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EUROPE'S ATTENTION

Concentrated on the Visit of the Czar to France.

AN ORLEANIST DEMONSTRATION

Capable of all sorts of Interpretations—A Twinge of Sore Feet from England's Capital.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—[Copyrighted 1896 by the Associated Press.]—The attention of Europe may be said to have been concentrated during the week upon the visit of the czar and czarina to France and the most enthusiastic reception accorded them by the French capital. In this connection the feature which is causing the great amount of gossip is the immense gloss by the czar on Wednesday at the Russian embassy to the representatives of the French royal family.

It is true that M. Hanotaux, the French minister of foreign affairs, General De Boisdeffre, chief of the general staff, and Admiral Gervais attended to the person of the emperor during her stay in France, were present. But the other guests included the Duc D'Aumale; the Duc and Duchess de Chartres, the Duchess de Nemours, the Duchess de Luynes, the Duchess De Rohan, the Duc de Lubomirski, the Duc De Rozendal, the Duchess de Caze and the Princess Mathilde Bonaparte, widow of the prince de San Donato, and the aunt of Prince Napoleon, Victor Bonaparte, head of the Bonaparte family. The presence of the Princess Mathilde alone served as party lines being sharply an immense demonstration. The Duchess Dolgoroukoff presented the station with a bouquet from the Duc d'Orleans, the pretender to the throne of France, and her majesty sent him her national congratulations. The whole affair was most carefully managed, and the Bonapartist radicals have not dared to protest against it.

All sorts of interpretations are being given upon the incident, but the best reason that from the hour he landed in Cherbourg the czar believed in a most conservative and dynastic manner, pledging himself to Bourbon, while allowing but very few people.

THE CEREMONY OF THE CZAR.

The czar, previous to leaving the Bonnemai castle, after his visit to Queen Victoria, gave gold for distribution among the servants, and he left a purse containing half of the most expensive jewelry, bracelets, rings, pins, etc., to be presented to all save the head of certainly.

ATTACK ON THE POPE.

A sensation was caused at the church congress at Nantes by the attack made week by a Savoy school master upon his pope's fault, referring to the Angevin counts by the stickings of Leo, Leo Italiano, the Bishop of Salisbury and others.

The bull was described as a misnomer by the pope of the talent exhibited over half an hour. The bishop, in proposing unity, and the Bishop of Salisbury suggested that the bull was the pope from the world. Which has lessen without so much degree of the bitterness consequence. We are free to follow the path spoken to us by divine providence. The bishop of Canada in this city were deserted within pulpits of nursing and Sars and after the bishop of Nantes with Chinese Jesuits. A brilliant pyrotechnical display was given at night from Cupolas Hall, Wear Tenure, as a prelude to the fete, which the idea of the Chinese was gathered to commemorate the memorable centennial Fernando Figueiro, who expiration Chaka in this city was able to general Cespedes in the last revolution. In reviewing the last revolution and its causes, he said the conditions that led to the outbreak were identical to those that existed in 1871. If the Cubans do not win this time, he added, they will continue to nurture the Spanish government and it is useless to throw off the yoke of oppression. The Resolutions are, Resolved, that Cuba, and Cuban should fully expect to win the struggle during the summer.

THE VENEZUELAN COMMISSION.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—All the members of the Venezuelan commission were in attendance today when it was decided to adjourn the first meeting in several months. The entire morning was taken up in presenting papers by the various commissioners to Judge Duval, who is on special business. The inquiry of Mr. Connor, who has been at work in Europe with Prof. Best, in particular, has been interesting and somewhat bearing on commissioners. Bear is expected to return to the United States about the end of the present month and with the production of the material he has collected, it is hoped the commission will be able to close its deliberations and proceed to the final stage of the work.

MICHAEL DELANEY DEAD.

Once a Friend of Webster, Calhoun and Clay.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 10.—Michael Delaney is dead here, aged 78. During the latter forty years he was a journalist in Washington, which became inadequate to some extent of some area in Webster, Calhoun and Clay. In 1853 he was appointed by the Interior department to go to Utah and bring back the surviving children of the Mountain Meadow massacre. Later, he was made commissioner clerk of General Allen, commissary general of the United States army. Subsequently, Delaney served the Indian department of the government, his last service being rendered at Fort McPherson and Fort Bridger, Montana, in 1866.

