

Lava Bed, April 11, via Yreka 12.—Yesterday p.m. five Indians and four squaws came into the camp and were made presents of clothing and provisions by the peace commissioners, and a message was sent out by the commissioners, asking for a talk this a.m., at a point about a mile from the line. Later in the evening Bogus Charley came in, and told the picket that they could take his gun, for he, Charley, did not intend to go back any more. The picket brought him in and took him to the tent of Canby, where Charley left his gun, and he remained at the tent of Frank Riddle during the night. This morning Boston Charley came in and told the commission that Captain Jack and five other Indians would meet them outside our lines. Boston and Bogus then mounted a horse and started for the Lava Bed. About an hour after their departure General Canby, Dr. Thomas, A. B. Meacham, and Mr. Dyar, with Riddle and a squaw for interpreters, started for the place appointed. The party arrived and were closely watched by the signal officer, Lieut. Adams, from the signal station on the hill overlooking the camp. About half an hour after the party had arrived a cry from the signal officer was heard, saying the Indians had attacked the commissioners. In a moment the troops were under arms and deployed as skirmishers under Col. Green, and orders were given to move forward at double quick. Very shortly after Mr. Dyar returned, and told us that the Indians had attacked them, he was the only one who escaped, but in a few moments after Riddle and his squaw were seen within the picket line. From him we gathered the following account of the massacre: Meacham made a short speech to the Indians, and was followed by Gen. Canby and Dr. Thomas. Captain Jack then made a speech asking for Hat creek and Cottonwood, places now occupied by Fairchild and Dorris, for a reservation. Meacham told Jack it was impossible to give him what he asked. Schonehin told Meacham to say no more; that he, Meacham, had said enough upon that subject. While Schonehin was speaking Captain Jack got up, walked behind the others and turning back exclaimed, "All ready." He drew his pistol, cocked it, and fired at Gen. Canby, who fell dead, shot under the right eye. Schonehin then shot Meacham in the shoulder and head, but he is still alive. Boston Charley and another Indian shot and killed Dr. Thomas. Hoaker Jim chased Dyar for some distance, but Dyar turned upon him, with pistol in hand, and Jim ran. An Indian knocked Riddle's squaw down and took her horse, but Captain Jack made him return it. Another Indian chased Riddle and shot him. The troops are now about a mile in the Lava bed, lying on their arms, and will probably advance to-night under cover of darkness. There are about 600 troops which can be brought into service. Meacham is not expected to survive.

SAN FRANCISCO, 12.—The race between Elms and Ajax, this p.m., at Oakland, was won by Elms in 3 heats; time, 3:30½, 2:31½, and 2:31½. About 3000 witnessed the race.

LOS ANGELES, 13.—A special army correspondent in Arizona, mails the following from Prescott, April 4th: Major Randall of the 23rd infantry struck the Tontos on the east fork of Verde, killed forty-one warriors and captured a number of women and children. Propositions for surrender have been received from large numbers of the worst Apaches in the Territory. General Crook and others have gone to Camp Verde to meet the troops now coming in. Great results are anticipated and public expectation is aroused to the highest pitch.

SONORA, 13.—Ah Bun, a Chinaman, who was to be hung on the 25th inst., for murdering Ah Maw, a countryman, committed suicide in the county jail last night by hanging.

HAVANA, via Key West, 12.—Bidwell, the alleged Bank of England forger, escaped from prison yesterday evening, by jumping over the balcony; he is supposed to be hiding in the city. Bidwell's friends, seeing the impossibility by legal means to counteract the efforts of the British consul to secure his extradition, undoubtedly assisted him.

A news letter from Jacmel, Hayti, dated March 24, gives the particulars of an abortive revolution at Gonaives, of which General Michel was the ringleader. The authori-

ties succeeded in quelling the disturbance. Thirty of those implicated, including the leader, were executed. Michel, who was a hair dresser in 1858, and became a general in 1868, made a grandiloquent speech on the scaffold. He said great men, like Napoleon and others, had their destiny to fulfill, and he had fulfilled his.

Advices from St. Thomas to the 7th have been received. It was reported there that an American steamer had arrived at Porto Rico with news that a steamship had appeared in Samana Bay with a large number of colonists from the U.S., and that when the Americans attempted to disembark, their landing was opposed by the inhabitants, and there was some blood shed. The report was not credited at St. Thomas, and it was believed that it had been manufactured by the enemies of the Samana Bay scheme in Porto Rico.

