

GEORGE Q. CANNON,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Monday, March 14, 1870.

## WORKINGMEN MUST CO-OPERATE.

The equitable adjustment of the relations between Capital and Labor, employer and employed, is a problem, which seems almost as difficult of solution as the social problem; and so far as the welfare of society is concerned, it is scarcely second in importance. The laboring classes form the bulk of the population everywhere, and are the wealth creators in every community. This is universally admitted to be true, yet the mechanic, artisan and laborer are viewed everywhere, except in very rare instances, by the capitalist, not as men and brethren, but as merchandise, whose price must vary, like merchandise of any other kind, according to the law of supply and demand. This is one of the main causes of the wretchedness, poverty and pauperism so wide spread among the working classes, but especially in the nations of Europe; for the labor market being continually crowded, Capital is enabled to appropriate to itself not only its fair and just share of the returns of its own investment, but also that which by right belongs to Labor.

To remedy this Labor has had recourse to almost every conceivable device, including trade unions, strikes, arbitration, labor congresses, etc., but none of these moves have been attended with a great amount of benefit; and so long as Labor and Capital hold the same relations to each other that they now hold throughout the world, so long will capitalists use their means with an eye only to its increase, and so long will Labor go to the wall and be the slave of its purchaser.

In rare instances, of late in various parts of Britain, and, we believe, in this country, employers have adopted the plan of first deducting the interest, and the amount at which they estimate their own time, and then sharing the profits arising from the business among all their hands; but instances of this kind are so few in number that their effect on the position and condition of the laboring classes generally are inappreciable.

Workingmen in various parts of this country, and in some of the countries of Europe, seeing the hopelessness of Labor ever sharing equitably with Capital in their combined product, have had recourse to the co-operative system, and the results have been of the most gratifying character; and though co-operation is very limited in its operations we regard it as the only means of arriving at a solution of this much vexed question.

In Zion, or the Kingdom of God, we expect to see an equitable adjustment of the relations between Labor and Capital arrived at generally, sooner than anywhere else in the world. Our professions of brotherhood will have to be so far honored as to prevent the accumulation of capital in the hands of the few at the expense of the many. Hitherto the tendency, even here, in these respects, has been the same as elsewhere, and but for the workings of the providences of God, as manifested through the dictations of His servants, the growth and development of a monied aristocracy was inevitable and was only a question of time; but the co-operative system—the stepping-stone to principles of a yet more exalted character—will prevent this. Co-operation in the importation of dry goods, groceries, hardware and some few other things has been tried and its advantages demonstrated in this Territory; we want to see it extend into all branches of trade and manufactures. Its introduction is more of a necessity now than ever. The completion of the overland railroad has so facilitated the importation of goods of outside manufacture that all kinds can now be brought here at much cheaper rates than formerly, and some can be purchased in this city now at half the prices, and even lower, than the home-made articles were formerly sold at.

This reduction in the selling price of articles has, of course, necessitated a great reduction in the wages, and in some cases this has been so great that we are assured that ordinarily skillful workmen in at least one branch of trade here, cannot earn more than from a dollar and a quarter to a dollar and a half per day, which is a very low figure when a wife and several children have to be supported. This lowering of the price of goods and labor is inevitable, and in time, when all branches of trade have accommodated themselves to the changed relations, the manufacturer and workman will be in about the same position as formerly. But until that is effected, some may experience rather tight times. One thing, however, is quite sure, that whatever the prices at which home-made articles may be sold, no manufacturers will carry on business without deriving therefrom an interest on their capital and a share of the profits derived from the business. Here is where co-operation would be of great benefit to the artisans of this and other cities. Let them form combinations for carrying on their several branches of business on the co-operative principle,

and they will be the better able to compete with manufacturers east and west; for instead of a large share of the profits going into the pocket of employers, they can be divided amongst those who actually perform the labor. Another advantage will be, where a number of men work together into each other's hands they can do more in a given time than when working single handed.

There is nothing to prevent such associations being formed. The artisans of this city possess skill and intelligence sufficient; they may be short of funds, and privation may be necessary for a brief period to procure the necessary amount to make a start; but who would not be willing to endure that to secure independence?

We hope to hear, quickly, of the coopers, hatters, shoemakers, tanners, joiners, cabinet makers and others launching out in this direction. If they do so, or any one, two or three of them make a start and put their wares into the market at a figure closely approximating to those at which imported goods are sold, they will meet with the support their enterprise deserves. Other branches will speedily follow, and soon co-operation will become general in all branches of trade in Utah, and the terms "employer" and "employed" will become obsolete; and thus the workingmen of Utah will solve the problem long pending between Labor and Capital, as the people of Utah have already solved the social problem.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

## AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

## WASHINGTON.

Number of bills introduced in Congress, etc.

