

If You Are Doing Only About Half-Enough Business You Are Probably Doing About Half-Enough Advertising.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION

DECISIVE NAVAL ENGAGEMENT.

One in Progress Midway Between Chefoo and Port Arthur.

ONE SHIP PROBABLY BLOWN UP.

The Japanese Fleet Consisted of Two Battleships and Four Cruisers.

THEY WERE ACTIVELY ENGAGED.

Heavy Fighting Near Port Arthur—Big Losses on Both Sides, but Russians Finally Repulsed.

Chefoo, July 1 (8:30 p. m.).—What would prove to be a decisive naval engagement was in progress at 1 o'clock this afternoon midway between Chefoo and Port Arthur.

The steamer Chefoo, which has arrived here, passed within 15 miles of the Japanese fleet, consisting of two battleships and four cruisers, all actively engaged. The Russian fleet was not seen, but the distance of the Japanese from land precludes the possibility of any attack on the land batteries. The captain of the Chefoo says he heard a terrific explosion but was unable to discern whether a Japanese or Russian ship was affected. The battle is held here to confirm the Japanese report that only four of the larger Russian warships were at Port Arthur last night.

FIGHTING NEAR PORT ARTHUR.

Mukden, Thursday, June 30 (delayed in transmission).—Heavy fighting is reported to have occurred near Port Arthur June 28, resulting in the Russian withdrawal from Gulin Shan, after severe losses on both sides. The Japanese fleet approached Gulin Shan, midway between Chefoo and Port Arthur, in the morning of June 28, and bombarded the coast north of the bay so far as the Dolo Shan. Strong Japanese forces which had been landed then attacked the neighboring heights, which were occupied by Russian riflemen. Three times the Japanese were driven back with heavy losses, but the Russians were forced to retire from their main position near Gulin Shan. The Japanese reinforced their advance guard and pressed the attack. After several fruitless assaults on Gulin Shan the Japanese commander sent a strong column along the central road from Gulin to Port Arthur with the object of turning the Russian left, forcing the Russians to retire. The Russians lost seven officers and nearly 200 men killed. The Japanese press are believed to be much larger as during the battle they passed over a mine which the Russians successfully exploded.

JAP ARMY NEAR LIAO YANG.

Liao Yang, Thursday, June 30 (delayed in transmission).—A Japanese army is reported to be within 35 miles of Liao Yang. Southeast of Hail Cheng, on the Shu Yen road, the Japanese have withdrawn from the positions from which they recently drove the Russians after five days continuous fighting. Gen. Mishchenko reports that his cavalry has been experiencing the effects of ybidity shells from the Japanese naval guns, which the latter are now employing in the field.

JOSEPH RYAN DEAD.

National Democratic Committee For Nevada Dies in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., July 1.—Joseph Ryan, national Democratic committeeman from Nevada and head of the Nevada delegation to the Democratic national convention, died today at the Jefferson hotel of pneumonia. Mr. Ryan and his wife came to St. Louis direct from their home at Virginia City, Nevada, Monday. It was their intention to spend several days viewing the fair before the opening of the convention. Mr. Ryan, however, contracted a cold en route, and when he reached St. Louis was quite ill. He never left his room at the hotel. His physicians pronounced his case pneumonia, but a serious result was not anticipated.

EX-PREMIER WALDECK.

Attempted Suicide After Undergoing an Operation.

London, July 1.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Paris says that the former premier, Waldeck-Rousseau, who underwent an operation May 8, has attempted to commit suicide. His wife, it is added, arrived on the scene in time to save his life.

CAPTURE AN ENGLISHMAN.

Anglo-British Threaten to if Demands Not Satisfied.

Tangier, June 30.—Chiefs of the Anglo-British force have written to the sultan demanding the release of their tribesmen who are imprisoned here. They say that unless their demand is granted they will capture an Englishman and hold him as a hostage for the release of the prisoners.

J. E. CHANDLER ACQUITTED.

Was Charged With Arson at Sun And Moon Mine.

Central City, Colo., July 1.—J. E. Chandler, former secretary of the Idaho Western Federation of Miners, was today acquitted by a jury of the charge of arson and malicious mischief in connection with the dynamiting of the transformer house at the Sun and Moon mines in July, 1903. His trial began on June 22. Five other men are awaiting trial on the same charge. At a pre-

DISPATCH BOAT MAYFLOWER.