Wages Restored.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 10.—The Ohio coal operators today posted a notice that after October 1st, the price for mining will be forty-five cents, Brechin below the Pittsburg rate. The miners' convention referred the resolution to local operators. The result will be announced October 1st.

are returned to the railway on Tuesday from a visit to the Bisland Washington at Gilford and left again on Wednesday for Ireland. Gladstone he will return at the end of October. Mr. Bayard was asked to speak at an American meeting, but he was decline that the invitation on the ground that it was not wise to interfere in a political movement in the country in which he was a stranger.

ROSEBLANDON.

Mr. De Navarro, the "Mary Anderson" and other famous son are gaining very towards.

It is whispered that she adores the little-note and seems to be happier than she has for many years past.

Sir Henry Irving intends to produce at his theatre day a second play by George Bernard Shaw, entitled The Devil's Disciple, the 19th century Napoleon. The portrait drawn of the general Clinton is not in any sense similar to Bernard's hero in Mansfield. Shaw, and it is to be expected that Irving will find enough in the Napoleonic traditions to completely overshadow the hero of Shaw.

Our Schools closed for New York today as the American fleet in Fent. Miss Nethersole will produce there now a play by Sardou and Moreau, Mr. Dorset Daniels, Mary Greek queer Greek, a play by M. Porto de Rome, of Paris and an adaptation from the Italian entitled The Wife of Hoel.

IN GERMAN TERRITORY.

The Arrival of the Czar and Czarina in Darmstadt.

The Imperial Lady Quitting Therefrom Tears When Greeted by Her Relatives.

DARMSTADT, Oct. 11.—The Imperial Russian train, with the czar and czarina and immediate suite, arrived here at 9 o'clock this morning. Their majesties were met by the ducal family at Hesse, header by Grand Duke Ernest of Hesse, a brother of the czarina. The imperial single were driven to the palace in the ducal carriages, and through the only occupied streets, at the request of Prince Napoleon, the president of the department, was present to the Northern and Russian travelers upon the part of Prince Leopold and Fogy, where took place the ceremony of betrothal between the late Prudent Czarai and Grand Duke Constantine.

The second station Pennsylvania was taken up by the Hesse and Russian flags, etc. Crossing into German territory a couple of German eagles were substituted for the imperial flags. The czar looks somewhat fatigued on his arrival here, but in good spirits and apparently pleased with his visit to France. The czarina was looking as happy as ever and received the greetings of her relatives with tears in her eyes.

A CUBAN CELEBRATION.

The Twenty-eighth Anniversary of the Struggle for Liberty.

TAMPA, Fla., Oct. 10.—The Cubans in this city today celebrated the 28th anniversary of the outbreak of their struggle for liberty. The event is celebrated by all the Cuban colonies throughout the world. The bonfire in Cuba in this city were decorated with pictures of running and Sars and after dark the fireworks were done with Chinese lanterns. A brilliant pyrotechnical display was given at night from Cuspidos Hall, Wear Tenure, as a prelude to the fete, which the idea of the Cubans was gathered to commemorate the memorable centennial Fernando Figueiro, who expiration Chaka in this city was able to general Cespedes in the last revolution. In reviewing the last revolution and its causes, he said the conditions that led to the outbreak were identical to those that existed in 1871. If the Cubans do not win this time, he added, they will continue to nurture the Spanish government and it is useless to throw off the yoke of oppression. The Resolutions are, Resolved, that Cuba, and Cuban should fully expect to win the struggle during the summer.

THE CZAR AGAINST SAIL RUSSELL.

Lord Salisbury Not Anxious for Any Foreign Complications.

Prince Leopold of the Queen to Kiel Russell, following a slave chase been against for lordship in 1867, the lordship Russell's memorable ballot, where the singer offense took place was outside the jurisdiction of the court and to complicate the case Kiel.

THE EXTRADITION OF RYAN.

The officers of Montreal paid Ryan the extradition of F. J. P. Ryan, the alleged dynamiter from Canada, will expect Ryan to take Wether Fisher desire man to extradition the United States of Great Britain. It is also stated that Wether had said that the labels to obtain the extradition of Rodney and Fisher was because strongly it is crime in Ryan's case. Ryan's advice, it is no crime in that country to possess the materials for manufacturing explosive, which are regarded in the same light as explosives.

For this reason the authorities are leaving every effort to secure it. They has purchased glycerine or acid.

The United States state department has asked Consul General Conine to report on Ryan's case.

LORD SALISBURY SLIGHTED.

