

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY, OCT. 17.

**Box Found.**

Yesterday afternoon a box containing some clothing, books, papers and other articles, was found on the State road. It was evidently lost by some party—probably a resident of Koo-sharem, Piute County—returning home from Conference. The owner can obtain it on application to Marshal Solomon, at the City Hall.

**All Under Bonds.**

At the conclusion of the testimony in the case of Bert Eather, before Commissioner Hill, at Provo, yesterday, the defendant was put under bonds to await the action of the grand jury on a charge of killing Flaherty, and Leech and Donohue were required to give bail in the sum of \$1,500 each on a charge of conspiracy to murder Eather.

**John Squires Arrested.**

Last night, about half past 9 o'clock, Deputies Cannon, Franks, Sprague and Reckhart raided a house on Canon Road, and arrested Mr. John Squires, the well-known barber. The house was occupied by Mrs. Squires' son and the latter's family. The deputies took their prisoner before Commissioner Norrell, who admitted him to bail to appear for examination at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Squires has been absent from home for somewhere near three years. The charge against him is living with two wives, and the plural wife was also required to give bonds.

**Indicted for Manslaughter.**

James Donaldson, who will be remembered as the young man who shot and killed his father at Stockton, Tooele County, September 5th, last, was arraigned in the Third District Court this afternoon on an indictment charging him with manslaughter. He pleaded not guilty, and having no means to employ counsel, the Court appointed Mr. W. VanCott to defend him. He entered a plea of not guilty, and stated that he was now in custody, being unable to procure bail in the sum asked, \$2,500. He thought that if it was reduced to \$1,000 he could find securities. The matter was referred to the District Attorney for the present.

**The Clawson Case.**

This morning Rudger Clawson was brought down from the penitentiary and taken before Commissioner Norrell, presumably upon an application to be discharged on his first term of imprisonment—three and a half years, for polygamy. Brother Clawson was represented by Judge Sutherland, who stated that his client had made no formal application for discharge, and did not care to do so now, as he was still held under a six months' sentence for unlawful cohabitation. He would ask for discharge when the full term had expired but not before. It was explained that it had been customary for the Warden to bring down those whose terms had expired without a formal application. This case, however, has some special features in having two sentences, and Brother Clawson was therefore returned without any hearing.

**Third District Court.**

Proceedings before Judge Zane today: United States vs. Samuel Anderson; unlawful cohabitation; sentence of six months' imprisonment, \$50 fine and costs. United States vs. Wm. S. Muir; unlawful cohabitation; six months, \$100 and costs. United States vs. John Penman; unlawful cohabitation; three months, \$25 and costs. United States vs. John Loynd; unlawful cohabitation; six months, \$50 and costs. United States vs. Nathan Hansen; unlawful cohabitation; six months, \$100 and costs. The People vs. James Donaldson; manslaughter; defendant pleaded not guilty. Tobias Olson and Gustaf Sjobolm were admitted to citizenship. Jane Robbials vs. Chas. F. Robbins; suit for divorce; decree granted plaintiff. Court adjourned to 10 a.m. to-morrow.

**Who He Is.**

The other day the News chronicled the arrest of two horse thieves who gave their names as Fisher and Smith, and who were held to await the action of the grand jury. The two have been identified as deserters, Smith's real name being Howard Belmont. Marshal Dyer had a little surprise this morning on Belmont's account, which let considerable light on the kind of a person the prisoner is. A young negro, black as is ever seen, waited on the Marshal and requested a pass to see Mr. Smith. Mr. Dyer inquired her business with the prisoner, and on putting some direct questions, was met with the exclamation from the ebony colored damsel, "To tell ye de trufe, Marshal, I'm his wife!"

Complaint was also made against Smith, or Belmont, by Sergeant James P. Kelly, charging him with larceny, and a hearing will be had before Commissioner Norrell. Mr. Kelly states that Belmont borrowed a suit of clothes and some other articles of

him, giving as a reason for asking the loan, that he was "going to see his girl." The suit was the same that he wore when he "skipped," and he will be prosecuted for the theft.

