ESTABLISHED June 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

The Oldest Newspaper — OF THE — ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 114. TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 1891, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIV.

THE SUPREME COURT

Reverses the Judgment in the Case of Andrew Davis vs. Wiebold, Butte, Montana.

THE CANADIAN EMISSARIES READY TO RETURN.

A Reverend Gentleman Indicted for Libeling Prominent Preachers of His Own Faith.

By Telegraph to the News.

SENTENCE REVERSED.

Decision of the U. S. Supreme Court in a Montana Case.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The United States Supreme Court today reversed the judgment of the supreme court of Montana in the case of Andrew J. Davis, appellant, vs. Henry Wiebold, and ordered the case remanded for a new trial. This was a suit for damages, and involved the title to certain lands in the town of Butte, Montana. The case turns upon the construction to be given to the township law of the United States. Davis held title under the township entry act, of which one provision was that no title should be acquired under the act to any gold, silver or copper mine, nor to any valid mining claim held under the existing laws. Wiebold claimed title under the general mining laws, and when Davis offered to prove that at the time the patent to the Butte township was issued the premises in dispute were not known to be valuable for minerals of any kind, objection was taken on the ground that Wiebold's counsel admitted that, as a matter of fact, the premises not contain valuable mineral lands, and as such could not be granted by a township patent. The court sustained the objection, and the ruling, which was really decisive of the controversy, this court overrules.

The question involved in the suit has been long in dispute, and there are various, and in some instances diverse, decisions on it in the executive departments. The United States Supreme Court has several times passed upon it by inference and implication, but this, it is said, is the first direct decision.

The court, in its opinion, written by Justice Field, says: "The important question is whether in the absence of knowledge that there were any valuable mineral lands within the township, Davis can be deprived of the premises purchased upon payment of his money, and a writer strips on the south, extending over the great Rocky Mountain divide and down on the north.

Three hundred and ninety-four thousand ounces of silver was purchased today at prices ranging from .9622 to .9688.

The Supreme Court of the United States today affirmed the judgment of the circuit court of the United States for the District of Colorado in favor of the Maxwell Grant Company on the suit brought against that company by the United States to declare that land merely to prohibit the passage of title to mining lands then known to exist, and not to prohibit acquisition for all time of mines which then lay buried unknown in the depths of the earth.

"The object of the Township act was to afford relief to inhabitants of cities and towns upon public lands by giving valid title thereto. Under such protection many towns, with populations of great value, have grown up. It would in many instances be a great impediment to the progress of such towns if the titles to the lands occupied by their inhabitants were subject to be overthrown by the subsequent discovery of mineral deposits under their surface. If their titles would be subject them against the discovery of mines in them, neither would it protect them against the invasion of their property for the purpose of exploring for mines. The temptation to enter into such explorations would be accurating to the supposed extent of minerals, and being thus subject to indiscriminate invasion, the land would be to one having the title poor and valueless, and its protection to the owner by ejectments and abatements of its products. We do not think any such results were contemplated by the act, and such construction should be given to it that would lead to such results."

THE CANADIAN VISITORS.

They Announce that they are Ready to Leave Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Accompanied by Sir Julius Pauncefote, the Canadian cabinet officials called upon Secretary Blaine at his home just before noon today. They stay here but a few moments, and returning to the hotel they announced that they were about to leave Washington. President Harrison was significantly asked to be present at the conference, and as his coming trip West would interfere in that it was thought it would prevent the negotiations until such time as the President could give the matter his attention. Messrs. Foster and Thompson will leave Washington this afternoon for Ottawa and Tupper will go to London. He says Sir Julius will notify the parties to return to Washington, which will be as soon as the President can conveniently give his attention to the negotiations.

REV. R. T. HANKS

Indicted by the Grand Jury for Criminal Libel.

DALLAS, TEXAS, April 6.—The grand jury has returned two indictments for criminal libel against Rev. Robert T. Hanks, the noted Baptist divine and editor of the *Western Baptist*. He is charged with libeling Rev. E. D. Sharp, L. R. Scroggin, S. R. Grant and A. M. Johnson, all prominent preachers of the same faith. The offence consists in having charged in his paper that these divines were paid secret hirelings of the *Texas Baptist and Herald*, and notorious liars. The indictments are the outcome of a bitter newspaper war between the *Western Baptist* and the *Texas Baptist and Herald*. The accused parson declares that he will prove that the allegations made are true when the case goes to trial. The legal contest bids fair to become a most sensational one.

