the proposition as unwarranted, inexpedient, and declared that he should oppose the second reading of the bill wherein the money was appropriated. James Holt, one of the members for Lancashire, inquired whether the Grand Duchess Alexandrowna was prepared to conform to the Church of England. Gladstone replied that this could not be required of her by the act of succession, because she could not be an heir to the throne. He added, to push this question would be odious and insulting to the parties concerned. Newdegate, member for North Warwickshire, suggested that as her issue might become heirs, the question raised was pertinent. After further debate it was agreed that the necessary appropriation bill should be introduced to-morrow. In the Lords the motion for the annual allowance to the Royal pair was carried unanimously without debate.

A resolution censuring Scudamore, Superintendent of the Postal Telegraph Service, for an alleged misappropriation, failed to pass the Commons by a vote of 161 nays to 11 yeas.

LONDON.—The Goodwood races began to-day with a large and brilliant attendance. The Steward's cup, which was the leading feature of the first day, was won by Sister Helen, Modena second, Oxford Mixture third. Thirty-one ran and the betting at the start was 33 to 1 against Sister Helen, 10 to 1 against Modena, and 25 to 1 against Oxford Mixture.

BAYONNE, 28.—A steamer, to-day, landed 3,000 Remington rifles at Fontrabia, near Bilbao, where they were received by a band of 600 Carlists, and taken into the interior. Don Carlos and Lizzerrage were reported, on Friday last, near Cenacerrada, near Vittoria.

LONDON, 29.—The Government proposes, upon the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh, to increase his yearly allowance to \$125,000.