TELEGRAPHIC.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Prest. Cleveland Issues His Thanksgiving Proclamation.

TWO MORE GANGS OF BANDITS.

Another Trio Wanted Miss Rehan's Statue.—Senator Voorhees Interviewed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The President today issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation:

By the President of the United States of America:

Proclamation—While the American people should every day remember with praise and thanksgiving the divine goodness and mercy which has followed them since their beginning as a nation, it is fitting that one day in each year should be especially devoted to the contemplation of the blessings we have received from the hands of God, and to a grateful acknowledgement of His loving kindness.

Therefore I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 30th day of the present month, November, as a day of thanksgiving and praise, to be kept and observed by all the people of our land. On that day let us forego our ordinary work and employments and assemble in our usual places of worship, where we may recall all that God has done for us, and where from grateful hearts our united tribute of praise and song may reach the throne of grace. Let the reunion of kindred and social meeting of friends lend cheer and enjoyment to duty, and let generous gifts of charity for the relief of the poor and needy prove the sincerity of our thanksgiving.

(Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the President:
WALTER Q. GRESHAM,
Secretary of State.

TRAIN CAPTURED BY BANDITS.

Conductor McNally Killed, and the Passengers Robbed.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 3.—Fast express train No. 51, of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern, due here at 2:10 a. m., was held up and robbed by seven masked men at Olyphant, Ark., at 10 o'clock tonight. Conductor J. P. McNally was shot and killed.

When the train stopped at the station two men jumped on the engine and covered the engineer and fireman. The other five men at once began firing a fusillade into the express car. Conductor McNally returned the fire, but he was shot and killed.

The robbers then overpowered the messenger, and looted the car, after which they entered the coaches and sleepers, and at the point of revolvers, relieved all the passengers of their valuables. They then left, with a parting volley, taking a northerly direction.

A telegram was at once sent to the Sheriff at Newport, who formed a posse and started in pursuit. The railroad people have no idea as to the amount of money secured by the robbers.

It is thought the robbers intended robbing the northbound Cannon Ball, which passed No. 51 at Olyphant. When it came in sight of the little station the robbers flagged it, but it is supposed the engineer was aware of the intended robbery, as he paid no attention to the signal. Foiled in their attempt, they turned their attention to train 51, which was preparing to pull out.

Telegrams were sent to marshals at all the towns, and officers from every direction are in pursuit with bloodhounds. It is believed the robbers are heading for the Indian Territory.

Tables Turned in Their Case.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 3.—Two bandits attempted to board a northbound train at Coal Creek, on the Ohio division of the East Tennessee road, tonight. One of the robbers, King S. Smith, was wounded. The authorities had information that the robbery would be attempted and sent a special force of armed men on the express car for their reception. Smith will die and the condition of the other robber is not known.

Wanted Her Statue.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—A morning paper has the following: The celebrated Montana silver statue arrived tonight at the Grand Central depot from Chicago. The news that Ada Rehan's counterfeit in silver was en route spread far and wide. While passing through the Montezuma swamp, near Rochester, three highwaymen boarded the train this morning. The men jumped on the platform and attempted to force the car open where the statue lay. The messenger on the train was about to open the door of the express car when the engineer prevented him. The robbers, thus baffled, sprang off the train and made no further attempt to steal the statue, which was, to say the least, a very heavy load. With the statue traveled Vice President Diggins, ex-Governor Hauser and W. A. Clarke of the Montana statue company.

VOORHEES INTERVIEWED.

He Says Signs of Improvement are Everywhere Visible.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—"The adjournment of this long to be remembered session of Congress brings with it a great sense of relief."

Senator Voorhees had been asked by an Associated Press representative for an interview and it was with the above statement he began. Continuing he said:

"We met amidst the crash of business and disasters, bank failures and all the distressful incidents of the worst financial panic ever known in this or any other country. We adjourned with quiet in business circles and a fair degree of restored confidence prevailing in all parts of the country. It will, of course, take time for the various business pursuits to fully recover from the overwhelming financial shock and depression which have afflicted the country for the last six months, but the signs of healthy improvement are now visible on every hand, and good omens for the employment of labor come from every quarter."