**That Chinese Murder.**

Yesterday afternoon Deputy Franks brought to this city from Alta, Jack Sim, a Chinaman suspected of complicity in the murder of the Chinawoman last Monday. Jack was the first one to tell of the crime, and though he says he was not near at the time, gives details that show he must have been at least an eye-witness. There are also bloodstains on his clothing which he is unable to account for. He alleges that Charley Lung, whom he says committed the deed, went to the place where the woman lived with a heathen who had amassed nearly \$1,000 in hard cash. Charley knew of this money and demanded it. The woman denied having any, when Charley set upon her with a miner's candlestick and stabbed her several times in the head, back, stomach and breast, inflicting ten or twelve wounds, and leaving her dead before he stopped his horrible butchery. He then tried to wipe the blood off the floor, and after gathering up some things started off for Park City. The Chinaman who lived with the woman says that his money is gone. Charley Lung is described as under five feet in height, and weighing scarcely 100. It is not likely that he can long elude the search of the officers. The probability is that Jack has also had something to do with the crime.

**MORE SENTENCES.**

Five "Mormons" Sent to Prison To-day.

In the Third District Court to-day five "Mormons," convicted of living with more than one wife, contrary to the Edmunds law, were sentenced by Judge Zane. Their names were: Samuel Anderson, Salt Lake City; Wm. S. Muir, Bountiful; John Loynd, Farmington; John Penman, Bountiful; and Nathan Hansen, North Point. Each of these gentlemen, in reply to questions by the Court, stated that he did not wish to bind his future conduct by any promise. Mr. Penman also said that he had just completed a two years' term for polygamy. The following sentences were imposed: Samuel Anderson, six months' imprisonment and a fine of \$50 and costs. William S. Muir, six months, \$100 and costs.

John Penman, three months, \$25 and costs. John Loynd, six months, \$50 and costs. Nathan Hansen, six months, \$100 and costs.

**FIRST DISTRICT COURT.**

Interesting Developments in the Stolen Notes Case.

Yesterday Wm. Clyde was arraigned before Judge Henderson at Provo, charged with unlawful cohabitation. He pleaded not guilty. James P. Hansen, charged with unlawful cohabitation, had promised on the previous evening, to obey the law, and was fined \$75.

In the case of the people vs. Harper, the indictment was on motion of Assistant District Attorney Hiles, dismissed.

The bonds of George T. Axtell, charged with the killing of Bowen, at or near Park City, were placed at \$3,000.

Frank Rogers and Wm. Tiffany were arraigned on a charge of grand larceny and pleaded not guilty. Messrs. Thurman and Milner were appointed to defend them.

The grand jury came in and asked whether they could make two indictments for the same offense. The court instructed them they could in certain cases, but where a person is charged with murder it would not be proper to bring indictment for assault and battery.

[The inference is the case of Eather was under their consideration.]

One of the jurors asked if they could find indictments both for cohabitation and for adultery, when there was evidence of cohabitation. The court instructed them it was in their discretion. One may be evidence of the other crime. Could indict for both or only one.

In the case of The People vs. Maurice McGrath, on Monday afternoon,

**JUDGE SUTHERLAND**

testified for the prosecution, in regard to a conversation between him and the defendant:

There was substantially an inquiry if we desired to know what became of the reporter's notes. I replied we did, and then inquiry was further made if we would not like to have it established that the other side had instigated a larceny of them. I said yes, if so, and he said he would be able to establish that the other party had been the means. I asked him how he knew, and the reply was that he knew, and was present when it was done. He said if he was arrested in the case he could tell of two or three parties who knew how the notes were taken; would not state any further facts; it was on Tuesday or Wednesday that the conversation took place.