SAN FRANCISCO, 14.—General Schofield has sent the following dispatch to General Gillem:

"General, please inform me fully of the situation, so that I may send you more troops, if necessary; or if the Indians escape from the lava beds, I may send troops to move against them from another direction. Let me know fully what you wish."

"I suppose you have force enough to destroy the outlaws, unless they succeed in eluding you. Nothing short of their prompt and sure destruction will satisfy the demands of justice, or the expectations of the government."

"Signed,
"JOHN M. SCHOFIELD,
Maj. Gen'l, Commanding."

The Colorado is still in quarantine with Chinese passengers. The five smallpox patients are at the pest house. The board of health will decide to-day whether to permit the landing of her cargo.

The horses at the Fashion stables, Oakland, are down with the epizootic, and Henry Seal's horses, at Meulo Park, are also sick with it.

WASHINGTON.—A telegram from General Canby, dated Tule Lake, Cal., April 7, and forwarded by a courier to Yreka, Cal., has been received by General Sherman. General Canby states that he had seen the instructions sent to the peace commissioners by the Secretary of the Interior, and he continues, "If the Modocs surrender as prisoners of war, the General Government would have paramount and exclusive jurisdiction over the cases of all. The same result would be secured by treaty, but are not treaties with the Indian tribes prohibited by recent legislation? A reservation within the limits, either of California or Oregon, would not bar State jurisdiction until after its cession by those States, and it would have no retroactive effect, for crimes committed within the limits of such reservation. It is doubtful, from recent decisions in the Kansas reservation cases, whether the State jurisdiction would not prevail. The murders of citizens beyond the limits of any reservation and within the jurisdiction of the two States, are of course anterior to any arrangement with the Modocs. I do not question the right or power of the General Government to make any arrangement that may be thought proper, but I think they should make such as to secure permanent peace, together with liberal and just treatment of the Indians. In my judgment permanent peace cannot be secured if they are allowed to remain in this immediate neighborhood. The Modocs are sensible that they cannot now live in peace on Lost River, and they have abandoned their claim to it, but they wish to be left in the Lava Beds. This means license to plunder and a stronghold to retreat to, and was refused. Their last proposition is to come in and have an opportunity of looking for a new home not far away, and if they are sincere in this the trouble will soon be ended. But there has been so much vacillation and duplicity in their talk that I have hesitated about reporting until some definite result was attained. All the movements of the troops have been made deliberately and cautiously, so as to avoid a collision and to impress the Indians with the idea that we have no unfriendly intent. Thus far we have succeeded very well, but their conduct has given so much reason to apprehend that they are only trying to gain time that I have organized a party of scouts to operate with the troops if they should go to the mountains or renew hostilities."

NEW YORK.—Mr. Sparks, agent of the White Star Line, announces

that in conformity to the wishes of contributors to the fund of two thousand dollars, collected in Chicago, a sum is to be set aside for the purchase of suitable rewards for the officers and crew of the *Atlantic* who were conspicuous in saving life; also for rewarding the Rev. Mr. Ancient and the fisherman who so nobly assisted the sufferers.

ALBANY.—The flood in the Hudson continues, and several thousand dollars' worth of property, in the lower part of the city has been destroyed. The Fonda, Johnston, and Gloversville railroad has been blocked by landslides since Tuesday. Another slide occurred to-day, which will prolong the blockade several days.

NEW YORK.—The gas men strike their colors to-day, and ask to be re-employed at the old hours and wages.

DETROIT, 11.—An examination made into the affairs of the late land office under the management of ex-Commissioner Edmunds, develops the fact that he has sold lands that did not belong to the State to the amount of 12,904 acres. All were sold at nominal prices. The land belonged to the U. S., Chicago, and North Western railroad, and to private parties.

HALIFAX.—A meeting of the friends of the lost cabin passengers of the *Atlantic* was held to-night at which resolutions were passed condemning the White Star Line managers for not taking more vigorous measures to recover the bodies.

WOODLAND, Cal., 11.—James L. Carreo, an old citizen of this place, was found dead in Hubbard's livery stable this a.m.; verdict, death from heart disease.

SAN LEANDRO, 11.—A young man, named Oliphant, who was run over and fatally injured last evening by an engine at this place, died at 9 o'clock last night; verdict, accidental death.

VALLEJO, 11.—Commodore Wyman of the U. S. N., president of the Bogart court martial, arrived this a.m., and was received at the navy yard with the usual salute.

