

# THE EVENING NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Friday, July 22, 1870.

## PROCEEDINGS

OF THE  
TWENTY-THIRD ANNIVERSARY  
OF THE  
Arrival of the Pioneers in Salt Lake Valley.

At sunrise a Pioneer salute of twenty-four guns by a detachment of artillery which will be a signal for the raising of flags on public buildings and throughout the city.

The Day and Sabbath schools will meet at their respective Ward Halls at 8:30 a.m., and organize under the direction of their Superintendents and teachers and proceed to the New Tabernacle.

The Pioneers, Twelve, Bishops, Territorial, County and City officers, meet at the City Hall at 8:30 a.m., and from there proceed, escorted by Capt. Croxall's band and the Committee, to the Tabernacle.

PROCEEDINGS AT THE TABERNACLE:  
During the seating of the audience the Tenth Ward Brass Band will play popular airs.

Music.—Tabernacle Choir.  
Prayer.—Chaplain, Elder Wilford Woodruff.

Music.—Capt. Croxall's Band.  
Oration.—Hon. Orson Pratt.  
Song.—J. T. D. McAllister.  
Speech.—Hon. Geo. A. Smith.  
Music.—Marshall Band.  
Speech.—Pres. Brigham Young.  
Music.—Captain Croxall's Band.  
Toasts, Sentiments, &c.  
Music.—Tabernacle Choir.  
Benediction, by the chaplain.  
Territorial salute at Sundown.  
Artillery salute at 12 m.

Fireworks opposite the Theatre, between eight and ten p.m.  
Citizens and visitors are respectfully invited to attend the exercises at the Tabernacle, and a general suspension of business is requested that all may have an opportunity of participating in the celebration.

THEO. MCKEAN,  
WM. JENNINGS,  
L. S. HILL,  
JOS. A. YOUNG,  
ISAAC GROSS,  
H. S. BEATTIE,  
JOHN CLARK,  
THOS. TAYLOR,  
H. P. KIMBALL,  
J. D. T. MCALLISTER,  
Committee  
of  
Arrangements.  
Marshal of the Day.

## FRANCE AND PRUSSIA.

If there is anything more remarkable than the suddenness with which war broke out between France and Prussia, it is the celerity with which the armies of the two nations were pushed to the Rhine, the probable scene of the beginning of hostilities. Both nations are renowned for their quickness of movement, for superb military organization and for great military resources. France was determined that Prussia should not get the start, and it is said that three days after the declaration of war was made, France had 130,000 soldiers on her frontiers. Opinions vary as to which power will be successful. The general sympathy in this country thus far leans towards Prussia; but there are not wanting those who think that France will be victorious. They assert her population and navy are larger than those of Prussia, her military resources and wealth are greater, and what is very important her people have greater homogeneity of feeling and they have been in the habit of whipping the Prussians. If Lord Aberdeen's opinion of France, uttered in the British Parliament on the eve of the Sebastopol campaign, be true of France to-day, then the friends of that power and those who predict that she will be successful in the pending struggle, have good grounds on which to base their hopes. In his opinion, he said, France was a power greater than both Russia and Austria combined.

"Modern history," he said, "has twice proved that it has required, in the times of Louis the XIV. and of Napoleon, a coalition of all the powers in Europe to stop the career of French ambition, and even that was necessarily united to the army and naval resources of this island (Great Britain)."

If this war is pushed, events will soon prove whether Lord Aberdeen's estimate of the power of France in 1854 will hold good for 1870. The worst feature of this war, so far as France is concerned, is the undue eagerness with which she has sought to enter into it. All feel that the cause of war is too trivial. And this will array against her the moral sentiment of Europe and the world. Her course throughout this whole affair has been dictatorial and overbearing, and her language and demands have been of such an arrogant character that it would be strange if a power such as Prussia estimates herself to be, did not resent them. The victor in this contest will, without doubt, obtain an addition of territory. The desire of France to obtain possession of the Rhenish provinces has not been disguised. This is the real object of the war. But there is a possibility of Napoleon being defeated. In which case he who goes forth to shear may get shorn, and France may possibly lose some portion of her fair domain. There are Rhenish provinces which she holds, the people of which for the generations

that they have been a part of France, have never forgotten their German origin; they speak the German tongue and their literature is German as well as French.

Whenever a collision occurs the fighting will be bloody. Everything that engineering skill could accomplish has been done by France and Prussia to fortify every available point on their respective frontiers, and their garrisons will defend them to the last extremity. The soldiers of both armies are trained to the highest point of skill, and they go into the contest like machines, and will do the largest amount of killing in the shortest space of time.