Collides With British Armored Cruiser Bacchante.

Gibraltar, July 1.—The United States dispatch boat Mayflower collided today with the British armored cruiser Bacchante, while the latter was at anchor. The damage done, if any, has not yet been ascertained.

POLICING TANGIER.

Sultan Agrees That France Shall Send Algerian Police.

London, July 1.—The correspondent of the Times at Tangier says: An arrangement has been reached between the French legation and the sultan relative to the introduction of Algerian police into Tangier. The French government is considering the details regarding the number of force and other matters. The police are urgently needed, especially as the departure of the warships without achieving any practical results, has made a very bad impression upon the tribesmen, who are more arrogant than ever.

GASOLINE LAUNCH ACCIDENT.

Explosion Injures Two Fatally And Five Seriously.

Minneapolis, July 1.—Two prominent society and club men of Minneapolis received probably fatal injuries, and five other persons seriously injured in an explosion of a gasoline launch, the Eleanor, at Tonka bay, like Minneapolis.

George Christian, probably fatally. George Upton, probably fatally. Harry Merriman, badly injured. Mrs. W. P. Devereau, leg broken and burned.

Mrs. Harry Merriman, badly burned. Mrs. Harry Merriman, slightly burned. Mr. Christian was entertaining a party of six grown persons and two children, and his boat was headed for the bay when it exploded. It was caused by a leak in the gasoline tank, and the boat was wrecked. It is due only to the fact that a number of sailboats and rowboats were in the bay that the party escaped death.

HARVARD WAS DEFEATED BY YALE.

Sons of Eli Won Two Out of Three Events in the Great Regatta.

LOST FOUR-OARED CONTEST.

Event Was Rowed in a Most Deplorable Confusion of Official Arrangements.

New London, Conn., July 1.—After a night of high winds and heavy rain, the morning brought with it conditions indicating that the two events of the Harvard-Yale regatta, postponed from yesterday, the "varsity" race and the four-oar, could be rowed today.

The crowds, smaller as a result of yesterday's trying experiences, were out early and were prepared for any kind of weather. The long and tedious wait of yesterday, together with the depressing weather, had told on the oarsmen's physical make-up. There was no attempt today to keep secret the fact that the crews were in a somewhat nervous condition. Although both Yale and Harvard refused officially to make any statements, it was understood that the men had lost weight since yesterday and that the average reduction of Harvard was three pounds.

Harvard won the four-oared contest by something over a length after a race unique in the history of this course. The event was rowed in deplorable confusion of official arrangements. Without warning this race was allowed to precede the big event of the day, contrary to all arrangements. There were almost no spectators. There were no observation trains. Dozens of newspaper men were stranded in the city and did not witness the race. Official boats scurried madly about the river and without warning the two crews were ordered to their positions at the start at the navy yard for the two mile row upstream. The conditions were good. When the pistol was fired at 9:38 Harvard jumped to the front. It took the Yale crew four and an eighth of a mile to come up. After that it was apparently all Yale. The Yale crew crept ahead slowly but surely until at the mile and a half they led by over six lengths. Harvard seemed tired. Near the finish there was an accident in the Yale shell, Fish No. 2, breaking an out-rigger about lengths from the finish. Harvard's coxswain called for a spurt. His men responded and fairly tore through the water to a notable victory of a length and a half.

OFFICIAL TIME.

Harvard, 19:12. Yale, 19:15.

VARISITY RACE.

The "varsity" eight-oared race, distance four miles up-stream with the tide, was started at 11:15. They got off splendidly with a slight advantage to Yale in the first 100 yards. In the first eighth of a mile Yale gained a quarter of a length. Harvard was rowing a faster stroke but Yale was holding her advantage at the three-eighths and at the half mile Yale was leading by a half length. The time was 20:25.2-5.

Yale was splashing at the five-eighths but still held her lead.

The race at the mile mark was very close. Time—5:02.1-5.

