

MINING, BUSINESS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK DID NOT ADVANCE.

Park City Stock was Strong on the Curb, but Weakened When Called Into the Pit.

SOME HEAVY TRANSFERS MADE.

Other Popular Traders Quoted Lower—Quotations and Sales of the Forenoon Session.

Early this forenoon, before regular board call, there was considerable inquiry on the curb for New York 10-20s and frequent bids and some sales were made around 33 cents a share. Of course, many thought it would go higher when called into the pit, on the strength of the flattering reports brought from camp last night by President Wilson. But on the contrary the stock weakened and the best bid that could be secured for it at the close was 30 cents a share. However, 12,200 shares were transferred during the two calls. Daily West opened in slightly better tone, but Star consolidated, was also weaker, while May Day held firm at yesterday's prices. Tetra and Little Chief commanded but little attention and were quoted down.

The sales of the forenoon amounted to 31,427 shares, the same bringing \$6,976.12.

FORENOON QUOTATIONS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Alloy	35	
Ajax	20	
Bullion Beck	1.50	2.10
Carlita	14	15
Congor	1.31 1/4	1.35
Con. Mercur	36	
Creole	36	
Daily	1.60	2.60
Daily-West	8.50	9.00
Daily-Judge	39	40.00
Dexter	5	
E. & B. Bell	1.00	
Galena	14	
Grand Central	3.20	
Ingot	2.50	
Little Bell	2.50	
Lower Mammoth	68	72
May Day	34	35
Mammoth	1.10	
Ontario	5.25	6.00
Petro	12 1/2	
Black Bess	75	
Sacramento	27 1/2	
Showers	5	
Silver King	72.00	
Silver Shield	12 1/2	13 1/2
South Swansea	29	29 1/2
Star	29 1/2	
Sunshine	10	
Swansea	29 1/2	30
Utah	69 1/2	70
Uncle Sam	26 1/2	27
United Sunbeam	49	
U. S. Mining Co.	19.00	20.00
Valeo	8	
Liberal-Butler	16	16 1/2
Racon-Homestead	41	42
Century	1	2
Dalton	1	2
Emerald	1	1 1/2
Joe Bowers	1	1 1/2
La Reina	5 1/2	6
Little Chief	5 1/2	6
Manhattan	3	
Martha Washington	2	2 1/2
New York	30	31
Petro	12	13
Victor	12	14
Wabash	14	17
White Rock	60 1/2	
Yankee	60 1/2	63

REGULAR CALL SALES.

Daily-West, 2 at 40.00; 25 at 39.50. Shares sold, 3,700.

Dexter, 2,000 at 3; 2,000 at 3 1/4; 1,000 at 4 1/4. Shares sold, 5,000.

May Day, 1,000 at 34; 1,000 at 35; 1,000 at 36. Shares sold, 3,000.

New York Bonanza, 2,000 at 34; 100 at 35 1/2; 700 at 35; 3,700 at 33; 100 at 33 1/2; 200 at 33 1/4; 1,400 at 32 1/2; 600 at 32 1/4; 2,100 at 32; 200 at 32 1/4; 500 at 32; 200 at 32. Shares sold, 11,500.

Star Con, 1,200 at 30; 500 at 29 buyer 28; 500 at 28 1/2; 2,000 at 28, 2,200 at 28 1/2. Shares sold, 5,200.

Uncle Sam Con, 500 at 27 1/2.

Joe Bowers, 3,000 at 9 1/2.

Little Chief, 500 at 9 1/2.

OPEN BOARD SALES.

La Reina, 1,000 at 4.

Martha Washington, 2,000 at 2 1/2.

New York, 100 at 31; 700 at 30. Shares sold, 500.

Petro, 500 at 12 1/2; buyer 30.

Naldriver, 100 at 1 1/2.

RECAPITULATION.

Regular call... 26,027 \$6,312.87

Open board... 4,400 662.25

Forenoon totals... 31,427 \$6,975.12

Plan Would Not Work.

A government inspector to protect mining investors is a good idea merely as an idea, says a Mining & Scientific Press, but it would not work to any one's satisfaction. There is nothing about a government inspector that makes him superior to any one else, and his judgment as to what was or was not a good investment or a deserving field, for mining development would be no better than that of another. No man's judgment on such matters is infallible. Nothing but actual development work can determine the value or lack of value in a mine or prospect. It is a notorious fact that the Cripple Creek country in Colorado was "run down" as being no good by famous mining engineers; so also was Tonopah, Nevada. As to "protecting" the would-be mining investor, the government ever starts in that kind of business it will have a big contract on its hands. There are a hundred ways for the unwise investor to drop his money besides unworthy mining investments, and as a cold fact it is extremely probable that there is less lack of legitimate investment proportionately in mining matters than in any form of placing money in hopes of profit. Of course there never can be any law-state or federal agency any one making a fool of himself and many are constantly abusing such privilege.

