

ions in respect to the occupation of lands in the public lands strip. These are public lands of the United States, continued the commissioner, and have never been made subject to lawful occupation or entry under any of the public land laws. The military forces are to remove the occupants therefrom who are not actual settlers or are using or controlling more than 160 acres.

The report of the sixth auditor of the Postoffice Department for the third quarter of the last fiscal year shows receipts, \$13,012,487; expenditures, \$13,037,250; delinquency, \$24,763.

THE DEFICIENCY

for the first three-quarters of the year was \$2,539,538 against \$1,890,490 for the same period of the year ending June 30, 1888, and \$5,241,917 for the first three-quarters of the year ending June 30, 1885.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., July 19.—Passengers on the Atlantic and Pacific express, which arrived eleven hours late this morning, report that a terrible accident happened near Peach Springs, A. T., last night. The east-bound passenger train plunged into the rear end of the freight train, mashing to splinters the caboose and two freight cars and throwing the engine and mail car from the track. The engine was a complete wreck and the mail car so badly wrecked that it had to be left in the ditch. The most sickening spectacle presented was by the dead body of fireman Edwin Belkier underneath the engine, which was upturned completely, pinning him to the earth, and flattening his crushed and mangled body beyond all semblance of a human being. Engineer Hought was also severely injured, but not fatally. No other casualties beyond slight bruises received by the passengers in being thrown from their seats in the cars.

WHEELING, W. Va., July 19.—The excessive heat culminated last night in a terrific storm. The rain and wind were heavy, demolishing shade trees and fences and for an hour there was not a second's intermission between the flashes of lightning. At Grafton the storm was the most severe ever experienced. Mrs. W. T. Carr was in the sitting room with her three children when the house was struck by lightning, which set fire to the bed in her room. Neighbors running to extinguish the flames found that Mrs. Carr had been severely burned by the electric bolt. The residence of Geo. Dien was also struck and a large hole knocked in it. The inmates were slightly stunned. A great number of barns throughout the country were struck and probably demolished. The loss will aggregate considerable.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—The hot spell was broken last night and the thermometer only reached 95 to-day. There were only thirteen deaths reported to-day; most of these were persons who were prostrated yesterday.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., July 19.—The weather here and at Manitou for the past week has been exceptionally cool. The thermometer at the signal office has not reached 90 degrees during that time. To-day at 10 o'clock the thermometer stood 72 degrees.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 19.—The mortality among the children in Pittsburg and Alleghany City during the past six weeks is

SOMETHING APPALLING. On July 6th, 69 children under five years of age died, and since the first inst. there have been 568 deaths, making a total of 1,127 in six weeks. Of this number nearly seventy five per cent. were babies under two years of age.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—It rained here heavily last night and this morning the thermometer registered only 92 degrees, a drop of 11 degrees from the previous morning. At the signal office it was stated that the temperature has fallen during the past twenty-four hours all over the country, except in New England and a small portion of the Atlantic coast in South Carolina and Georgia.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—There were reported at police headquarters up to midnight

FORTY-FIVE CASES of sunstroke, six of which were fatal.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 19.—The excessive heat terminated to-day by a heavy windstorm. During the past six days there have been several fatalities from the heat, the mercury ranging from 100 to 104.

BUTTE, Montana, July 19.—It is understood here that the Montana Copper Company has combined with O. X. Larrabee, owner of the celebrated Mountain View copper mine of Meaderville, to develop this mine and reopen the great Montana works on an enlarged scale. Mr. Saly Raunheim of New York, the old manager, is on his way to Butte, he having made the deal. Five hundred new men will be employed on the Calusa, Mountain View and the liquidation property, and as many more in the reduction works of the consolidated company.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19.—Justice Field, of the United States Supreme Court, this morning decided that Mrs. Langtry would have to return to the city and appear in court in person if she desired to perfect her citizenship. Her former declaration was made at her residence and Justice Field thought there was no occasion for the removal of the books from the court, and that there was a question as to the legality of the procedure.