Secretary Noble Renders a Decision.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Secretary Noble rendered a decision today rejecting applications to reflect about forty-three entries under the timber and stone act, made by the owners of the Kaweah Co-operative Colony in California, now within the Sequoia Park reservation, created by act of Congress approved September 25 and October 1, 1890. The secretary holds these applications to purchase under the timber and stone act one not a tribe of land, and the parties making the same acquire no vested right thereby, hence it was competent for Congress to reserve this land, which it did by the acts creating the reservation. In other words, when proof was scientified and payment tendered, these lands were not in condition to warrant of the class that might be sold. The applications are therefore denied.

The Secretary also decided that in case of entries made under the homestead, preemption and timber laws, wherein final proof and payment were made and final certificate issued prior to the date of reservation, that in cases where these entries are found to be regular, patents should issue. The Secretary further holds that valid homestead entry excepts land from reservation, but in case the entrymen fail to perfect their rights the entries should be cancelled and the land will become part of the reservation.

It is estimated that these colonists have expended in public roads and other improvement about $100,000, and while the Secretary's decision may result in hardship to individuals, any relief to them must come through Congressional action. The Secretary said today that he had no desire to deprive the colonists of their equities in the matter, and although the law and the facts compelled the decision against their claims, he would be willing to recommend to Congress that they be reimbursed for their losses.

Secretary Proctor's Return to the Capital.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—No one at the War Department knows of any telegram having been sent Secretary Proctor requesting his return. The Secretary telegraphed that he would leave San Diego for this city on Monday. He has carried on the principal part of his programme in visiting the military posts in the south and on the Pacific Coast, and if he does not extend his trip it was probably because he wishes to see the President before the latter leaves Washington on his Western tour.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—By the proclamation issued by the President Saturday, there is added to Yellowstone National Park a strip of land about twenty miles wide on the south side and a wider strip on the south, extending over the great Rocky Mountain divide and down on the north.

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The New Discovery.

You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know from personal experience just how good a thing it is. If you have never tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because its wonderful thing about it is, that when once given a trial, Dr. King's New Discovery ever after holds a place in the house. If you have never used it and should be affected with a cough, cold or any Throat, Lung or Chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guaranteed every time, or money refunded. Trial bottles free at A. C. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store.

The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, and take the first step into Nervous Prostration. You need a Nerve Tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the most sensible and effectual. Your nervous system is in a normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of Electric Bitters. Tonic and Alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the liver and Kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50c. at A. C. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store.

The Spring Medicine.

The popularity which Hood's Sarsaparilla has gained as a spring medicine is wonderful. It is seen in the thousands of testimonials giving its purifying and appetite-restoring which everybody seems to need at this season. Do not continue in a dull, tired, unsatisfactory condition when you may be so much benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It purifies the blood and makes the weak strong. 4

Williams' Australian Herb Pills.

If you are Yellow, Bilious, complicated with Headache, bad breath, drowsy, no appetite, dull, out your liver is out of order. One box of these Pills will drive all the trouble away and make a new being of you. Drug Dept., Agents. 4da

FRANCE EXCITED.

Cardinal Lavigerie Makes a Significant Speech.—Papacy and Democracy.

PARNELL'S MYSTERIOUS INNER LIFE TO BE EXPLAINED.

Canada Likely to Have a Religious Fight on Her Hands, Over the School Act.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH.

She is Thought to be Drifting Towards Democracy.

ROME, March 31.—Cardinal Lavigerie's toast at Algiers, and the events that rapidly followed that striking utterance, are still much discussed in ecclesiastical circles. Everything indicates a decided drift of the Catholic Church towards modern democracy, that the Church has enjoyed the protection of Pope Leo knows that he has always considered it of prime importance for the Church to free itself from association on the side of aristocratic parties, but it was necessary to move slowly, so as to avoid the rigidity and arbitrariness accomplishing as little as possible. In all countries the Pope has favorite correspondents, upon whose advice he places special reliance and who are charged with carrying out his personal policy. Cardinal Lavigerie is one of these, and when, on October 8th last, he cardinal arrived in Rome, Pope Leo charged him personally with the important religious and political mission of bringing the church in France into harmony with the republic.

