

## HORTICULTURISTS ARE IN SESSION.

Annual Meeting Called to Order  
At the Commercial Club.

ADDRESS BY GOV. CUTLER.

Says Money Should Not be Sent Out  
Of the State For Any of the  
Hardy Fruits.

The annual meeting of the state board of horticulture was called to order this morning in the parlors of the Commercial club, with President Judd in the chair. There were present Governor J. C. Cutler, President Thomas Judd of St. George, Secretary A. H. Snow, Salt Lake, Prof. R. S. Northrop of horticulture and E. D. Ball of entomology of the Agricultural college, Logan; J. E. Taylor, T. H. Walke, C. M. Noakes, J. P. Sorenson, Salt Lake; J. H. Armstrong, Cedar City; C. A. Hickel and R. E. Wilson, Ogden; E. H. Williams, Syracuse; A. G. Butcher, Kayville; T. G. Welch, Morgan; Joshua Perry and J. M. Fisher, Jr., Mill Creek; J. D. Wadleigh, Pleasant Grove; Thomas Barrett and J. G. Duffin, Provo.

Bishop Hickenlooper opened with a brief invocation and Governor Cutler was then introduced. His excellency made the following address:

GOV. CUTLER'S ADDRESS.

In no department of the activities of our state is greater encouragement deserved and needed, than in the building up of its horticultural interests. It seems to me a most unfortunate thing that we must be doing, here in the state for any of the hardy fruits. It is conceded that Utah produces a more delicious flavor than the famous product of Delaware, that the apples, pears, plums and small fruits produced by our orchardists, have a distinct character of their own, which makes them sought in all parts of the world where their value is known. There is something in the soil and the air, and even the sunshine in Utah, that makes it the ideal place for the production of superior fruits. Here, then, is the responsibility for the fact that Utah produces a great deal of inferior fruit, and that the demand for desirable fruits is far greater than the production.

I think this can be traced to a great extent to the unfortunate horticultural conditions which have long existed in Utah, and which it is both the privilege and the duty of you ladies and gentlemen to help remove. Let us go to the root of this matter. You and all the other citizens of Utah readily understand that Utah's condition in this respect consists not only in the insufficient quantity, but also in the inferior quality of our fruit. These facts are the results not so much of our not having enough orchards, as of our having too many of an inferior kind. I say this advisedly; for it is my firm conviction that an inferior orchard is worse than none at all. It occupies the space that might otherwise be used to advantage, and it also becomes a source of contagion to the good orchards in the vicinity. I recognize the fact that in the early days, when every farmer owned a small orchard, the trees were cared for in a haphazard way, and not sufficient knowledge was had of the science of horticulture, or application to practical purposes. The result is that today, scattered throughout the state, and particularly in the small villages, are many plantations of worthless, diseased orchards, which produce a large quantity of inferior fruit, and a still larger quantity of worms and blight and destructive insects. The fruit destroys Utah's horticultural reputation, and the insects and blight destroy, by infection, the otherwise well-kept orchards of the neighborhood.

This is one of the subjects which may well be made a leading topic of discussion in this meeting. To what extent may power be given to inspectors to condemn and destroy these infectious orchards, without infringing on the property rights of citizens? That the destruction of trees that have outlived their usefulness, and are a source of contagion, is desirable, goes without saying. Just how it may best be accomplished, is another matter, and one worthy of your most attention. I feel safe in saying that if the subject is taken up in the right way, legislation can be secured which will help to solve this vexed problem. I hope to see the day when contagion in the orchards of Utah will be reduced to a minimum. This will become easier as more men give their entire attention to the work of scientific horticulture. I do not believe that the wish is justified or not, but I have often thought it would be an advantage if no one in the state would engage in fruit-growing, who does not understand and apply at least the fundamental principles of the science of horticulture.

THE INSECT EVIL.