LONDON, July 19.—In the Commons this evening, T. M. Healey (Parnell-

ite) asked the speaker if the time was not opportune for bringing before the House the conduct of Herbert Nicholas Fowler (conservative), ex-Lord Mayor of London, and now member for London in calling George Howell (home ruler) "a damned liar." The speaker said Healey was not entitled to put such questions. The incident occurred in March, and peace has since been made between Howell and Fowler. Sexton gave notice he would move for the suspension of Robert Fowler for one month. (Parnellite cheers.)

CHICAGO, July 19.—A large number of distillery men met here to-day to discuss the whisky trust on the plan of the Standard Oil Company, the plan being to unite in the monopoly all the distilleries west of the Ohio River. It is understood the scheme will be in operation in a month and that the name adopted is "The Western Distillers' and Cattle Feeders' Trust." The stock is to be apportioned among the members according to their shares of plant instead of capacity. The amount of stock to be issued, it is said, will be four times the value of the combined plants, which is estimated at \$10,000,000, and it is to be listed, if possible, on the Chicago and New York stock exchanges. The trustees will have the absolute control of the production.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 20.—A fire in the Standard Oil Works at Constable Hook broke out at 12:30 this morning. The flames are spreading and half the town and all the factories are threatened. The loss will reach \$1,000,000.

3. m.—The fire is still raging. The barrel factory, supply house and warehouse are entirely consumed. The small buildings and tanks in the yards are afire. The whole fire department is at work. There were six heavy explosions but fortunately no lives lost. Hundreds of workmen will be thrown out of employment. Booth's lumber yard and the Standard match factory are in danger. Cause of fire unknown.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The Sun says the fire at Constable Hook has spread to T. L. White's Sulphur Company factory, and that when it went to press it looked as if the whole place would go.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 19.—The St. Anthony elevator, a triple structure, the largest in the northwest, located two miles east of this city, on the Manitoba Railroad, was totally destroyed by fire to-night, together with its contents, about 11,000,000 bushels of wheat. The loss on building and machinery will be \$250,000, on grain \$82,500. Insurance unknown. The wheat destroyed was 1-10 of the visible supply outside of Duluth.

The origin of the fire is not known. Two watchmen were on duty in the engine room, but can't tell the cause. About 501,000 bushels of wheat were burned. It was owned by Washburn, Crosby & Co., and was fully insured. It is also believed the remainder was covered by insurance.

TRENTON, N. J., July 19.—Dr. Carver to-day broke his previous record of breaking 1,000 balls in 45 1/2 minutes, and only missed 14 out of 1,036. He used a repeating rifle. Two men were leading besides himself.

OIL CITY, Pa., July 19.—John McNerny, a laborer, aged 50, killed his wife at midnight with an axe and mortally shot his son James, aged 21. When the police arrived he shot officer George James in the groin and he will die. Officer Worden then shot McNerny in the back, from the effects of which he will die.

PARIS, July 19.—A French customs officer named Ritter, at Pagny-sur-Moselle, was stabbed to-day in a quarrel with a German commercial traveler named Auderle. A woman standing by was slightly wounded. It has been ascertained that Auderle was expelled from France in 1880. He presented himself at the ministry of the interior, but was ejected for abusive language. It is thought now he intended to assassinate Minister Fallieres. The French press exaggerate the incident.

PARIS, July 20.—Baron Seilliere, the rich Frenchman who was placed in a lunatic asylum by his relations, who charged that he was insane over imaginary fortunes he had made in America, has been released from the asylum.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The Sun says: Private letters from an officer and machinist on board the new steel cruiser Albatra says that during the target practice in Gardner's Bay day before yesterday, the eight-inch blow and stern barbettes pivot guns recoiled with such force as to tear loose the tracks on which they turn and also to grip up portions of the heavy gun deck. These guns are the heaviest afloat in the service, and those on board the Albatra are the first to be tested on board ship by our naval officers.

BERGEN POINT, N. J., July 20, 10 a. m.—The Standard Oil fire is now under control. The loss is estimated at about \$1,500,000.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 20.—France will not acknowledge Prince Ferdinand, of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, as ruler of Bulgaria, because Roumelians were permitted in the Sobranje for his election.

ALBUQUERQUE, July 20.—A special to the Democrat says two men were killed and one badly injured by the premature explosion of a blast at the rock quarries on Magdalena Branch.

