REASONS GIVEN BY E. H. HARRIMAN

Why He Should Not Answer Questions Put to Him by Interstate Commerce Commission.

VIOLATE THE CONSTITUTION.

Claims Interrogatories Did Not Relate To Commerce Between States or With Foreign Countries.

New York, Nov. 12.—The reasons given by E. H. Harriman why he should not answer certain questions put to him during an investigation by the interstate commerce commission are set forth in a brief which has been filed by former Judge R. S. Lovett, counsel for Mr. Harriman.

The proceedings brought by the commission to compel Mr. Harriman to answer the questions are to come up before Judge Hough of the United States circuit court tomorrow. The principal point in the brief is the contention that the acts concerning which Mr. Harriman was questioned did not relate to interstate commerce nor to a violation of the interstate commerce act, but were designed to compel a disclosure by him of transactions for which, had they taken place, neither the commission nor the Congress of the United States could afford a remedy.

The brief also sets forth that Mr. Harriman does not admit that the interstate commerce commission has any powers other than those conferred by act of Congress approved Feb. 4, 1887, and the amendments thereto. The questions to which Mr. Harriman objected related to the purchase of stock and of other evil ways in the interests of the Union Pacific and the Union Pacific dividend.

QUESTIONS UNANSWERED.

In regard to the $28,000,000 of Illinois Central purchased at $175 a share, the questions which Mr. Harriman declined to answer were as follows:

"Were the 9,000 shares sold by yourself, Mr. Rogers and Mr. Stillman pooled?"

"Was it acquired for the purpose of selling to the Union Pacific?"

"Was the stock purchased by you at a much lower price than $175 with the intention of turning it over to the Union Pacific?"

"Did you have any interest in 15,000 shares sold at the time by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., to the Union Pacific?"

On the subject of the Union Pacific dividend which was advanced from a rate of 6 per cent to 10 per cent per annum on Aug. 15, 1906, with a consequent rise in the price of the stock, Mr. Harriman declined to answer the following:

"Were you directly or indirectly interested in any stocks that were bought between the 19th of July and the 17th of August that appreciated?"

"Did you or any director buy any Union and Southern Pacific stock in anticipation of that dividend?"

In the brief, the following reasons are given why Mr. Harriman should not give the information sought by the commission:

HIS CONTENTIONS.

"First—Said questions did not relate to commerce with foreign nations or among the several states, or with the Indian tribes, or to any transactions in such commerce, nor, however answered, could they tend to show any violation of the provisions of the said act to regulate commerce or any other law of the United States, or any law which Congress could constitutionally enact and make operative upon any corporation created by and deriving its franchises and power from a state; but said questions did relate to the business affairs of this respondent having no relation to such commerce, and were designed to compel a disclosure of this respondent to a purely administrative body of transactions, for which, had they taken place, neither the said commission nor the Congress of the United States, could afford a constitutional remedy."

The second contention is that if the act approved in 1887 be construed to give the interstate commerce commission power to inquire into the affairs of Mr. Harriman having no relation to interstate commerce, such construction is in violation of the Constitution of the United States, and void.

The third contention is that to compel response to the questions asked, save in a court of competent jurisdiction, would deprive the respondent (Mr. Harriman) of liberty without due process of law, contrary to article 5 of the amendments of the Constitution of the United States.

The fourth contention is that the questions did not relate to the business of the Union Pacific Railway company, the Southern Pacific company, the Oregon Short Line Railway company, and the Oregon Railway & Navigation company as common carriers, nor to the interstate transportation of goods or persons by such companies.

It is set forth in the fifth paragraph of the contentions why response should not be given, that the commission's inquiry at which the questions were asked was not based on any complaint of anything done or omitted to be done by the companies named above, in contravention of the interstate commerce law.

The sixth point raised by Judge Lovett is that if the interstate commerce act be construed as authorizing and empowering the commission to the conduct of an inquiry or investigation without any complaint having been made to it, or any statement of charges contained in any such complaint having been presented to any such common carrier or the respondent (Mr. Harriman), to put the said questions to this respondent and require him to answer the same, such is in violation of the provision of article 4 of the amendments of the Constitution of the United States, which provides that no person shall be deprived of liberty or property without process of law.