According to the law of 1868, the French army is composed of the Active Army and the Reserve. The aggregate number of her land forces, both active and reserve, is asserted by some authorities to be about 1,300,000; but others estimate her total available forces at 1,029,121 only, of which about 450,000 form her Active forces.

The grand total of men in active service in the German army in 1868 was 396,442; this number is taken from an official report published that year at Berlin. But these are the numbers of the army when on a peace footing. In time of war, the battalions are increased until, according to the report, a grand total of 977,000 men is reached.

In carefully studying this subject we find it difficult to arrive at a correct estimate as to exact and comparative strength of the two armies. Authorities differ; but enough is known to show that the two powers are not unequally matched, and it is difficult to say upon which banner victory will perch. We pity the poor wretches who will have to suffer and die in this contest of ambition. Of what benefit will it be to them whether France and Prussia gain or lose territory? The royal scoundrels who provoke wars should be the ones to suffer by them; but they are most careful of their precious persons. There will be none of them killed, unless it is by accident. Yet if the people had sense enough to govern themselves and to live at peace with one another, it would be a great gain to mankind at large to hang up or otherwise remove out of the way these tyrants, who to gratify their unholy ambition hurl armies upon one another to be mangled and butchered, though hecatombs of men should be sacrificed, and at the same time placidly and eloquently expatiate upon their valor and patriotism in dying for their country!

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

## WASHINGTON.

Agricultural report for July.  
WASHINGTON.—The Prussian Minister has received the following: "The French government refuses to exempt German steamers from capture, except those at sea and ignorant of the war, and which may enter French ports."

Agricultural reports, for July, show the wheat crop to be less than last year, and corn to be greater; oats are above the average; cotton promises an increase of twelve per cent. Wheat in California is reported five per cent. below the average; in Oregon, four. The total estimated decrease in the wheat crop is forty-eight million bushels. Tobacco shows an increase of five per cent.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

## WEST INDIES.

Threatening—Feneral.  
HAVANA, 19.—City of Mexico dates, to the 10th, state that Martinez is threatening San Louis Potosi.

The Capt. General has pardoned twelve prisoners, under sentence of death, since his return to Havana. The funeral of Mrs. Biddle, the wife of the American Consul General, was attended by the highest Spanish authorities, the consuls of the different nations, and a large number of foreign and American merchants.

## FRANCE.

Decision touching Prussian subjects and commerce.

PARIS.—The Journal Officiel makes the following announcement: "The Emperor has decided that all subjects of Prussia or of States allied with her now in France, or in the French colonies, shall be permitted to remain so long as their conduct furnishes no cause for complaint. The emigration from this date to the territory of France of subjects of Prussia or her allied States will be subject to special permission, given only optionally."

In regard to vessels of commerce belonging to the enemy the following orders will be observed:  
To such vessels as are now in ignorance of the war a delay of thirty days will be granted for their departure, and a safe-conduct will be given to them until their arrival at their destination or at the ports to which they belong. Vessels having shipped cargoes for France on account of French parties, before the declaration, are not liable to capture, and may safely discharge their cargo and load with others in the ports of the empire, after which they will receive a safe-conduct to the ports to which they belong.

## PRUSSIA.

Loyal address.—River closed.—Enthusiasm.—\$120,000,000 voted unanimously for five hundred German men to fight.—Decrease of German emigration.

BERLIN, 21.—The Reichstag voted unanimously on the royal address in reply to the king's speech.  
The mouth of the river Weser has been closed with sunken hulks, to prevent the entrance of the French navy.

An enthusiastic German in Illinois, sent a cable telegram to Count Von Bismarck, promising to give two hundred dollars to the captor of the first French flag.

The vote in the North German Parliament, yesterday, for the extraordinary credit of \$120,000,000 was unanimous, at the first and second readings. Bismarck informed the Parliament, yesterday, that the declaration of war was the first and only document he had officially received from France, proving conclusively, that the surprise was intended.

It is still believed here that Austria will remain passive and neutral, without arming.

Upon the arrival of the steamship *Amberia*, at Havre, on Saturday, on her regular trip from Hamburg to New York, five hundred Germans who had paid their passage to America, bearing the declaration of war, left the ship and returned to Prussia and enlisted in her army.

It is estimated that the decrease in the number of German emigrants to America this year will be 20,000 on account of the war.

## SPAIN.

Neutrality advised.