Lavigerie's speech brought a flood of letters to the Vatican. All France was excited. Within the Vatican the best way suggested and approved by the Vatican the form it took was not satisfactory. The Abbot Crouzel, of Africa went somewhat beyond the bounds. He attacked the royalist parties, and taunted them with having been in alliance with Bonapartism.

But this vigorous language had a good side. It made all France understand unmistakably that the papacy intended to break with the past. The Pope said, with regard to title: "The cardinal has done right. It was necessary to strike a great blow in order to get out of this condition of hesitancy and confusion."

The letter of Cardinal Rampolla to the Bishop of Tours repeated in a letter form the advice given in Algiers. The support of the whole Episcopal body, it was said, that the work has been successful. It will come to pass in spite of the opposition and passion of parties. The Pope says that the future belongs to the democracy. He is convinced that the United States will furnish the form of the conclusions of Christian society, as well as scientific questions. He believes sincerely that Europe is marching towards democracy, with republican institutions as the predominant type. In his letter as Pontiff he dare not say so, but Cardinal Lavigerie's address was the echo of his sentiments. Taken in the letter as the observations which have reached the Vatican from the courts are proof that the prophetic voice has been heard, and the statesmen are warned.

A CHURCH WAR.

The Catholic Hierarchy Fight the Manitoba School Act.

QUEBEC, April 6.—Canada may now have on her hands a big religious fight, as well as a political one, over the Manitoba school act, which was recently adopted by the Legislature there, and which prohibits religious instructions in the public schools in Manitoba. The entire Roman Catholic hierarchy have entered upon a fight against it. In all their churches yesterday a joint mandate, signed by them, was read. The hierarchy insist that the Government of Canada must act, and the result of the mandate must be to form the Canadian Catholics into an almost compact body to support this course. The Catholic members of the new Parliament are largely influenced by the mandate and in view of the reduced majority for the government at Ottawa, the situation in which the John Abbot will find himself cannot fail to be critical, for it will become a question of expediency. While the people of Manitoba claim the right to manage their own affairs and the Protestant electors, as a rule, throughout Canada take the same stand, and while the Roman Catholic Church holds, on the other hand, that the act is in violation of vested and sacred rights, Sir John will decide upon a course that will expose him to the least possible loss of support. Sir John's friends think that he may evade the question by referring the constitutionality of the act to the supreme court.

A PARNELL SENSATION.

He is Said to be Secretly Married, but not to Mrs. O'Shea.

LONDON, April 6.—A sensation was caused in the lobby of the Commons today by a rumor that Parnell had been privately married since the O'Shea divorce proceedings. According to this rumor the lady from Parnell married is not Mrs. O'Shea. Several Parnellites in the Commons were interviewed, but refuse to say more than that the "mystery of their leader's inner life, often referred to as certain to clear Parnell's character, will shortly be explained."

IN INDIA.

Fighting with the Rebellious Native Contingent.

SIMLA, April 6.—Sharp fighting with the rebellious native contingent. The Minnah's defeat is a setting. Yesterday the Twenty-ninth regiment lost nine men killed and four wounded.

A "Sleep Fast" Ended.

DETROIT, April 6.—The "sleep fast" of 156 hours ended today. George Cunningham was the only one of the contestants to complete the prescribed limit. Townsend, the old-time pedestrian, kept awake 150 hours, and then collapsed. He exhibits symptoms of insanity.

SENATOR EDMUNDS

On the General Political Situation.—The Farmers' Alliance Movement.

FIVE CANDIDATES FOR THE CHICAGO MAYORALTY.

No More Competition Between Class Speeches and the Sugar Trust.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

Interview with Senator Edmunds, The Farmers' Alliance.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The Sun this morning has a long interview with Senator Edmunds on the general political situation. Speaking of the Farmers' Alliance movement, the Senator said: "Some people are trying to persuade the farmers that laws have been made which operate unjustly against them, and that laws have not been made that would further them with more rapid and steady prosperity. He thinks they are to a large degree mistaken, and in time will discover it. Indeed, he presumes the largest part of the reflecting farmers understand that crops cannot be increased by legislation, or debts honestly paid by cheapening the value of what is called "money."