NEW YORK'S LATEST STRIKE.

President Wilson Returns from Camp With Evidence of His Importance.

President Wilson returned from making an inspection of the New York Bonanza mine at Park City last evening. He brought with him some pretty good evidence that the strike made 20 feet from the shaft on the 300-foot level, which was reported from the property several days ago, is of considerable consequence. President Wilson displayed today some of the samples brought down with him, and he states that the values contained in them run anywhere from 100 to 200 ounces silver and about 25 per cent lead. The location of the vein opened up is a little to the south and west of

the shaft. When he visited the mine Sunday the president, after looking over conditions, concluded that the south cross-cut on the 300-level had been driven through a barren stretch of ledge matter; he also figured that according to the report of the vein he disclosed on the 250-level it should be encountered somewhere nearer the shaft, so he directed Superintendent Ferguson to the metallurgical tests have some quartz found exposed. On Tuesday the vein being searched for was encountered and has since improved with development.

The streak of high grade ore, President Wilson stated, had widened out to about 10 inches when he left camp.

Tonopah-Utah Doing Well.

W. H. Irvine, one of the largest stockholders in the Tonopah-Utah Mining company, stated that the recent strike made in that property is more than meeting expectations. Manager J. L. Justice reports that development work is progressing at a satisfactory rate and that two samples of ore assayed a few days ago showing returns of 238.8 and 181.9 ounces in silver respectively.

CON. MERCUR PLANT.

It Will Probably be a Week Before All Adjustments Are Made.

Manager George H. Derr, of the Con. Mercur, returned from a trip to camp last night, where he went to look over the slimes plant now being started up at the big mill. While all the adjustments have not been made, Mr. Derr says everything is progressing favorably and within another week he believes the plant will be operating at full blast. He is confident the mechanical arrangement of the plant will be a complete success in every respect and the slimes plant will be a ready-made proven to be eminently satisfactory.

CENTENNIAL-EUREKA SHAFT.

Bottom Has Been Lowered to the 1850-foot Point.

Supt. C. E. Allen returned last night from a shaft inspection trip to the mine. The shaft now being sunk has been completed to the depth of 1,850 feet and a station is being cut at the 1,000. While the work in progress in the mine is contributing its usual amount of ore, 25 tons per day, to the United States smelter at Bingham Junction.

COPPER KING MEETING.

Stockholders to Consider Matter of Redeeming Property.

The stockholders of the Copper King Mining company, whose Beaver county property was sold at sheriff's sale recently, are scheduled to meet this afternoon for the purpose of taking steps to redeem. The Copper King has always been considered to be a very promising prospect. The surface indications are strikingly favorable for the making of a good copper mine. The property is well equipped with machinery to carry on development work.

Car of Carisa Ore.

Manager Joseph made settlement with the smelters for a car load of ore from the Carisa mine this morning. The controls showed values of 26 copper and 13 ounces silver.

IN THUNDER MOUNTAIN.

Marshall Lake District is Showing Results with Development.

H. M. Sturdevant has returned from a three months' trip into Thunder mountain, during which he examined a number of mines in the Marshall Lake district. He is particularly favorable in his opinion of the gold camp in the Statesman. He also located for himself and associates a group of six claims a short distance below the Weerenhoff.

In doing the assessment work on the property Mr. Sturdevant opened up in several places the great Big Creek dike, which crosses the claims. He states that the dike bears very strong indications of mineralization throughout its width. Numerous strata of quartz run through it that carry good values in gold. In the center of the big reef Sturdevant opened up 18 inches of very rich quartz that runs exceedingly well. From tests made he is of the opinion the shoot will average from \$50 to \$100.

On either side of this rich streak the ledge matter is of good grade, carrying values in gold, associated with silver, iron and traces of copper. The mineral Mr. Sturdevant states is of good grade and of great depth. The values discovered are evidently good to make it a profitable smelting product.

In company with William Eaton, who is interested with E. W. Johnson and George M. Parsons of Boise in the group of claims on Smith creek, Mr. Sturdevant sampled the Big Creek dike across its entire width, securing an average of better than \$40 per ton. The assays varied from something above \$4 to \$20 per ton in gold.