**JUDGE DUSENBERRY**

was called and testified that he was in

Provo on October 10th, 1885; knew the defendant Maurice McGrath; knew of the loss of the notes on Sunday evening of the 11th; met McGrath, and he said he wanted to talk with me about those lost notes; I said as I was connected with the notes I would like to know; he said he knew something that would be important to our side; I told him I had other associates and desired one of them to be with me; I told him who they were, and he preferred Judge Sutherland; we had a conversation then in the room below; the purport of the conversation was that we were anxious to know where the notes were and who had taken them; reference was made that Mr. Peck had offered a reward of \$500. When asked who were connected with it, he said the Eureka company were the instigators—were the purloiners of the notes; he stated further that he saw them taken; declined to answer if he took them; suggested that he should be arrested and two or three witnesses subpoenaed and unless they perjured themselves the truth would come out; that there were two or three of the men in the court room all the time watching the case, but he would not mention who they were; Mr. Fordonski came in with McGrath one day during November and McGrath said he had written out a statement of the facts and read the statement.

**ISAAC FORDONSKI**

testified that McGrath had talked with him in a manner which showed that McGrath knew what had become of the notes. Witness had urged defendant to make a clean breast of the matter, but defendant had said he was connected with other parties in it and could not tell witness about it until he heard from them.

Judge Emerson testified to an interview had between him and McGrath at which the latter intimated plainly that Winn, the reporter and Mr. Packard were accessory to the theft of the notes.

Arthur Brown testified to having taken a copy of a written statement made by McGrath relative to the theft, and offered the same in evidence, but it was ruled out.

**SHERIFF TURNER**

took the stand and testified to a meeting with McGrath at which the latter desired to talk with witness; asked me if I had been spoken to relative to finding the lost notes, and if I was in sympathy with either side.

He said: "You will be called upon to look up those notes, and if you are spoken to, I would like to have you call on me." I had further conversations at other times. He asked me if I had been offered any reward. I told him I had and it was \$500; he then said "let the matter rest awhile." He spoke about being able to find the whole thing; but said there was not money enough offered; I told him I would divide whatever money with him I got for it. He then said if I would let the matter rest, we would get more money out of it. Defendant left before the grand jury met; I arrested him at Park City; was kept in the jail here; about the 15th of January he desired me to send a letter to Judge Emerson; before this defendant and Ike Fordonski were in my office; defendant was brought in at Fordonski's request; was there about an hour, writing; Mr. Fordonski did not occupy any official position at that time; I accompanied him into Judge Dusenberry's office and at defendant's request heard Judge Dusenberry read the statement.

The defendant, when arrested, seemed flushed in the face; went with the defendant down in the direction of where the satchel was found; when we got to the D. & R. G., just out of town, defendant said: "I want to go to that mile post; I went through that potato patch; there was a brush fence; from there I went to the road leading up to Center Street, where I met him on the 10th." It was about eighty rods from where we stood where the satchel was found. He claimed that he jumped from the train and went through the potato patch; then told me that the knife that cut the valise open was at Park City and in the hands of one of the men in the saloon where he was arrested.

Several witnesses were examined but nothing further of importance was shown in behalf of the prosecution, except that the value of the stolen notes was from \$5,000 to \$10,000.

Some of the most important evidence relied upon by the defense going to show that Winn stole the notes, was ruled out, and only three or four unimportant witnesses were examined, when that side rested. Arguments were to have been made last evening.

FROM THURSDAY'S, DAILY, OCTOBER 13.

**Three Deserters Arrested.**

Deputy Franks, who was sent to Evanston, Wyoming, in pursuit of Ah Jung, the Chinese murderer, stumbled upon some "game" last evening that was rather unexpected. It consists of three deserters from Fort Douglas. The names as given are Grove, Griffiths and Videtta. The trio will be brought back this evening to answer for breaking faith with Uncle Sam.

**Obsequies.**

The funeral services over the remains of Andrew W. Cooley were conducted at the Coon residence, near the east bank of Jordan River, this afternoon. There was a large gathering of relatives and friends of the family, the house being nearly full, besides a number standing around the entrances.

