

NEW LAND LAWS.

[PUBLIC—No. 121.]

An ACT relating to the Public Lands of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That when any lands of the United States shall have been entered and the government price paid therefor in full, no criminal suit or proceeding by or in the name of the United States shall thereafter be had or further maintained for any trespasses upon or for on account of any material taken from said lands, and no civil suit or proceeding shall be had or further maintained for or on account of any trespasses upon or material taken from the said lands of the United States in the ordinary clearing of land, in working a mining claim or for agricultural or domestic purposes, or for maintaining improvements upon the land of any bona fide settler, or for on account of any timber or material taken or used by any person without fault or knowledge of the trespass, or for on account of any timber taken or used without fraud or collusion by any person who in good faith paid the officers and agents of the United States for the same or for on account of any alleged conspiracy in relation thereto: *Provided*, that the provisions of this section shall apply only to trespasses and acts done or committed and conspiracies entered into prior to March first, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine: *And provided further*, That defendants in such suits or proceedings shall exhibit to the proper courts or officer the evidence of such entry and payment and shall pay all costs accrued up to the time of such entry.

SEC. 2. That persons who have heretofore under any of the homestead laws entered lands properly subject to such entry, or persons to whom the right of those having so entered for homesteads, may have been attempted to be transferred by bona fide instrument in writing, may entitle themselves to said lands by paying the government price therefor, and in no case less than one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, and the amount heretofore paid the government upon said lands shall be taken as part payment of said price: *Provided*, This shall in no wise interfere with the rights or claims of others, who may have subsequently entered such lands under the homestead laws.

SEC. 3. That the price of lands now subject to entry, which were raised to two dollars and fifty cents per acre and put in market prior to January, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, by reason of the grant of alternate sections for railroad purposes is hereby reduced to one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre.

SEC. 4. This act shall not apply to any of the mineral lands of the United States; and no person who shall be prosecuted for or proceeded against on account of any trespass committed or material taken from any of the public lands after March first, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine shall be entitled to the benefit thereof.

Approved, June 15, 1880.

Under the above law any and all persons who prior to June 15, 1880, filed upon any lands under any of the homestead laws, and which lands were properly subject to such entry at the time for filing therefor, and which have not been subsequently entered by others under the homestead laws, and prior to June 15th, 1880, even though their said entry may have been heretofore cancelled, can now, under this law, perfect a title to such lands.

This law provides a method for perfecting a title to all such lands heretofore filed on under the homestead laws, without cultivation or residence.

For further information write to me and inclose stamp.

J. A. BAILEY,
Land Agent.Salt Lake City,
July 22nd, 1880.

Dr. Winchell's Teething Syrup has never failed to give immediate relief when used in cases of Summer Complaint, Cholera-infantum or pains in the stomach. Mothers when your little darlings are suffering from these or kindred causes do not hesitate to give it a trial, you will surely be pleased with the charming effect. Be sure to buy Dr. Winchell's Teething Syrup. Sold by GODFREY, PITT'S & Co., only 25cts. per bottle.

PIONEERS' DAY, 1880.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

Forming on First South, the right resting on Second West Street, the entire column will counter-march on First South to Seventh East Street, thence west to Third East, thence north to South Temple, thence west to Tabernacle.

The divisions will form at 8 a.m. precisely. The column will move at 9 a.m.

FIRST GRAND DIVISION.

Chairmen of
Committees

1. Pioneers will rally corner 2d W. and 1st S. W. Woodruff
2. Martial Band, corner 2d W. and 1st S. E. Beesley
3. Zion's Camp, bet. 1st and 2nd W. J. B. Noble
4. Mormon Battalion, bet. 1st and 2nd W. O. G. Workman
5. President Taylor and Apostles, bet. 1st and 2nd W. Prest. J. Taylor
6. Patriarch and Presidency of Seventies, bet. 1st and 2nd W. Prest. J. Young
7. Bishop E. Hunter and Councilors, bet. 1st and 2nd W. Bp. E. Hunter
8. Minute Men, bet. S. T. and 1st S. and 2nd W. H. P. Kimball
9. Union Glee Club, cor. 1st W. and 1st S. C. J. Thomas
10. Brass Band, cor. 1st W. and 1st S. Mark Croxall
11. General Committee and invited guests, cor. 1st W. and 1st S. J. E. Taylor
12. Presidents of Stakes, cor. 1st W. and 1st S. A. M. Cannon
13. High Councilors, between W. T. and 1st W. A. M. Cannon
14. High Priests, bet. W. T. and 1st W. E. Morris
15. Seventies' Quorum, bet. W. T. and 1st W. A. Miner
16. Elders' Quorum, bet. W. T. and 1st W. E. W. Davis
17. Tenth Ward Brass Band, bet. W. T. and 1st W. C. W. Symons