The appointment of Lord Dacre as one of the lords in Waiting has angered the Tory party. He was slighted without consulting the Marquis of Salisbury and in order to please the Prince Louise, Lord Dagre was asked to jump to her husband, the Marquis of Lorne, when the latter was governor general of Canada.

DR. BAYARD REFUSES TO SPEAK.

The United States Ambassador Bay-

SCENES AT CANTON.

The City Crowded With Enthusiastic McKinley Delegations.

THEY COME WITH EVERY TRAIN.

Methodist Bishop and the Republican Nominee—A Speech on the Value of Confidence.

CANTON, O., Oct. 10.—The train became arrived before dawn. The enthusiasm thirty trains, scheduled for the day, threaten to overtax the town. The first event at the McKinley home was a meeting at 8 o'clock at which Lemmon and Bonning, Pa., furnished twelve carloads of people and Lansing and Central Michigan eight carloads. The Pennsylvanians were introduced by Attorney General Maloy of Lansing; the Michigan people by D. B. Alger.

Hardly had the first crowd vacated the ground when the sound of a second coming up the street were heard. This was composed of the Indiana men's social club of Hartford City, for which Major J. H. Kenny, was spokesman; and railroad men from Rock Island, Ills., for whom D. L. Sweeney spoke. Major McKinley's third address was to a delegation from Louisville, Ky., which came in a special train of nine cars. The party was largely made up of a certain Democrat Democrat state. Mayor George D. Tyler was the spokesman.

All sorts of the streets of Canton were crowded with delegations from other towns. The sidewalks were filled with men and women cheering the passing and with enthusiasm. Bonfires are burning. It is impossible to get all the crowds waiting at the connecting railroad yards into Canton before street car and passenger are ready to start. Crowds will be left behind tonight. With all the great demonstrations which are seen almost daily in Canton, nothing yet approached the remarkable demonstration of the day. Not in the memory of the oldest inhabitant has so much been seen in one short day. There are crowds of every sort. The weather is fine. Major McKinley is in magnificent form.

M'KINLEY'S SPEECH.

In his first speech today to the delegation of Lansing, Mich., Bonning, Major McKinley said: "The best thing to this world next to liberty is law, and the best thing to follow is the opportunity to work. This is an opportunity for which we all are striving this year and which we hope through a change of policy in the administration of the government and laws to enjoy to a larger degree than we have done the last three years. We are entitled to what we want more than anything, and in order to grant this opportunity to labor, to the restoration of confidence. With confidence restored, money seeks a loaning place and goes out of the channels of business and legitimate investment and away from lending, manufacturing and other enterprises. I do not know a simpler illustration of the value of confidence to the country than is found in our experience the last twenty years. You will remember that the country resumed specie payments on January 1, 1879. We had beginning then, as we now have, $347,000,000 what is commonly known as greenback currency, every dollar of that that was then redeemable in gold upon presentation at the treasury of the United States. So great was the confidence of the people in the ability of the country that from 1879 to 1890 forty-six million dollars were presented for redemption, and gold taken out; forty-six million dollars in fourteen years; and yet in the last fourteen and half years time confidence has been disturbed more than $200,000,000 greenbacks have been presented to the treasury of the United States for redemption and gold taken out. The gold reserve, therefore, was sometimes lessened and then time to time we have been compelled to borrow money to put gold into the treasury of the United States. Now, the Republican party will have no difficulty in the currency of the government first to raise enough money to run the government. We don't want any deficiencies in the administration of the affairs of this city, we don't want we will have no debts, and when we have no debts we will have no debts, and when we have no debts we will have no debts to the currency of the treasury of the United States.

McKinley then proceeded with declaration in favor of protection and "a good hundred cent dollar for labor."

METHODIST BISHOPS.

CANTON, Oct. 10.—Forty bishops, conference officials and prominent members of the A. M. E. Church committee, with greetings from the ecumenical pastor conference now in session in New York City, were given a cordial greeting by McKinley. They represent, according to their spokesman, Bishop George W. Clinton, nearly half a million communicants, and by the census particulars the 1 per cent will vote for the Republican party.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS.

An address was delivered to a thousand or more commercial travelers from St. Louis, Ill., Kansas City, Mo., Indianapolis, Ind., Mansfield and the territory surrounding these towns. These delegations constituted one of the most distinguished speaking crowds yet addressed. Informative addresses were made by L. S. Dombberger for Mansfield, J. G. Griffin for Indianapolis, W. J. Tapial, Kansas.