An attempt has been made to overcome the insect evil, by the enactment and enforcement of the spraying law. While this has done a great deal toward mitigating the evil, I do not believe that it will ever destroy it. I am of opinion that the only way to get at this matter effectively, is to apply the principles of the science of entomology in the work of destroying our orchard pests. It is well known that there is not a parasite that does not have its deadly enemy. If arrangements can be made to use this principle in the extermination of our pests, it will be much more effective than any other method. It is said that a certain fly, native of Spain and introduced into California, is capable of exterminating the codling moth; and that other agents for the destruction of certain forms of blight have been found. If these can be brought into the state, and acclimated, they may go a long way toward solving this problem. At any rate, the discussion of this question would seem to me to be profitable. I look upon the scientific application of such principles as the most efficient means of overcoming our greatest difficulties. Of course, while these investigations are pending, I am in favor of a strict enforcement of the present law requiring the proper spraying of trees.

As the knowledge of entomology becomes more thorough and practical, and experiments involving its application are made at the Agricultural college and the horticultural experiment stations, hints regarding its practical application will of course be sent out to the professional horticulturists throughout the state. Bulletins issued on this subject will be of value not only to the time of their issue, and among the people to whom they are sent, but may fairly be believed that they will be sought for by horticulturists elsewhere. It will be a cause of pride if Utah can take the lead in the practical application of these scientific principles to the profitable occupation of horticulture.

TO ENGAGE A SCIENTIST.

In this connection, you might take up a discussion of the matter of en-

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gaging the services of a scientist, an authority on entomology, who shall give his full time and attention to the solution of the difficulties caused by the prevalence of insect pests. If even it should become necessary for the remuneration of such a man, to be made up by the fruit-growers, it is not likely that the outlay will be more than covered by the improvement soon to be manifested. I do not know that even a conditional promise of the creation of the position of state entomologist can be held out; but the work of such a person could be secured by you, with a very small individual outlay. I believe that the application of the principles of entomology to fruit-growing is in its infancy, and that the time is opportune for our orchardists to make a decided advancement in this important direction. At any rate, the discussion of this matter may be of mutual benefit.

As I am sure that as greater care and attention to the matters above outlined, is given to the matters which will come up for discussion, and to the packing, shipping, and preserving of fruits; and as greater attention is paid to the securing of markets, and of quicker and cheaper transportation facilities, the industry of fruit-raising will advance to the position it deserves to occupy, as one of the most important sources of wealth to our promoters, and of revenue to the state.

PRESIDENT JUDD

Followed Gov. Cutler and Read His Annual Report.

President Judd then read his annual report, which was called for by a unanimous expression of thanks to Gov. Cutler for his welcome words.

President Judd said in part: Many old orchards still exist, and being unprofitable, little attention is paid to them, so that they have become a breeding ground for all kind of pests, and the co-operation of the growers in the eradication of these pests is requested in the fumigation and inspection of nursery stock before delivery to purchasers.

MARKETS FOR FRUITS.

The question is asked where shall we find markets for our fruit. If the increase in orchard planting continues? If the product is choice, the market is practically unlimited. If suitable varieties are produced our canneries will be able to handle most of our surplus. Again, we are bringing into the state thousands of dollars' worth of fruit which could just as well be produced at home, furnishing employment to our boys and girls, if preparations were only made for preserving our fruit in this manner. The speaker called attention to the vast amount of good to be accomplished by county farmers' institutes, and recommended a vice president of the state save for each county who shall be the president of his county farmers' institute, with institutes established in every town and hamlet. President Judd concluded his remarks by saying that the state is richly stored in the mountains, and the prospects for a bright and prosperous year.

SEED SELECTION.