MADRID.—The journals advise neutrality for Spain.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

Steamship detention.

SOUTH HAMPTON.—The German steamship, carrying the mail between New York and Leipzig, has been detained here, till she is officially notified that it will be safe to leave.

OMAHA has in contemplation the erection of a magnificent City Hall building, to contain a market, a city prison, offices for city officials, a police court room and a hall capable of seating two thousand five hundred people.

## ARRIVALS AT SALT LAKE HOUSE.

JULY 21st.

Judge F. P. Johnson, Corinne  
John Duke, Stockton  
Jas M. Day, City  
B. S. Cogswell, Ogden  
John Murphy, do  
Thos J. Falls, Shanghai, China  
J. W. Mustard, do  
N. J. Parnham, do  
W. V. Loring, Hong Kong, China  
J. Fairbairn, do

## ARRIVALS AT TOWNSEND HOUSE.

JULY 21st.

Dr O. H. Pierson, New York  
W. P. Ewing, Elkhart  
Miss Nellie A. Littlefield, San Francisco  
Miss Whitney, do  
B. F. Myers and wife, Long Branch, N. J.  
J. S. Gould, San Francisco  
James K. Nelson, do  
E. B. Greenhouse, Versailles, Ky.  
Mrs H. Cary, Virginia City, Montana  
E. L. Briggs and wife, Grand Rapids, Mich.

JULY 22nd.

Samuel Merritt, Oakland City  
Ed Conway, Corinne  
F. S. Wilcox, Oakland City  
Ed Caldwell, Sacramento  
J. H. Cary, San Francisco  
W. P. Merrill, do  
Walter Hopkins and wife, Bristol, Eng.  
R. D. Hall and wife, New York  
F. Denney, Sac City  
E. W. Pierce and wife, Omaha  
L. D. Conway, Corinne  
A. J. Ferry, U. S. A.

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No 75 Duane Street, NEW YORK

500 East of Broadway,  
And 101 & 103 Walnut St., CINC., O.  
d196 3m

## NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the U. C. R. R. are hereby notified that there will be a general meeting of the company at my office, next door east of Historians Office, Salt Lake City, on Monday, August 22, 1870, at 10 a.m.  
By request of Stockholders,  
JOHN W. YOUNG,  
Secretary.

## M. D. WELLS & CO

Manufacturers of

## BOOTS AND SHOES

38 Lake St., CHICAGO.

## UTAH TRADE

Especially Solicited.

d161 1f

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## Wool-Growers of Utah!

I will receive

## W O O L

IN EXCHANGE FOR

## CLOTH & YARN

AT THE

## DESERET WOOLLEN MILLS

Mouth of KANYON OREEK,

Salt Lake County.

## BRING ON YOUR WOOL!

J. W. CUMMINGS,  
City Mill.

## Special Notices.

Vote the People's Ticket.—All persons who are qualified to Vote at the coming Election are requested, before going to the Polls, to purchase their Boots, Shoes and Hats at the Mammoth Boot, Shoe and Hat Store of d165 8  
Bunford & Son.

THE ONLY GOOD TEA IN TOWN! TRY IT LADIES AND PROVE FOR YOURSELVES, at  
G. W. DAVIS,  
near Kimball & Lawrence.

WANTED.—A Woman to do Housework.  
See  
H. S. BEATTIE. d207 6

Dayton Sulky Rakes just arrived and for sale by Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution. Those wishing to purchase should apply early, as the supply is limited.  
H. B. CLAWSON, Sept.

ALL OVER the American Continent, the educated palate has pronounced in favor of Burnett's Standard Flavoring Extracts.  
BURNETT'S KALLISTON cure for asthma as well as snoring.

DANDRUFF can be killed by the use of Burnett's Cocaine; also Irritation of the Scalp. BURNETT'S COOKING EXTRACTS.—"The best kind extant."—Sears' National Review. IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—A real Remedy for Asthma in Jonas Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy.

## THEATRE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

Engagement of

## WALTER MONTGOMERY

The world renowned Shakespearean

Reader and Elocutionist,

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY!

When he will give the following selections from the Beauties of our Literature, on

## FRIDAY EVEN'G

JULY 22, 1870.

Commencing at 8 o'clock precisely:

The Seven Ages of Man.—As You Like It.  
Soliloquy on Death.—Hamlet.  
Wesley's Farewell.—Henry VIII.  
Church Yard Scene.—Hamlet.  
Hubert and Arthur.—King John.  
The Bells.—Poe.  
The Bridge of Sighs.—Hood.  
The Charge of the Light Brigade.—Tennyson, and  
The Bloomsbury Christening, by Charles Dickens.

