

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Downie, Cal., Nov. 8.—The down stage was held up today by a masked highway-man. The express box, containing bullion and coin amounting to \$2500, was rifled of its contents. The mail bags were not found.

Glenn's Falls, N. Y., Nov. 8.—John Glenn, a once famous base ball player, was arrested yesterday afternoon for rapping a little girl at Sandy Hill. A mob gathered and the officer drew his pistol to force a passage. The crowd forced his hand up and the pistol was discharged, the ball taking effect in Glenn's neck, inflicting probably fatal wounds. He had been arrested for a similar offense before.

Brisbane, Nov. 8.—The premier sent a cable dispatch to Queensland's agent in England, saying that the appointment of Governor Blake of Newfoundland to the governorship of Queensland has excited general anger and wonder in the colony. Ex-Premier Griffiths agrees with the premier in condemning the appointment. Last month, the governor there urged the English government privately, to submit the name of the proposed new governor before the appointment was made. Lord Knutsford replied that it was impossible to allow the ministers to share in the responsibility for the nomination.

Boston, Nov. 8.—A private dispatch says Edward C. Carrigan, member of the Massachusetts State Board of Education, and a well-known lawyer of Boston, died of apoplexy yesterday afternoon on the Denver & Rio Grande passenger train. He was on his way from Salt Lake City to Colorado Springs with Mrs. Mary Irene Hoyt, for whom, with General Butler, he was counsel. Carrigan's body is now being embalmed at Salda, Col. Mrs. Hoyt telegraphed the above intelligence this morning. Mr. Carrigan's half brother, H. S. Knight, is the manager of the Methodist Book Concern in New York. Mr. Carrigan's body will be brought home at once.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Judge Shepherd today granted Mrs. Meckle L. Rawson a decree of divorce by default, her husband, the banker, Stephen W. Rawson, failing to appear. This seems to have followed as the result of an agreement between the litigants by which it is said Mrs. Rawson is to receive \$10,000. The case has attracted much attention owing to the prominence of the persons interested. Extraordinary salacious allegations were made on both sides. The shooting by Mrs. Rawson's son of the banker Rawson at the door of a church one Sunday morning, and also the shooting by Mrs. Rawson of her husband's attorney in the court room, will be remembered.

Ottawa, Nov. 8.—Messrs. Smith, Lyman and Taylor, three members of the Mormon Church, are here. They represent the Mormon colony at Lees Creek in the Northwest Territory, and come to Ottawa on business with the Interior Department. The three are desirous of securing a townsite at Lees Creek. The colony consists of 125 souls. Other religions are not excluded from it. The business of the colony is combined ranching and farming, but not on a large scale. The delegates say their settlement in the Northwest is not the inception of a movement to transfer the entire Mormon Church to the protection of the British flag.

Washington, Nov. 8.—"I do not see any reason to revise the estimates I made yesterday relative to the strength of the republican majority in the next House," said Secretary McPherson of the republican congressional campaign committee this afternoon.

"I cannot imagine what basis there is for the claim made in New York that the democrats will retain control of the House. All information obtainable this morning justifies me in expressing the opinion that the next House of Representatives will consist of 172 republicans and 132 democrats. There is a possibility that the republican majority will be reduced by later advances to 19 or 20, but I have made liberal allowances in my calculations for all democratic claims."

REPRESENTATIVE BRECKENRIDGE

of Kentucky, a democratic member of the ways and means committee, expresses the opinion that the republican majority in the House will be very slender. He is confident it cannot exceed 10. According to his calculations the republicans must show a gain of 19 representatives to secure that majority. He does not believe they have much exceeded that figure.

New York, Nov. 8.—The *Evening Sun* says:

The latest dispatches indicate further republican gains in close congressional districts in different parts of the country. The democrats elect but one Congressman in Iowa. Another republican is gained in North Carolina. The next House of Representatives will be in all probability republican by a majority of

FIVE TO TEN.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 8.—It is estimated the next legislature will stand 16 republicans and 14 democrats, insuring a republican successor to Senator Saulsbury, whose term expires next March.

Charleston, W. Va., Nov. 8.—The republicans claim the legislature, while the democrats say they gain three, making, if true, a majority on joint ballot of eleven. It is impossible to give anything strictly reliable, except that the state officers will be democratic.