When requested to state his views about future legislation, the senator only consented to say:

"Revision of tariff taxation ought now to follow. The regular session is only thirty days distant. I predict that we will enter upon a period and lasting career of prosperity for the laboring and producing masses in every section of our beloved Union."

Said Voorhees in reply to a question: "On the Democratic side of the chamber, while there are very strong differences of opinion, I do not know of a single unfriendly feeling left by the protracted discussion. We will take up our work on tariff and other great questions when we meet here in December as if nothing had happened to mar our peace with one another, or to impair our strength for the public good. Our faith in the present able and thoroughly patriotic administration has never been greater than now, and to my mind the future wears a bright and promising aspect."

Large Gathering of Warships.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—A dispatch from Cadiz says that a fleet of eighteen British warships has been gathered at Gibraltar in anticipation, it is presumed, of a combined movement of the ships of Russia, France and Spain towards Tangier. It is also reported that the French and Russian squadrons intend to proceed immediately to Tangier and join the Spanish vessels there.

Confirmations and Rejections.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The Senate confirmed James R. Roosevelt as secretary of legation at London, also the following postmasters: Abram E. Hawks, at Watsonville, Cal.; Geo. A. Draper, at Cheyenne, Wyo.; and rejected the nomination of H. C. Attwood, N. Y., as consul at Calais, France.

A SAD STORY.

Mrs. Gunning's Fortune was Squandered by Her Husband.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The moving papers of Mrs. Christine Lathrop Gunning, niece of the late Senator Leland Stanford of California, and accompanying affidavits, together with statements of her conduct in the supreme chambers today, developed one of the most remarkable cases of cruelty on record. Judgment on a note for $5000, obtained from her by her husband, led to today's proceeding.

Lawyer Joseph R. Barnes appeared for Mrs. Gunning and moved that the judgment secured in Connecticut by the Lincoln National bank of this city, on January 2nd, 1889, and also at Saratoga, on February 9th, 1891, be set aside. Barnes argued that the judgment could not be collected, as all of Mrs. Gunning's money was gone. Supplementary proceedings in the suit were subsequently brought to recover on the note and Walter H. Butler was appointed receiver of Mrs. Gunning's property. It was to prevent the receiver getting at the legacy of $500,000 left by Leland Stanford, her uncle, that Lawyer Barnes moved that the judgments be set aside, in order to allow his client to come in and defend the suit. Her defense is that the note was obtained while she was under duress, and the bank had been notified before the note in question was given, that the notes were being obtained from her by force.

Mrs. Gunning recites numerous acts of cruelty on the part of her husband, now dead. Gunning ran away from his wife and creditors in November, 1888, with $40,000 of her money, after squandering her fortune of $250,000. He was lost in a snowstorm in the Andes mountains in May, 1889.

Mrs. Gunning's affidavit stated that four weeks after the marriage with Gunning he began threatening her and despoiling her of her property. He made her an inmate of an insane asylum for six weeks, in Hartford, Conn. Mrs. Gunning relates that on one occasion when he wanted her to sign a note her husband presented a revolver at her head. At another time he choked her until she fainted, and once he knocked her down and injured her spine. To save her life she signed the notes in those instances. On still another occasion when she protested against signing any more notes Gunning knocked her down, and grabbing her hands, bent her fingers back until the flesh tore.

In October, 1887, Mrs. Gunning says her husband leased the farm of her brother, near Norwalk, Conn., and stocked it with thoroughbred horses and called it the "Scientific Stock Farm." He added 300 acres to it and sunk $250,000 of her money in it. On October 29, 1888, he told her that he wanted her to sign more notes, and when she refused he threatened to put her in an insane asylum. He took her to the Chemical National bank, and she there signed several notes, including the one that figured in the suit against her. Mrs. Gunning says she notified William T. Cornell, cashier of the Lincoln National bank, of the duress she was under, and that she would not be responsible for the notes thus extorted from her. Mrs. Gunning secured a separation from her husband in Connecticut in February, 1889.