Prof. Northrop then read a practical and interesting paper on the value of seed selection, a subject, he said, of intense interest to all plant lovers, certainly to farmers. The speaker referred to the troubles of the agriculturists, especially the pests, and the necessity of practical study for their elimination. He then dwelt on the improvement in implements, and asked if the value of plants had correspondingly increased? The professor feared not. But improved plants are coming through the efforts of seedmen and agricultural scientists who, even on the alert, while the farmer is improving the character of his soils. All of our cultivated plants have come from wild species, showing the changes taking place from improvement of environment. The concord grape originated 100 years ago from a chance seedling appearing in a man's back yard. The American blackberry is a chance seedling, and now shows what can be done in that line; so is the Shasta daisy an illustration. The production of a stoneless prune will be a great boon to the housewife; and the evolution of a cactus without spines is likely to be a great advantage. The handling of

## All Run Down

In the spring—that is the condition of thousands whose systems have not thrown off the impurities accumulated during the winter—blood humors that are now causing pimples and other eruptions, loss of appetite, dull headaches and weak, tired feelings.

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MAKERS.

fruits so they will grow even in northern Canada, was referred to as showing the profit in making fruits so hardy they will grow in northern latitudes. Prof. Northrop spoke of flax culture and the fungus trouble which so often killed it out in the middle states, and methods of propagating the healthy plant which resisted the disease, the method being selection of hardy plants and varieties which grew for fibre or for seed as was desired.

NEED OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Things in need of improvement in Utah are, the sugar hilly, the state flower, which can be made prettier, better more attractive in every way by proper cultivation. The native shrubs can be improved, as the squawberry, the size and quality can be more than repaid by the improvement in the quality of the fruit. The average farmer can breed tomatoes, apples and pears to resist blight, if time and care be given. He can also select his seed more than repay him, and thus secure a uniform and better crop. He can select by sinking in water, putting in salt to make the water heavier, and then selecting the seeds that still sink. A fruit grower should propagate his own trees, thus carrying on the characteristics of the best and heaviest trees. This will pay 1,000 times over. In selecting seed from parent vegetables, select from the soundest, the hardest plants, conforming to your ideals.

MR. DUFFIN SPOKE.

James G. Duffin of Provo spoke on "Grading and Marketing." He said Utah fruit growers today go into a market of the highest civilization. A few of lower civilization are never particular in the manner with which their food comes to them. But higher orders of people demand their food shall come to them in good shape. Mr. Duffin advocated study of the markets to which the grower is going and its accessibility. Many Utah growers have given little attention to the market in this respect. He noted the contrast between the Chicago commission markets, and the merchants said Utah produces superior fruit, but Utah doesn't grade. One man said Utah potatoes were not handled by him because they were not graded, all kinds in the same sack; so we can not handle them any more, as the market demands regularly graded goods. Mr. Duffin found the same trouble with other products from this state. The market demands a uniform grading of all our products.

The society is in session this afternoon.

OGDEN COURT NEWS.

Glasmann and Francis Did Not Appear—Attachment Issued.

(Special to the "News.")

Ogden, April 4.—This morning when the case against William Glasmann and Frank Francis, editor and manager of the Standard and Morning Express, was tried and concluded before Judge Howell, neither of the defendants appeared, either in person or by attorney. The court issued an attachment for the gentlemen, which was served by the sheriff during the day, and the defendants will be brought into court to show cause for their non-appearance. The gentlemen are charged with contempt, arising out of the case of Skeen against Craig. It being alleged that Messrs. Glasmann and Francis published certain articles concerning said case, which were improper and unlawful.

District Attorney George Halverson appeared in court this morning, with his attorney, J. N. Kimball, and filed a motion to quash the information in the case of Henry Wooley versus George Halverson. The defendant was charged by complaint with neglect of duty, in not having filed within the statutory 10 days, a return against Joseph Kendall, accused of murder. In the defendant's motion to quash it is set forth that said Kendall was duly arrested before the court on a charge of murder, was tried and convicted by a jury, and that he is now serving a sentence of 15 years in the state prison for his crime. Mr. Halverson also claims that the court has no jurisdiction in his case, as he is a state officer, and that a district court has no jurisdiction in the premises. Judge Howell took the matter under advisement.

