THE LAND GRABBERS.

Settlers on the Cherokee Strip Notified that They are There at Their Peril.

THE GRIPPE TAKES POSSESSION OF FORT LOGAN.

The Storm in California.—Transferring the Delamar Mines.—Other Items.

By Telegraph to the News.

The Cherokee Strip.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kans., Feb. 25.—The work of ejecting settlers will commence to-morrow. People go into the Cherokee strip in small numbers. The following dispatch has been received from Washington:

"The settlers on the Cherokee strip are there at their peril."

(signed) GROVER CLEVELAND,
Acting Secretary of the Interior.

Troops of cavalry will go into camp at Chilikco tomorrow and begin the work of ejecting the boomers.

A Mark of Respect to Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The Senate has adjourned as a mark of respect to the late Senator Wilson of Maryland.

THE DELAMAR MINES.

Transferring them to a London Syndicate.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, Feb. 25.—The deed of transferring the Delamar group of mines to a London syndicate was placed in escrow with the Boise City National Bank until the money arrives from Europe. The purchase price is said to be $400,000. J. B. Dalmar retains 200,000 shares, or half the capital stock.

The Grippe and The Soldiers.

DENVER, Feb. 25.—The grippe has taken possession of Fort Logan. Eighty soldiers are in the hospital and four deaths have occurred this week.

THE CALIFORNIA STORM.

The Latest Reports of the Railroad Bosses.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25.—The latest reports show that the storm is now almost over. Serious damage has been done to railroad property, bridges and tracks having been washed away and telegraph wires prostrated. The street crude will probably be in operative for a week, and the Atlantic and Pacific has suspended the sale of overland tickets via Mojave, because of a washout near Barstow. Passengers will be sent east over the Central Pacific. The latter route is in good condition.

ON THE RIVER FRONT.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 25.—The storm in this section was one of the worst known. Bad bills damage resulted in the city proper. On the river front all railroad bridges are damaged, and in many cases swept out. News from the surrounding country is very meagre, owing to the telegraph wires being down. Many reports of loss of life have been received, but the only cases authenticated are the drowning of a man named Wells and his wife, and a child near Wilmington. It is understood that great damage has been done to orchards and ranches south of the city, where the floods were the worst in years. Many houses are damaged and fences and outbuildings destroyed.

Signal Service Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The Signal office furnishes the following special bulletin:

High water is impending in Mississippi River below Cairo. The highest water, fifty-seven feet three inches, occurred at Cincinnati today, there having been a rise of 16 feet in the past six days.

The Upper Ohio, the Kanawha and the Big Sandy rivers are falling.

The Arkansas River is stationary at medium stage.

Tennessee is at the stage of twenty-nine feet at Chattanooga, a rise of thirteen feet in four days.

The Cumberland at Nashville is twenty-four feet four inches, a rise of three feet in three days.

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING.

An Interesting Session Held Last Night.

AN special meeting of the Board of Education held last night for the purpose of considering the advisability of issuing bonds for the purpose of purchasing building sites and erecting school houses, the following members were present: William Nelson, H. Johnson, G. W. Snow, T. C. Armstrong, E. W. Young, W. J. Newman and L. U. Cobbs.

REPORT OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 19, 1891.

To the Board of Education:

Gentlemen:—Your committee on finance, to which, in conjunction with the committee on building, was referred the matter of the needs of the schools for additional buildings and grounds, have met and beg to ask the people of the city to vote bonds to provide the same, have had the subject under consideration, and have carefully weighed the subject.