Could Not Agree.

CAIRO, Ills., Nov. 3.—General Superintendent Winkle of the Big Four railroad was in consultation with the switchmen, yardmen and engineers of this place and came to no agreement as regards an adjustment of the trouble. A general strike of all the trainmen and switchmen of the Cairo division was ordered at 4 p. m.

Shooting and Cutting.

RUSHVILLE, Ill., Nov. 3.—A bloody battle occurred last night at the residence of William Rouse at Bainbridge. Township Officers E. H. Ingles and Charles Louden of this city went there to arrest Charles Robertson. A dance was going on when they arrived. When the officers told Robertson that they wanted him, he and his brother Alexander attacked them with revolvers and knives, and a dozen men assisted with clubs.

Ingles was stabbed in the back and was several times and beaten over the head with a stove leg. Louden, to save their lives, used his revolver, fatally wounding Seth Hathers and seriously injuring Grover Hildenbrand and Alexander Robertson. Charles Robertson attempted to kill Louden, but his revolver missed fire. The officers, though seriously injured, finally overpowered Robertson and his friends and captured their prisoner.

Taking an Outing.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—It is reported this evening that the President intends to slip away tomorrow for three or four days' shooting and recreation, after the long strain of weighing and waiting for action by the Senate on the repeal bill. The President and Mrs. Cleveland and Secretary and Mrs. Lamont attended Julia Marlowe's performance of Juliette tonight at the Academy of Music. This is Mrs. Cleveland's first public appearance since the birth of little Esther.

Caused Through Gross Negligence.

PORTLAND, Or., Nov. 3.—The coroner's jury tonight concluded an investigation of the Madison street drawbridge disaster. The jury finds that Motorman E. F. Terry was grossly negligent in allowing the car to run across the bridge at an excessive and reckless rate of speed, and that he did not take proper precautions to prevent the accident.

The Campania's Sister Ship.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The Cunard ship Lucania arrived off Fire Island at 7:37, and crossed the bar at 9:19 p. m. tonight, making the run in five days, twelve hours and fifty four minutes. This beats all western records by twenty-nine minutes. Adelina Patti and Signor Nicolini were among the passengers.

Republicans Dissatisfied.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—A faction of Republican aldermen have announced their intention to bolt the Republican Mayoralty candidate, George B. Swift, if the vote is taken at tomorrow's special meeting of the council. The Democrats today nominated Alderman John McGillen as their candidate for mayor pro tem.

NEWS SENT BY THE CABLE.

Fierce Fighting in Vienna Between Socialists and Liberals.

The Bomb Owner Explains.—In the Commons.—Turks Boxed Up in Their Fortress.

VIENNA, Nov. 3.—There was fierce fighting in this city tonight, caused by an attempt of Socialists to invade a hall where a meeting of Liberals was being held, for the purpose of passing a vote of want of confidence in Dr. Kronawetter, representative of Vienna in the Reichsrath. The meeting was originally fixed for Friday last, but was prevented by the action of the hall-owners in refusing to allow the Liberals to proceed. Further interference was anticipated tonight, and a strong police force was on hand.

By 7 o'clock the street leading to the hall was thronged with clamorous mobs of socialists and workmen, intent upon mischief. They shouted "Down with the liberals," "Down with the cowardly enemies of the people," and sang the labor song "Red Arbeit."

The mob finally made a charge upon the police. The police were badly handled, and the commanding inspector was knocked down and trampled upon. Men, in trying to rescue him, wielded their sabres right and left with great fierceness.

The scene for a time was a fearful one. Both sides fought savagely, and the result was many bloody heads among the mob, while the police were bruised and beaten and their uniforms torn.

The police telephoned for reinforcements, which soon arrived. The mob was then driven out of the street, and at last dispersed, but later gathered in different parts of the city and listened to violent speeches. At 9 o'clock the greatest excitement continued, and the police in strong force were engaged in breaking up different gatherings. Three rioters were arrested, including the man who led the attack.