It will be seen that this Programme differs from the one previously published and has been amended, as the other was compiled in error.

## Change of Prices!

The Price of Admission will be charged, for this occasion, as follows:

First Circle, front seats,	\$1.00
" " back seats,	75
Parquette, all parts,	50
Second Circle, "	50
Third " "	25

## NOTICE! NOTICE! NOTICE!

## TEASDEL & CO.,

Successors to WILLIAM JENNINGS & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Home-Made

## LEATHER,

## BOOTS & SHOES.

The above we make

## A SPECIALTY.

## PRICES AND QUALITY

Guaranteed to compare favorably with Eastern Goods.

WE have also added to our Business a First Class Assortment of

## DRY GOODS,

In Endless Variety.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!

NEW STYLES! GOOD QUALITIES! LOW PRICES!

BONNETS, RICKETTES, CLOTHS & CLOTHING, SHAWLS & NOTIONS.

ALSO

Choice FAMILY GROCERIES,

Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Woodenware and Farming Implements.

Call and examine Quality and Prices, EAGLE HOUSE, opposite Salt Lake House.

## TEASDEL & CO.

LOST.

BETWEEN this City and Farmington, on Thursday, July 21st, a Leather POCKET BOOK, containing some U. S. Currency bills, an Order drawn on Mr. Joseph A. Young, in favor of James Millard, and other papers. The finder will be remunerated on leaving it at this Office, or with Bishop John W. Hess, Farmington. d205 3

## WANTED,

At the COTTONWOOD DISTILLERY, a few Thousand Bushels of

## WHEAT,

For which One Dollar, Cash, per Bushel will be paid. Also a few Bushels of

## BLACK CURRANTS,

FRESH PULLED, OR DRY, For which Four Dollars per Bushel will be paid. If more convenient the currants can be left at my City Liquor Store.

## WILLIAM HOWARD.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## TRUCKS AND SALT LAKE

## LUMBER YARD.

Agent for SALT LAKE CITY: C. KING.

750,000 FEET

Boards,

Scantling,

Joists,

Sills, ALL SIZES.

\$32.50 PER 1,000 FEET!

By Car Load.

3½ CENTS PER FOOT,

RETAIL.

1,000,000

SUGAR PINE, CLEAR SEASONED

SHINGLES,

AT

\$4.75 PER THOUSAND.

No. 1 LATHS,

(1 x 1½ inch.)

\$6.50 PER THOUSAND.

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS

Made for

## FENCING.

(1½ x 6 inches.)

ALL

NAMELY

## Building Material,

Sierra Valley Sugar and Red

Pine, Puget Sound, Humboldt Bay and San Francisco

Clear-Seasoned Red Wood.

Half-inch Ceiling, Flooring, T. & G., and Square Edged, S. & F. Edged Siding.

Red Wood and Sugar Pine Counter Tops, from 16 to 36 inches wide.

Raised and Moulded

## PANEL DOORS,

ALL SIZES.

## SASH DOORS,

Double and Single.

SASH, GLAZED and UNGLAZED,

Constantly kept on hand.

Extra sized made promptly to order.

RED WOOD & SUGAR PINE

## MOULDINGS,

All sizes, made to order.

## Flour, Butter & Eggs

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Offices.—SALT LAKE CITY,

Bear of Walker Bros. Store.

OGDEN, COBINE, N. & E. C. P. Depot.

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D. W. PARKHURST, Proprietor.

## WHAT I DESIRE TO DO,

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## MERCHANDISE,

SUCH as Cloth from the Factories, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Furniture, Brooms, and in fact every kind of Home Manufacture, for other useful articles needed, in lieu of the commodity bought, such, perhaps, as Wood, Coal, Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Fine & Coarse Salt, Pure Vinegar, Molasses, Willowware, Pottery, Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, Real Estate, Second-hand Wagons or anything else I may be able to exchange, my business being founded on a Trade Basis.

I am willing to sell any thing at the owners price, for 10 per cent Commission; and, when sold, pay out of store or in any of the aforementioned articles.

I am manufacturer and general dealer in Pure Unadulterated Vinegar and Fine and Coarse Salt.

Try me once and see whether business is managed satisfactorily.

## JOHN W. SNELL,

IDAHO STORE,

CORNER REVERE HOUSE

d104 1m

CHARLES MAGARGE & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in