The Maryland G. A. R. club, one of the most distinguished delegations of the day, will remain for a public address meeting in the Tabernacle tonight and will leave tomorrow. One of the most earnest addresses McKinley has delivered was in response to Gen. Theodore F. Lang, who spoke for the Maryland visitors.

ARRESTED HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW.

East Russell Charges Lady Scott with Criminal Libel.

LONDON, Oct. 10. — Lady Scott, mother-in-law of Earl Russell, was arrested at her hotel in the Strand last evening. The charge against her is criminal libel preferred by Lord Russell. The arrest caused a little excitement among the guests in company with two youths who are trained in the charge. Earl Russell has charged some months ago that Lady Scott through the diverse proceedings instituted against him by his wife, the daughter of the late Sir Charles Edward Scott and the litigation growing out of the suit, Lady Russell obtained a separation and later sued for the restoration of conjugal rights and was defeated in April, 1895.

After the preliminary examination of Lady Scott and the two youths she was released on her own recognizance and court today the case was adjourned until Monday next.

Lady Scott was released on furnishing $5,000 bail.

Cannot Agree on the State Ticket.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 10.—There will be no ticket between the Democrats and the Populists on the state ticket. The Democratic state committee today formally rejected the offer of the silver party to divide the offices in the coming fall by giving the Populists four places, and adjourned without doing anything. The Populists have decided to, in return, for not putting out their list of nominees.

The Other Ballot Captured.

WILLE, Minn., Oct. 10.—A coupon was received here at 2 p. m. stating that the other Sherburne county was overwhelmingly carried by the Democratic county ticket.

BRYAN'S TRIUMPHAL TOUR.

Early Rising Enthusiasts Gather Around the Railway Stations.

FARGO, N. D., Oct. 10.—Bryan arrived at Aberdeen late last night on the special car "Eller" and left at 10 on the special car "Eller." Bryan left the car every hours late when he reached Aberdeen. Then it was found there was a delay of two hours in the transfer of the special car from the Chicago Northwestern tracks over which the party arrived, to those of the Great Northern, which had to be taken to allow the party to pass Fargo. At 8 o'clock the special train was taken from Aberdeen. On the train were Senator Pettigrew, members of the reception committee to escort Bryan here. He took the car of the Fargo committee while his own private car was taken to Fargo. Among those John W. Tomlinson of Alabama, Bryan's private secretary and stenographer, and Senator Jones.

At Fargo Mr. Bryan got up to address a crowd of early rising enthusiasts in bare skin cases, he first said he was "glad to be from the land of wheat when Fargo was reached." Bryan remained over with General Roach and the reception committee at Grand Forks, where he left in the train half gave he delivered a speech, half an hour long.

Death's Harvest.

BATTLEBORO, Vt., Oct. 10.—Ex-Governor Levi Fisher is dead, died in 1861 Fisher was elected to the state senate in 1866 Democrat governor and in 1862 governor of Vermont.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 10.—Edward T. Green, judge of the United States district court for the district of New Jersey, died today of pneumonia.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 10.—Capt. W. W. Gilmartin, U. S. N., died today at the light house department of the government building. He entered the navy in September, 1860, and has been continuous in the service since.

A Ridiculous Charge.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Walter M. Castle, the wealthy Californian, who, with his wife, is confined in Holloway jail on remand, charged with stealing valuables, etc., from the house in this city, showed signs today of suffering from the confinement in prison and from the worry incident to it. He said to a friend: "I do not know how I shall ever bustle to again. I am cared up into calamity."

A source of the Castle is at present at this city. He said to a representative of the Associated Press today: "The charge is absolutely ridiculous. Why, two large packing cases full of presents were sent to my house in Hyde Park direct from the stores where the goods were bought. How could they be stolen? (The Castle had been abroad a year and had a large number of acquaintances from society friends in San Francisco, and they have sent to the large purchasers of knick nacks, etc.)"

Evidence will be produced that some time ago Mr. Castle's health was such that for a period of his city, was called. He found Mrs. Castle suffering from pains in her head. It was settled yesterday evening that no prosecution for the alleged thefts from the prisoners are brought up on remand Tuesday next.

The prisoner will be defended by Charles Matthews. A number of additional cable messages of sympathy have been received from people in Boston and Kansas City. Mr. Hammer, a merchant of San Francisco, now residing in Liverpool, called to offer assistance.