INCORPORATION ARTICLES.

Wall, Miller & Company of Castle Dale, today filed a copy of its articles of incorporation in the secretary of state's office. The capital stock of the company is \$10,000, divided into shares of the par value of \$10 each. A. E. Wall is president; J. P. Jacobson, vice president; R. C. Miller, secretary and general manager. The company will engage in the general mercantile business.

A copy of the articles of incorporation of the Des Moines Mutual Life Insurance company of Des Moines, Iowa, was filed in the secretary of state's office today. O. G. Chelsey is president of the company; W. S. Hazard, Jr., secretary; Secretary of State Tinney is named as resident agent for Utah.

SCOTT R. CLAWSON DEAD.

The End Came This Morning From Attack of Heart Failure.

At 9 o'clock this morning the hand of death invaded the home of H. B. and Emily V. Clawson, 38 Fifth East street, when their son, Scott Richmond, aged 17 years, passed away as a result of heart failure brought on by scarlet fever. The young man had been in ill health for many months, but he was patient and bore his trials manfully. He was of a bright and gentle temperament and extremely kind to his associates. For some time he had been attending the L. D. S. university, and that institution will greatly miss him.

Funeral services will be held at the residence, tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, and friends of the family are invited to attend.

## SCHOOL SUPT'S IN CONVENTION TODAY

Annual Gathering of Teachers Began Here This Morning.

MR. KINGSBURY'S SUBJECT.

President of University Spoke on "The Comparative Importance of Different Kinds of Education."

The annual convention of city and county superintendents of schools was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning by State Supt. of Schools Nelson in the teachers' assembly room at the city and county building. There were 20 out of the 27 city and county superintendents of the state present this morning, and also a number of supervisors and principals of the schools of this city. It is expected that most of the county superintendents will arrive in time for the session tomorrow.

President W. J. Kerr of the Agricultural college and President J. T. Kingsbury of the University of Utah were the speakers at the session this morning. The subject of the session was "The Relation of the University of Utah and City Supt. of Schools Christensen will be the speaker this afternoon. The subject of the session of the county superintendents will be "The Relation of the University of Utah and City Supt. of Schools Christensen will be the speaker this afternoon. The subject of the session of the county superintendents will be "The Relation of the University of Utah and City Supt. of Schools Christensen will be the speaker this afternoon.

The subject of President Kerr's talk today is "Modern Demands in Education." He spoke interestingly of the history of education in the United States since the war of independence and told how peculiarly responsive it had been to public demand and what a potent factor education had been in shaping the destiny of the country. He discussed his subject according to four classifications as follows: First, the function of education; second, the current development of country and education; third, the present educational system; fourth, the requirements of the future educational system. He said particular attention to education for the industries.

President Kingsbury's subject was "The Comparative Importance of Different Kinds of Education." He impressed upon his hearers the importance of learning more about farming and horticulture in order to make the soil produce the greatest amount. The subjects bearing upon the various kinds of business, commerce, banking, government and administration was recommended so as to fit ourselves better for such business vocations in life. He deemed it very important to learn the use of tools and machinery and the art of manufacture and various other subjects. Another important purpose of education, he said, is to en-

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able one to hold on to the knowledge already acquired. The greatest purpose of education, he thought, is to add to the present sum of human knowledge by research. He then told of the great results or research in science and art. The last portion of President Kingsbury's talk was in relation to education for the purpose of becoming cultured men and women. In order to become cultured he said that we must get into the spiritual atmosphere of the greatest minds of the best men and women and live in that atmosphere and have every act the result of a high motive. At the conclusion of his remarks an adjournment was taken until this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

## BUSINESS NOTES.

At their regular monthly meeting, held on Tuesday, the board of directors of The Utah Sugar company authorized an issue of bonds amounting to \$1,000,000, dated March 1, 1906, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. The bonds will be of \$100, \$500 and \$1,000 denominations, and will be issued on the 15-20 plan, which means that they will mature in 20 years, but that the company has the option of redeeming them in 10 years if it so desires. The trustees named in the deed of trust is Zion's Savings Bank & Trust company, of this city, and the property mortgaged to secure the bonds comprises the sugar plant at Lehi, with the auxiliary stations at Provo, Springville and Leland, the sugar plant at Garland, the power plant and pole line in Bear River canyon, the canal system in Boxelder county, and land in both Boxelder and Utah counties, aggregating 20,500 acres.