The speakers were Elders John Nicholson, A. M. Musser, Edward Schoenfeldt, Isaac Groo, George C. Lambert and President Angus M. Cannon.

**Third District Court.**

Proceedings before Judge Zane today:

George B. Sessions vs. Northern Chief Mining Co.; continued at request of defendant.

D. P. Tarpey vs. W. G. Wilson; settled and dismissed.

Geo. T. Halliday vs. E. C. Williamson; continued.

United States vs. Thos. F. Harris; polygamy; set for sentence to-morrow, October 14th.

Max Grunsberg et al. vs. Henry Buhring; trial before court; arguments to be made to-morrow.

Alfred T. Case vs. Charles Jensen; on trial before the court.

**Feels Aggrieved.**

In the report of proceedings in the First District Court, contained in yesterday's News, the following sentence appears: "Some of the most important evidence relied upon by the defense, going to show that Winn stole the notes, was ruled out, and only three or four unimportant witnesses were examined, when that side rested."

This afternoon Mr. Winn, accompanied by Mr. O. W. Powers, called at this office and complained that the above language does him injustice. Mr. Winn insists that the testimony, either given or offered, did not implicate him.

**First District Calendar.**

The following is a list of the cases set for trial in the First District Court at Ogden:

**TUESDAY, Oct. 25.**

U. S. vs. Andrew Stromberg, adultery; same, unlawful cohabitation.

U. S. vs. Henry Hughes, unlawful cohabitation.

U. S. vs. Richard Fry, unlawful cohabitation.

U. S. vs. Isaac Farley, unlawful cohabitation.

**WEDNESDAY, Oct. 26.**

U. S. vs. John Farrell, unlawful cohabitation.

People vs. Niel S. Bell.

**THURSDAY, Oct. 27.**

U. S. vs. James Christensen, unlawful cohabitation.

U. S. vs. James N. Hansen, unlawful cohabitation.

U. S. vs. James Hansey, unlawful cohabitation.

**The Jury at Ogden.**

An open venire for petit jurors was returned in the First District Court at Ogden yesterday, and among those accepted were some who believed in plural marriage. The following is a sample of the examination which was made by the District Attorney:

McLaren Boyle was asked: "Do you believe in the practice of polygamy?"

Mr. Boyle—Yes, sir.

Mr. Peters—Have you ever practiced polygamy?

Mr. Boyle—No.

Mr. Peters—Will you in future practice it, or aid or abet others in the commission of polygamy or unlawful cohabitation?

Mr. Boyle—Not so long as there is a law against it.

Mr. Boyle was passed.

David H. Peery was asked: "Do you believe in the practice of polygamy?"

Mr. Peery—Not when there is a law against it.

Mr. Peters—Have you advised anyone to practice it?

Mr. Peery—Not for several years—not since the passage of the Edmunds act of 1882, I believe.

Mr. Peery was passed.

William H. Wright was asked: "Do you believe in the practice of polygamy?"

Mr. Wright—That is part of my religious faith.

Mr. Peters—Have you advised others to practice that principle?

Mr. Wright—I may have done so in past years, but not since 1882.

Passed.

**LEFT FOR CHICAGO.**

The Chinese Murderer Arrested in Illinois.

Since the news of the murder of the Chinawoman at Alta by her countryman, Charley Lung, was received by Marshal Dyer, that official has been untiring in his efforts to bring the murderer to justice. After a thorough search around Park City, in the Cottonwoods and in this city, Deputy Franks was yesterday sent to Evanston to learn whether Charley had gone that way. A dispatch received this morning stated that the officer had obtained definite information as to the murderer's recent movements. After committing the bloody deed and securing the money, he made his way over to Park City, and thence by rail to Evanston, Wyoming, where he purchased a ticket for Chicago, and departed on the east bound Union Pacific train. Had he gone direct through he should have reached Chicago, where he has friends, at ten minutes before seven o'clock this morning. He was doubtless congratulating himself on the quick time he had made in putting fifteen hundred miles between him and

the scene of his atrocious crime. But the telegraph made the vigilance of the officers too much for the shrewd Mongolian, who was arrested early this morning at Rock Island, on a dispatch from this city.