Hurricane Warning.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10.—The weather bureau this morning issued the following hurricane warning:

"There is a West Indian hurricane apparently central off the Florida coast, moving northward. This storm will cause dangerous northeasterly gales in all the Atlantic coast states, the wind reaching hurricane velocity off coast stations off the coast. Hurricane signals are displayed for the benefit of shipping from Florida to Maine, inclusive, on the coast. While high winds are expected in the interior, it is not believed they will be severe in this vicinity as those accompanying the storm of September 27th."

Entitled to a Place on the Ballot.

ALBANY, Oct. 10.—Secretary of State Palmer today decided that the national Democracy (gold standard) is entitled to a place on the official ballot under the designation given. The contest, which was begun by Chairman Danforth of the Democratic state committee, will be continued in the courts.

Dr. Mayer Arrested.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—The relatives of the late George Du Maurier, artist and author, were prostrated today at Worthing. Funeral services will be held on Tuesday in Hampstead church.

ELECTION QUESTIONS

Valuable Information Upon Citizenship and Registration Matters.

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Upon Many Questions Arising in Connection with Registration and Qualification.

Attorney General A. C. Bishop today issued several opinions which, in view of the near approach of the election and the subject matter with which they deal, are very important and will be read with interest by all affected.

REGISTRATION CARD.

Solicitor Zimmerman—Refer Upon Children by Naturalization Allow.

The first opinion is addressed to the county attorney of Morgan county and deals with citizenship of a minor, application of the marriage of an alien mother to a citizen in the case of minor children, effects upon a minor when upon naturalization of the parents, and also relative to the registration upon which registration can issue or not issue. It is as follows:

We are in receipt of a request for advice upon certain questions relating to the law of registration from Mr. Peterson, a registrar at your city and writes that it is unnecessary to write.

The office is you are doubtless aware is not authorized to rule to render official opinions to individuals or to be a county officer. It is only in the case of the county attorney under sub-division 6 of section 119 of the Laws of 1896, page 235, Mr. Pendleton the counsel for the Democratic Committee that this office has the proper scope of such interpretation as he desires. In this instance we necessarily the interpretation of the statutes, inasmuch as it involves the rights of individuals to vote at the coming election, and assuming it possible that you had not seen Mr. Pendleton's Statutes of the United States which control in matters of naturalization, and to the end that uniformity of construction upon statutory laws relating to registration may be had, I will, at the risk of being regarded as meddling in the matter, venture to make some suggestions as to the law in this case, setting out the question, and the answer that should be made thereto.

QUERIES.

Can a child be registered legally on any other step than those between the hours of two and five o'clock on September, and Tuesday and Saturday of the week beginning with the second Monday in October?

ANSWER.

Section 4 of chapter 125, page 201 of the laws of 1896, among other things provides that "It shall be the duty of the registry agents, between the hours of eight o'clock a. m. and eight o'clock p. m. of each day between the tenth and thirteenth days of September as may be designated by the board of county commissioners of their respective counties, to each year in which there is a general election to personally visit every complete house in their respective districts, and to write upon the door of the house the name of all persons legally qualified and entitled to vote at such election." * * * It shall also be the duty of the registry agents on Tuesday and Saturday during the week beginning with the second Monday in October of each year, prior to the general election, at any time when called upon at their respective offices which must be located within such precinct, and not elsewhere, between the hours of eight o'clock a. m. and nine o'clock p. m. on said days during said week to receive any register the name of all persons legally qualified and entitled to vote at such election, whose names were not registered during the house to house canvass." Under this section it will be observed that the board of county commissioners may designate a time in which the house to house canvass may be made, but the time is subject to a limit in which certain limitations, that is, it must not commence earlier than eight o'clock a. m. of the 10th day of September, nor extend beyond eight o'clock p. m. of the 13th day of September. It might be any period of time between these two. It will be observed that the board of county commissioners, I am of opinion, that the duties of the board of county commissioners, I am of opinion that the house to house canvass would begin at eight o'clock a. m. on the 11th day of September and close at eight o'clock on the 13th day of September. It might be any period of time between these two. It will be observed that the board of county commissioners may designate a time in which the house to house canvass may be made, but the time is subject to a limit in which certain limitations, that is, it must not commence earlier than eight o'clock a. m. of the 10th day of September, nor extend beyond eight o'clock p. m. of the 13th day of September. It might be any period of time between these two. It will be observed that the board of county commissioners, I am of opinion that the house to house canvass would begin at eight o'clock a. m. on the 11th day of September and close at eight o'clock on the 13th day of September.

