dom. It is our duty to bring ourselves into subjection to laws of righteousness. In this there is true liberty. In doing wrong there is no special exercise of tiberty. It is not bondage to do right. We must be Latter-day Saints in very deed if we expect the reward of Saints. We must be united in the building up of God's kingdom. This kingdom will abide and remain here, and no power on earth can destroy it. enemies of the truth may destroy some of our bodies, but the principles we have received, the organization established, the Kingdom of God will abide and prevail. We expect to conquor, not by the weapons of man but by the principles of truth, and we know that all things predicted by the holy prophets will be accomplished.

There is only one way to salvation, and that is by obedience to the laws of God. And some of these are faith, repentance and baptism. By obeying these we enter the Church of Christ and receive the Holy Ghost, by the aid of which we can go on to perfection, and finally receive the glorious blessing of exaltation in our Father's pres-

The choir sang the anthem,

Hail! Judea, happy land.

Benediction by Elder John Nicholson.

CURRENT EVENTS.

Edmunds Law Prosecutions.

The case against C. A. Olson for unlawful cohabitation was dismissed on the motion of the Prosecuting Attorney.

Oct. 7th, Herman F. Thorup was arraigned in the Third District Court on a charge of unlawful cohabitation. He was given till Wednesday to plead.

U. S. vs. Samuel Griffiths; bigamy; dismissed on motion of C. Varian, on the ground that the last marriage had been discovered to be legal, Griffith having been divorced from his former wife.

On October 11, Robert Allen. who lives at 633 east, Fifth South Street, was arrested on a charge of unlawful cohabitation. He is to have a hearing before Commissioner Green-man. His alleged plural wife was arrested as a witness.

October Sth. Deputy Marshal Mc-Lellan arrested George Facer at Willard on the charge of unlawful cohabitation. He was taken before Commissioner Cross, when he gave bonds in the sum of \$1000 for his appearance on Wednesday, October 16th, for preliminary examination.

October 7th, McLellan took a trip to North Ogden, and there he ar-rested Abraham Chadwick on the same charge and took him to Ogden for hearing. During the afternoon he appeared before Commissioner Cross, where the preliminary exam-ination was hold. It resulted in his ination was held. It resulted in his being bound over to await the action of the grand jury at the November that you term in the sum of \$1000. The al-

leged second wife, Mrs. Mary Ann Chadwick, was bound over in the sum of \$200 to appear as a witness. Ogden Standard.

The case of the United States vs. Alonzo E. Hyde was again before the court Oct. 4, being called up by Mr. Varian. The charge is unlawful cohabitation, and the indictment was found in 1887. Mr. Varian stated that an important witness was missing. The officers have used every endeavor to find her, and he did not think that they would ever be able to, so he asked that it be dismissed. The request was granted.

On October 10, Wm. D. Newsom, of the Eleventh Ward, was arrested on a charge of unlawful cohabitation. He was taken before Commissioner Greenman, and gave bonds for his appearance at a preliminary examination tomorrow. He has been in the penitentiary once, on sentences for polygamy and unlawful cohabitation. One who knows remarked, when Mr. Newsom was arrested: "It's what he said himself that was carried, and caused the arrest. A real estate man went to buy his place. New-som said that if he sold he wanted the purchase price down, as he desired to leave town because the marshals were watching him, and the did not want to go to the peniteni-ary again. The real estate man came right down and reported what had been said, and the arrest was made."

Mr. Newsom's plural wife was arrested as a witness and released

Released From Prison.

Oct. 2d Wm. McNeil, of Logan, came out of the penitentiary, where he has served 30 days in addition to a three months' sentence. His fine was \$100 and costs. He was sentenced by Judge Henderson for unlawful cohabitation.

On October 10th, Thomas Godfrey, who resides at Clarkston, Cache County, was discharged from the penitentiary. He was detained there for unlawful cohabitation and in addition to a four months' term served 30 days for the fine imposed.

The Full Term.

Walter E. Wilcox, a long time resident of this city, was called be-fore Judge Zane Oct. 2, for sentence on a charge of unlawful cohabita-tion. The indictment was found three years ago. When Mr. Wil-cox came forward Judge Zane said: Have you anything to say before sentence is passed upon you?

Mr. Wilcox-No, sir.

Court-Where do you reside? Mr. Wilcox-In Salt Lake City. Court-How many wives have vou?

Mr. Wilcox-Two. Court-When did you marry the last one?

Mr. Wilcox--In 1860. Court-What is your age? Mr. Wilcox-I am just past 69. Court-Are you willing to state that you will obey the law in the

Mr. Wilcox-I could not make any promise.

Court-What means have you?

Mr. Wilcox—None at all.
Court—You appear to be an intelligent man. If you cannot give any assurance that you will obey the law in the future, you are not entitled to any leniency. You will be sentenced to the penitentiary for the term of six months and pay the

Mr. Wilcox went out to the bastile this afternoon.

Severe Sentences

The cases of Bedson Eardlev and Otis L. Terry, convicted of adultery with their plural wives, were before Judge Henderson October 4th, the defendants being called for sentence.

Mr. Rawlins moved for a new trial in the case of Bedson Eardley, on the ground that the verdict was not supported by the evidence. Mr. Varian opposed the granting

of the motion.

Judge Henderson stated that the testimony was that the defendant's plural wife had a child, and the fact that she was known as his plural wife, and sometimes took his name, was evidence against him. He had also been seen in the vicinity of the place, and persons would naturally consider him to be the father of the child. The judge therefore overruled the motion.

Mr. Rawlins made a similar motion in the Terry case, upon the same

grounds.

This was also opposed by Mr. Varian, and the court denied the motion.

Otis L. Terry was then called for sentence, and in reply to the court said he was a poor man, and his wife had been an invalid for seven years, and was now. He was married to the plural wife eight or nine years ago.

Judge Henderson said he would consider the recommendation of the jury and be lenient; but the statute must be enforced so it will stop the practice, and to compel also the observance of the law of 1882—the Edmunds law. He was sentenced to nine months in the penitentiary. Mr. Eardley was called, and stated that he was a poor man.

Judge Henderson said that he had been shown that he had been punished once for unlawful cohabitation, and had violated the same law again. The only way to prevent his family being large was to confine him in the penitentiary. He was sentenced to imprisonment for two years.

Gets One Year.

The case of the U.S. vs. Wm. P. Evans, indicted for adultery, was called for trial in the Third District Court Oct. 7th, Mr. Varian and Mr. McKay prosecuting, and Judge Powers defending. This is the case in which the defendant, a clerk for the R. G. W., when arraigned before the commissioner, entered a plea of guilty. He married a wife in Nebraska, and afterwards deserted ber. Then he married again in Colorado, and came to Utah, where his first wife followed him and had him arrested. Mrs. Ida L. Evans