After passing the mile Harvard drew up a bit and Yale was leading by a little less than a length. The time at the mile and a half was 7:53 and Yale was leading by three-quarters of a length. Yale was rowing 31, Harvard 33 and Yale had increased her lead shortly after leaving the mile and a half mark to a length and a half. Yale continued to increase her lead and at the two mile mark was over three lengths ahead. Time—Yale, 10:35; Harvard, 10:42.

Gaining at every stroke Yale continued to draw away from her rival until she was six lengths to the good. Approaching the three mile mark Harvard gained slightly and at the third mile mark Yale was leading by about four lengths. Time—Yale, 16:15.1-5; Harvard, 16:27.

Several months ago, a car on the Rio Grande Western was broken into, and

Democrats May Nominate Cleveland.

Talk in Favor of Him Most Prominent Feature of the Ante-Convention Gossip—John McLean is Quoted as Favoring His Nomination—Eastern Arrivals Are Generally Favorable.

ST. LOUIS, JULY 1.—TALK IN THE INTEREST OF MR. CLEVELAND FOR THE PRESIDENCY CONSTITUTES THE MOST PROMINENT FEATURE OF THE ANTE-CONVENTION GOSSIP HEARD TODAY, AND THE PUBLICATION HERE OF A WASHINGTON DISPATCH QUOTING MR. JOHN McLEAN IN ADVOCACY OF THE EX-PRESIDENT'S NOMINATION, HAS ADDED SOMEWHAT TO THE VOLUME OF PREDICTION. THERE IS NO DEFINITE MOVEMENT DISCERNIBLE AS YET IN MR. CLEVELAND'S INTEREST AND THE FEW DELEGATES IN THE CITY GENERALLY DECLINE TO DISCUSS THE PROBABILITIES, SAYING THAT ALL PREDICTIONS WOULD BE PREMATURE AT THIS TIME. THE DISCUSSION IS THEREFORE CONFINED TO POLITICIANS OTHER THAN DELEGATES, AND WITH REFERENCE TO THE CLEVELAND NOMINATION THESE ARE DIVIDED INTO TWO CLASSES—THOSE WHO FAVOR HIM AND THOSE WHO FEAR HIM, IN A GENERAL WAY EASTERN ARRIVALS ARE FAVORABLE, ON THE GROUND THAT MR. CLEVELAND CAN CARRY EASTERN STATES, SUCH AS NEW YORK, WHICH THEY SAY NO OTHER MAN CAN CARRY. IT IS ASSERTED THAT STRONG INFLUENCE AMONG THE BUSINESS INTERESTS IS BEING ORGANIZED IN HIS INTEREST.

Parker's Friends Antagonistic to Cleveland.

ST. LOUIS, JULY 1.—AT THE JEFFERSON HOTEL, WHERE THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE MAKES ITS HEADQUARTERS, THE FRIENDS OF JUDGE PARKER ARE CONGREGATED IN LARGE NUMBERS, AND INCLUDED AMONG THEM ARE A NUMBER OF DELEGATIONS NOT INSTRUCTED FOR THE NEW YORK CANDIDATE.

THEY ARE VERY ANTAGONISTIC TO MR. CLEVELAND, AND BELIEVING THAT MR. PARKER IS THE MOST AVAILABLE INSTRUMENT WITH WHICH TO ACCOMPLISH THE DEFEAT OF THE EX-PRESIDENT, THEY ARE QUITE PREPARED TO ACCEPT HIM. THEY FREELY PREDICT PARKER'S NOMINATION AT A COMPARATIVELY EARLY DATE IN THE CONVENTION.

DELEGATES INSTRUCTED FOR MR. HEARST SAY THAT GENTLEMEN WILL NOT BE ABLE TO CONTROL ALL HIS FORCES IN CASE OF A BREAK, AND THE CLAIM IS MADE THAT EVEN MANY OF THEM WILL GO TO PARKER. INDEED, THE FRIENDS OF PARKER ASSERT THAT THE CLEVELAND TALK WHICH IS NOW SO PLENTIFUL, WILL HAVE THE INEVITABLE EFFECT OF AIDING THEIR CANDIDATE. THE PARKER MEN DO NOT ACCEPT THE THEORY THAT McLEAN AND GORMAN ARE SINCERE IN THEIR SUPPORT OF CLEVELAND, CALLING ATTENTION TO PAST ANTAGONISM IN SUPPORT OF THEIR THEORY.