18. Bishops and Counselors, cor. W. T. and 1st S. A. McRae
19. Priests' Quorum, bet. W. T. and E. T. I. M. Stewart
20. Teachers' Quorum, bet. W. T. and E. T. Jas. Yates
21. Deacons' Quorum, bet. W. T. and E. T. John Matthison
22. Relief Societies, bet. W. T. and E. T. E. R. Snow
23. Sixth Ward Sunday School Martial Band, cor. E. T. and 1st S. J. H. Poulton
24. Nationalities, cor. E. T. and 1st S. B. H. Schettler
25. Sunday Schools, cor. E. T. and 1st S. G. Goddard
26. Twenty-four Couple (emblematical of the day), E. T. bet. S. T. and 1st S. R. Clawson

27. Educational Department, bet. E. T. and 1st E. T. B. Lewis
28. Editorial, bet. E. T. and 1st E. C. W. Penrose
29. Drama, bet. E. T. and 1st E. D. McKenzie
30. Pilgrim Fathers, bet. E. T. and 1st E. Geo. Hamlin
31. Ogden Brass Band, 1st W. bet. S. T. and 1st S. John Fowler
32. Y. M. M. I. A., 1st W. bet. S. T. and 1st S. J. F. Wells
33. Y. L. M. I. A., bet. E. T. and 1st E. Mrs. E. S. Taylor
34. Primary Associations, bet. E. T. and 1st E. Mrs. L. Felt
35. Pony Express, bet. E. T. and 1st E. N. A. Empey
36. Telegraph, bet. E. T. and 1st E. W. B. Dougall

SECOND GRAND DIVISION.

37. Ogden Brass Band, cor. 1st S. and 1st E. J. Boyle
38. Agricultural, bet. 1st and 2d E. J. R. Winder
39. Horticultural, bet. 1st and 2d E. J. Reading
40. Carpenters and joiners, bet. 1st and 2d E. G. Romney
41. Payson Brass Band, bet. 1st and 2d E. W. Clayson
42. Quarrymen, bet. 1st and 2d E. J. C. Livingston
43. Stonecutters and Masons, 2d E. bet. S. T. and 1st S. Morris & Evans
44. Plasterers, bet. 2d and 3d E. A. J. Taysum
45. Grantsville Brass Band, bet. 2d and 3d E. J. Ratcliffe
46. Wagons and Carriages, bet. 2d and 3d E. W. Naylor
47. Cabinet Makers, bet. 2d and 3d E. H. Dinwoodey
48. Paper, Type, Printing and Bookbinding, bet. 2d and 3d E. T. E. Taylor
49. Nephi Brass Band, cor. 3d E. and 1st S. J. S. Hawkins

50. Leather, Tanners, Boots and Shoes, etc., bet. 3d and 4th E. W. H. Rowe
51. Saddles, Harness, etc., bet. 3d and 4th E. C. H. Crow
52. House and Decorative Painters, cor. 4th E. and 1st S. J. Midgley
53. Tanners, cor. 4th E. and 1st S. D. James
54. Kaysville Brass Band, cor. 4th E. and 1st S. J. Burt
55. Butchers, bet. 4th and 5th E. Wm. White
56. Bakers and Confectioners, bet. 4th and 5th E. H. Arnold
57. Wool Press, in operation, bet. 4th and 5th E. H. Cohn
58. Cloth Manufacturers, bet. 4th and 5th E. J. C. Cutler
59. Tailors, bet. 4th and 5th E. J. Taylor
60. Soap Makers, bet. 4th and 5th E. R. V. Morris
61. South Jordan Brass Band, cor. 5th E. and 1st S. Orgill
62. Mineralogy and Mines, cor. 5th E. and 1st S. F. J. P. Pascoe
63. Machinery, etc., R. R. Depot, bet. 5th and 6th E. W. B. Armstrong
64. Machinery, etc., bet. 5th and 6th E. T. Pierpont
65. Fire Brick, Plaster of Paris, Concrete Pipes, etc., bet. 5th and 6th E. Morris & Evans
66. Herriman Martial Band, cor. 6th E. and 1st S. T. Butterfield
67. Ladies' Department, cor. 6th E. and 1st S. Z. D. Young
68. Silk Manufacture, bet. 6th and 7th E. A. C. Pyper
69. Merchants and Bankers, bet. 6th & 7th E. Wm. Jennings
70. Salesmen, bet. 6th and 7th E. Geo. E. Bourne
71. Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, etc., bet. 6th and 7th E. T. Olmshaw
72. Chimney Sweeps, bet. 6th and 7th E. E. Doman
73. Trunks, bet. 6th and 7th E. Illingworth and Great Western
74. Excavators, cor. 7th E. and 1st S. Pitts & Watson
75. East Bountiful Brass Band cor. 7th E. and 1st S. W. J. Pugh
76. Yacht Club, cor. 7th E. and 1st S. D. L. Davis

