

EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE DESERET NEWS COMPANY.

CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Wednesday, August 17, 1881.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The average English and American brain is said to weigh 45.7 ounces, against French, 44.6; German, 44.1; Italian, 44; negro, 46.5.

The opium habit is rapidly increasing in America, especially in places where it is difficult to obtain intoxicants. It is estimated that over 150,000 persons in China are killed annually by the use of opium.

The latest news from President Garfield is of a more encouraging nature, and strong hopes are again entertained of his recovery. There will be rejoicings mingled, however, with doubt—all over the United States.

St. Louis has had a picnic of three hundred people, where there was no swearing, no noise, and not a quarrelsome sound was heard, not a dispute over the fun, the viands or the excursion. The picnicers were all dead men.

The latest edition of "The meanest man" dwells in Schenectady, N. Y. He subscribed for a city directory, which was delivered. He then compared his old copy with the new one, made the changes in the former, and when called on for payment concluded not to purchase.

The Chinese Government has added two new gunboats to its small but serviceable navy. They have two screws of 2,600 horse-power, carry 1,250 tons, and have two guns each, capable of driving a four-hundred-pound ball through an eight-inch iron plate. They are capable of doing bits of mischief.

An International Cotton Exhibition will be held at Atlanta, Georgia, commencing October 5th, and continuing till December 31st. Among the features of the exhibition will be the manufacture of a suit of clothes from raw cotton in twenty-four hours. The cotton will be picked, ginned, spun, dyed, woven, and made into a suit of clothes for Senator Brown inside of one day.

The Governor of Cyprus has sent to England one of the oldest pieces of ordnance in existence. It is of cast iron and weighs twenty-five hundred weight. Its form is that of a cup or goblet, having the mouth wide and deep to receive a large stone shot, while the pedestal has a much narrower chamber for the powder. This chamber is seven inches in diameter, extends thirty inches behind the mortar, and terminates in a vent at right angles fully an inch in diameter. It is probably of Venetian manufacture.

The Philadelphia American says there will be fifteen contests for seats in the next House of Representatives, thirteen of which are from the South. The American adds: "We think Mr. Clerk Adams, of the House, has done exactly his duty in putting Mr. Cannon, and not Mr. Campbell, on the rolls as Delegate from Utah. While the Governor of the Territory has given his certificate to the latter, there can be no doubt that the *prima facie* case justifies Mr. Adams' course." Every sensible paper that understands the matter is of the same opinion.

The recall of the Chinese youths, who were sent to American colleges to be educated, has made quite a stir, and the Flower Kingdom has been ridiculed and abused for its course. But the students were sent here to get a thorough knowledge of mechanical, manufacturing, agricultural, scientific and professional arts; they were not expected nor encouraged to absorb a love for our political system and its corruptions. It was a fear that the young gentlemen had been developing into apt students in this latter branch of education which decided the Chinese Government to have them recalled at once. A little knowledge of a certain kind—is a dangerous thing.

It appears that dentistry, supposed to be peculiarly a modern art, was skillfully practised by the ancients. Sir Gardner Wilkinson affirms that teeth stopped with gold have been found in the Egyptian mummies. Dr. John Galt says that in the Etruscan Museum of Corneto, the ancient Tarquinia of Etruria, and a few hours' distance from Rome, he has seen teeth in a skull bound together by threads of gold cleverly twisted in and out among them; and that he has seen the same thing in museums in the Vatican and elsewhere. From these facts he presumes that it is quite probable the ancient Egyptians had more or less skillful dentists. His deduction is rather supported by a gentleman who is positive that he once saw in the Meyer Museum in Liverpool the jaw-bone of a mummified Egyptian in which a number of teeth were secured by a golden wire.

"A STRANGE FATALITY."