Illinois Doctor Wins the House and Lot.

Is a Stranger Here and Temporarily in Charge of the Keeley Institute—J. A. Meredith, The Trunk Man, Gets \$50 Cash Prize—Jacob Moritz Got \$10—Other Winners and What They Got.

Dr. E. P. Hilligoss of the Keeley Institute was the luckiest of all the real estate ticket holders. He is who has won the \$1,000 house and lot with coupon No. B7633. If any evidence were required that the drawing was on the square, it is found in this case. The winner of the high prize is a young professional man who does not even belong in Salt Lake. His home is in Charleston, Ill., and he came here only a short while ago to relieve Dr. Brown at the Institute while the regular physician went on a lecturing tour.

"It was astonishing to me, of course," said Dr. Hilligoss, "to win any kind of a prize, and I can scarcely realize that coming here a stranger, fortune should so favor me. Of course I cannot use the house, I am going home to my family

before long. But I will sell the prize for, oh, say \$1,250."

The town seems to have gone "daffy" today over the results of the drawing. Up and down the street this morning men and women could be seen making frantic comparisons between coupons and the list of prizes published in the papers but to date comparatively few of the winners have been heard from. Here is the list of those who were favored up to a late hour this afternoon:

E. G. Holding, the electrician, won two lots in Homer sub-division on tickets D392-3.

M. M. Johnson, manager of the Newhouse mines, won a lot southeast of town.

Charles Clow of the Salt Lake Turf Exchange won a lot in Wahoo addition, Value, \$100.

Everett Foster, treasurer of the Turf Exchange, won a \$10 investment account.

Jacob Moritz won \$10 in cash.

J. E. Langford, Jr., son of Saltair's manager, won a lot in Wahoo division. John W. Frankland comes in for a lot in Wahoo.

C. J. Trump also comes in for a Wahoo lot.

E. W. Evans won still another lot in Wahoo.

T. B. Henderson won two lots in Oakley addition.

E. T. Ohlad won the plans for a five-room house.

R. S. Moser wins a lot in Irving addition.

D. G. Richardson walks off with a \$10 membership in Union Investment company.

A lot in Wahoo was won by Mary J. S. Napper.

H. E. Cottrill also won a lot in Wahoo.

Two lots in Brighton addition go to H. H. Green.

J. A. Meredith, the trunk man, won the \$50 in gold offered by DeWitt B. Lowe.



OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS OF THE INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE CO.

Over 4,500 people visited the new building of the Independent Telephone company last evening, and inspected the plant. During the reception, Managing Director E. B. Jones drank to the date one year hence when his voice would be heard over the company's wires to Los Angeles. The reception committee was composed of Gov. and Mrs. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Fenton, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. George T. Odell, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Sloan, Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Clayton, Mr. and Mrs. John Henry Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer B. Jones and Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Harris. The city council attended the reception, and were escorted over the building by Manager C. O. Harris. Among other guests present were Senator and Mrs. Thomas Kearns, Mr. and Mrs. David Keith, Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Ewing, Secretary of State and Mrs. J. T. Hammond, Attorney General and Mrs. M. A. Breeden, Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Hale, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Walker, and Mr. and Mrs. W. S. McCormick.

BOYD DISCHARGED.

Faulty Complaint Results in Another Prisoner Being Liberated.

G. F. Boyd, who was arrested about six months ago on the charge of receiving stolen property, was given a hearing before Justice of the Peace F. M. Bishop at Murray this morning. On account of the complaint being faulty, the defendant was discharged. Several months ago, a car on the Rio Grande Western was broken into, and

PRICE FOUND GUILTY.

Grocer Charged With Violating the Weights Ordinance, Convicted.

Eli L. Price, the grocer who was charged some time ago with violating the weight and measures ordinance, and whose case was heard before Judge Diehl last week, was found guilty today on two counts. Judge Diehl fined the defendant \$10 in each case, which

YARNELL ACQUITTED.

(Special to the "News.")

Provo, July 1.—The jury in the Yarnell case retired at 2:30 yesterday afternoon, and at 7 o'clock this morning brought in a verdict of acquittal.