The murderer changed his clothes after leaving Alta on Sunday night, but the description of the man now in custody tallies in every other particular so as to leave no room for doubt as to his identity. The height—five feet three inches—the features and manner, the powder scar on the cheek, are all the same. His railway ticket also bears the name by which he was known among his countrymen, Ah Jung, and was purchased at Evanston. He will be brought back to this city for trial.

The dead woman was known as San Yow, and her body was brought to this city last evening and taken to the Sexton's where it now is. The coroner has been notified and an inquest will be held this afternoon.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, OCT. 14.

**Convicted.**

Ole Hanson was tried in the First District Court at Ogden, yesterday, on the charge of unlawful cohabitation. He is to receive sentence on the 25th.

**The Chase Family.**

At the instance of Sister Naomi C. Lane, of Logan, whose maiden name was Chase, an extensive genealogy of the Chase family, branches of which were formerly numerous in Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Maine, has been compiled. Sister Lane is desirous of communicating with members of the Church related to this family, with a view to a proper distribution of Temple work for the dead. Most Americans of the name are descended from this family, and persons interested in its genealogy should write to box 695, this city, the address of the compiler, who, in behalf of Sister Lane, will correspond with them.

**Criminal Calendar.**

The following additional setting of criminal cases, for trial at the present term of the Third District Court, was made to-day:

**THURSDAY, Oct. 20.**

The People vs. Gln Ylu; forgery.

The People vs. Richard Williams.

**FRIDAY, Oct. 21.**

The People vs. John Ferguson; larceny.

The United States vs. Geo. Morris; unlawful cohabitation.

**SATURDAY, Oct. 22.**

The People vs. Thomas Isherwood; grand larceny.

The United States vs. Chas. H. Bassett; unlawful cohabitation.

**TUESDAY, Nov. 1.**

The People vs. Alfred H. Martin; murder in the first degree.

The People vs. H. Friend and Osborn; forgery.

**FRIDAY, Nov. 4.**

The People vs. Rees Jones; murder in the first degree.

**Third District Court.**

Proceedings before Judge Zane today:

Charles Jensen vs. Alfred T. Case; judgment for plaintiff.

Alfred T. Case vs. Charles Jensen; judgment for defendant.

United States vs. Thomas F. Harris; polygamy; sentence set for Saturday, Oct. 22.

Max Greensburg et al. vs. Henry Buhring; submitted and taken under advisement.

Thos. Rosevear vs. Mary J. Rosevear et al.; dismissed for want of prosecution.

Salt Lake City vs. Sam Hoop; keeping an opium den; on trial before a jury.

United States vs. Jesse Turpin; unlawful cohabitation; sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$100 and costs.

United States vs. Charles Livingston; unlawful cohabitation; sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$100 and costs.

United States vs. Andrew Homer; unlawful cohabitation; sentenced to imprisonment for five months, and to pay a fine of \$50 and costs.

United States vs. S. M. Butcher; sentence set for Nov. 21.

**The Chinese Murderer.**

Ah Gung, the Alta murderer, is still held at Rock Island, awaiting the action of the United States officials. Marshal Dyer did not feel justified in incurring the expense of having him brought back to this city without instructions from the Attorney General, as on a former occasion the Department refused to reimburse him. He accordingly telegraphed to the Attorney General for the necessary permission, and was instructed to direct that Ah Gung be held at Rock Island for the present, as the United States Attorney for Illinois had been directed to attend to the matter. This morning the Marshal received the following from that official:

CHICAGO, Oct. 13, 1887.

Frank H. Dyer: Wire me full particulars of murder at Harper House, Rock Island. I go there to-night by direction of Attorney General.

W. G. EWING,

United States Attorney.

The Marshal will accordingly send