Referring to the dangers to both the great parties in the situation, the senator said if in the next Presidential election the Farmers' Alliance should carry a sufficiently great having a majority of the electoral college, there would be no election by the people, and the election to the House would devolve upon the states. Asked if he thought the silver bill would be an issue in the next campaign, the senator did not think it would be an issue between the republican and democratic parties. He thinks the democratic party will hardly wish to make it an issue to the extent of free coinage running the considerable risk of separating gold and silver as the money of the country, and certainly the great body of republicans will not. Up to the point of safety the republican party will be in favor of gold and silver as money, as it always has been.

What the Farmers' Alliance platform will be when it shall nominate a presidential candidate, will not be could not say.

"A third party movement," continued Senator Edmunds, "very obviously exists in the Farmers' Alliance. If successful to the extent of getting the President and Congress, it would doubtless lead to the enactment of the measures they have indicated, and whether they were good or bad for the country would be a question."

The senator did not think communism is at the bottom of the farmers' movement, and added that the percentage of those who are in favor of such a thing is so small as to be believed to be very small. As capital is always anxiously watching the conditions and movements of the country, the success of any movement which would render unsound legislation probable would greatly disturb the business of the country, and that, of course, would reach every branch of labor and business.

THE CHICAGO MAYORALTY.

No Less Than Five Candidates Contesting for It.

CHICAGO, April 6.—The municipal election tomorrow will close one of the most peculiar and hotly contested campaigns in the history of Chicago. No less than five candidates are making the contest for the mayoralty, and as between four of these it is impossible to forecast the result. The friends of each in all apparent sincerity claim about the same number of votes—50,000 to 60,000—for their respective favorites.

The first candidate in the field was Elmer Washburn, ex-chief of police and colonel of the Illinois State National guard, who is the regular nomination prior to the regular party conventions, ostensibly by an independent citizens' movement. He is understood his chief support primarily comes from a secret organization, whose object is to minimize the influence of the foreign element in the city administration, and which claims to have 25,000 voters in the ranks. A second nominee in favor of the candidate is the necessity, in view of the approach of the World's Fair, of putting the city into condition, as to appearance and improved public movements, that visitors from the well kept cities in Europe will not be offended, and to render the police force efficient, that gamblers and other criminal classes will not dare flock to the city in anticipation of a rich harvest. The Prohibitionists also are to be vigorously looked after.

There are two democratic candidates, De Witt C. Cregier, the present incumbent, who is a German, and Hartley H. Harrison, ex-mayor. Harrison began his canvass before the democratic convention met, alleging a wrong and a cheating to the last elements in the party of the existing administration, and promising reforms. The fight at the primary election, which was of the convention Harrison's men, accusing the Cregierites of fraud, winnowed and nominated their man. The remainder of the democratic delegates nominated Cregier. The State Central Committee took the matter up and decreed Cregier the regular nominee. In the meantime Harrison received the endorsement of the Personal Rights League, a body made up largely of Germans, who are conducting in the field, making a vigorous canvass.

There the Republicans met and nominated Hermann Wahlburg, son of the late Hilliard B. Washburn, United States Minister to France during the Franco-Prussian war. He is running on a platform which promises an application of business methods to city affairs and a divorce of the police force from politics.

The fifth candidate is Thomas Morgan, the nominee of the Prohibition party.

The fight between the two factions of the Democratic party has been bitterly bitter, the State Central Committee, Senator Palmer and Democrats from other states have lined up. On the other hand, it is known how much of the party strength will come from the foreign ranks, which is a struggle decidedly complicated.

THE SUGAR TRUST.

No More Competition Between Class Speeches and the Sugar Trust.

PHILADELPHIA, April 6.—The Record says: After a fight of over four years Class Speeches and the Sugar Trust have come to an understanding by which there will be no further competition between them. The agreement has been going for some time, but it was only concluded in this city Sunday. Colonel Havemeyer of New York, president of the Sugar Trust, went through the big refinery of Spreckels and Company at a careful examination of it. Scores of other gentlemen interested in it, were also in the city, and it is understood the agreement was signed Sunday morning. Class Speeches and J. Craig Sweeney were endorsed.

By this agreement Spreckels is to be the sugar refiner in that part of the country east of the Missouri River and the Havemeyers are not to break the territory west of the Missouri. The refinery in San Francisco and that belonging to Spreckels are to alternate monthly in coming to the Pacific Coast, and it is said the prospect of a movement looking to the release of Schepp.