Wheeling, Nov. 7.—Latest returns show increasing republican gains. It

looks as if the republicans carried the state. They claim the election of all four republican congressmen, and a majority on joint ballot in the Legislature. The democrats do not admit the loss of the State, but feel very anxious over the news.

SPEAKER CARLISLE.

Cincinnati, Nov. 8.—A story is in circulation in Covington, Kentucky, that Speaker Carlisle is to be deprived of his certificate of election. The ground for this action is the alleged illegality of the ballots cast for him in Campbell and Kenton counties. It is assumed that if these are thrown out his majority in the district will be overcome. The Kentucky law, it is said, requires that the ballot shall be on plain, white paper, with no distinguishing features, but the Carlisle ballots were printed on large sheets of perforated paper, so that when the tickets were torn right the perforations appeared on the right edge and made them distinguishable easily from other ballots. Color is given to the story from the fact that the canvassing board in Campbell county is republican.

In regard to the effect of the tickets with perforated edges that were voted for Speaker Carlisle in Covington and Newport, the common opinion of leading republicans and democrats in Cincinnati, as well as in Covington and Newport, is that they

ARE NOT TICKETS

within the meaning of the Kentucky law; furthermore, it is the general opinion that perforating the sheets on which the tickets were printed instead of cutting the tickets apart, does not show an intention to mark them so that they might be distinguished as the voter handed them to the judge. At all events, if all the tickets thus technically marked were thrown out, it would not be likely to elect Carlisle's opponent.

New York, Nov. 8.—Hon. S. S. Cox tonight said: "I think the House is against us, notwithstanding our gains in Virginia and other states. The northwest and west, including Minnesota, Michigan and Wisconsin, have failed to respond to us."

MICHIGAN.

Detroit, Nov. 8.—Late tonight the republicans claim Wheeler's election in the tenth district is verified by the official count. The Michigan delegation will stand nine republicans and two democrats, a republican gain of three.

INDIANA.

Indianapolis, Nov. 8.—From nearly complete returns from all congressional districts it is believed the Indiana delegation in Congress will stand democrats eight, republicans five, an increase of two for the democrats.

Indianapolis, Nov. 8.—County returns from Indiana had not begun to arrive at midnight, and it is scarcely probable official returns will be received before Friday night, when the vote of the state by counties will be given. Returns from congressional districts are also incomplete, but up to 1 o'clock nothing had occurred that has changed the result given in the earlier press dispatches. The latest returns on Presidential electors indicate that General Harrison's plurality will be about 4000.

New York, Nov. 7.—Anna Dickinson, lecturer and actress, has begun suit in the supreme court against the republican national committee to recover \$1,250 for services rendered during the campaign. She claims she was engaged in September to deliver thirty lectures in the west, and was to receive \$125 for each lecture. She has received \$3,750, but claims it was also agreed that in the event of Harrison's election she was to receive \$5,000. The complaint was served on Senator Quay and his fellow committeemen tonight.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Steve Brodie jumped from a bridge in the course of construction over the Hudson River here at six o'clock this morning. He broke three ribs, and when he reached shore, blood was running from his mouth and ears. Brodie shortly afterwards took the train for New York, where he arrived at 9 o'clock.

The distance from the bridge to the water is 212 feet. The jump was made for a wager of \$500 and a gold medal worth the same amount. Brodie is seriously injured and may die.

New York, Nov. 8.—Steve Brodie, who jumped from Poughkeepsie bridge this morning, arrived at 10 o'clock. He was examined by a doctor, who found that he had three ribs broken and a shoulder, seriously hurt. The doctor could not not say at present whether he has sustained an internal injury.

London, Nov. 9.—The murder fiend has added another to his list of victims. At 11 o'clock this morning the body of a woman cut in two pieces was discovered in a house on Dorset Street, Spitalfields. The police are endeavoring to track the murderer with bloodhounds.

The remains were mutilated in the same horrible manner as those of the woman murdered in Whitechapel.