LONDON, July 20.—A financial paper this evening publishes an interview with Low, the New York counselor-at-law, in which the latter imparted the hitherto unpublished opinion on the alien act given by Attorney-General Garland to President Cleveland. This opinion is to the effect that the act

does apply to mines or inheritable interests in real estate; that aliens can lawfully hold stock in American corporations owning mineral lands in the Territories, provided such aliens advance money with which to develop the mines, but cannot obtain an interest in real estate through such advances, and that they may lawfully contract with American owners to work the mines. Low adds his own opinion that aliens can dodge the act legally by putting their money in 99 year leases.

PARIS, July 20.—The German commercial traveler who stabbed M. Ritter, the French customs officer, at Pagny-sur-Moselle yesterday, is not Anderbc, but Zangerle. He was formerly a banker of Paris. He says the object of his return to France was to kill some government agent. M. Flourons, minister of foreign affairs, pronounces yesterday's incident at Pagny-sur-Moselle unimportant. Zangerle had been sentenced to three months imprisonment for beating his wife. When he had served his term he went to America. He returned determined to kill a French official in revenge and the row with Ritter was the result, the whole affair being without political or international significance.

STEIN AGAIN.

EL PASO, TEXAS, July 20.—A newspaper war here barely escaped resulting in a tragedy to-day. The Times and Inter-Republic have been indulging in a personal warfare for some time past, which reached its climax on Sunday morning by the editor of the Times making the statement that editors of its contemporary belonged in the penitentiary rather than in a newspaper office. The editors of the Inter-Republic, George B. Luling and Orth H. Stein at once went gunning for Juno S. Hart, the editor of the Times, who happened to be out of the city. Upon his return Monday he was welcomed by the Inter-Republic in a leading editorial calling him a liar, a poltroon

AND A CUR.

This was more than Hart could stand and arming himself with a shotgun, he started out with an employe of his, named Wimberly, who was armed with a revolver, and whose mission was to see that both Luling and Stein did not attack Hart. Stein was met on the street near a stairway, and Hart ordered him to throw up his hands. Instead of doing so he ran up stairs. At this an officer arrested Stein, Hart and Wimberly, and placed them under bonds to keep the peace one year. During all this time Luling stood across the street and did not interfere. Stein was brought here about a year ago charged with forging on the New York Sun. He laid in jail here till about May 1, when he was released on bail pending trial. A requisition from the Governor of Mississippi, where Stein is wanted on

ANOTHER CHARGE

of forgery, awaits the disposal of the case here. Stein killed a man at Kansas City a few years ago, and has a bad record in many localities in the west. He said last week that he had been employed by the New York Herald to visit Bavispe, Mexico, and investigate the earthquake result in that region.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Oscar Harvey, the treasury department forger, this afternoon pleaded guilty and was sentenced to twelve years at hard labor.

OIL CITY, Pa., July 20.—John McNerny, Jr., and Officer James, the victims of

THE TRAGEDY

committed at this place last night, and John McNerny, the murderer who was shot while resisting arrest, died this morning. This makes four victims of the bloody affair, Mrs. McNerny having died last night.

ST. LOUIS, July 20.—To-day was another day of extreme heat, the thermometer rising to 98 degrees. A dozen prostrations and four deaths.

PITTSBURG, July 20.—The protracted hot spell was broken to-night by the heaviest storm since the great Butcher's Run disaster thirteen years ago, when nearly two hundred people were drowned. Fortunately, to-night's was not attended by any fatalities, as far as could be learned at midnight. The damage to property, however, was heavy, and will reach at least \$100,000. The

STORM BROKE

over the city about 6 o'clock, and in two hours two and one-half inches of rain had fallen. It poured down the hill streets, flooding the cellars and washing away the foundations to houses. In the hill districts many houses were rendered unsafe and several were completely wrecked. At Butcher's Run, the sewers became clogged up, and the water overflowing, filled the houses to the depth of several feet. No one was injured, however, but a number of houses were washed from their foundations. Outside the city small streams overflowed their banks, doing great damage. The telegraph wires are all down in all directions, and heavy washouts are reported on the railroads leading east and west from the city. At midnight rain was still falling, with indications of continuing

ALL NIGHT.