The total enumeration as above had two meanings, and found that the needs of the schools are so great that to supply them fully and allow for a reasonable expectation of increase in the school population in the ensuing few years would require an expenditure of close upon a million dollars. Yet, in view of the imposition of the public school building tax for the present fiscal year, the burdens already imposed, and the necessity of making the school work a good fit rather than a temporary one, it was decided to ask for the about one-third of the sum named, at the present time, and they recommend to this board that an election be called for the purpose of getting authority from the people to issue bonds for the purchasing of sites and the erection of school buildings, to the amount of three hundred thousand dollars, of which, as near as may be, sixty thousand dollars be spent in each of the five municipal wards. This will give each ward a school built to the present recorded condition of the schools, will place buildings more advantageously as regards centers of population than the present rented buildings are located, and will give the pupils and teachers the advantage of structures better suited to their work, both as regards convenience and sanitation. It is the purpose to protect as specific as possible, and have the new buildings in readiness for the opening of the new school year, in September except as soon thereafter as practicable.

The duty of the proposition were referred by the joint committee to the finance committee for presentation. This committee has had two meetings on the matters thus delegated to it, and recommends as follows:

1. That the election be called as soon as practicable under the law, and that in preparations therefor the president and clerk of the board divide the counsel of Mr. P. L. Williams, attorney of the Board of Education.

2. That the amount of bonds to grow be issued at $300,000, in denominations of $500 each.

3. That the interest thereon be 5 per cent per annum.

4. That half the bonds be made redeemable in ten years and the other half in twenty years from the date of issue.

WILLIAM NELSON, Chairman,
HIRAM JOHNSON,
GEO. W. SNOW,
L. U. COBBS,
RICHARD W. YOUNG,
T. C. ARMSTRONG,
W. J. NEWMAN.

E. R. Wicks, submitted a written proposition, to donate free of charge, a plat of ground for the erection of a school house. The land is situated in Dooly's subdivision on Second West Street, south. Referred to the building committee.

Architect Ketting's bill for drawing the plans and specifications of a school building was referred to a committee to investigate the legality of the claim.

The salary of Lucy Vale Cull was increased from $75 to $75 per month.

The sum of $50 was appropriated to purchase a microscope for the high school.

The bill of the Grand Rapids School Furniture company of $4,611.65 was ordered paid, the same being the balance due that firm.

Prof. Wells was engaged as music teacher for a second field, Stephens, at a salary of $100 per month.

Miss Willson, of the Eleventh school, was granted leave of absence for sixty days, without pay, on account of ill health.

APPROPRIATIONS.

The following appropriations were made:

George M. Scott & Co.	$ [illegible]
J. T. Kingsbury	[illegible]
F. M. Mulvey	[illegible]
Sowles & Wallace	[illegible]
Jesse H. Maloney	[illegible]
J. T. Alderson	[illegible]
Deseret News Company	[illegible]
Deseret News Company	[illegible]
Jos. A. Worthen	[illegible]
Electric Bell Co.	[illegible]
C. C. Richards & Co.	[illegible]
C. C.	[illegible]
Cobb & Mills	[illegible]
Deseret Sash, Door & Blind Co.	[illegible]
Deseret Mill & Building Co.	[illegible]
T. G. Webster	[illegible]
T. G. Webster	[illegible]
Jesse Trumbo	[illegible]
J. F. Burton	[illegible]
E. R. Eastmond (Rent collector)	[illegible]
Herbert W. Jones	[illegible]
Salt Lake Lumber & Building Assn.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

BILLS RECEIVED.

C. D. Crouch	[illegible]
A. Wells	[illegible]
Geo. Hill & Harding Co.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
E. T. Allen	[illegible]
W. H. Rowe	[illegible]
James Brown	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Adjourned until Thursday evening, March 5th.

Horrible Instance of Cannibalism.

RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 25.—A horrible instance of cannibalism has just leaked out from the town of a dungeon.

The *Gazeta de Jornal* exposes the atrocious crime of which the imprisoned senator and his companions were guilty. The senatial, who has become an epicure in human carcasses, is confined in a prison in Salvos. The story told by the reporter who visited the fiend in his cell literally translated, is this:

"Learning that there had been outcrops in the jail of this town by the energetic police delegates an individual who for months had been living on human flesh, a desire arose to see him, notwithstanding the horror that he inspired in every heart. His name is Clemente Villas. He is a mulatto, about 28 years old, medium height and of slight build, a flat forehead, oblique eyes, with black pupils, deformed feet, with concave soles; a native of this district.