The seventh and last declaration is that the order made by the interstate commerce commission on Nov. 15, 1906, on the subject is so general, vague and indefinite in its terms as to fail to define any matter as being under investigation, either with respect to the Union Pacific Railway company or any other person or corporation, and the said questions were not pertinent or relevant to any inquiry alleged or claimed to have been authorized hereby.

GROWING GIRLS NEED PINK PILLS

The Tonic Necessary for Their Proper Development and to Insure a Healthful and Happy Life—Read This Statement of an Iowa Woman.

There is a form of anaemia, or blood leaness, that often afflicts growing girls, that has been called the anaemia of development. It requires care and proper attention as neglect may cause a life of unhappiness and suffering. There is also danger of consumption, especially if a dry, hacking cough is noticed. The disease is in the blood and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are particularly well adapted to cure it. We have yet to hear of a case in which these blood-making pills have been tried without success.

Miss Esther E. Durbin, of 212 1-2 Main street, Davenport, Iowa, says: "When I was a school girl I became afflicted with anaemia and grew so weak that I could scarcely walk. There was a craving for starch and I ate a great deal of it. I was pale and thin had no ambition and was subject to hysterical attacks. My breath was so short that I would have to sit down and rest on the way up the school steps. I would fall asleep during a recitation in spite of my efforts to keep awake and at last had to give up going to school.

"Sometimes it seemed as if my heart would jump out of my body. Almost everything I ate hurt my stomack and I had a bladder trouble that caused me to bloat and puff up. I had two doctors during the two years before I began using Dr. Williams Pink Pills and at last they told my mother that they could do nothing for me.

"Our druggist recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and when I had taken them about three weeks I noticed a change for the better. Altogether I had used them for about a year and they gave me new life and health when every other means had failed. I have recommended the pills to many others and am always glad to do so."

Dr. Williams Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

123 PERSONS PERISH.

St. Pierre, Miquelon, Nov. 12.—One hundred and twenty-three persons perished in the fishing fleet from this port during the season, just ended, according to official statistics. Seven vessels were lost. Five of the craft were owned by the Morue Francis company, and were lost with all on board. One of them, the Madelina, with 20 men, has never been heard from since she left St. Pierre early in the season.

A majority of the men lost left large families. Nearly all the disasters occurred in the heavy storms of September and October.

ALWAYS WAS SICK.

When a man says he always was sick—troubled with a cough that lasted all winter—what would you think if he should say—he never was sick since using Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Such a man exists. Mr. J. C. Clark, Denver, Colorado, writes: "For years I was troubled with a severe cough that would last all winter. This cough left me in a miserable condition. I tried Ballard's Horehound Syrup and have not had a sick day since. That's what it did for me." Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112 and 114 South Main St. B

KING GIVES STATE BANQUET TO EMPEROR

Windsor, England, Nov. 12.—In the historic hall of St. George, at Windsor Castle, King Edward and Queen Alexandra gave a state banquet this evening in honor of their German visitors. The hall, which for centuries has been associated with the Order of the Garter, was decorated with the banners of the principal knights of the order, while the tables were adorned with the famous golden plate, one of the great heirlooms of the sovereign of England.

Departing from the custom, King Edward and Emperor William sat side by side, with the queen on the right and the empress on the left. Around tables, which were set for 120 guests, there was gathered a most brilliant company, including many members of the British royal house, the suites of the visiting sovereigns, cabinet ministers, and former cabinet ministers, and ambassadors and other diplomatic representatives. Among the ambassadors was Whitelaw Reid.

King Edward proposed the health of Emperor William, who made acknowledgment in a short speech, closing with a toast to the English king.

The speeches made by King Edward and Emperor William were formal in tone. They consisted in reciprocal expressions of the pleasure the visit afforded and of a mutual desire for the maintenance of peace and friendship between the two countries. Emperor William alluded gracefully to his happy childhood under the roof within the walls of grand old Windsor castle, and he expressed the earnest wish that the close friendship existing between the two royal families should be reflected in the relations of the two countries and thus confirm the peace of the world, which he said was the constant endeavor of King Edward and himself.