WASHINGTON. — So far, 1,500 bills and joint resolutions have been introduced in Congress and are now before the appropriate committees. Many are of a private character, but, excluding these, there is no probability that they will all be acted upon during the present session.

Assistant Postmaster General Terrell has received specimens of postage stamps, which are far superior to those now printed, and are of more appropriate colors. They will probably be ready for sale by the first of April.

Senator Ramsey is about to press action by the Senate on the House bill for the abolition of the franking privilege.

The Senate committee on patents has reported adversely on the petition of Geo. H. Carls for an extension of the patents for his improvement on steam engines, which expired on the 10th inst.

## MISSOURI.

Rain and Snow Storm.

ST. LOUIS, 12.—A heavy rain began about seven o'clock this morning and continued till four p.m., when a furious snow storm set in and prevailed till eight p.m.; it is now clearing up and freezing. There has been a high wind all day. The storm extended through the region west of here.

## NEW YORK.

Death of a prominent Mason—Two we, men commit suicide—Counterfeiters captured—Bank Robbed.

NEW YORK, 12.—Robt. D. Holmes, P. A. G. M., of the Grand Lodge of F. and A. Masons, died in this city this evening, 54 years of age; he had been for many years one of the most prominent members of the Masonic fraternity in the United States.

NEW YORK, 13.—Two cases of suicide by women, with razors, are reported today: One was Eliza Geary, aged fifty-six, of Jersey City; the other, Mary Hodge, a young lady of Sag Harbor. The abdomen was cut open in both cases.

Col. Whitley, U. S. detective, with assistance, descended on a house in Brooklyn to-night, and captured four counterfeiters, with a quantity of tools and bogus three and five cent pieces.

A snow storm has prevailed all day, but travel is not much impeded.

ELMIRA, 13.—The Waverly National Bank was entered by burglars on Saturday night; the vault and safe were blown open and robbed of most of their contents.

## LOUISIANA.

Sudden Deaths.

NEW ORLEANS, 12.—Samuel F. Wilson, one of the editors of the *Picayune*, died today, aged 65. Gen. Morris B. Miller, Deputy Q. M. Gen., of the U. S. A., died suddenly yesterday, aged 58 years.

## ILLINOIS.

Big Snow Storm.

CHICAGO, 13.—A snow storm of the most unprecedented violence commenced here yesterday about 6 p.m., and in less than three hours so great a quantity of snow had fallen that the street cars were obliged to stop; locomotion of any kind was difficult. The storm continued, with unabated violence. Telegraph communication east is interrupted; the trains on most of the railroads are delayed, and in Minnesota and Wisconsin trains were snowed in.

## TENNESSEE.

Prominent Republican on the Supreme Bench.

NASHVILLE, 12.—Judge Shalldford, one of the most prominent Republicans in Tennessee, has been appointed to the supreme bench by Governor Brownlow. He has addressed a card to the *Republican Banner* stating that he opposed congressional intervention in Tennessee, because it would destroy the property of the State, engender feelings of bitterness and strife that could not be repressed for twenty years, and would establish a dangerous precedent and ruin the Republican party.

## MISSISSIPPI.

Yorger Escaped.

JACKSON, MISS., 13.—E. M. Yorger escaped from jail this morning at five o'clock; he was, yesterday, brought before the court to argue his application for habeas corpus, and the case was postponed to the second Monday in April. A bill was introduced in the Legislature, yesterday, restricting the power in the application for writs, and it will probably pass before the time set for Yorger's trial, hence his escape. The Sheriff, with a posse, was searching for him all day, but unsuccessfully.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

## SPAIN.

Fatal Duel.

MADRID, 12.—A duel between the Duke de Montpensier and Henri de Bourbon occurred this afternoon; the latter was killed. The seconds of the Duke were De Ets Cordova and Allmipor; those of the Prince were Senor Bubbio and another, whose name is unknown. Both were Republican deputies in the Constitutional Cortes. The affair has created much excitement.

The duel took place outside the walls of Madrid. The prince was shot through the head at the second fire and died in a few minutes. The duke was much affected when informed of the result, as the prince was poor. The duke offers to provide for his widow and children. The quarrel was caused by a harsh letter to Montpensier. Henri was brother of the consort of ex-Queen Isabella, and cousin to the Duchess de Montpensier.

