

As the report is little else than a special plea for polygamy, it would take some time to discuss it, so that it was not prepared under the same conditions as that of Brigham Young. It starts out by declaring that the Mormons are the only truly moral, most intelligent community on the face of the earth, and that the annexation of Utah to Nevada would be a Godsend to this State; but it must not be done, says the State, and it must not be done, says the General Government, because it would put a stop to the polygamous practices of the Mormons. It would be unwise for Nevada to undertake the job of such chances are," says the report, "that, instead of absorbing polygamy, we would be absorbed." (2) The people of Utah do not desire annexation, and should not be forced to take it. It is not certain that polygamy is wrong, and, at any rate, it is a part of the Mormon religion, and cannot be constitutionally interfered with. (3) Because it is the duty of Congress to protect the rights of States as a State. A better plea for polygamy never emanated from the Salt Lake Tribune, and a cruder report on a subject of this kind has never been presented to a Legislative body. We will not mention a resolution offered by the committee will not be adopted by the Senate. We do not think that any program is prepared to cede Utah to Nevada, and we think that, if proposed, we must, we trust it will be received in a different spirit.

Trumbull, became inelegible at the time of election, referring to the statement that the test oath had been repealed. He questioned its correctness, and said that he had been told by the members of the knowledge of one-third of the members, and it could not get one-third of the Senate to-day. Its passage through the Senate had been prepared upon the representation that it received the unanimous approval of the Senate. It was not too much to say that the repeal of the test oath was a fraud on the Senate. It was not intended, he was told, but the effect was a fraud.

Trumbull, responding to the singular charge of fraud on the Senate, read the bill as it passed the Senate, and the passage of the act, showing that the bill was read in full on his request, and that he had also made remarks upon it. Morton explained that he did not charge fraud, but that he was in possession of a bill of so much consequence in just one minute, without general notice, and that him in characterizing it as a fraud.

Trumbull enquired if Morton did not suppose the Judiciary committee knew that the bill was a fraud.

Morton said that he had understood the bill, and the committee did not know on the bill.

Trumbull said: "I understand to say that if the Senator heard any such thing he heard upon an incorrect statement." "I heard it from the members of the committee."

and there have been rumors of the people in the invaded districts, but the rumors are not credited.

BOURDEAUX.—In the Assembly the news and other internal arrangements of the Chamber of 1849 were reported. The President reads a letter from Gortal, in which he declines the seat in the Assembly offered him, by the Committee of the Chamber, for himself and in name of his colleague in Bordeaux at Paris, resigned the power conferred on them as the Government for the time being. He stated that the Chamber would not be dissolved, and that the Government would not be dissolved until the constitution of a new government is adopted.

PRUSSIA.—The declaration of the War may not be expected.

BERLIN, 15.—The Prussian Cross Commission judges from the result of the operations of the Prussian army, that the end of the war may not be expected. It thinks there is scarcely a doubt but that annihilation will be prolonged.

GREAT BRITAIN.—

LONDON.—M. Tranchard is elected to the Assembly from the department of the Rhin.

The city of Paris has authorized the Government for a loan of two hundred millions of francs, and the levy of municipal war tax.

Voter Desert News.—The returns of the adjourned election yesterday are as follows: L. J. Herrell, 378; ditto A. F. Parr, 410; J. G. Browning, 1. Alderman, P. A. Brown, 414; ditto Walter Thompson, 361; W. B. Hays, 390; ditto J. C. Williams, 360; ditto W. H. Perry, 1; ditto J. L. Canfield, 447; ditto D. W. Blair, 359; ditto W. R. Farr, 348; H. B. Scoville, \$80; ditto C. Denree 175; ditto Samuel Horrocks, 414; John Brown 35; ditto J. A. Higgins, 1; James Horrocks, Samuel Horrocks, John Brown were the only names who were elected by the legal reform party.

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