Mr. Sturdevant is also interested in a group of claims lying a short distance north of the Big Creek dike. He expects to return in a few days to look after the development work on his properties.

MAY DAY SQUABBLE.

President Cunningham and Others Want Manager Snow to Quit.

There is likely to be a change in the make up of the official staff of the May Day mine in Tintic. Trouble has arisen between some of the stockholders for some time and now certain stockholders are after the acquittal of the present manager, Alvin E. Snow. Among the most active in opposition to Mr. Snow is President James A. Cunningham, who has been in the management of the mine since its inception. It is said that Director L. H. Farnsworth takes the same view of the situation.

Director John A. Hunt has tendered his resignation, and E. W. Duncan, also a director, has left the state and will not likely return, although he has not tendered his resignation.

President Cunningham has decided to call a special stockholders' meeting to fill the existing vacancy on the board, which will give his side the control, provided a majority vote of the stockholders is secured, of which President Cunningham is confident. With this program carried out there will be only one alternative for Manager Snow, and that is to step down and out.

The meeting will be held in about two or three weeks.

In the meantime orders have gone forth for the closing of the lagging plant out of which the present management has not obtained the returns that were expected.

Today's Metal Quotations.

Local selling prices as reported by the American Smelting and Refining company:

SILVER, - - - 57 1/4

COPPER, - - - 12 1/2

LEAD, - - - 8 3/50

DEVELOPMENT OF ERIE PROPERTY.

Arrangements Made to Conduct it Through the Mystic Shrine Tunnel at Bingham.

CONTRACT FOR 100-FOOT DRIFT.

Has Been Let by Manager J. W. Cairns, Who Returned from Camp Last Night.

Through an arrangement made with the management of the Mystic Shrine mine at Bingham, the development of the Erie property will be conducted through the Mystic Shrine tunnel. Manager J. W. Cairns of the Erie returned from camp last night after having let a contract for 100 feet of drifting. The Mystic Shrine tunnel cuts a fissure within 16 feet of the Erie side line and it is at this point that the contract will commence. Mr. Cairns expressed himself today as being reasonably certain that the drift will show up some of a very good grade by the time the 100 feet is run, which ought to carry it into, or at least very close to the Erie vein.

Since making his last visit to the property, Mr. Cairns is more pleased than ever with the Erie and believes it will develop into one of the good things of which Bingham is prolific.

Mr. Cairns speaks very favorably of the Mystic Shrine property and says Manager E. V. Young is getting good results from the campaign of development now in progress.

CONCENTRATES.

The Rio Grande will run another excursion to Tintic next Sunday.

The annual report to the stockholders of the Consolidated Mercur company will be issued to stockholders next week.

Leopold Hahn of Hastings, Neb., who is heavily interested in the Four Metals mine in the Deep Creek district, is in the city.

Broker J. W. Langley, David S. Murray and E. D. R. Thompson will leave for the Jackson's Hole country in Wyoming today.

Charles E. Porter, local agent of the Western Expanded Metal company, left for the east today on a brief business trip.

Treasurer A. A. Ball of the Annie Laurie mine of Gold Mountain, is in the city. Dividends, he states, will not be resumed until next month.

Ed Copley will leave for the east today in the interests of the Sheba and Nevada-Humboldt companies whose properties are located in Humboldt county, Nevada.

The dividend of one cent a share, declared by the directors of the Utah mine will be paid on the 22nd inst. The books close against transfer tomorrow.

Manager G. D. B. Turner, of the J. I. C. mine of Park City, has taken his departure for the east, to visit shareholders in Scotland before returning.

The ore and bullion settlements reported late yesterday were as follows: Crude ore and concentrates, \$34,000; base bullion, \$36,700; gold bars, \$9,400. Totals \$80,100.

Manager J. A. Cizek and associates are now in full control of the Lost Packer mine located on Loom Creek, Idaho. A bunch of stock was transferred yesterday involving something over \$50,000.

The suit involving the title to the Kempton claim in Bingham comes up in the Federal court in Denver today. The United States Mining company is the plaintiff in the case.

General Manager D. C. Jackling, of the Utah Copper company, arrived in the city from Colorado yesterday afternoon accompanied by J. D. Hawkins, superintendent of the United States Refining & Reduction company at Cripple Creek. The gentlemen are in Bingham today.

The Yankee Con. Mining company has settled with the American Smelting & Refining company for the ore of ore at the same rate yesterday afternoon and received a check for the sum of \$1,345.51, the controls showing 88.8 ounces silver, 20.95 per cent lead and 44.85 gold.