PROGRAMME OF EXERCISES IN TABERNACLE.

Under the direction of J. E. Taylor, commencing at 11 a. m.

- Anthem, Tabernacle Choir
Prayer, Geo. Q. Cannon
Selection of National Airs,
Croxall's Brass Band
Speech, W. Woodruff
Song (Martial), Glee Club
Speech (Chronological), Orson Pratt
"Glory to God in the Highest,"
Tabernacle Choir
Original Poem (by O. F. Whitney), D. McKenzie
Overture, "Poet and Peasant" (by Suppe), Careless Orchestra and Grand Organ.
Speech (Educational), B. F. Cummings, Jr.,
Duet, Mrs. S. Langford, Miss L. Nebeker
Sentiment (The Ladies of Utah), L. J. Nuttall
Music, Tenth Ward Band
Speech, President J. Taylor
Anthem, Tabernacle Choir and Careless Orchestra
Benediction.

General Committee:

- Joseph E. Taylor,
Wilford Woodruff,
George Goddard,
Samuel L. Evans,
William Eddington,
Joseph H. Felt,
George M. Ottinger,
Thomas E. Taylor,
William H. Rowe,
Charles R. Savage,
Emmeline B. Wells.

Marshals of the Day:

- Gen. Robert T. Burton,
Col. John R. Winder,
Col. Theodore McKean.

The New York Tribune, according to a dispatch in our telegraphic columns, has considerable to say on Utah's increase of population. We would like to know how it made the discovery that while the "Mormons" have increased 65 per cent., the Gentiles have increased 200 per cent. in the last decade. We were not aware that the census gave any information about the religious status of the population. The Tribune has made a very ridiculous guess and published it for a fact.

Correspondence.

The Colorado Settlements.

MANASSA, Conejos Co., Colorado,
July 15, 1880.

Editors Deseret News:

Two weeks ago Prest. Silas S. Smith, Elders James Lewis and Platt D. A. Lyman came in from the San Juan country to pay us a visit. Since their arrival they have been busily engaged visiting among and meeting with the people, giving such counsel as our needs and circumstances suggested, and the Saints feel much encouraged by their presence. Some of the scattered Saints have also been visited and cheered up in their labors. The brethren have called upon and had pleasant visits with some of the prominent citizens of the county, including some of the well-to-do Mexicans, who appear to be very friendly towards our people.

The local authorities have also been conferred with in matters relating to the land we are located upon, which, although not in the most satisfactory shape, we have every assurance we shall obtain without much trouble, as soon as the time comes for them to be disposed of by the State.

One of the best grist mills in the valley has been purchased by some of our people, and we have prospects of obtaining good flour without having to pay such speculative prices as heretofore. The mill is situated on the Rio Culebra, near the county seat of Costilla county, and about 25 miles east of this settlement, in the midst of a good wheat producing country, most of which is now occupied, principally by Mexicans.

On Tuesday, the 13th inst., the brethren made a trip to the west side of this valley, to prospect for a suitable place to locate a settlement for our people. A situation was found on the Alamosa River, near the mouth of the cañon, presenting some advantages and some disadvantages, which latter can be overcome in time by hard labor and perseverance.

This is unmistakably a volcanic country, rocks of volcanic origin are strewn for miles in many parts of the valley. Some of the land here is of good quality, while in places it is very rocky and barren. Alkali exists also to a limited extent in some of the lowlands. As in Utah, the best land here requires a great deal of toil to make it fruitful and productive.