The appearance of the remains was frightful and the mutilation was even greater than in the previous cases. The head had been severed and placed beneath one of the arms; the ears and nose had been cut off; the body had been disemboweled and the flesh torn from the thighs. The womb and other organs are missing. The skin had been torn off the head and the cheeks, and one hand had been crushed into the stomach.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 9.—Gov. rep., has carried the district by a narrow margin. The electoral ticket is still in doubt. Atkinson, rep., has 27 plurality in the first congressional district; Wilson, dem., is elected in the second; the third and fourth are still in doubt and claimed by both.

Charleston, W. Va., Nov. 9.—Official information received at the state house says Fleming, democrat, is elected. It is now believed the republicans elected three out of four congressmen with the fourth in doubt. In every county and precinct the republicans gained. The legislature is doubtful. It may be a tie with Carr, greenbacker, having the deciding vote on joint ballot. The republicans claim everything.

San Francisco, Nov. 9.—The count of 166 precincts in the city out of 178 give Harrison 24,980, Cleveland 27,693. The republican state committee claim the state by 10,000 to 12,000. The democratic state committee concede the state to the republicans with but a small majority. The latest figures indicate the election of four republican congressmen. The congressional districts are very close.

THE TEST CASE.

United States Circuit Judge Sawyer rendered a decision in the test cases of two Chinese, in which he holds that inasmuch as they were born in the United States they are citizens and not amenable to the act of Congress excluding Chinese laborers.

Washington, Nov. 9.—It is believed that General Harrison's private secretary will be D. L. Alexander, now a resident of Buffalo, N. Y. Alexander is possessed of all of Dan Lamont's caution and shrewdness, but is less austere and reserved. He is a lawyer and journalist, and lived in Indianapolis till a few years ago, when he became chief auditor of the treasury, which he resigned when Cleveland was elected. He has been with General Harrison in a confidential capacity since the opening of the campaign and won the latter's esteem and confidence.

The *Star's* Washington says, in speculation as to the Harrison Cabinet, the main consideration of present importance is as to whether Harrison will call or not call Blaine to the head of his Cabinet. As to this point there is great diversity of opinion among the republicans here, but the almost unanimous wish and hope is that Blaine may be let severely alone. Even his admirers say the new administration would have a better chance without Blaine than with him. Fully a dozen cabinet states have been promulgated here today. Taken together, they contain pretty nearly every republican name of prominence in the country. Perhaps only one of the names is certain to be found in the final list, that is the name of Col. John C. New, of Indianapolis, who is regarded as the coming Secretary of the Treasury almost without doubt.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 9.—A *Journal* special from Pittsburg, Kansas, says: The most dreadful disaster in the history of Kansas occurred at 5 o'clock this evening. When the men were preparing to leave off their work in shaft No. 2, at Frontenac, a suburb of Pittsburg, an explosion was heard that shook the earth for a great distance and completely shattered the shaft. On investigation it was found that 160 were in the mine at the time of the explosion. Being 112 feet below the surface, it is almost certain that

ALL ARE DEAD.

At this writing the only two exceptions were two men who were in the car coming up and being near the top of the shaft managed to escape. Pittsburg is in the center of the coal mines of southeastern Kansas and about 100 miles south of Kansas City, on the Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—A special from Pittsburg, Kansas, to the *Republican* gives the following account of the coal mine explosion there this evening: A terrific explosion that broke the windows in this little village and spread consternation among the inhabitants occurred about dusk tonight. The violence of the shock was so great as to hurl the dishes from shelves and demolish chimneys. Half an hour after the explosion the villagers who were preparing to go to the mines were startled by a ragged, bleeding man who almost staggered into the arms of the searchers. He said shaft No. 2 at Frontenac, a mining suburb of this valley, had

BEEN DESTROYED

by an explosion, and that all the men in the mine at the time except himself and a Dane, whom he left bleeding at the mouth of the pit, were undoubtedly dead. Horses were quickly harnessed to wagons, and in a few minutes the villagers were hurrying through the fierce snow and sleet storm which was raging. At the mouth of the mine the tremendous force of the explosion was apparent. There were huge seams in the earth, and the timbers of the hoisting apparatus were shattered and burned. Foul gases were escaping. The Dane who had escaped with the man who alarmed the villagers lay in the mud with his face covered with blood. For a long time it was thought he was dead, but he remained consciousness in a few hours and is now at home. He cannot speak and does not know what caused the explosion. His clothes were in ribbons. The man who reached the village with the first tidings of the disaster and who accompanied the rescuers back to the mine, said the men were