At the conclusion of the state visit at Windsor castle, Nov. 18, Emperor William will spend a fortnight at High Cliffe castle, at Christchurch, near Bournemouth, a beautiful sequestered spot of historic associations. King Edward, the king of Spain and other royal personages have often stayed at High Cliffe castle.

You'll Appreciate A Hot Drink

Especially the way we serve them. Hot chocolate, Hot Coffee, Hot Malted Milk, Clam Bouillion, Tomato Bouillion, Egg Drinks and Hot Lemonade.

Phone us and we will send a pot of fresh coffee to stores or offices in our immediate vicinity.

Civility, Promptness, Cleanliness, Features of our Fountain.

Z C M I

DRUG STORE

The Pure Drug Dispensary
112 - 114 South Main St.

E. L. PIERCE NOT GUILTY.

Denver, Nov. 12.—Edward L. Pierce, a Denver & Rio Grande railroad clerk, who shot and killed Edward Osborne, an undertaker's assistant, in an undertaking establishment in this city, on the night of Oct. 7 last, was found not guilty of murder by a jury today. His plea was self-defense. Pierce formerly lived in Whiteville, N. C.

KING AND EMPEROR.

Will Not Discuss Politics During Latter's Visit to England.

Windsor, Eng., Nov. 12.—"There is no intention of discussing at Windsor any concrete political questions," said Herr von Schoen, secretary of the German foreign affairs, who is accompanying Emperor William on the latter visit to England. "Germany and England being in the happy position of having no actual political questions outstanding, but we hope and believe that the emperor's visit will bring about a renewal of the old time affectionate relations between the two countries. Their relations always have been correct, but this is not enough; there is an increasing desire that they become something more."

WILL CHANGE THE THAW CASE COMPLETELY.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—Miss Ida Veronie Simonton, whose name was frequently mentioned during the first trial of Harry K. Thaw, returned here today, after spending a year and a half in the jungles of Africa. Concerning the second Thaw trial, Miss Simonton said:

"I will go to New York and will testify in the Thaw case. I have not been subpoenaed, but will answer a summons from either side. My testimony will change the whole complexion of the case. The story told by Mrs. Charles J. Holman of her being deserted in London is true. I will not say which side my testimony will favor."

WILL ACCEPT SCRIP.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—Several hundred miners who stopped work Saturday when clearing house certificates were presented instead of cash, returned to work today and will accept the scrip.

HARAHAN REOPENS CAMPAIGN.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—President Harahan of the Chicago Illinois Central railroad today reopened the active campaign for proxies to be used at the postponed annual meeting of the railroad company on Dec. 18. He issued two circulars to the stockholders of the railroad company, in one of which, after narrating the facts regarding the procuring of an injunction by Stuyvesant Fish restraining the voting of certain shares of stock, he says:

"Of course if Mr. Fish's claim that corporations cannot vote or hold stock in Illinois corporations be sustained, then every insurance company, trust company, savings bank or other investment company wherever situated, which has invested in Illinois corporations, will suffer disastrous loss, and all persons interested as policyholders or stockholders in such companies will likewise suffer."

GLADYS VANDERBILT.

Vatican Authorities Approved Archbp. Farley's Attitude Towards Marriage.

Rome, Nov. 12.—The vatican authorities are following with interest the attitude taken by Archbishop Farley of New York, regarding the proposed marriage of Miss Gladys Vanderbilt and Count Laisce Szechenyi. The holy see approves every action of the archbishop tending to emphasize the authority of the church and restore the rigidity of her rules. Archbishop Farley takes the stand that the first marriage ceremony must be that of the Catholic church.

HAWAIIAN CONCERN FAILS.

Honolulu, Nov. 12.—The Hawaiian Realty Maturity company, an alleged get-rich-quick concern, has been declared insolvent. The liabilities are placed at $90,000. The depositors are mostly natives. L. K. Kaiwell, now a student at Columbia university, is president.

THE KLINE INQUIRY.

Goldfield, Nev., Nov. 12.—Very little was accepted by the coroner's jury in the Kline case today. The jurors are evidently determined to connect others to the attempted robbery of the reduction plant, but their efforts have so far been unsuccessful.