The people here are feeling pretty good spiritually, and are at present enjoying good health. Our crops are in fair condition, although very backward. We have had abundance of water this season, but no rain for nearly two months. Other parts of the valley have had copious showers. To-day we are having a little rain.

Your readers have heard through your democratic correspondent of Conejos, that our people here were likely to have their hands full of politics, inclining to the democratic party as the most friendly to our cause. As Latter-day Saints we have not learned that either political party at large have ever been particularly kind or friendly towards us whenever they have had opportunity to do us injury. The wisest and safest course, and the one we purpose pursuing, is to dabble as little as possible in politics; we will bind ourselves to no party faction, but will exercise all our constitutional rights and vote for the best men and the most liberal measures, rather than for parties.

Owing to matters pertaining to the organization of San Juan County, and the locating of the Saints on the river, the brethren are obliged to leave us to-morrow and return to their camp, about 300 miles away.

We have a good Sunday School in successful operation here, and much interest is taken in it by the people of the ward.

Our brethren are making good wages in the tie camps and on the road. A few of our people have come up from the San Juan to earn a few supplies, and more are expected soon.

Yours, etc.,
JOS. HYRUM PARRY.

SPRINGDALE, July 15, 1880.

Editors Deseret News:

It is truly not agreeable to my feelings to contradict the writings of a good man. Nevertheless, I feel it a duty I owe to the public to correct some statement which I find in a correspondence to the DESERET NEWS, from Rockville, signed David

F. Stout. He said: After a diligent and searching investigation on the part of the prosecution, no evidence whatever that pointed to the guilty Jennings could be adduced, and the Jennings proved that he was at the time of the murder. The first statement is correct, but the second statement I am prepared to prove incorrect. As I was the one carried on the prosecution in examination of George Jennings surely ought to know what money was brought forth. The of proving his whereabouts at time of the murder is where dark spot is. Orla Dalton, of George's own witnesses, state court that he left George in (George's) own lot at about half three o'clock p.m. George confirmed the statement at the same Jared Dalton parted with the corner of the lot, and said will go and saddle my horse," is the time that Jared went and coyed Sister Parker out and followed her to the place of the murder. Jennings says he staid on his lot one hour. His brother's wife whom he boards says George to the house to get a lunch half past four o'clock, and did not see him again until he the house with the milk, when sun was on the peaks. James nings, brother to George, states he came home with the mail the sun was about three-four an hour high he met George the street. Now the sun set a time at six o'clock and 47 min making it about six o'clock he met his brother. would be from half past six that George had not been by any one. Frank Petty, a George's witnesses, says he saw ton and Sister Parker near the where they started up the mo to go to the place where she murdered. He thinks the sm about one hour and a half high may be more, when he saw Aaron Dalton, another of George's witnesses, who was Petty, states that he thinks it was one hour high when Dalton Sister Parker were seen below mountain. Now this is all work about the height of the but the murder must have committed between four and was thought both by the pation and defence, that if Dalton Jennings could be brought to that one or the other would under the operation. Conse the court adjourned for that and George was taken before who said he would answer a tion that George would ask him at the same time that Geo guilty. George was asked aged of to talk with Dalton. him, "George, if I was being as you are, and was not g would say something." A one said, yes, I would talk h of it, etc., but not a word c got out of him, until he was ed, when he said, I don't kn want to say anything to him feel like bursting him. Ne are the plain truths as they cur, without any painting.

I did not intend to say more on this subject, but I duty to state the truth. I duse Brother Stout of wilful ing a wrong statement, but been mis-informed, as he w the court himself.

I remain, as ever your truly.

S. K. GIL

Mining at Marysvale.

MARYSVALE,
July 12th

Editors Deseret News:

If the saying be true that bodies move slowly, then nificent future in store for moving Marysvale mine. Eleven years have elapsed first mineral-bearing qu were discovered, and to-d nor reduction works of g greet the in-coming ca prospector. The history of camp is the history of no other, viz: A long cont ing for the "good time Nearly two years ago the Mine was discovered, and grade galena ores gave another spurt of notoriety in many valuable discover

The Deer Trail ore wa able, and the cash deriv gave an impetus to busine however, was merely tran ruinous. Its high grade soon exhausted and an body of low grade willing