THE Providence Star quotes from the Paris Gaulois some paragraphs, showing the ignorance of French journalists of American politics and general affairs. The Star says: "There is some strange fatality about foreign journalists the moment they attempt to dilate upon American politics. Some of their assertions are as amusing as they are ridiculous. When editors of European newspapers are so ignorant of ordinary American affairs, what ought we to expect of the great majority of their readers?"

We will back the editors of Eastern newspapers against any Frenchman for writing boldly on a subject which they are entirely unacquainted with. Everything that can be said about Parisian folly in dilating upon American institutions, is equally

applicable to editors in the United States when they touch upon "Mormonism." And there is some excuse for the French writers. They speak another language and live in another country. But these home journalists are not thus situated. They could learn the facts if they chose to put themselves to a little exertion. But they do not seek for correct information. They adopt the views and repeat the statements of violent and prejudiced anti-Mormons, and as might naturally be expected, they assist in spreading error and malice and designing to deceive.

It is funny in the extreme to read the comments of American journalists upon "Mormon" peculiarities which have no existence, the arguments which they raise against "Mormon" doctrines which the "Mormons" do not believe any more than the writers do themselves, and the rash remedies which they suggest to the Government for evils that are only imaginary.

American editors should post themselves on our creed, dogmas, objects and condition before they attempt to explain or "expose" them to others, and hold their peace on the "Mormon" question until they know something about it, before making fun of the excusable mistakes of foreigners. To paraphrase the words of the Star, when American editors are so ludicrously ignorant of "Mormon" affairs, about which they write so frequently, "what can we expect of the great majority of their readers?"

A SUGGESTIVE INCIDENT.

NEW YORK papers tell suggestive stories of the condition of the commercial metropolis of this great country, in their reports of daily occurrences. For instance, the Express speaks of a robbery which was committed in open daylight on the 10th inst., in a part of the city popularly known as "Hell's Kitchen," and in which very horrible broth appears to be brewed. As a muscular laborer was on his way home, he was passing "Hell's Kitchen," when a woman suddenly confronted him and demanded his money of his life. He declined parting with either, whereupon the woman threw a whistle, and three other footpads appearing in answer to her call, the man was set upon, and two of the thieves pinioned his arms while the others rifled his pockets.

It appears that the police are thoroughly familiar with the character of the savoring quarters with the suggestive title, but these deeds of violence are not prevented. New York is "Christian" city, and better things might be expected of it than the terrible crimes and offences which are reported in the daily papers. And we really think that instead of its preachers and editors concerning themselves about the "Mormons," who, if let alone can manage their local affairs so that peace and good order will prevail and crime be suppressed or kept in check, those educators of the public would do well to employ their talents in correcting the evils of their own society, and protecting peaceable people against the encroachments of the violent and vicious classes.

If one case like that described above was to occur in Utah, or if in any "Mormon" town there was a locality devoted to lawlessness, the whole nation would resound with a demand for the "rooting out of the evil," and it would be set down at once as the effects of "Mormonism." Let Gotham cleanse the inside of its own filthy platter before it troubles itself further over Utah's platter, which is untarnished except in the vain imaginations of the self-righteous.

Sweep out and fumigate your "Hell's Kitchen" and cellular, your hell's paction, saloons, chambers and palaces where vice riots clad in velvet and silk, scented, painted and glittering with jewels and gold. Let other "Christian" cities join in the work of renovation, and none of you will have any time to waste in hunting for mites in the eyes of "Mormon" society.

A BURSTED BUBBLE.

THE Brannan colonization scheme, particulars of which were published some time ago in the DESERET NEWS, seems to have entirely faded out. The grant of the Mexican Government to Brannan has lapsed and possession cannot be legally enforced. In addition to this obstacle the Yaqui Indians who occupy most of the land are warlike, though industrious, and refuse to vacate. It is said that the reason the grant was made to Brannan was more with the desire that the country would be settled by Americans who would overcome the Indians, than from any feeling of gratitude to Brannan for services rendered the Republic.