STOCKTON, Cal., 11.—Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the County Clerk yesterday, of a paper manufacturing company, capital stock \$300,000.

A telegraphic report, published some days since, stated that the Roberts family, formerly of this county, had been murdered by the Modoc Indians. A letter from Mr. Roberts, dated April 4th, says his family are all well.

A large number of horses in the vicinity of Merced and Mariposa are affected with the epizootic.

SAN FRANCISCO, 11.—Henry Gantz committed suicide here this evening by shooting himself through the head with a pistol.

One of the retorts in the Metropolitan gas works exploded this evening, seriously and perhaps fatally burning three of the workmen and injuring several others less seriously.

The case of John Samuel who shot Marchant yesterday, was partially examined in the police court this p.m., and continued till Tuesday next.

FOREIGN.

LONDON.—Developments made in the Bank of England forgery case, which was before the Lord Mayor again to-day, conclusively establish the fact that the forgeries were committed by Austin Bidwell, now under arrest at Havana, and whose surrender has been ordered by the Spanish government. George McDonnell is held for extradition in New York. George Bidwell, whose arrest in Edinburgh has already been announced, and Noyes, the alleged clerk of the parties, who was the first person taken in custody here, were both before the court to-day, and after examination, were remanded to Newgate.

LONDON.—The chancellor of the exchequer has arranged to carry the reduction of 50 per cent. on the sugar duties into effect next month. The reduction on raw sugar will take place on the 8th, and on refined sugar on the 28th.

Great distress for want of food is reported in the islands on the Irish coast, off Galway. Sheep are even starving. Subscriptions have been opened for the relief of the islanders.

BAYONNE.—The Carlists continue to bombard the town of Puigcerda. Relief for the garrison has been sent from Gerona. Brigadier General Camanos has beaten Saliva, who was menacing Gelonimises at the head of a considerable force of Carlists. The insurgents have levied a

contribution of ten thousand francs on Villa Franca, and demand its immediate payment by the municipality, threatening the town with the fate of Berga if the money is not forthcoming. The place is being well defended and the authorities refuse to yield.

ASPINWALL, 5 via Havana, 10.—City of San Salvador, Central America, destroyed by earthquake; 800 persons perished, and twelve millions of dollars worth of property destroyed. The earthquake was followed by a conflagration, and many buildings were burned.

For a few days slight shocks of earthquake had occurred, but no serious apprehensions were felt. It was on the p.m. of the 4th about half past four, almost without warning, a great part of the city was reduced to a little more than ruins. The ground heaved like a ship in a gale. Terrific thundering burst from under foot. Walls tottered and were rent in many places, with wide crevices. Roofs sank to the ground. Three violent shocks followed in succession, and servants commenced to scream piteously, and could not be pacified. The wild birds flew to the houses, horses grew frantic in their stables, and the dogs howling slunk for protection. Every few minutes shakings of less violence occurred. The scene

beggars description—ruined houses, panic-stricken people, men, women and children fleeing to the fields, with valuables hastily collected, then the ringing of the alarm bells and the beating of drums, and the calling of all the soldiers under arms, for in San Salvador murder and pillage accompany the confusion of great earthquakes. The frightened citizens leave the town. The Indians from the forests prow into it for prey, and are only checked by the bayonets of the government troops. These were posted in quads at short distances all over the city.

MADRID.—The Carlist force which attacked Pignerda was a thousand strong, while the defenders of the town numbered 500, of whom only fifty were soldiers. After a fusillade of twenty-four hours the ammunition of the republicans became exhausted, and the Alcade sent for reinforcements; but they arrived too late to participate in the fighting, as the Carlists had withdrawn from before the town. They carried off their wounded and buried their dead.

LONDON.—In consequence of the illness of the Pope the usual Easter services in the Catholic churches in England will be curtailed.

PARIS, 12.—Saint Marie Gerardin, the well known author, died yesterday of apoplexy.

A dispatch from Perpignan says that the Carlists have retreated from Pignerda in consequence of the arrival of three columns of Spanish troops, the Carlists however, say that they withdrew because they would not fight on Good Friday, but they intended to renew the attack. Don Carlos waited in Perpignan, the result of the attack on Pignerda.

BRUSSELS.—The government has stationed a man-of-war at Ostend to prevent the encroachment of English fishing vessels.

ROME.—The Pope is better this a.m., and continues to improve. He suffers from continuous pain in the left side and nausea; during the day, however, he received the cardinals and wrote several letters.