At 10:30 p. m. the streets were quiet. The socialists afterwards made a demonstration in front of the palace of Archduke William, shouting "Long live the republic." The police made a number of furious charges before they succeeded in scattering the mob. Many rioters were wounded.

The Owner of the Bomb Explains.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The *Graphic* prints the following, which it received from a News agency: Scotland Yard detectives have traced the shell found on the buttress of Westminster bridge to the late owner, who explains its presence in the place it was found. The man says he picked it up on a battle-field after the Franco-Prussian war, and it had been in his possession up to a day or two ago. He at last came to the conclusion that it might be dangerous, and he concluded to get rid of it. He dropped it from Westminster bridge, as he thought, into the river.

Made a Sortie.

MELILLA, Nov. 3.—General Margallo this morning made a sortie, with the object of relieving the outlying forts. A fierce battle followed, which ended in the defeat of the Arabs, after many of the [illegible] were killed and wounded. The Spaniards then accomplished their purpose of relieving the forts.

A Pointed Question.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—In the house of commons today the parliamentary secretary of the colonial office, Sidney Buxton, replying to a question on the subject, said no information additional to that contained in the press dispatches was received from Matabeleland, and he was not in a position to state what the government's future policy would be in connection with the Matabele dispute. Continuing, Buxton said he was glad to say 300 and not 3000, as announced in other newspaper dispatches, were slain in the decisive engagement which took place between the Matabeles and the colonials.

Morton asked whether the government approved the "murder of the Matabeles for the purpose of plundering and selling their lands."

The speaker called Morton to order.

Boxes Them Into the Citadel.

BELGRADE, Nov. 3.—A band of Macedonian Arnauts attacked the town of Prisrend, in Albania, on Wednesday last and drove the Turkish garrison into the citadel. When the Turks were boxed up in their fortress, the Macedonians looted the stores and [illegible] leading citizens and attacked the Theological seminary. It is said the Sultan has received an ultimatum from the Macedonian rebels, in which the latter demand that the citadel be evacuated by the Turkish troops no later than Wednesday next, and that complete autonomy be granted to the Pashalik of Prisrend, otherwise the rebels will forcibly expel the Turks from the citadel. A detachment of Turkish troops were dispatched to the assistance of the imprisoned Turks, and a severe engagement is anticipated.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The trial of Prendergast, Mayor Harrison's murderer, is on the criminal court call for Monday next, and the case will probably be taken up without delay.

The police of Pittsburg are having no end of trouble with cranks, who threaten human life. Three are now locked up and the authorities are on the lookout for five more who have been writing threatening letters.

In accordance with preparatory instructions recently issued by the secretary of the treasury, Carlisle today instructed the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans to coin the seigniorage into standard silver dollars.

In the second game of pool at Pittsburg between D'Oro, the world's champion, and Clearwater, America's champion, tonight, Clearwater made 119 to D'Oro's 133 in six innings. This gives Clearwater a lead of 16 points. The final game will be played tomorrow.

R. C. Chambers, of Little Rock, has telegraphed the manager of [illegible] an unconditional offer of a purse of $25,000 for the Corbett-Mitchell contest, to take place at Hot Springs the second week in January, 1894. He deposits $5000 as a forfeit.

The Liberty Bell train arrived at Harrisburg a few minutes after 8 o'clock yesterday. Its progress through Altoona, Lewiston, Lebanon and other places was marked with the greatest enthusiasm. Tonight the bell was escorted to Zion's Reformed church, on the site of which stood the old stone church that sheltered the bell during the stormy days of 1777.

C. P. Huntington said tonight, in regard to the sale of the Chesapeake, Ohio & Southwestern railroad to the Louisville & Nashville and the Illinois Central: "I was approached a year ago by these people, who offered to buy the road. Wednesday night they came to my office and said: 'We will take the Chesapeake at your terms.' I accepted ten-year bonds in payment. I got well, say in round numbers, $7,000,000.

An attempt to introduce the Faribault system in the Thirty-fourth ward public school, of Pittsburg, by the election of four nuns as teachers, is meeting with strong opposition from members of patriotic organizations. Tomorrow two committees, claiming to represent 100 lodges of various patriotic orders in the country, will wait upon City School Superintendent Luckey and protest against the appointment of the sisters.