"Without the slightest disturbance of manner he replied to my question as to whether it was true that he had been living on human flesh, that not only had Basilio Lomolino and others for a long time had been living on this food."

TASTING HUMAN FLESH.

"What purpose led you to practice such acts, barbarous before God and man?"

"To kill my hunger, master."

"How did you make your first victim?"

"I was at Leandro's house when he invited me to eat a piece of a boy that he had killed in a thicket where the lad was gathering fruit, and as I was very hungry and had no other resource, I accepted the invitation for the first time. On the next day returning home I found a woman asleep by the roadside, and was at once tempted to kill her. I took a stone and made my first victim and carried her home to satisfy my hunger."

"Some days after I killed Simplicio and invited Leandro and several who were dying of starvation, to help me eat him. When Simplicio's flesh was finished, and I being without any means of satisfying my hunger, Francisco told me to kill her two children for me to eat, which I did. Two weeks after, in the same strafts, Basilio killed a mulatto for the same purpose. After ward I found that Basilio had stolen a shirt from me, and I killed him when he was unsuspiciously gathering roots for supper. I only ate a little of him for I was arrested two days after killing him. This was the last one I killed."

The police found a part of Basilio salted down, and the cannibal eating the calves of the victim's legs with a good appetite.

"Does human flesh have an agreeable taste?"

THE BEST PART OF IT.

"No, it is rather sweetish. The best things I have found in those I killed were the brains tongue and marrow. I suffered slightly from diarrhea while I was eating people's flesh."

"How did you prepare the flesh for eating?"

"We ate it roasted or boiled with a good deal of pepper."

"Did not the remains of your victims fret you with fear?"

"When I looked at them I felt a slight tremor."

"Do you sleep well?"

"Perfectly quiet."

"Have you no remorse for having practiced such abominable and wicked crimes?"

"I no longer remember having done such acts."—*Denver News.*

NEWS FROM THE FAR NORTH.

Discovery of Diamonds in Lapland by An Explorer.

THE PATRIOTIC NORSK WOMEN.

"Glamend Berk" Arrested at Copenhagen as a Forger.

A European railroad congress will be held at Stockholm next summer.

The treaty of commerce between Sweden and Spain is signed.

Prince Eugene will go to Paris next spring and reside there for some time.

Rev. Knut Killander, a well-known clergyman, of Lomsk, Sweden, is dead.

A laborer, named Ellis, of Kerrgo, Skorra, killed Eric Sjoedelt, a son of a farmer, the other day.

Swedish-American's have sent 3000 kroner to Chicago, Sweden, during the last month.

Diamonds have been discovered in Lapland by Charles Habel, the French explorer.

The population of Stockholm has increased about 70,000 during the decade from 1880 to 1890.

Sweden has not very far from 5,000,000 inhabitants, but only 120 per cent of the population has the right to vote.

Ex-congressman Anders Bengtson, of Kortmansen, near Arvika, died the other day at the age of 86 years.

The epidemic of measles in Stockholm is yet increasing, the average number of new cases being 1150 a week.

The wolves in the Swedish province of Herjosalen have killed an unusually great number of reindeer during the present winter.

W. A. Bergstrand, one of the oldest Swedish newspaper men and editor-in-chief of the *Aftonbladet* (Aftonbladet), died recently at Stockholm.

A widow, named Dahl, died lately at Eskastelsty at the advanced age of 105 years. She was the oldest inhabitant of the Province of Upland.

A few farmers in the neighborhood of Ystad recently are very anxious, having deposited 1,400,000 kroner at the branch office of the Kalmar Bank.