IN THE CORE REGIONS.

The Affair Interesting to All Concerned.

PITTSBURG, April 6.—Though everything was quiet, the affairs in the coke region today were decidedly interesting in consequence of the publication of a determined effort to start several of their plants, with but doubtful success. The strikers decided themselves to looking after the stragglers, and kept away from the works. The few men were working on each plant. Several attempts, however, were notified the sheriff of Fayette County that they intend to start tomorrow, or later in the week, and that the county will be held responsible for damage if their works are not guarded.

The militia are still held, their presence being a guarantee of peace, the citizens still hope for a compromise.

Up to tonight several Morewood strikers were arrested, eight of them charged with the shooting. The police held those charged with rifles and carrying concealed weapons in $1,000 bonds each, and those charged with murder, were released on $500.

ANOTHER RIOT.

Italians Assaulted by a Crowd of Laborers.

KANSAS CITY, April 6.—There was a riot at the Armour packing house this morning. Rumors of a reopening of the packing house, which has been closed since November, caused a crowd of laborers to congregate at the gates, about 300 in all. Later twenty Italians came up in a body. They told the superintendent that they would work for it a day. When the crowd learned the offer of the Italians they asked some pickets, and other attempts and chased the Italians. The Italians made a stand for a moment, but were soon forced back and ended by taking precipitate flight, leaving their coats, hats and satchels. It is not known whether any Italians were injured or not.

A Small Vote.

GRAND HAVEN, April 6.—The vote in the State today on Justice of the Supreme Court and two regents of the university, was the smallest ever known. The returns at midnight so meager, that the indications are that Judge Champlin, who is up for renomination to the Supreme Bench by 200 to 5000.

Later returns make the result as the Supreme Court Justice stands, with a possibility of republican success.

Republican Victory.

HELENA, Mont., April 6.—At the municipal election today the republicans elected the city ticket and five of the eight aldermen. The council is a politically.

Murdered and Robbed.

PITTSBURG, April 6.—John L. Gonsers, a woodenware worker, was found dead near Wall Station, this morning, with a bullet through his head and his pockets rifled. He had gone to a young lady named Maggie Smith, and from her spent the evening, leaving shortly before midnight. He had in his possession $120, which he was to pay on his home. There is no clue to the murderers.

Decorated the Graves.

NEW ORLEANS, April 6.—The Confederate Veteran Association, assisted by various military organizations of the city, this afternoon decorated the graves of their former comrades.

Heller's Hardwood Syrup.

We guarantee this to be the best Cough Syrup manufactured in the wide world. This is saying a great deal, but it is true. It promptly cures Coughs, Colds, *Sore Throat, Sore Chest, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough*, and all diseases of the *Throat* and Lungs. It is entirely vegetable. Heller's Hardwood Syrup is as safe to take as any equal on the whole face of the earth. In support of this statement we refer to every individual who has ever used it, and to every druggist who has ever sold it. Such evidence is indisputable.

Sold by Z. C. M. I. 4

SCARFF, 20 East, 1st South, Springs.

Hawkins's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.

SENT TO THE ASYLUM

A President Albany Miller Adjudged Insane and Deprived of His Liberty.

A SMALL RIOT AT PHOENIX PACKING HOUSE.

Everything Quiet in the Coke Regions—Only Few Men Working in the Plants.

By Telegraph to the News.

ALLEGED INSANITY.

A Prominent Albany Miller Sent to an Asylum.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., April 6.—P. J. Schepps, a prominent miller of Albany, was some time ago sent to St. John's Asylum while temporarily deranged. Upon release he found his mill and other property in the hands of parties who claimed to have legal title, proceedings in the courts to oust them. They gave him great annoyance, and last Friday John F. Byron, who has been appointed receiver, filed information alleging that Schepps was insane. This created great excitement among Schepps' friends, and a delegation of business men came to this city, where the examination was held, and proceeded against the proceedings. Schepps, however, was adjudged insane and committed to the Asylum. Much indignation prevails against Byron, and prominent citizens of Albany have inaugurated a movement looking to the release of Schepps.

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Strike of Switchmen.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 6.—A strike of all the switchmen, about seventy-five, employed by the Burlington & Missouri in this city, was inaugurated today. The company recently found it necessary to discharge several men. The Switchmen's Union prepared a list of the men who they claimed should be retained, but the company declined to comply, with the result that all the men quit. It is not believed the strike will affect the other departments.