Denver advises state that Col. William A. Farish has finally decided to leave the Majestic Copper company as general manager, to take effect on October 1. It has been known for some time that his resignation was in the hands of President Kenneth C. Farish is in close business relationship with Senator A. B. Lewis, who is at odds with the Majestic company which fact may have influenced him to quit.

M. E. Hopkins and L. L. Ormsby have purchased from Hon. L. and Lewis Hall and Nelson Lewis the Nellie group at Pearl. The property adjoins the Kentucky mine of the United Mines company. The group contains three claims and a mill site and is considered of exceptional value owing to the fact that development work on the Kentucky has demonstrated that the ore shoot on that property extends into the Nellie.

The purchase price has not been made public, but it is stated to have been about \$10,000—Boise statesman.

GOOD FOR WEBER COUNTY.

President John R. Winder Praises the Fine Fair Display.

President John R. Winder, who spent a short time this week in Ogden, was much impressed with the showing made at the Weber county fair, not alone with the exhibits, which were especially fine, but with the grounds and buildings, which gave evidence of a progressive, wide awake spirit. The fair is given under the auspices of the Weber County Fair association, and is a private enterprise, fostered and built up by private individuals with a view to enhancing the interests of Weber county. The main building is of good design and quite spacious, while the grounds, covering 20 acres, include a race course and are encircled by street car tracks, giving the patrons of the fair an excellent service and solving the problem of handling the immense crowds. President Winder was particularly struck with the fruit exhibit, and says it is one of the very best he ever saw, and attracted the admiration of thousands during the sessions of the Irrigation congress.

STOCKS WERE INCLINED TO RISE.

U. S. Steel, Com. Was an Exception, It Reaching a New Low Record.

ROOM TRADERS REALIZED.

This Caused a Setback All Around, But Not to Any Considerable Extent.

THE MASSACRES AT KASTORIA.

They Were Indescribably Terrible, the Turks Slaughtering Men, Women and Children Indiscriminately.

London, Sept. 18.—Some renewal of yesterday's selling pressure against United States Steel occurred at the opening, forcing the common stock down 1/2 to 3/4. This decline represented the only loss of importance in the market. The purchasing movement on improved western ore conditions started a general rise. Atchafalaya, Union Pacific, Amalgamated, and Tennessee Coal were most in demand and gained 1/16 to 1/8. United States Steel was taken freely around 19 and the southwest and coalers were bid up sharply. An advance of 10 points in Michigan Central and a loss of a small amount in Brooklyn Union Gas, attracted some attention, although both stocks are usually dormant. American Ice preferred fell 1/8 and Sugar rose 2 points on a few transactions. Room traders realized on their purchases and there was a slight setback all around which was accelerated by the news of the massacre at Kastoria. Tennessee Coal reacted 1/4, from the highest and Sugar a point.

The bond market was dull at noon and price changes were a little mixed. Liquidation of United States Steel forced it down to 18 1/2 on low level. The steady downward movement of this stock aroused some misgivings among holders of common and preferred properties and various stocks were thrown over. Pressed Steel Car dropped 3/4, American Car 1/4 and Standard Oil of New York 1/8. The latter fell 1/4 for 64 in shares compared with 8 1/2, its last previous transaction in May. Standard Oil of New York did not participate in the decline to any extent and stiffened somewhat before 1 o'clock.

There was very little interest to the afternoon trading aside from the speculation in United States Steel. The stock rose 1/4 to 18 3/4. The market was quiet in other active stocks were confined to the market fractions and the general trading was not very active.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.

INSURGENTS USE BOMBS.

Sofia, Sept. 18.—A Turkish war balloon is reported to have been seen hovering for the last three days close to the Bulgarian frontier in the vicinity of Haskovo.

A severe fight has occurred at Uvitsa, in the mountains of Kratoevo, between 20,000 Turks and 80 insurgents. It continued for eight hours. The insurgents used bombs with deadly effect. About 1000 Turks are reported to have been killed and many were wounded. The insurgents had two men wounded. A fight is also reported to have taken place at Rupelapso, near Seres, in insurgent bands recently surrounding and annihilating a whole company of Turks. The bands then fled to the mountains. Three battalions of Turkish troops have been sent from Salonika to pursue them. A small body of peasant refugees near Presha, who were staying in the mountains started to seek for food. At Nakaleza, they were met by Turkish soldiers, who killed them all and horribly mutilated two women.