The snow-dog, a kind of parasite on the fields of the farmer, has been seen in Scania. Its appearance signifies a late spring and a bad crop.

A clerk, named Wanneberg, who was employed by L. U. Brolin, a wholesale merchant of Soderkoping, was arrested the other day for the embezzlement of 9000 kroner.

Rev. J. H. Collden, of Orsunda, Upsala, has been sentenced to suspension for three months, because he has not been able to live in peace with his congregation and colleagues.

Axel Hollstrom, a young man of Vikbolandet, committed suicide the other day at an hotel in Norrtorpfing, on account of a newspaper notice which accused him of an immoral act. It later been proven that the statement was wholly untrue.

A young man, named P. A. Johanson, of Oera Mas, left his home and parents three years ago and emigrated to America. Here he succeeded very well and two months ago he decided to visit his native country. At his arrival home he became sick and died in a few days.

"Captain John Fibesius, Civil Engineer," is the name of a book recently published in London. The author is a colored named Church, who has prepared his work with great care. He admits that the locomotive invented by Fibesius was superior to that constructed by Stephenson, a fact which has never before been conceded in England.

NORWAY.

The city of Drammen has a population of 21,000.

Stavanger has a population of 25,091, of whom 11,097 are men.

The Bank of Norway has declared a dividend of 6.5 per cent.

The fair in Dammen for the raising of money for the matter of defense yielded 7000 kroner.

Typhoid fever is raging in Stavanger, many cases causing death.

A sanitorium is to be built at the beautiful Lake Golsen in Gudbrandsdalen.

Emil Lie, sheriff of Tronsee, died lately. He was a brother of the well known author Jonas Lie.

The schooner Gaour was wrecked the other day at Christiansund. The whole crew were drowned.

H. S. Von Dolsen, the court druggist at Christiania, died at Christiansund the other day at the age of 71 years.

The last whale of the season was caught by the ship *Emma*, which arrived recently at Tonsberg.

The public school at Roeenfin was dedicated lately. The building is one of the finest and most convenient of its kind.

Captain Winkler and Mate Qvisbolt, of the ship *Inspire*, of Tronsfiohn, died recently during the voyage from China to Amsterdam.

Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, the Greenland explorer, and his wife passed through Kongsberg the other day. They had made a trip on snow-shoes between Sigdal and Rosedal.

Sievert Nielsen has been elected president of the Storting, and Stang vice-president. The Odelsting has elected Schweigaard president and Berner vice-president.

The Christiania committee of the defense union has received 10,000 kroner from the women of Christiansund. This money is to be used for the construction of the new man-of-war.

Charles Dufour, the young French painter, is travelling through Telemarken. He says that the beauty of Norwegian landscapes "lasts everything he has ever seen."

The steamer *Hassia*, of 2,700 tons and built at Rostock in 1883, has been bought by Sigval Bergesen and other persons, of Stavanger, at a price of 180,000 kroner.

Isak Sakn, a well-known citizen and one of the most wealthy property owners of Stavanger, was drowned the other day while sailing home from Bremen. He was 60 years old.

"Hedda Gabler," Ibsen's drama, was given in Munchen the other day. The author, who was present, was called before the curtain three times after the third act and as many after the fourth.

Bellaire, a town in Dalle-amen, is at present visited by a woman who has registered in Drammen's private hotel. Two of her patients have become insane and were sent to the Gausdal asylum.

The Gangsi farm at Dorle was totally burned down the other day. It is a great loss to Ole Knudsen, the owner, as his property was far from fully insured.

Henrik Hermansen, one of the most prominent chasers of Trondhjem, fell down into a basement the other night and was so badly injured that he died the following day.

Norwegian matches have a good reputation in foreign countries. Which the factories are able to produce during 1891 has already been sold, and many factories have received orders, the filling of which is enough to furnish them with work for the whole year of 1892.