ENJOYABLE GATHERING.

Reunion of Morris Family Held at Forest Dale.

The Morris family reunion, held yesterday on the spacious grounds surrounding the residence of Hon. George M. Cannon in Forest Dale, was perhaps one of the most successful gatherings of the kind ever attempted by the association. About 100 descendants and relatives of the late Bishops Elias and Richard Morris of the Fifteenth and Nineteenth wards respectively, were present, and the afternoon was spent in partaking of a sumptuous spread served from tables underneath the trees, and in listening to felicitous speeches made by Mayor Richard P. Morris, who acted as toastmaster; President Angus M. Cannon and John E. Hansen. Later there were races and athletic sports, and in the evening there was an elocutionary and song recital under the direction of Miss Josie Morris. The affair was a most enjoyable anniversary of Bishop Elias Morris, and was in keeping with an annual custom adopted some years ago by the Morris family.

GOVERNOR CAUGHT FISH.

Gov. Wells, Gen. C. S. Burton, Gen. J. Q. Cannon, Col. N. W. Clayton, and Harold Russell, have just returned from a two days' trip to Col. Clayton's ranch at East Canyon creek, where they went fishing. They had a good time, and incidentally caught all the fish they could eat, and brought some home for further consumption.

GOES TO PRISON FOR NINE MONTHS.

Otto Newman Pleads Guilty to Charge of Housebreaking and Is Sentenced at Once.

WILLIAM RILEY ADMITS THEFT.

Gets Three Months for Stealing a Razor—Yeager Charged With Assault.

Otto Newman appeared before Judge Morse in the criminal division of the district court today and withdrew his former plea of not guilty to the charges of housebreaking and burglary, and was permitted to plead guilty to housebreaking. He waived time for sentence and was sentenced by the court to nine months in the state prison. It is charged that the defendant burglarized the planing mill of the Commercial Mill & Building company at 141 south Third West street on April 15, 1904.

William Riley pleaded not guilty to petit larceny and was sentenced by Judge Morse to three months in the county jail. Riley was also charged with housebreaking, but that charge was not pressed. The information alleges that he broke into the home of Mrs. W. C. Ventress on June 16, 1904, and stole a razor valued at \$2.50 from A. C. Webb.

Aquilla W. Yeager was arraigned upon the charge of assault with intent to commit robbery and was given until Tuesday, July 5, to plead. The information against Yeager charges that he attempted to rob Olga Martin on June 3, 1904.

Allan Simpkins Suicides.

St. Louis, Mo., July 1.—Discouraged by an examination for life insurance which showed that he was "afflicted with an organic disease that was a bar to insurance, Allan Simpkins, secretary of the Renault Lead company, shot and killed himself in the office of the company today.

Nat'l Educational Association.

St. Louis, July 1.—The National Educational association ended its convention today. The final general session was opened with prayer by Rabbi Leon Harrison of St. Louis. Cardinal Sattoli soon after entered the hall and the audience rose en masse when he was introduced, and he was given an ovation. Cardinal Sattoli made a brief speech, in which he expressed his pleasure at being present. The cardinal remained with the convention only a few minutes.

George A. Gates, president of Pomona college, Claremont, Cal., made an address on the subject "The Place of The Small College."

The concluding address was delivered by Aaron Gove, superintendent of schools of Denver, on the subject "The Limitation of the Superintendent's Authority, and of the Teacher's Independence."

The convention then took a recess until late in the day when the final session, designated as the vesper meeting, concludes the forty-third annual assembly.

ATTEMPT MADE TO WRECK GREAT ORGAN AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, July 1.—It is learned that an attempt has been made to wreck the big organ, the largest in the world, in Festival hall, at the world's fair, by cutting the secondary bellows. This will not affect the working of the organ, which can be operated with the primary bellows.

As a result of this attempt of vandalism, the company that is building the organ, which is only partially finished, will hereafter exclude from the stage all except those employed in the construction of the instrument.

Your "Want" Is Not Important—To Anyone But Yourself—Until It Has Been "Put into Type."

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR

PEABODY'S USE OF POWER QUESTIONED.

Judge Steele, of Colorado Supreme Court, Files Dissenting Opinion.