ABOUT TO QUIT

work for the day when the explosion occurred. Together with the Dane, he had ridden in the car to the top of the shaft, when the earth seemed to snap beneath him, and the next thing he realized was the splashing of snow and water upon his face, as he lay beside his comrade in the wreckage above the mine. There were 160 men in the mine at the time of the explosion, and as they were at work 112 feet below the surface it is believed that no one survived the shock, as the explosion must have destroyed everything in the pit, and beside these blazing piles the women of the entombed miners placed their children, while they themselves tried by all kinds of entreaties to induce the miners from other shafts to enter the pit and rescue their relatives. One rescuing party started down the shaft at 7 o'clock, but was forced to turn back, owing to the foul air.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT

was made at 5 o'clock, but the plucky rescuers again were forced to abandon their work. They could hear no sound from the chambers below and this leads old miners to believe that all the men in the shaft have perished. Other attempts will be made to reach the entombed men before morning. Those who started down the shaft early in the morning say that the shock has destroyed the whole drift, and that it is probable that the men in the lower levels are buried beneath tons of slate. Black damp is supposed to have caused the explosion. Most of the miners at these shafts came originally from the mines of Pennsylvania.

London, Nov. 9.—The victim like all the others was a prostitute. She was married. Her husband is a porter. They lived together at spasmodic intervals. Her name is believed to have been Lizzie Fisher, but to most habitués of haunts she was known as Mary Jane. She had a room in the house where she was murdered. She carried a latch key, and no one knows at what hour she entered the house last night.

Probably no one saw the man who accompanied her, and therefore it is hardly likely he will ever be identified. He might easily have left the house at any time between 1 and 6 this morning without attracting attention.

The doctors who have examined the remains refuse to make any statement until an inquest is held.

THE BLOOD HOUNDS

belonging to private citizens were taken to the place where the body lay and placed on the scent of the murderer, but were unable to keep it for any great distance and all hope of running the assassin down with their assistance will have to be abandoned.

The murdered woman told a companion in the evening that she was out of money and would commit suicide if she did not obtain a supply. It has been learned that a man respectfully dressed accosted his victim and offered her money. They went to her lodgings. No noise was heard during the night and nothing was known of the murder until the landlady went to the room early this morning to ask for her rent. The first thing she saw on entering the room was the woman's breasts and viscera lying on the table.

IN THE COMMONS

today, Conynbaird asked the question whether it was true that another woman had been murdered in London, and if so, whether General Warren, Chief of the Metropolitan Police, ought not to be superseded by an officer accustomed to investigating crime. The speaker said notice must be given of the question in writing.

Cunningham Graham then asked if General Warren had already resigned, to which Smith, the government leader, replied: "No."

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 9.—The most disastrous fire ever experienced in this city occurred this evening at the works of the Steam Gauge & Lantern Company. It was located in a building of seven stories with two basements. It was situated near Genesee Falls. The fire broke out at 7:35 o'clock. About forty people were at work, mostly on the third floor. The smoke was very dense and the men could not reach the fire escapes and were forced to jump from the third story. Fourteen jumped on the west side of the building and were frightfully injured, six of them dying within an hour. Four others will die before morning. Their names are Joseph Darner, John Gremaur, Joseph Weber, Harry Scheldor and John Gall. The fatally wounded are Richard Pape, Frank Siddons, Dan Watkins, John Geerin. It is thought five or more bodies are in the ruins, including one or more girls. The losses on the building are \$65,000; on lantern plant, \$175,000.

Cincinnati, Nov. 9.—Today the ballots cast in Kenton County for congressman from the sixth district (Carlisle's), were counted at Independence, Kentucky, and about one-third of them found to be rough edged and perforated. The republican committee protested against the counting of them; 901 of these ballots were cast in Campbell County, and the republicans protested against their being counted. These ballots were distributed in considerable numbers throughout the remainder of the district.

BARNUM BETTER.

New Haven, Nov. 9.—W. H. Barnum's condition is improved and his physician expects him to be around in a week or so.