ADVERTISEMENT.

DON'T BE DECEIVED!

Some Suggestions that Afford Food for Reflection.

UTAH'S WELFARE IS THE THEME.

How the Republican Party May Have a Majority in the Next Legislative Assembly.

To the Republicans of Salt Lake City:

We have become accustomed to the unfair methods of our political opponents and are, therefore, not surprised at the specious arguments they use to induce Republicans to desert the nominees of the Republican party in the present Legislative campaign.

The well known desire of Republicans for the privileges of full American citizenship to be enjoyed only in a sovereign State has been appealed to in the hope that the desire for freedom would overcome party fealty and cause the latter, at least temporarily, to be cast aside that Statehood may be obtained.

The false statement has been made that a vote for a Republican is a vote thrown away; that we cannot expect to elect our ticket and therefore that we should vote for one that possibly may be the winning ticket.

Not content with these base plans our Democratic friends have gone so far as to threaten that if we elect a Republican Legislature any act that shall not conform with the views of the Democratic party or the whims of his excellency, our Governor, will not be allowed to be "engrafted on the statutes of Utah."

To such we say that *Republicans are neither curs nor traitors.* We will neither cringingly vote at the behest of an autocrat temporarily vested with the power to thwart the will of a whole people, nor betray the men who have united with us in a firm purpose to work for the upbuilding of our country and the protection of her industries and people.

Our party has grown from the day the people of Utah divided on party lines. Our opponents who scorned us at first have seen us increase at every election that has been held. Nowhere has there been a decrease in our numbers. Everywhere election after election has shown our increased strength.

Republican members will be elected in several legislative districts in the Territory. We can carry Salt Lake City on a fair vote, and thus have the Legislature Republican in both branches.

Republicans are here to stay. Our Territory needs our efforts. Our opponents have been weighed in the balance and found wanting; and they plainly see the handwriting on the wall.

Remember that in this conflict we are animated by principle and let no man be deceived by the false promises of the enemy. We call upon every man who loves the principles of the Republican party to vote for those principles. The path of honor lies in so doing. Shame and disgrace would deservedly follow any other course.

C. W. BENNETT,
Chairman Republican City committee.
T. D. LEWIS, Secretary.

CHAS. SIEBER, Jr.,
—Manufacturer of—
LETTER, INVOICE and WAY-BILL COPYING BOOKS.
Blank Books, Printing and Lithographing, Bulletins, STATIONERY and OFFICE SUPPLIES.
Nos. 300 and 302 Olive Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.
It will pay you to write for prices.

Until January 1st

Drs. Mansfield and Bissett Have Decided to Continue Their Grand Offer of $5 a Month for Treatment and Medicine.

This Offer Applies to all Diseases, no Matter How Chronic, How Difficult to Cure, or How Much Medicine is Required. $5 Pays the Bill For One Month.

[illegible]

I'M A WELL MAN,

Are the startling but joyful words spoken by Mr. Buck, who was suffering from Catarrh of the head, throat and stomach.

[illegible]

Mr. Nelson Buck, Center Ward, Camp's Lane.

[illegible]

Headaches, Ringing in Ears, Weak Eyes, Sore Throat, Hawking, Spitting, Loss of Appetite, Sleeplessness, etc., are all caused by Catarrh. Dr. Mansfield and Bissett Cure it. Only $5 a month, medicines Free.

THE POOR TREATED FREE.

[illegible]

TREATMENT BY MAIL.

No Necessity of Coming to the City for Treatment.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Zion Medical Institute

Located permanently at Rooms 302, 303, 304, Deseret (P.O.) Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

T. B. Mansfield, M.D.
J. A. Bissett, M.D.
Consulting Physicians.

[illegible]

$5.00 PER MONTH.

All patients now under treatment or placing themselves under treatment before January 1st will be treated until cured at the uniform rate of $5.00 a month. Medicines furnished free. This applies to all diseases.

SHANG HAI & CO'S. BAZAR.

聚源昌

Full assortment of fine Holiday Goods, Just received from Japan and China.