WANT SOUTHERN MAN FOR PRESIDENT.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 12.—A state convention of Democrats today started a movement for nomination of a southern man as a Democratic candidate for the presidency in 1908. Each delegate was instructed to work in the interest of sending a delegation from Tennessee to the national convention that will vote first, last and all the time for a southern man, and an address to the Democrats of the nation was issued. Only one name, that of former Gov. James D. Porter, was mentioned in connection with the nomination. This was greeted with applause, but Gov. Porter, chairman of the convention, refused to countenance a discussion along these lines. Woodrow Wilson, president of the Princeton university, was invited to address the convention, but declined. Gov. Patterson was a speaker and expressed hearty sympathy with the movement. The address authorized by the convention declares that the Democratic party was born in the south, but that this subject is approached in no sectional spirit. It asserts that conditions make candidates from the east no longer available, and that recognition of a southern man would emphasize the unity of the nation.

VICE PREST. FAIRBANKS IN RAILROAD WRECK.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Vice President Fairbanks and a distinguished party of court officials of this city were in a wreck on the Baltimore & Ohio tonight at Weaverton, Md., in which Fireman Clarkson was severely injured and the passengers were badly shaken up. The vice president as well as those who accompanied him escaped injury. He was in the private car of President Murray of the Baltimore & Ohio.

The party were on a special train returning to Washington from Hagerstown, Md., where they had been to attend the funeral of the late Judge Louis E. McComas of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia. On leaving Washington Junction the extra train hit the spadel on a blind switch resulting in the engine being ditched. The sudden stop and the roar of escaping steam from broken pipes under the private car threw the occupants into a panic, but quiet was soon restored and it was found that beyond a severe shaking up nobody was hurt. The car was extricated from the wreck and sent on to Brunswick, where it was picked up by a passenger train from the west, arriving in Washington in an hour and a half later.

DIAMONDFIELD JACK DAVIS.

Arraigned on Charge of Contempt of Court.

Goldfield, Nev., Nov. 12.—"Diamondfield" Jack Davis, the well known mine operator, was arraigned before Judge Langan today on a charge of contempt of court. It is alleged in an affidavit sworn to by Theodore Tobish, principal witness for the state in the Gibson murder trial, that Davis attempted to intimidate him and threatened bodily injury for certain testimony given by Tobish. The case was continued until tomorrow afternoon. Davis admits that he is a friend of Gibson, who killed Richard Mansell during a row in a restaurant, but claims that there is no basis for the charge made by Tobish.

Charles Riley, superintendent of the Silver Pick and Lone Star mining properties, committed suicide by blowing off the top of his head with a double barreled shotgun. Riley had been drinking heavily recently and was despondent because of the closing down of the Silver Pick mine.

GUILTY OF PEONAGE.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.—The decision of the lower court, finding seven Missourians guilty of peonage and imposing prison sentences, was affirmed today by an opinion handed down simultaneously at the office of the federal court of appeals here and in St. Paul. The opinion was written by Judge Adams. Charles M. Smith, Sr., Charles M. Smith, Jr., William M. Woods, F. L. Woods, Benjamin Field, Benjamin Stone and W. Lee Rogers were found guilty by direction of the United States court of the southeastern division of Missouri, and their punishment was fixed by sentences to imprisonment, ranging from one year and six months to three years and six months, and fines ranging from $100 to $5,000. James E. and Rex Smith, who were also indicted by the federal grand jury, were found not guilty.

The men were charged with keeping 40 negroes at work on plantations near Sikeston, Mo., guarding them day and night, and depriving them of their liberty.

JAPANESE EXPOSITION.

State Department Officials Favor Accepting Invitation.

Washington, Nov. 12.—State department officials favor accepting the invitation of the Japanese government to participate in an exposition at Tokio in 1912. If approved by the president, the matter will be called to the attention of Congress with a view to an appropriation for the purpose. Japan always has been prompt, it is said, at the department, to interest herself in expositions held in the United States.

GARY GROCERY CO. FAILS.

Selma, Ala., Nov. 12.—The Gary Grocery company, one of the largest wholesale firms in Central Alabama, was declared bankrupt this afternoon and E. Lemar was appointed receiver. The liabilities are estimated at more than $100,000. Assets as yet unknown. Bad collections are given as the cause of the failure.

GERMANY AND TARIFF.

Asst. Secy. of Treasury Reynolds Explains the Agreement.