Elmira, N. Y., Nov. 9. Secretary J.

Sloat Bassett of the national republican committee was serenaded this evening. Two thousand enthusiastic republicans filled his lawn. Senator Fassett made a brief response, in which he said the republican committee had written its speech in the returns from nearly every state north of Mason and Dixon's line. The issue has not been doubtful since the day when the voice of Oregon in the west had echoed from the hills of Maine in the east. Free trade would not soon again be forced into a national campaign. It had been decided by the intelligent voters of the Union that the national policy should be

THAT OF PROTECTION

to our industries and the preservation of American markets to the products of American labor. There were two issues in this state that must yet be decided, a proper restriction of the liquor traffic and the proper protection of the ballot. Fassett deplored the defeat of Warner Miller, whom he regarded as one of the noblest and purest of men, but he was glorious even in defeat because he represented great principles which would ultimately triumph.

Utica, N. Y., Nov. 9.—The following dispatch has been received by Warner Miller:

"I am greatly grieved at your defeat. If the intrepid leader fell outside the breast works, the column inspired by his courage went on to victory."

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Rhine Cliff, Nov. 9.—Hon. Levi P. Morton, Vice-President elect, has been busy today reading congratulatory cables and telegrams upon the successful result of the campaign.

ALABAMA.

Birmingham, Nov. 9.—Chairman Mosely of the republican state executive committee announces that he will contest the election of congressmen in the first, sixth and seventh districts. He asserts he can prove fraud at the polls and will be able to seat the republican contestants.

ARIZONA.

Tombstone, Nov. 9.—Mark Smith, dem., for delegate to Congress, has a majority in the Territory of 3000.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Wheeling, Nov. 9.—Forty counties show a net republican gain of 4,066. The remaining 14 counties will at the same rate give the republicans a gain of 799, which would give the state to the republicans by 624 majority.

WYOMING.

Cheyenne, Nov. 9.—J. M. Carey, rep., is re-elected delegate to Congress by about 2,700 majority over Organ, the democratic candidate. This is nearly double any previous majority.

MORRISON'S CONQUEROR GONE.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—A special from Nashville says Fortman (dem.) for Congress in the Eighteenth Illinois district, has a majority of 17 over John Baker (rep.).

INDIANA.

Indianapolis, Nov. 9.—In the eighth district E. V. Brookshire (dem.) defeats James F. Johnson (rep.) for Congress by 65 majority. This is a democratic gain.

It is believed the republican plurality will be about 2500.

Arrangements are nearly completed for a grand ratification meeting tonight, and it is probable General Harrison will be induced to participate in the demonstration in some way. The General has expressed a decided opinion as to the coming of delegations for the purpose of congratulating him. Congratulations by letter, he says, will receive prompt attention. A delegation from Madison County called this afternoon, and tonight he was serenaded by the sawmakers of the city. In response to a call for a speech he said:

"The time for speech-making is over. The debate is closed and also the polls are closed. I thank you for your call tonight."

General Harrison is receiving all sorts of curious communications, including a few from France.

The republican headquarters closed today. Chairman Huston and Secretary Dill were each presented with a gold-headed cane by the clerical corps of the committee.

OFFICIAL RETURNS

from all precincts show that General Harrison carried the city of Indianapolis by a plurality of 136. The official returns for Marion County, including the city of Indianapolis, give a total vote of 35,112, against 26,231 in 1884. Cleveland 17,617. Harrison 17,139. Risk 390, Streeter 57. Cleveland's plurality 378, against 226 plurality for Blaine in 1881. It is pretty definitely settled that General Harrison's plurality in Indiana will be about 2500. The official figures will probably not be known for several days yet, as only three counties have been received by the secretary of state. The entire republican state ticket is elected from the governor down to the reporter of the supreme court.

NEVADA.

San Francisco, Nov. 9.—Returns from all but 75 precincts in the State of Nevada give Harrison 6134, Cleveland 4163, Risk 8. For Congress, Bartine, rep., 5880, Cassidy, dem., 4746.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—The *News* Indianapolis, referring to the Cabinet guesses, says: Mr. Blaine will not be in the Cabinet. This, everybody here, says. It is thought, in the first place, that he prefers to go back to the Sen-