GOVERNOR BECAME LAWLESS.

Broke Down Barriers Erected by the People for Their Own Protection.

DEPORTATION OF THE MINERS.

It May be Followed Next Year by Driving Out the Farmers If Chief Executive is So Disposed.

Denver, Colo., July 1.—Justice Robert W. Steele, of the Colorado state supreme court today filed his opinion dissenting from the decision of the majority in issuing a writ of habeas corpus to Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, when he was held as a military prisoner at Telluride by order of Gov. Peabody. The opinion, containing nearly 10,000 words, deals exhaustively with the situation created in this state by military rule and cites a mass of authorities to show that only the legislature can suspend the writ of habeas corpus. Justice Steele says in part:

"No person who has the slightest claim to respectability should hesitate to approve the action of the governor in enforcing the law, and I am willing to uphold him and to applaud him so long as he keeps within the lines of the constitution. But I am not willing to uphold him when, in my opinion, he breaks down the barriers erected by the people for their protection, nor am I willing to accord to the constitution elastic properties for the purpose of sustaining him nor to join in the establishment of a precedent which will not apply to other classes or other conditions when another governor undertakes to exercise the same arbitrary power."

"I am not willing to concede the power claimed by the governor and exercised by him, because, in my opinion, such power is not vested in him by the constitution. The people could not have intended to erect such an engine of oppression."

"It follows, of course, that if the present executive is the sole judge of the conditions which can call into action the military power of the government, and can exercise all means necessary to effectually abate the conditions, and the judicial department can not inquire into the legality of his acts, that the next governor may by his ukase exercise the same arbitrary power. If the military authority may deport the miners this year it can deport the farmers next year."

"If a strike which is not a rebellion, may be so regarded because the governor says it is, then any condition must be regarded as a rebellion which the governor declares to be such; and if any condition must be regarded as a rebellion because the governor says so, then any county in the state may be declared to be in a state of rebellion, whether a rebellion exists or not, and every citizen subjected to arbitrary arrest and detention at the will and pleasure of the head of the executive department. We may then, with each succeeding change in the executive branch of the government, have class arrayed against class, and interest against interest, and we shall depend for our liberty, not upon the constitution, but upon the grace and favor of the governor and his military subordinates."

"In no other case presented in this court have principles so important and far-reaching been involved. It was elaborately and ably argued, and the position of counsel was clearly defined; yet the court has evaded the fundamental question presented, and has based its decision upon theories long ago determined by jurists and statesmen to be illogical and false."

"It is so clear that the power to suspend the writ of habeas corpus is not lodged in the executive branch of the government that it seems like a waste of time to discuss the question. The law is as plain as day and finally settled. It is that the power to suspend the writ of habeas corpus is solely a legislative power."

BIG BATTLE UNLIKELY.

Before the Setting in of the Rainy Season.

St. Petersburg, July 1, 8:30 a. m.—The military critic of the Russ. who is usually well informed, strongly opposes the idea of a big battle before the end of the rainy season. He expresses the opinion that the Japanese only wish now to assure possession of the Liao Tung peninsula, and that the present objective is to capture Kai Chou, which would compel the evacuation of Newchwang and permit landings on the west coast. The critic considers the movements of the Japanese north, across the Fen Shui range, as being simply a diversion to facilitate the taking of Kai Chou, and he declares that Kai Chou will not be surrendered without a fight. But, he adds, it will not have a decisive character. The critic further predicts that Kuroki will adhere to his plan to withdraw northward to his main position at Liao Yang and await the end of the rainy season. He seems to assume the success of the Japanese plan of a combination of a first and third Japanese armies and the isolation of the peninsula.

SECOND PAYMENT.

Made by St. Louis Exposition to U. S. Treasury.

St. Louis, Mo., July 1.—The Louisiana purchase Exposition company today paid into the United States treasury here the sum of \$12,035.15, as the second installment in redemption of \$1,000,000 loaned by the government. This payment represents 60 percent of the total admission receipts covering the period from June 16 to and including June 30, as required under the act of Congress authorizing the loan.

G. F. Watts, Painter, Dead.

London, July 1.—George Frederick Watts, the painter, died of bronchitis today.