Gunnar Holberg, the author, musician and standing French, has finally retired from the Bohemian life in Paris, Berlin and the other day. Lately he used some very strong words concerning Mrs. Holberg, who was an actress. The mother has caused a new engagement, Jacobsen will now use Holberg for changes.

DENMARK.

Ex-Congressman Andreas Dam died at Copenhagen the other day at an age of 57 years.

The bark Jordbo of Korkskrona, Sweden, was wrecked near Skagen. The crew was saved.

The Swedish ship Aurelia was wrecked the other night off the west coast of Jutland. The crew was saved.

Professor Otto Malling has been appointed a teacher at the Medical academy of Copenhagen, to succeed Gade, the deceased composer.

A patriot, who will not let his name be known, has delivered 10,000 kroner to the Secretary of War to be used for the soldiers of defense. Another patriot has donated 5,000 kroner for the same purpose.

The emigration by way of Copenhagen during the year 1890 included 15,000 persons, of whom 9000 were foreigners. Of this number 11,170 went to the United States.

An epidemic of smallpox is raging in Copenhagen. 50 patients having already been taken care of in the Oeresund hospital. The importation has shut of vaccine, and had to send to Sweden for it.

A big derrick fell down recently at the new building of the Great Northern Telegraph Company in Copenhagen. One woman, who was passing by, was killed instantly, and several other people were more or less injured.

Anders Morke, 71 years of age and a citizen of Viborg, disappeared last December. His lifeless body was found hanging the other day in a house not very far from his home. The head was crushed. Anton Andersen, his unnatural son, has been arrested, suspected of having murdered him.

August Enna is the name of a young Danish composer, who will, it is expected, win both fame and gold. A new opera composed by him has been bought by the Royal Theatre and is soon to be given there. The opera is written in good Wagnerian style.

A sensational arrest has been made at Copenhagen. A young man, named Black, who is a clerk in a mercantile banking house in Berlin, has been living in great style at Copenhagen for some time. He was commonly known as "Glamend Berk," on account of his many gifts of diamonds to the chorus girls at the different theatres. He was, however, a common forger, having forged drafts for large amounts, and was at last run down by the police.

NEW ORDER OF BROTHERHOOD.

IN THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND AND GOING ROMANISTIC!

It is now announced that the Bishop of London has sanctioned the formation of a by "Brotherhood of St. Paul's," to work within the metropolitan diocese and to be controlled by a warden, who will be under the jurisdiction of the Bishop himself. There is to be a sub-warden and a chaplain, while the rest of the community are to be divided into two classes, "stalwarts" and "working brothers." The duties of the "stalwarts" will be to lead "a disciplined, devotional, common life, separated from secular pursuits, and wholly dedicated to the service of the church," in connection with the parochial clergy. The warden will be appointed by the Bishop, to whom alone he will be responsible "in all things lawful." He will preside at all meals and all meetings of the community, and he will have charge of the discipline and order of the community are strictly observed. He will encourage, advise, and, if necessary, admonish the brethren." His duties will be final, subject to appeal to the brothers bring the matter before the Bishop. Otherwise they must individually and as a body follow strictly "the rules of their order, studies, devotions, meals, hours and conversation within the house." They are bound to "say the daily prayer of the brotherhood on rising and retiring to rest." They will be admitted for six months as probationers, and then as brothers, provided he remains for another year. At the expiration of that year they may remain for another, and at the end of the second year they may either bind themselves for life or indefinitely adopt the plan of annual renewal. The brothers will contribute to the expenses of the community in proportion to their means. The amount of worldly property to be arranged by the warden, and not in any case to be made known to the other members of the community; thus rich members and their poorer brethren will live in every respect on terms of equality. In summer they will rise at 6, have morning prayer at 6, breakfast at 8, and study and meditation from 10 to nearly 12. At noon there will be a service, and dinner will be served at 1 o'clock. Outside work will be discharged from 2 to 5. Evensong will take place at 5:30 and supper at 6, after which comes three hours of indoor work. Every Wednesday there will be three hours and a half "recreation," and one evening of the week will be allotted for receiving visits or going to see outside friends.