New York, Nov. 12.—Speaking at the annual conference of local appraisers in session here, Asst. Secy. of the Treasury James B. Reynolds, just back from a special tariff inquiry in Europe, took the opportunity to clear up for the benefit of the appraisers a great deal of the existing misunderstanding about the German agreement. Mr. Reynolds made a clear and unequivocal statement as to what was expected of the officers in making appraisements under this treaty, and he took particular pains to bring out the fact that the agreement applies to other countries as well as to Germany.

This is the first pronouncement from a high official source as to an opinion which has long prevailed in customs circles, namely, that since the United States cannot grant to one country commercial privileges which is denied to another, no other document outside of the German agreement is necessary to secure to France, Austria, or any other country the same concessions as to export price, etc., that have been granted to Germany.

Besides the official expression of opinion to the appraisers Mr. Reynolds, in an interview late, said that the administration has always regarded the treaty as nothing more or less than an interpretation of the customs administrative act, and that the view accepted in some quarters, that the agreement is a series of special concessions to Germany, is entirely erroneous. Moreover, the administration fully intended that the new agreement should stand for all countries.

PILES

"I have suffered with piles for thirty-five years. One year ago I began taking Cascarets for constipation. In the course of a week I noticed the piles began to disappear and at the end of six weeks they did not trouble me at all. Cascarets have been a blessing to me. I am entirely cured and feel like a new man." George Hepler, Napoleon, O.

Best for The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. This genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 318

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

THE CHANGE OF LIFE

Sensible Advice to Women from Mrs. Henry Lee, Mrs. Fred Certia and Mrs. Pinkham.

MRS HENRY LEE MRS. FRED CERTIA

Owing to modern methods of living not one woman in a thousand approaches this perfectly natural change without experiencing a train of very annoying and sometimes painful symptoms.

This is the most critical period of her whole existence and every woman who neglects the care of her health at this time invites disease and pain.

When her system is in a deranged condition or she is predisposed to apoplexy or congestion of any organ, the tendency is at this period likely to become active and with a host of nervous irritations make life a burden. At this time also cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, melancholia, dread of impending evil, palpitation of the heart, irregularities, constipation and dizziness are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period of life when this great change may be expected.

Mrs. Fred Certia, 1014 So. Lafayette Street, So. Bend, Ind., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the ideal medicine for women who are passing through Change of Life. For several months I suffered from hot flashes, extreme nervousness, headache and sleeplessness. I had no appetite and could not sleep. I had made up my mind there was no help for me until I began to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, my bad symptoms ceased, and it brought me safely through the danger period, built up my system and I am in excellent health. I consider Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound unsurpassed for women during this trying period of life."

Mrs. Henry Lee, 60 Winter Street, New Haven, Conn., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"After suffering untold misery for three years during Change of Life I heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I wrote you of my condition, and began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and followed your advice, and to-day I am well and happy. I can now walk anywhere and work as well as anyone, and for years previous I had tried but could not get around without help. I consider your medicine a sovereign balm for suffering women."

Women passing through this critical period should rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If there is anything about your case you don't understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice. It is free and has guided thousands to health.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health, actually thousands of women, you cannot well say without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." It is your duty to yourself and family to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

ARRESTED ON SUSPICION OF PRACTISING FORGERY.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 12.—R. O. Smith of Fort Smith, Ark., is in jail here on suspicion of having practised forgery in various cities.

Local detectives claim that Smith is wanted in Kansas City, the Bankers' association of that city offering a reward of $2,000 for his arrest on charges of forgery aggregating $71,000. Smith registered here as Paul Halloway. His plan, according to the detectives, was to secure from public libraries books of local biography from which he obtained portraits and fac-simile signatures of his intended victims. Selecting one man as a victim, his alleged plan was to present forged endorsements from other prominent people and effect a deal that would net him money.

In his room was found a biography of western Pennsylvania with notes opposite the names of prominent capitalists, and the police believe he was about ready to begin operations here. There were also portraits and signatures of many New Yorkers. A visiting card and bogus letter from Charles M. Schwab, it is alleged, introduced Smith to Levi P. Morton, and opposite Morton's name is written: "Bling him for $4,500." Thomas E. Edison's name was used to gain an audience with J. P. Morgan, and the comment on the great financier is: "Too cold; couldn't touch him."