The prince drew lots for the first shot. The prince won. The adversaries exchanged first fire at ten paces, without result; they then advanced to seven paces and the prince fired and missed; the duke returned the fire, when his adversary fell and expired. The duke showed the utmost calmness during the combat.

In the Cortes yesterday, a deputy asked if there was any foundation for a statement in the New York journals, that Senator Sumner had received propositions from Prim for the sale or cession of Utah to the United States. Prim pronounced the statement false.

## FRANCE.

Death of a Catholic Chief.

PARIS.—Count Montalbert, chief of the Liberal Catholic party, is dead. All the journals appear in mourning. The count was in his 60th year.

It is reported that Count Darn will issue a manifesto, in explanation of the policy of France towards the Ecumenical Council. The Count has not demanded that France shall have special representation in the Council because of the proposed introduction of the dogma of infallibility, but on account of the Schisme, which seems to touch the question of church and State. The official journals say there is no intention of withdrawing the French troops from Rome. They are there to defend territorial rights and not the religious claims of the Holy See.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

Debate in the Commons on the Irish Land Bill—Confidence Returning.

LONDON.—The debate on the Irish land bill continued in the Commons last night. Mr. Gregory and Lord Elcho favored the bill, with material reservations. Several Irish members followed.

Disraeli, on rising, was received with cheers. He said he thought the Devon commission had supplied data for the present debate. It had once been his opinion, he said, that the relation between landlord and tenant was simply a commercial one, but change in the treatment of this relation had caused discord and discontent, which were previously unknown in Ireland. He opposed the provision compensating tenants for improvements, because the present bill assumed all the improvements to be the enterprise of the tenant and none to the landlord. He asserted the second reading of the bill, but declined to assert its details. He could not favor the recognition it gave to half understood Ulster customs, varying with the boundaries of each estate.

Gladstone followed and criticized minutely the objections urged against the details of the bill. He said, so far from promoting litigation, it offered a substantial remedy for the unhealthy state of affairs in Ireland; and, on the whole, he considered the bill gave a fixity on tenure and security to the mind of the occupier of the soil, thus enabling him to pursue his honorable occupation in peace and safety. The bill was doubtless yet imperfect, and amendments should be fairly considered. In conclusion, he urged its antagonists to avoid the responsibility of rejecting the measure offered them, which they might amend wherever it needed amendment.

The House proceeded to divide on the second reading of the bill. The following is the result: for it, 422, against it, 11.

LIVERPOOL.—The arrival of the *Schmidt* has strengthened confidence in the safety of the *City of Boston*, and the belief is now general that the missing steamer will be heard from at the Azores.

Increase of Exports. French Budget. Forgiveness of Sin.

LONDON.—The *Economist* reckons that the Chancellor of the Exchequer will have a surplus of four and a half millions sterling to dispose of.

The English Board of Trade returns for 1869 show an increase of exports of over ten millions sterling, when compared with previous years.

The receipts of the Suez Canal, from the 17th of November to the 1st of February, amount to about £230,000.

The French Budget for 1871, estimates the receipts at about 71 millions sterling, including fourteen millions from direct tax; the expenses at 61 millions. The army contingent for 1871, originally fixed at a million, has been reduced by ten to fifteen thousand.

The Pope has issued his indulgence, and whoever, after confessing and receiving the sacrament of the Lord's Supper, shall repeat an Ave fifty times a day for a week, in the hope of the Council being brought to a successful issue, is to receive full absolution of his sins, or those of any dead persons whom he may wish to benefit.

## Special Notices.

THE Second number of the *Keepapitchinin*, Rich and Racy, out this afternoon. For sale at J. DWYER'S, Railroad News Depot. d38-1

WANTED.—Any one having for sale a building lot about 50x150 feet, centrally located, can find a cash customer by applying soon to HUSKEY, DAHLER & CO. d38-1w

## Dooley's Baking Powder

Well deserves the reputation attained, as it is by far the best and cheapest in market. No baking powder has ever been manufactured so free from deleterious substances, and so exactly proportioned that good, sweet, light rolls, biscuits or pastry could be made each time with success. It is always ready for use, reliable, and requires but about half the quantity of any other in market. Will not spoil in any climate. Grocers everywhere keep it.

THE UNIVERSAL RESPONSE.—Burnett's Standard Preparations are of approved usefulness and all that they profess to be.—*Philadelphia Bulletin*.

D. T. MERWIN of Boston writes: "I have used the contents of one bottle of Burnett's Cocoa, and my once bald pate is covered all over with young hair about three-eighths of an inch long, which is determined to grow."