It is now stated that the Mexican Government, having been officially informed by the Governor of Sonora that the surveys and subdivisions which were one of the conditions of the grant, had not been complied with, and the grant having thus lapsed, it could not be enforced. Therefore the Mexican President has formally abrogated the contract and the whole colonization scheme is at an end. Sam will have to turn his wits in another direction.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE NEW YORK TIMES TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

THE PRESIDENT'S CONDITION.

WASHINGTON, 17.—The New York Times Washington special, dated midnight, says: "Since 1 o'clock the President has steadily improved. There has been no recurrence of nausea and his pulse at 10 o'clock had gone down to 114, temperature and respiration were about normal, and he continued to sleep peacefully. Being brought to near midnight, when he was arranged for the night by the surgeon-in-charge. He rests well. His frequent sleep, being tranquil, natural and refreshing. Good effects are visible from the enemata, the subsidence of his pulse being regarded as an evidence that his system is absorbing nourishment thus administered. Before retiring for the

night Dr. Bliss said there was no trouble except what was the result of derangement of the stomach and he is now confident this will be corrected. This feeling on his part is based on a careful examination of all the causes and symptoms, and he said that Dr. Agnew fully concurred in the belief that the improvement made by the President to-day removes the cause for alarm felt yesterday. Whether the stomach has been restored to the extent that will enable the President to take nourishment in the natural way, can only be ascertained by actual experiment. The diet will likely be confined to the best pepton, should it remain rebellious, enemata will be continued until the stomach is restored to its normal condition, and of the ability of the surgeons to hold up the President until the stomach resumes its functions, Dr. Bliss has not the slightest doubt. The wound is now granulating rapidly and satisfactorily and is not affected by gastric disturbances. In concluding his talk at midnight Dr. Bliss said with earnestness, 'The President is a sick man but I am confident he will get well.'

Executive Mansion, 17, 7:45 a. m. Dr. Bliss reports the President's pulse at 110 and that he feels encouraged at the general condition of tone of the patient this morning.

Official Bulletin.

Executive Mansion, 17, 8:30 a. m.—The President has passed a tranquil night and is sleeping most of the time. He continues to retain nutritive enemata and has not vomited since last bulletin. His general condition appears more hopeful than at this time yesterday. At present his pulse is 110, temperature 98.3, respiration 18.

Official Bulletin.

Executive Mansion, 10:30 a. m.—The President's condition has not materially changed since the last bulletin. He has been tranquil and slept; has not vomited and the nutritive enemata is still maintained. Pulse 112, temperature 98.7, respiration 18.

Official Bulletin.

Executive Mansion, 10:30 a. m.—The President's condition has not materially changed since the last bulletin. He has been tranquil and slept; has not vomited and the nutritive enemata is still maintained. Pulse 112, temperature 98.7, respiration 18.

Official Bulletin.

Executive Mansion, 2 p. m.—Dr. Bliss has just returned from the President's room, and before leaving the Mansion he said the patient had taken nourishment twice since midday. The second time occurred at 12:45, and this consisted of a cooled infusion of beef mixed with a few drops of muriatic acid. The patient was given about a teaspoonful at a time, which was administered thus far has been retained, and the improvement anticipated by it has been realized. The President shortly after the first dose was given, expressed himself as feeling better, and his pulse indicated great improvement, having become stronger and the number of beats materially decreased. Nourishment will be administered again about 3 p. m. The doctor is in excellent spirits and feels confident that the patient is now rallying rapidly. The enemata are being continued as usual in addition to other nourishment, and will not be dispensed with for the present.

The feeling of anxiety and expectation in the city last night was intense. On the whole, the relief in the household of the Executive Mansion and at every private residence there were groups of people who remained up all night and eagerly inquired after the latest intelligence. Every where was the same feeling of profound interest, and the darkened windows of the White House were watched all night by multitudes of people. Executive Mansion, Dr. Boynton said this morning that the President was considerably brighter and the patient resting contentedly. In reply to inquiry, the doctor explained that the enemata which were being administered consisted principally of diluted extract of beef, yolk of egg and whiskey, the whole being dissolved and slightly heated.