A check on the Union bank of Chicago for $100, payable to Paul Halloway and signed Temple H. Hamilton, was among Smith's effects, as was also an autograph photograph of Mr. Hamilton.

SUFFERING FROM COLD.

Residents of Somerset, Neb., Apply to Railway Commission for Relief.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 12.—Asserting that the cold weather has caused untold suffering on account of scarcity of coal the residents of Somerset, Neb., have appealed to the state railway commission for relief. John McConnell of Somerset declared he had bought coal in Denver Aug. 2, and paid for it. The consignment was shipped Oct. 19 and failed to arrive. The railway commission decided to request the Burlington to supply the town with coal at once. Several other complaints have been received.

ROBERT CALDWELL.

Attorneys for Duke of Portland Looking Up His Record.

New York, Nov. 12.—Attorneys, acting for the Duke of Portland, are gathering every bit of evidence they can here regarding the affairs of Robert Caldwell, who told a sensational story in the London courts last week, regarding the alleged dual life of the fifth Duke of Portland, during the trial of the case brought by the heirs of T. C. Druce, who, it was claimed, was the real Duke of Portland. Caldwell's life history has been added to the lawyers representing the holder of the title that is under attack, and it is stated, when Caldwell takes the stand next Friday, for cross-examination, he will be confronted with a mass of facts that will be used as the basis of an effort to shake his testimony that he arranged to bury T. C. Druce when the latter decided to abandon his double life and live as the duke only. To carry out the scheme lead was placed in a coffin and buried as Druce's body.

One of the affidavits obtained here was made, it is stated, by Nathaniel Inch, who declared that he and two other men were living in New York worked with the witness in Londonderry at the time the supposed duke was buried and that Caldwell was at no time away from the grain mills where they were employed. Mr. Inch is positive in his assertion that Caldwell never knew either Druce or the Duke of Portland and that he had nothing to do with the alleged mock funeral which he declared was conducted by him.

Mr. Inch has known Caldwell for nearly 53 years and had been associated with him for nearly 40 years. From 1857 he had known the witness, with whom he worked in several places, and when the two were in New York they lived together for some time before Caldwell married.

Other affidavits of an important character will be obtained, it is expected, within the next few days.

WILL COIN $52,000,000 IN DOUBLE EAGLES.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—The United States mint today delivered $1,000,000 in gold double eagles to the sub-treasury in this city. It is stated that within the next three months the mint here will coin $52,000,000 in double eagles.

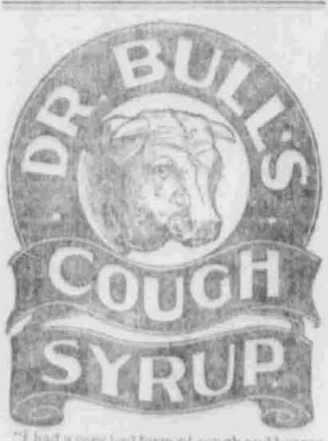
This enormous amount of gold will be distributed among the sub-treasuries in various parts of the country and will be employed to relieve the money stringency.

The local mint is well equipped to contribute its share of the shower of gold that has begun to fall upon every part of the United States. Many of its employes are working over time, however, it being a nightly occurrence for coin counters, weighers, adjusters and others to work as late as 10 o'clock, the usual hour for quitting work being 4 o'clock.

New machinery has been recently installed in the mint, and its efficiency was demonstrated in the operation of the "split dollar," a device for putting stars on the edge of the newly designed eagles. There are 46 stars on the edge of each piece, because of the approaching advent of the new state of Oklahoma to the Union.

The machinery at the mint is capable of grinding out 4,000 of these pieces in an hour. There is now at the mint enough bullion for the manufacture of $20,000,000 in double eagles, but more bullion from various sources is being diverted to the big institution.

As soon as $100,000 in half-dollar pieces or a similar amount in quarters are sent out from the mint, within a day or two, the attention of the working force will be devoted exclusively to the task of meeting the requirements for gold.



"I had a very bad form of cough and hoarseness, and after trying a great many remedies I decided to try Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and I thank God and you that it came to my mind, as nothing I had tried before relieved my suffering like it did. Words cannot express the good results I obtained and I can truthfully recommend it."