The mercury showed 93 this afternoon, but fell 25 degrees before 11 o'clock to-night. Five fatal cases of sunstroke occurred during the day.

CLINTON, Ia., July 19.—Four people were shot during the Wild West per-

formance in Sells Bros. circus Tuesday night. George Harrington, aged 17, was shot in the forehead and will die. Mrs. W. A. Lambertson was shot in the left breast just above the heart, dangerously. Wallace Phillips, aged 16, was shot in the top of the head. He is not seriously wounded. One of the Indians was shot, how much he is hurt is unknown. He was immediately taken away. No cause is given for using bullets, except that the cowboys got the

WRONG REVOLVER.

It was done during the encounter of the cowboys and the Indians in the ring.

LONDON, July 20.—Two more great British ironclads have been in collision. The Agincourt was run into at Portsmouth by the Black Prince and damaged.

BUENOS AYRES, July 20.—A hurricane prevailed on the coast and a number of vessels were driven ashore.

CONCORD, N. H., July 20.—United States Senator Chandler states he never wrote or inspired the letter recently attributed to him, in which he was represented as favoring Blaine and Sherman on the republican presidential ticket.

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 20.—The announcement is made that T. L. Lorey and Co., cotton factory, will tomorrow apply for a respite. The amount involved is estimated at \$500,000. The house claims their assets largely exceed their liabilities.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 20.—The Afghan boundary question was settled to-day. Russia reserves the territory between Kusa and the Murghab rivers, accepting in return the English frontier line on the Oxus River and renouncing her claim to the districts which she would have been entitled to according to the terms of the arrangement of 1853.

BRUSSELS, July 20.—A sensation was caused here by the speech by Lieut. General Van der Smissen, commander of the army at Brussels yesterday, after the review of the troops, in which he violently attacked Parliament for rejecting the personal military service bill, and added that the independence and honor of Belgium depended on the increase of the army.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The union of Longshoremen have given notice that they want the old rate of wages of 60 cents an hour for night work and for work done on Sundays and other holidays.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The World notices the fact that Governor Hill, ex-Secretary Manning, Conrad Jordan and Dan Lamont have been spending the past few days at Long Beach together. It asks: "Does this mean peace?"

LONDON, July 20.—The rifle contest for the Kolapore cup took place at Wimbledon to-day; the English team won with an aggregate score of 710. The Canadian team had 603. The second prize, which the Canadian team received, was £30 sterling.

BUCHARA, July 20.—It is reported from Russian sources that the Bulgarian government has arrested M. Radoslavoff, premier and minister of the interior in the cabinet just suspended. The arrest is said to have been made on the charge of treason. The new ministry as reported will not at present venture to enter Serbia. The ministers are said to be afraid of the opposition of the army to the new government. It is also reported that the troops intend to proclaim the independence of Bulgaria.

LONDON, July 21.—A dispatch from St. Thomas, West Africa, says the West African Company has received a report that Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, has been shot dead by natives with whom his expedition was fighting in order to obtain supplies. Another account says that the steamer on which Stanley was proceeding to the relief of Emin Bey was sunk and that the explorer

WAS DROWNED.

The report of Stanley's death emanates from a missionary at Mahadi, who received it from a native from the up country. No direct message has been received from the expedition.

NOT CREDITED.

LONDON, July 21.—The rumor regarding the death of H. M. Stanley is discredited here. The latest authentic news was from Aruwimi, and was sent under date of June 22d; it would be impossible for natives to reach Matak and Aruwimi alone, as it is a thousand miles through the roughest country.

NEW YORK, July 21.—A gang of Italian laborers were at work ballasting on the Erie Railway on a sharp curve about three-fourths of a mile above Hobokus. The Chicago express was an hour late and rushed round the curve before the men had the slightest warning and dashed through them, killing twelve or fifteen on the spot and wounding many others. The shrieks of the victims were heart-rending and when the train slowed up, the track presented a sickening sight, being covered with mangled bodies. The rails were splashed with blood and broken limbs, pieces of ragged flesh being scattered in all directions. Some of the bodies were mangled beyond description and crushed out of all semblance of humanity. To most of the victims death must have come instantaneously, but some of them appeared to be yet quivering and life ebbing away. When the train was brought to a standstill. There was only 15 minutes delay, and the train which had wrought so much disaster proceeded on its way from Allendale to Hobokus.