BERLIN, 13.—The rumor that has been current that Baneroff would soon resign is denied to-day; he recently received a complimentary letter from President Grant, and also continues to enjoy the confidence of the Emperor and Bismarck.

CONSTANTINOPLE.—In a conflict near this city, yesterday, between smugglers and Turkish revenue officers, several were killed and many wounded.

PARIS, 11.—Fifty million francs were paid by France to Germany on the fifth inst., on account of the war indemnity.

A despatch from Perpignan says the Carlists had been repulsed after fighting a whole day and night before Pencerda.

ROME.—Victor Emanuel will visit Vienna during the exhibition, if the condition of Italy will permit his departure.

The *World's* special says the Pope is suffering from rheumatic fever and ulceration in the leg. His illness is extremely serious.

A manufactory in this city was destroyed by lightning yesterday. Forty persons were buried in the ruins, five of whom were killed and seventeen wounded.

A revolution has broken out in Panama, in favor of ex-President Carreoso. President Niera is a prisoner. It is said that he secretly sustains the revolutionists, who are in possession of everything. No lives lost. Carreoso was expected at Panama on the 14th.

SET AGAINST IT.—It is impossible not to sympathize with and wish success to the spirited ladies of St. Louis in their endeavors to secure the repeal of the municipal law of that city which legalizes or "regulates" the worst of vices. The ladies rightly refuse to accept any compromise, as will be seen by the following:

ST. LOUIS, April 6.—A mass-meeting of ladies was held in this city, on yesterday afternoon, to consider the social evil law now in force, and to devise means for its repeal. Quite a number of prominent ladies were present and two or three clergymen. Letters were read from several ministers of the gospel, and physicians, taking strong grounds against the law, and two or three speeches were made by gentlemen present, including one by Mayor Brown, who regretted that the discussion was confined to one side of the question, as there were many interesting and important facts involved in the case, and much can be said on both sides. A resolution was adopted declaring against any compromise with vice, and demanding the repeal of the objectionable ordinance.

PROPAGATING FISH.—The Reese River *Reveille* says that at the last session of the legislature of Nevada an act was passed having for its object the encouragement of the artificial propagation of fish within that State. Under the provisions of the act a company has been formed in Elko, which has secured a tract of land on the South Fork of the Humboldt, which is known as the "Waltonville Fish Works and Nevada Acclimatizing Society," capital stock £10,000, in ten thousand shares at a par value of \$1 each; officers, C. E. Gillett, President; T. A. Freeman, Treasurer; Robert Boyle, Secretary; J. G. Dow, Superintendent; and J. G. Dow, Robert Boyle, and John S. Mayhugh, Trustees.

EASTERN NOTES.

It may not be generally known that our world is running on credit, and, what is worse, all but three countries are getting deeper and deeper into debt each year. These countries are Great Britain, Germany and America. At present the debt the world is revolving under is \$41,490,000,000, which is putting it at its lowest figure.

A bill allowing women to be elected school trustees has passed both houses of the Illinois legislature, and there is no doubt it will be signed by the Governor and become a law. The act makes women eligible to office under the general or any special school law of the State.

Certain property, it is just now known, was saved from the great Boston fire in a singular way. Mr. Richard Newcomb, of Quincy, (about ten miles from Boston,) a few days since, on removing a pile of boards, found a note for \$100 with eight 50 cent scrip pieces, all partially burned. They had all been laid away in some desk, and at the time of the fire had floated through the air for that long distance without separating.

IMPORTED STOCK.—Mr. E. W. Van Etten received yesterday direct from Canada, where he lately purchased, seven bulls, twenty-three cows, twelve mares, three stallions and thirty colts and sheep.

The horses and mares are fine bred, while the cattle embrace Durham, Devon and Herefordshire.

They are for sale at the Tithing office corral, and may be seen by those desirous of purchasing any time until Saturday night, when Mr. Van Etten proposes taking the animals not sold to his ranche at west Jordan.

PERSONAL.—Steele & Price of Chicago and St. Louis, we are pleased to say, are among the few who put into the market articles just as represented, perfectly pure, selected with care and combined in a manner to be perfect in their action and results. Their Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder has been approved by the United States Government, and large quantities are manufactured to meet the wants of their various military posts. While their Dr. Price's Special Flavorings of Vanilla, Lemon, etc., are becoming equally as popular. The only way to force adulterated cheap articles out of the market is to encourage honest manufacture.