BURNETT'S FLORIDEL will not discolor maulin.

THE BEST JUDGES use Burnett's Flavoring Extracts.

AN INFALLIBLE CURE for Asthma is obtained in Whitcomb's Remedy.

WANTED.—At the Historian's Office, two copies of the *Daily News*, No. 239 of Vol. 1, Nov. 9, 1868. d12-1f

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BYASS' LONDON PORTER, ARROL'S SCOTCH ALE, and SANDS' CHICAGO STOCK ALE.

On Draught at

Salt Lake Billiard Room. d200-6m

Bridge Builders, Road Makers and Tax Payers,

## WILL TAKE NOTICE!

THAT, on Thursday, the 17th day of March, instant, there will be let to the lowest responsible bidder, near Crismon's Mill, commencing at 10 a.m., the jobs of building a Bridge over Mill Creek and of turningpike the State Road from thence south to Big Cottonwood, preparatory to its being gravelled, and also sundry jobs of turningpike and grading said road between Big Cottonwood and the south line of South Cottonwood Precinct.

Also, on Friday, the 18th inst., sundry jobs of turningpike and repairing the road running east from the State Road, by Mill Creek Ward House, the upper County Road, near the residence of Levi Stewart, and the road running west from the upper County Road, near James Hawkins, commencing at 10 a.m., near Mill Creek Ward House.

Terms made known at the time of letting. By Order of the County Court, for Salt Lake County.

d94-1

D. BOCKHOLT, County Clerk.

## EXPRESS ENVELOPES.

AFTER THIS DATE we will sell our EXPRESS ENVELOPES at the following Reduced Rates:

3 for 25c. 7 for 50c.  
15 for \$1. 100 for \$6.25.

SINGLE ENVELOPES, 10c. each. Same price as charged heretofore.

WELLS, FARGO &amp; CO.

S. L. City, Mar. 10, 1870. d22w6-2ca

## FLESH! FLESH! FLESH!

ANY ONE having Horses or Cattle that meet with accidents, injuring them so that their meat is unfit for table use, can find ready sale for them at the

MEAT MARKET, Half-a-block west of President Young's Residence. d31-1f

## JAMES COULT

WISHES to inform the public that he is on hand to do

WHITEWASHING AND PLASTERING

ON

SHORT NOTICE AND REASONABLE TERMS.

Orders can be left at W. HARRISON'S Tin Store, West side East Temple Street, or at J. COULT'S residence, near the 11th Ward Meeting House. d40-1m

## OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

JOE SIMMONS, PROPRIETOR "REVERE HOUSE SALOON,"

Is receiving daily, Fresh Oysters direct from Baltimore. Also Fish's Feet, Calves' Tongues, Old English and Scotch Ale and Porter, Brewer, Bennis & Co.'s celebrated Ale, Wagoner's Ale and Lager Beer, Golden Cigars, Premium Fine Cut Tobacco, in fact, to speak seriously, you must call and see and taste for yourself. d174-1f

## LOOK HERE! LOOK HERE!

THE traveling public will find, on the State Road, a SALOON, recently fitted up by JOHN EDLINS, where he keeps a supply of ALE and PORTER, bottled or on draught, equal to foreign importations; also, Sardines, Crackers, Cheese, &c.

EDDINS Saloon, on Main Street, is always supplied with the best quality of ALE and PORTER, where Mr. Eddins will be pleased to wait on his numerous friends and customers. d30-1f

## TURBINE WATER WHEEL

ONE 24 inch Lowell American Double Turbine Water Wheel.

## FOR SALE CHEAP

BY

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Issued Semi-Monthly.

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Just grab him by the fin,  
And lead him to the office  
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EVERYBODY WANTS IT!

People pawn their goods for it!

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And how'd ye 'spos he don't it,  
Why he kept a "pitchinin."

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BUY IT!  
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Ask the NEWS-CARRIERS for the *KEEPAPITCHININ*. d30-1f d31-1f

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Z.C.M.I. COLUMN.

## RETAIL

## DRY GOODS

## DEPARTMENT.

ON MONDAY NEXT, we will expose for the inspection of our Patrons, a fine display of

GRAND SPRING OPENING.

PAISLEY, STELLA, CASHMERE, GRENADINE and the celebrated PATTI SHAWLS.

LACE COLLARS, SWITCHES, BOWS FOR LADIES, ETC.

A FEW OF THE FAMOUS BULL NECKTIES.

H. B. CLAWSON!

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