Mrs. Rev. J. F. Fries,
10 Vine St., Hackensack, N. J.

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup to all who will write for it and mention this paper. Address A. C. MEYER & CO., Baltimore, Md.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup can be given with perfect safety to the youngest child. It is absolutely pure. Guaranteed under the National Pure Food and Drugs Act, No. 186.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend,** by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE

Salt Lake City Coupon Paving Warrants (in $500.00 and $1,000.00 denominations) bearing 6 per cent interest.. Redeemable in ten annual payments. A safe, conservative and paying investment, especially desirable for small investors.

P. J. MORAN

BOARD OF TRADE BLDG., CITY.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

CHERRY CREEK MINES CO.—Principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice.—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment No. 1 of 5 cents per share, levied on the 3rd day of Oct., 1907, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names.	No. Cert.	No. of Shrs.	Amt. Due.
Samuel H. Allen	11	4,598	$183.92
Joseph Allen	17	300	15.00
S. W. Arnett	45	2,000	80.00
Wm. F. Armstrong	103	3,000	75.00
Wesley Austin	111	600	30.00
Josiah Burrows	105	1,000	50.00
H. S. Beale	6	2,000	80.00
Geo. J. Cannon	139	1,000	50.00
P. M. Castleton	31	1,000	10.00
Geo. J. Cannon	140	15,000	600.00
Alta O. Dawson	16	200	6.00
W. H. Forbes	14	1,000	50.00
Jos. Scowcroft	46	15,000	375.00
H. C. Gaw	59	1,000	50.00
H. C. Gaw	60	1,000	50.00
H. C. Gaw	61	600	30.00
H. C. Gaw	62	1,000	50.00
H. C. Gaw	63	300	15.00
H. C. Gaw	64	300	15.00
H. C. Gaw	65	300	15.00
H. C. Gaw	66	300	15.00
H. C. Gaw	67	300	15.00
H. C. Gaw	68	300	15.00
H. C. Gaw	69	300	15.00
H. C. Gaw	70	300	15.00
H. C. Gaw	71	300	15.00
H. C. Gaw	72	250	12.50
H. C. Gaw	73	250	12.50
H. C. Gaw	74	250	12.50
H. C. Gaw	75	250	12.50
H. C. Gaw	76	250	12.50
H. C. Gaw	77	250	12.50
Henry Green	15	3,000	90.00
Fred Herald	78	50	1.50
N. Higgins	81	1,000	40.00
Andrew Hickman	84	500	15.00
J. E. Lamprey	9	2,000	80.00
Willard Marble	13	2,500	75.00
S. S. Marcum	72	500	15.00
Lenny Merrill	24	1,000	30.00
Oscar W. Morris	104	2,500	75.00
Mrs. A. C. McCormack	10	1,000	30.00
E. L. Sharp	97	10,000	300.00
W. P. Pryse	47	1,000	30.00
Jas. D. Pryse	48	1,000	30.00
W. P. Reed	79	7,500	225.00
C. N. Sampson	86	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	87	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	88	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	89	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	90	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	91	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	92	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	93	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	94	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	95	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	96	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	97	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	98	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	99	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	100	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	101	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	102	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	103	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	112	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	113	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	114	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	115	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	116	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	117	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	118	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	119	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	120	1,000	30.00
Homer L. Smith	25	5,000	150.00
James Sullivan	42	1,000	30.00
Dr. Fred Stauffer	33	3,500	105.00
S. S. Tinges	16	2,500	75.00
Mat. Thomas	21	500	15.00
O. W. Uthoff	39	500	15.00
M. D. Wells	19	3,000	90.00
M. B. Whitney	4	1,000	30.00
A. C. Wherry	103	1,500	45.00
A. C. Wherry	104	5,500	165.00
Lewis Wright	91	500	15.00
L. P. Wherry	105	1,000	30.00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors made on said 3rd day of October, 1907, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the secretary of said company at the State Bank of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Friday, the 22nd day of November, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m. to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with the costs of advertising and expense of sale.

HENRY T. McEWAN,
Secretary.
State Bank of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah.
First publication, Nov. 6th, 1907.

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