If it be not the remaining is said in the rules of the new community as to any peculiar dress. That will be a matter, we suppose, for the discretion of the warden, who will probably not insist on a monastic band, a rope with beed and girdle, and bare feet with sandals. These properties are for mediaeval and ornamental to all modern, English minds. The Dublin, however, is that these by monks will wear something nearly like and from the common rule of secular Englishmen. The religious dog make on entering the brotherhood is clear enough as regards separation from the ordinary affairs of the world. Each man on entering will repeat and sign the following pledge: "I, ——, in the faith and love of God, the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost, desirous of dedicating and sacrificing my life in the service of the church of Christ without let or hindrance, do hereby solemnly promise that for the space of one year I will abide in the rule of my duty in the rule of the Brotherhood of St. Paul's and do hereby pledge myself to abstain from all worldly occupations, in accordance with the statutes, and to yield obedience to the wishes of the Archbishop in all things lawful, so help me God."

As matter-of-fact Englishmen probably think wrong or foolish some signs of the times seem to have of this section. The writings of John Ruskin, perhaps the most influential voice of the day, are one long protest that social ills from which we suffer, have resulted from the commercialism of all that is beautiful and good. We find more over that our most successful latter-day philosophy also is strongly linked together by converted prayers and social discipline as any order of the older church. The poetry of Wordsworth, too, is say the say more of a priest, and be perpetually preached retirement and withdrawal from the world." Our age is fretting and burning have led other out shortly mind to organized, and that we must give to the poor not money alone, but our time, thought, duty service, and personal love. In the way many tendencies of the epoch unite to make practical and acceptable the revival of brotherhoods in a church which seems ready to borrow from Rome some of the spunkiest of its allies and much of the wisdom of its methods tested by time and adapted to the needs of the day.—London Daily Telegraph.

SHORTHAND COLLEGE.

Room for a few more students at the evening session—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

T. G. McCleary,
Progress Building.

The Vocalion Organ

is the most wonderful musical invention of the age. It has the full power and sweetness of tone of a pipe Organ twice its size and cost. The members of the Twentieth Ward have recently purchased a fine Vocalion Organ from Taggart & Clancarlin, the well-known Piano and Organ dealers of this city. It is to be hoped that the good ward our Ward churches will soon emulate and follow the example of the Twentieth Ward.

Burkhin's Arabic Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.

DINWOODEY'S WALL PAPER. SUPERB LINE. LATEST DESIGNS, LOWEST PRICES.

Cheapest place in town for Stores and Hangs. Tin and Iron Roofing, Guttering, etc.

THE SCHOOL SUPPLIES CO.,
17 and 19 West South Temple St.

JOHN M. CANNON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 20 MAIN STREET.
Hooper & Eldredge Block.

NOTICE.

To the Stockholders of the Bullion, Beck and Champion Mining Company, Incorporated.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of said Company will be held at the office of said Company, in Salt Lake City, Utah, on Monday, the second day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may come before the meeting. Transfer books will be closed on the 20th day of February, 1891.

By order of the Board.

W. H. WRIGHT, Secretary.
Salt Lake City, U. T., February 14, 1891.

NOTICE.

FOR SALE IN PROVO CITY, A GOOD Farming Ranch. Apply to Geo. Eldridge, of Lehi, Provo City, or address.

RANCH FOR SALE.

THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE HILL ranch, containing 80 acres in Kamas Valley. Apply to W. J. Norman, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK. APPLY TO Mrs. R. H. Anderson, 15 East Third South st.

LOST

BETWEEN BOWERY HALL AND MAIN street, a gold Fobb Chain (name on it). Leave at Bowery Hall and get reward.

WANTED.