Dr. Bliss said a small portion of muriatic acid was also part of the enemata; the latter gentleman expressed the opinion that the President's stomach is gradually becoming stronger. The doctor said he remains hopeful and says there is no reason for giving the President's case up. Dr. Boynton said that it was possible that a very small quantity of diluted beef extract, probably a teaspoonful, administered in the morning, would be given about noon. It would depend, however, upon the patient's condition at that hour. He has not been troubled with nausea since yesterday afternoon, at which time he threw off about a gill of liquid matter containing a quantity of bile. Dr. Boynton says Mrs. Garfield feels rather more encouraged to-day than yesterday.

James said to Pearson: The President has rested well and the slight improvement of yesterday has been maintained and we are more hopeful. The President is undoubtedly better this morning and high hopes are entertained of his recovery. The President's condition is steadily improved by the ether administered at the last operation. His stomach seems to have recovered from excessive weakness and the doctor confidently expects that the President will be able by this afternoon to take nourishment into his stomach. The feeling here about the President is hopeful.

This morning Bliss was asked if there was anything in the President's condition to indicate pyæmia, or if blood poisoning was the cause of the President's unfavorable symptoms. He answered, emphatically, no, there was no connection whatever between the wound and the present trouble. The unfavorable symptoms were due entirely to the condition of the patient's stomach, and himself and the other attending surgeons were confident that the treatment adopted would soon remedy this. In speaking of the President's appearance he said, when he was shot he weighed 210 pounds; but his confidence had reduced him seventy pounds. He was of course some paler, but as he wears a full beard this was not so perceptible as it would otherwise be.

Private Secretary Brown reports that all at the White House are encouraged during the night of an unfavorable nature. Enemata given twice and retained. The President said a few minutes after, that he felt pretty well. Messages to this effect were sent to the cabinet officers. Since Sunday last his appearance has greatly changed; his face became haggard and blanched to whiteness and his person has fallen away perceptibly, and his debility is now so great that he can scarcely move. It is necessary now to turn him over in bed when it becomes painful for him to continue in one position. The report that he has appeared in a new form. The theory of the present gastric trouble comes from pyæmia is rejected by all the attending surgeons, as it would show itself in color.

A desperate struggle with the President's condition. This morning at 4:30, writes G. McGill, one of the guards at the jail, was passing through the corridor, something in the appearance of Guiteau's cell attracted his attention. Entering the cell he found the assassin in possession of a knife.

How he obtained this is a mystery.

When he demanded the knife, Guiteau refused to surrender it. McGill drew a pistol, and then an exciting tussle ensued, Guiteau making every effort to get the pistol from the guard. He succeeded after a struggle, but McGill, after most strenuous exertions regained possession. In the struggle that followed, the weapon was discharged and McGill's assistance, and Guiteau was finally disarmed. He had succeeded, however, in cutting McGill's clothing pretty badly, and came very near inflicting a dangerous wound. Guiteau pretended to be crazy and complained that his pistol had been taken from him. All the facts indicated that Guiteau probably meditating an escape, and he had formed some desperate plan. His assumption of insanity deceived no one, as he has acted as if perfectly sane all along.

THE CASE AGITATOR THRESHER AHEAD!

The Best Thresher GRAIN SAVER IN THE WORLD!

KAYSVILLE, Davis Co., August 6th, 1881.

John W. Lowell, Dear Sir—This will certify that I witnessed for one whole day, on the 4th inst., the operation of the Agitator Thresher of the Case manufacture, sold by John W. Lowell to Bishop Barton and others at Kaysville. As I have built Separators and run them in this country, I ought to be competent to judge of their merits. The Case Agitator threshes fast and is very easy on the horses. It cleans grain well and absolutely WASTES NO GRAIN. I saw it work for hours in wet barley and wet and weedy oats, and it did its work well, and threshed nearly 100 bushels an hour. The only trouble I saw with it was, that one man with a patent Talier, could not measure the grain as fast as the Agitator threshed it, as all who were present will testify. I recommend the Case Agitator as the best thresher I have ever seen.