Manager Cutler stated to a "News" representative that the issue of bonds would greatly strengthen the position of the company. It had been decided to bond for the purpose of paying the company's floating indebtedness incurred by enlarging the plant at Garland, and building the power plant near Colton, and the pole line connecting it with Ogden. The company also had to borrow each season to purchase supplies, pay the farmers for beets, etc., before anything could be realized from the sales of sugar, and the issue of the bonds would provide an operating capital for this purpose. Only \$700,000 of the bonds will be placed at present, the remaining \$300,000 being held by the company and used either to retire the bonds now outstanding, which were issued in 1895, and which are maturing at the rate of \$100,000 per annum, or used for future needs of the corporation. Mr. Cutler also stated that applications

had been received for a large part of the bonds from such leading concerns as Zion's Savings Bank & Trust company, the State Bank of Utah, Deseret Savings Bank, and several private capitalists. The wish of the board was that the bonds should be floated at home. It is expected that a large part of them will be taken up by the banks of the state, and also by the stockholders of the company. The remainder will be sold in New York and Boston, applications already having been received from investors there.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Utah Sugar company will be held on Friday, the 8th, at 5 p. m. As the present board was chosen for a term of five years, only three of which have expired, the business of the meeting will be confined to hearing the officers' reports for the past year.

## STAKE CONFERENCES.

Appointments From April 1 to Oct. 1, 1906.

Utah, Beaver, Blackfoot and Emery, April 21 and 22; July 21 and 22. Liberty, April 22; July 2. Juab, Fremont and San Juan, April 23 and 24; July 23 and 24. Piute and Weber, April 29; July 29. Wasatch, Cassia, San Luis, Alpine and Cache, May 5 and 6; Aug. 4 and 5. Woodruff, Summit, South Sanpete, Wayne and Bingham, May 12 and 13; Aug. 11 and 12. Jordan, Snowflake, Benson, Millard, T. Taylor, May 19 and 20; Aug. 18 and 19. Nebo, St. Johns, Granite, Alberta

and Teton, May 26 and 27; Aug. 25 and 26. Onelia, Panguitch, Star Valley, Utah and Maricopa, June 2 and 3; Sept. 1 and 2. North Sanpete, Tooele, St. George and Juarez, June 16 and 17; Sept. 13 and 14. Salt Lake, June 17, Sept. 16. Bannock, Sevier, Union and Parowan, June 23 and 24; Sept. 22 and 23. Box Elder, St. Joseph, Bear Lake, Kanab and Big Horn, June 9 and 10; Sept. 8 and 9. North Sanpete, Tooele, St. George and Juarez, June 16 and 17; Sept. 13 and 14. Salt Lake, June 17, Sept. 16. Bannock, Sevier, Union and Parowan, June 23 and 24; Sept. 22 and 23. Box Elder, St. Joseph, Bear Lake, Kanab and Big Horn, June 9 and 10; Sept. 8 and 9. North Sanpete, Tooele, St. George and Juarez, June 16 and 17; Sept. 13 and 14. Salt Lake, June 17, Sept. 16. Bannock, Sevier, Union and Parowan, June 23 and 24; Sept. 22 and 23. Box Elder, St. Joseph, Bear Lake, Kanab and Big Horn, June 9 and 10; Sept. 8 and 9. North Sanpete, Tooele, St. George and Juarez, June 16 and 17; Sept. 13 and 14. 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