A WASH WOMAN, $1 PER DAY EACH week. Apply at 20 E. South Temple st.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE TO THE public that the partnership heretofore existing between Robert Sproul and Robert H. Lambert, under the firm name of Sproul & Lambert, has been dissolved and that the business of the firm will be settled by the undersigned, Robert Sproul, who has purchased the interest of Robert H. Lambert in the firm and will continue the business at the old stand, 20 W. First South st.

ROBERT SPROUL.
ROBERT H. LAMBERT.
Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 1, 1891.

Quong Chong Wing,
Chinese & Japanese
Ornamental and Fancy Goods
Chinese Street Week—
All Handicrafts, Chinese Curiosities, Silk Goods of Every Description.
20 W First South St.
P. O. Box 887.

Harrison Conveyor Irrigating Pump.

Address HARRISON & CONVEYOR PUMP CO., 40 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

R. K. THOMAS.

26, 28, 30, 32 E. First South St.

R. R. K. T. T.

26, 28, 30, 32 E. First South St.

DRESS GOODS.

EVERY DRY GOODS HOUSE KEEPS DRESS GOODS, BUT scarcely a house in America can show the collection of superb things we are prepared to offer this Spring. They are strung along from New York to Salt Lake, and SOMETHING NEW IS ARRIVING DAILY. The purchases of six past seasons would not equal the selections of this season's line, and Ladies cannot form the faintest idea of how elegantly and tastefully they can dress, except by calling and examining our choice stock of French Novelties and the other artistic effects in our Dress Goods Department.

We shall show a line of French Challies, the patterns and colorings of which are pronounced works of art.

Our Combination Plaid Robes are the most tasteful, at a moderate price, ever produced; and about two hundred patterns of European Novelties, of which no two dress patterns are alike, are something to be proud of.

The Wool Plaids embrace colors never before attempted, and, together with the patterns, are simply immense, and in styles suitable to all ages.

Our Black Goods stock is very complete, in which we are showing many novelties that are offered at the very low prices we place on Henriettas, Serges, Cords, Diagonals and Twills.

WASH DRESS GOODS.

THE TERMS APPLICABLE TO OUR WASH DRESS GOODS are handsome, pretty, sweet. These three styles of beauty are all embraced in the choicest line ever offered in any one house. The cream of all importers and manufacturers are collected in this one grand display.

We lead with the great European Novelty, Korah Moire, in printed goods, a new weave made from Egyptian Cotton and Combed Yarns, combined with the Moire effect, producing a richness only to be found in the highest class silks. Every house advertises Scotch Ginghams and Zephyrs, and show more ugly than pretty patterns, but with us it is different; we have an immense assortment, and every pattern is a beauty, the colors rare and rich, producing effects never before witnessed in this class of goods, and are perfectly fast.

We are also showing stylish patterns in American Ginghams.

The old stand-by, Printed Sateens, is largely represented in all qualities, and the new Canton Cloth, made by Simpson & Sons, deserve special mention for its richness of design.

The patterns in Prints this season are so very pretty we must speak of them.

WHITE GOODS and EMBROIDERIES.

WHITE BLACK GOODS IS THE ONE NEW THING UNDER the sun; you want to see them; they are in Embroidered Flouncings, India Linens, Nainsook Checks, Lace Effects, Cords and Stripes. Ladies of more advanced years can have all the comfort there is in wearing a white muslin dress and yet be dressed in black. You should buy them early, the novelty being so great, there are doubts of there being enough to supply the demand.

We have a more extensive line than ever in White Embroidered Flouncings in forty-five-inch goods for Ladies, and twenty-seven inches for children. You will, of course, see Flouncings in other stores, but if you want style combined with cheapness, you will buy them of us.

R. K. THOMAS.

26, 28, 30, 32 E. First South St.

R. R. K. T. T.

26, 28, 30, 32 E. First South St.

R. K. THOMAS.