CLEVELAND, July 21.—The Democratic State Convention was called to order at 11 o'clock this morning in Music Hall by Henry Bohl, chairman of the state executive committee. About three thousand spectators, many of them ladies, were present.

Senator Henry B. Payne entered the hall just before the convention opened and was loudly cheered.

There was no temporary organization and Hon. George E. Seney, of Tiffin, at once took his place as permanent chairman. In his speech Seney said there were no quarrels in the democratic party. Every democrat seemed to know who would be his candidate in 1888 and all were satisfied. (Applause.) He eulogized

EX-SENATOR THURMAN,

saying that he would have honored the office of governor. After speaking of the various candidates for governor, he said all was not harmony in the republican party. Every tomahawk and scalping knife, he declared, was sharpened for the fight at Toledo next week. His reference to the presidential contest between Blaine and Sherman was applauded. Referring to Cleveland's administration, he said that so well had its power been used that now it has little if any opposition, except from those who expect to ask favors from the republican party. About civil service reform, he said: "While all democrats give the administration hearty support, there are many who would feel better satisfied if all republicans remaining in office were promptly

TURNED OUT

and their places filled with democrats. It is to this feature the situation resolves itself, and this convention ought not to be uncertain in meaning or sound. If we believe that the democrats instead of republicans should assist a democratic President in administering the government, let us have the courage of our convictions and here now so declare; if it be the civil service law that keeps republicans in and democrats out of the public service, let us strike boldly and high, and demand that our party representatives at Washington, in the Senate and House, labor and vote for the immediate and unconditional repeal of the law."

The committee on resolutions then reported

THE PLATFORM.

It declares the democratic party of Ohio, in convention assembled, proclaims its hearty and unqualified endorsement of the honest, patriotic and economical administration of President Cleveland. We demand such judicious reduction of the present burdensome tariff as shall result in producing revenue sufficient only to meet the expenses of an economical administration of the government, the payment of liberal pensions to Union soldiers and sailors and payment of the interest and principal of the public debt; and, if necessary, we favor such reduction of internal revenue, except on cigars, as will prevent the accumulation of surpluses in the national treasury; we denounce any attempt to abolish the tax on liquors for the purpose of keeping up the present unjust, unequal and

ONEROUS TARIFF.

The platform also declares for legislation looking to the preservation of the public domain for actual settlers; expresses sympathy for the Irish; demands the restriction of corporate power and the protection of honest labor; calls for legislation restricting emigration to those declaring their intention of becoming citizens; forbidding the use of contract labor; demanding the speedy punishment of persons inciting riot and revolution against republican institutions; denouncing the present republican state government; demanding a free and untrammelled ballot; favoring local self-government and declaring in favor of the proper regulation of the liquor traffic; favoring the submission of an amendment to the constitution providing for the license of such traffic.

The platform was adopted without a dissenting voice.

POWELL NOMINATED.

Nominations for governor were then called for and Congressman James E. Campbell, of Hamilton; Thomas E. Powell, of Delaware, and Congressman, Martin A. Foran, of Cleveland, were named.

The first ballot resulted as follows: Total vote, 653; Powell 321, Campbell 251, Foran 86. There being no choice, a second ballot was ordered and Powell was nominated on the second ballot.

The vote was—Powell 350 1/2, Campbell 251 1/2, Foran 56. Powell's nomination was made unanimous on motion of Neal, who nominated Campbell.

D. C. Coleman was nominated for lieutenant governor by acclamation after one ballot had been taken, the other two candidates withdrawing.

THE REST OF THE TICKET.

The ticket was completed as follows: Judges of the supreme court, long term, L. R. Critchfield, and short term, Vigil P. Kline; auditor of the state, Emil Kieswatter.

BERNE, July 21.—An Englishman who attempted the ascent of the Diavoleze Mountain without guides, fell over a precipice and was killed.

ROME, July 21.—Twenty-five deaths from cholera occurred in Catania during 24 hours. The people are panic-stricken. Robbers are pilfering houses whose owners have fled to escape the scourge.