GEORGE CLAWSON.

KAYSVILLE, Davis Co., August 9th, 1881.

John W. Lowell, Dear Sir—In reply to your inquiry, we will state that we are running the Agitator Thresher, sold by you to Bishop Barton and others. It is doing most excellent work, very easy to feed, capacity very large, have tried it in very weedy and lamp grain, both Wheat and Oats, and never saw a machine with easier draft on the horses, or run so smoothly and do as good work. Many have been to see it run and have expressed the same opinion. No chance for any grain to be carried off with the straw; the Elevator works like a charm—never saw any to equal it. We are satisfied to excel any machine we ever saw, and we feel exceedingly well pleased with it.

Respectfully,

LEVI W. PAYNE, LEVI WESTER.

CITY COUNCIL.

Proceedings at the City Council on Tuesday evening, August 16th, 1881, Alderman Dinwoodey presiding.

G. H. Chamberlain petitioned to be allowed to use 10 feet of the sidewalk and 20 feet of the street north of the Walker House, upon which to pile building material for a period of 30 days. Granted.

A profile of the grade of Fruit Street was presented by C. S. Burton and other property owners of said street, which had been made by the city surveyor, and which the property owners asked the Council to accept as the established grade of said street. Referred to the committee on streets and alleys.

The committee on finance, to whom was referred the report of the committee on construction of canal for June, reported that having examined said report, they found the vouchers all properly signed and countersigned and the sum of \$9,383.01 expended necessarily and economically. They therefore recommended the acceptance of the canal report and the placing thereof on file. Adopted.

The sewerage commissioners, to whom was recommended on property owners for the improvement of certain sidewalks, submitted a report, together with the corrections and alterations by them deemed necessary. The report was accepted and the recorder instructed to notify the parties interested of the corrections and readjustments made by the commissioners, and that Tuesday, August 23d, 1881, at the Council Chamber, was the time and place fixed for the hearing and settlement of further appeals and complaints, if any.

The liquor ordinance came up as unfinished business, and its various provisions were discussed till a late hour. Adjourned for one week.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

MONDAY, AUG. 22.

Positively Last Appearance for Years—Perhaps Forever!

HAVERLEY'S

FAMOUS 40 ORIGINAL "Mastodon Minstrels"

COMING IN ALL THEIR VARE EXTERITY WITH A FLOOD OF FRESH FEATURES! MIGHTY! WONDERFUL! ARTISTIC! The Greatest Minstrel Organization in Existence!

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Sale for Reserved Seats at Box Office, Saturday, August 20th. Reserved Seats, \$1.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, GOOD BUILDING ROCK. 1224 ft. MORRIS & EVANS.

WANTED. A SITUATION AS OFFICE BOY OR IN-voice Copying Clerk, by a youth aged 18. Address, G. S. WOOD, Post Office.

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WANTED. FURNACEMEN, FRIERS AND LABORERS. Apply at the Germania Sewing or office in town. 6222 2v

ESTRAY NOTICE. HAVE IN MY POSSESSION One brown or dark chestnut sorrel HORSE, good size, about 9 years old, shod all around, with a white blaze on his face, white hind feet and a little white on right fore foot, red and white harness, branded G or G 4 on collar, and a little white on left hind foot, white on belly and back of tail, hole in each ear, as depicted on left hip resembling a cross. If claimed within ten days from date they will be sold at the Deane's estate pound on Friday, August 27th, at 10 o'clock p. m. A. W. SMITH, District Poundkeeper, Deane's, Salt Lake Co., Aug. 19, 1881.

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Z. C. M. I.

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