At the Navy Department.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—It is stated at the Navy Department that the cruiser "Charleston," which is reported as being under orders to proceed to Honolulu, will not be ready for sea, according to the necessities of the hour.

Democratic Victories.

KENOSHA, Ia., April 6.—The municipal election held today resulted in the reelection of Craig, Democrat, for Mayor. The other Democratic nominees were also successful.

DUBUQUE, April 6.—The entire Democratic city ticket was elected yesterday, with a majority of five. All the Republican candidates for Aldermen were defeated. Three elected are Three Democrats and two Independents.

Cell Has a Majority.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 6.—From the victory of his faction in the caucus nomination tonight, it is predicted that Call has a majority of the upper house, at least, in the coming Senatorial fight.

Annual Railroad Meeting.

CHICAGO, April 6.—The annual meeting of the Chicago & Alton road was held today. The following board of directors was elected: T. B. Blackstone, John H. Dunn, Morris K. Jesup, Jos. C. McMullen, John A. Stewart, Albert A. Sprague, John J. Mitchell, W. N. Blackstone and A. C. Wheeler. The board reelected the old officers.

The ruling element in Madagascar is not unknown to the south furnishing, in short time ago, civilization was startled by the news of horrible massacres in that country. Now comes a case of cruelty that makes Dahomey fair to stand on end. It appears that Benisiefo, Governor of Mahanoro, had an unfortunate native tortured in a most horrible manner because he was suspected of theft. The victim was bound to a pole, and in that position paraded through the village for two whole days. When freed from the pole he was placed in a sort of coffin, hollowed from the trunk of a tree and covered with a plank, in which there were holes for his head and feet, about three inches for his mouth and nose. The unfortunate native was kept screwed down in the coffin not less than two months, and actually lived during that time. He was fed through the aperture, his relatives being allowed to supply food. At length, upon the payment of 100 piastres, the governor allowed the man to be released.

A Worthy Enterprise.

The Coop. Furniture Co. are now open for business again, after the big fire on Main Street, and have now located in the Market Block, Nos. 51 and 53 South West Temple Street, opposite east from the *Herald* building. It is a large commodious building, and well lighted makes elegant show rooms.

The company have just received large consignments of all kinds of Furniture, which they will sell cheap and substantial. Also Carpets, Baby Carriages and Curtains, etc., which they are selling at extremely low prices to establish themselves in their new location. This company have established a reputation for fair and honest dealing, and consequently they merit a liberal share of public patronage. 4

SCARFF, 20 East, 1st S. Prescriptions.

In 1850 *Brown's Bronchial Troches* were introduced, and their success as a cure for Colds, Coughs, Asthma and Bronchitis has been unparalleled.

I feel it my duty to say a few words in regard to Ely's Cream Balm, and I do so entirely without solicitation. I have used it more or less half a year, and have found it to be a most valuable. I have suffered from catarrh of the worst kind ever since I was a little boy, and I never expect for cure, but Cream Balm seems to do even that. Many of my acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Oscar Osburn, 43 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill. 4da w

SCARFF, 20 E. 1st South. Hair Brushes.

John Reading.

Flower and garden seeds.—The largest variety and purest seeds, lower than ever before, only under the Utah National Bank, Clock corner, Salt Lake City. 4da

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This wonderful Liniment is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Lakes to the Gulf. It is the most penetrating Liniment in the world. It will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Old Sores, Burns, Scalds, Sore Throat, Sore Chest and all inflammation, after all others have failed. It will cure Scratches and Wire Cuts and heal all wounds where proud flesh has set in. It is equally efficient for animals. Try it and you will not be without it after the first trial. Sold by Z. C. M. I. 4**

SCARFF, 20 East, 1st South, Perfumes.

Notice.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Western Shoe and Dry Goods Co., 51 and 53 Main Street, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, will take place at their office, on April 7, 1891, at 7 p.m.

EDWIN DOWNES, Secretary.

GENTS' SUITS MADE TO ORDER

Spring Styles

Just in from

PROVO MILLS.

JOHN C. CUTLER & BRO.,

No. 36 Main St.

All cash subscriptions for the *Millennial Star* should be forwarded to JAMES H. WOLFE at the President's Office, Salt Lake City. 4da