[illegible]

37 SOUTH MAIN, Near 3rd South.

MR. FYLER'S NEW YORK LETTER.

THE... Power OF... Money

READ THIS AND SAVE MONEY.

A GREAT PURCHASE.

Mr. Fyler's Letter:

In connection with three other large clothing buyers we have secured from one of the best known New York clothing manufacturers, who is badly overstocked, a lot of Men's Suits and Overcoats, 25 per cent less than actual cost of making, which is 50 per cent less than wholesale price. Mark these goods at a small profit, and we will give to our trade the greatest bargains ever offered, and have the Grandest Clothing Sale ever known.

Every garment is of imported fabrics and fine tailor made. It is the talk of the clothing trade here in New York of our successful purchase.

1 Fine Imported Thibet Cheviot single or double breasted, sold at wholesale for $18.75, only $14.50	5 The Unfinished Worsted double breasted sack. The most stylish gentleman's suit worn. Sold by all New York clothing houses for $27.50, only $16.00
2 The Celebrated Rock Cassimere Suitings. Known everywhere and sold at $22.50, only $15.00	6 Howard Cassimeres, Miltons and brown overcoatings, many styles, your choice for $10.00
3 Fine Hockanum Worsted Suitings, goods worth $4.50 per yard at mill, silk mixtures, worth $22.50, only $16.50	7 Velour Cassimere, cut long, an overcoat sold in New York City for $18.50, only $12.00
4 Fine English Worsted, new basket weave, solid black, a dress suit in single breasted sack, sold everywhere at $25.00, only $18.50	Be sure and read Walker Bros. & Fyler Co's Dress Goods ad in Sunday Tribune and Herald!

Come and Get First Choice.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

.. THE GREATEST ..

Slaughter Sale of **Cloaks** On Record

So Early in the Season.

Everything has been sentenced for slaughter!!! We are not going to wait till the season is most over—but commence now to cut prices right and left on CLOAKS, DRESS GOODS, BOYS' CLOTHING, ETC. See our Show Window and large circulars for further prices.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CLOAKS.

$2.50, Heavy winter Jackets.

$3.50, Cape Newmarkets, also Reefer Jackets.

$4.00, Elegant Cape Jackets, fur edged, positively worth $7.00.

$5.00, a large line of Sample Jackets, worth $7.00 to $12.50.

$5.00, a heavy Black Circular Cape, fur edged, worth [illegible]

$8.50, an elegant black Jacket with [illegible] collar, fur edged, worth $12.50.

$9.00, our $15.00 black Satin Faced Jackets are the wonder of the city.

On account of opening our new Cloak Dept. we bought an immense stock of fine Garments, Jackets, Capes, Etc., of latest styles, which we must now sacrifice at prices that will surely astonish you. Come and be convinced.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

$1.00 will buy Nice Checked School Suits. 3 special lines of Boys' Suits at

$1.90, $2.10, $2.50,

Worth $3.25 to $5.00.

$4.00, an elegant all-wool Scotch Cheviot suit, worth $6.00.

Special for $3.00, Youths' Ulsters, extra heavy weight.

Youths' Long Pants Suits

From $3.50, $3.75, $4.00 up.

BLANKETS and COMFORTS.

65c pair, White Blankets.

$4.25 pair, 7 pound Mottled Blankets, well and fine.

$3.00 pair, 10-4 extra fine Grey Blankets, worth $4.50.

$5.00 pair, 11-4 White Blankets, cheap for $6.50.

80c, Full Size Comforts.

$1.25, Comforts, formerly for $1.75.

Special Cut on Dress Goods.

50c yard

Will buy during this sale a magnificent assortment of new and choice Woolens, comprising

Hopsackings, Chevrons, Tricots, Serges, Suitings in Checks and Mixtures,

All of this Fall Importation. Don't fail to see this line before purchasing Dress Goods. Worth 25 to 50 per cent more.

Millinery.

Trimmed Hats, Ribbons, Etc., sold at prices never before heard of in Salt Lake.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.
Agents Butterick's Patterns.