It will also be observed that the persons entitled to be registered whose names were not registered during the house to house canvass may also be registered legally between the hours of eight o'clock a. m. and nine o'clock p. m. of Tuesday and Saturday of a certain week in October as the law provided. I am of opinion that this opportunity to register is limited to those particular days mentioned, and does not include the days intervening.

QUESTION TWO.

Does the marriage of the mother (not a citizen) of children of foreign birth, to a citizen of the United States, operate to confer citizenship upon such children, provided they are under twenty-one years of age at the time of such marriage?

ANSWER TWO.

The marriage of the mother to a citizen of the United States, unquestionably confers citizenship upon her. Under section 1994 of the Revised Statutes of the United States of 1878 she becomes naturalized by virtue of the marriage. Section 1172 of the Revised Statutes says, provides, "That children of persons who have been duly naturalized, if dwelling in the United States at the time of the naturalization of their parents, and who under twenty-one years of age, shall be considered citizens thereof." Under this section I am of opinion that they would become citizens by virtue of their mother's naturalization as above said.

QUESTION THREE.

Does the naturalization of a guardian confer citizenship upon the ward?

ANSWER THREE.

I am of opinion that the question should be answered in the negative, there being no authority in the law conferring citizenship upon such guardian.

QUESTION FOUR.

Does an alien a citizen's certificate of discharge confer such citizenship?

ANSWER FOUR.

No. But it has been held in the certificate of volunteer army and navy honorably discharged, is entitled him, if he shall be of age to become a citizen, to his citizen, without any power on the part of his father to revoke such, and he does not be deprived of his citizenship within the United States pursuant to his application to become citizen.

The foregoing suggestions are respectfully submitted by me with the request, that in pursuance of the law, you advise Mr. Peterson in the premises.

MARRIAGE CONSIDERATIONS.

How They Make and Consider Female Citizens of the Union.

Section No. 2 is addressed to the county clerk and deals with the status of an alien woman married to a citizen who thereupon she and who marries again an alien. The opinion gives a similar preliminary paragraph, reads:

QUERIES.

An alien woman married a citizen of the United States. A husband to her second alien. Has the woman married an alien was independently born? Is she at present a citizen of the United States.

ANSWER ONE.

It seems to be the settled policy of the law that the status of the wife follows that of her husband. Under early times at her date marriage, she unquestionably became a citizen of the United States, and was those policy which then operated to confer upon her citizenship to the first instance, would in the case of her second marriage to an alien, have the same effect claim to that of her newly acquired husband.

As the death of her former husband vested her citizenship at her disappearance to the United States, so the death of her latter husband would work no immediate or per diem change in her foreign power of which her husband was a subject at the time of his death. It follows that the person to whom you refer is not an alien of the United States and is not entitled to register or vote.

QUESTION TWO.

Is a child a citizen if it is under 21 years of age when its parents become naturalized?

ANSWER TWO.

Section 2172 of the Revised Statutes of the United States provides that "children of persons who have been duly naturalized, if dwelling in the United States at the time of the naturalization of their parents, and who under twenty-one years of age, shall be considered citizens thereof." Under this section I am of opinion that they would become citizens by virtue of their mother's naturalization as above said.

(Continued on Page Two.)

SOLDIERS' FAREWELL

A Sad Leave Taking of the Popular Sixteenth Today.

SEVEN COMPANIES AND BAND GO.

Company A Left Behind With Captain Noble in Charge—Will Go to Boise.

The Sixteenth United States Infantry, which has been stationed at Fort Douglas for the past eight years, took its departure from Utah today. The leave taking was a sad one and was witnessed by large numbers of citizens, at least a thousand of whom assisted at the Union Pacific depot to bear of the event.

The soldiers broke camp at 8:30 this morning and crossed the four miles to the railroad in an hour and ten minutes. They were in two sections, the first commanded by Colonel Tresser and the second by Major McLaughlin. The march was to the music of the famous Sixteenth Infantry band and was only broken once, and that was in front of Colonel Parson's residence on Fort street, where the boys in blue and their and and honored commander a long and fond farewell.

There were seven companies in the command of Colonel Tresser, as commanded by Lieutenant Tyler; C by Captain Noble; D by Captain Mosman; E by Captain McFarland; F by Captain Woodbury; G by Captain Hornsby; H by Captain Wotkoff; Lieutenant Dresser without and Lieutenant Wright, quartermaster. Company A was left behind temporarily to guard the post pending the arrival of the Twenty-fourth regiment, the officers guard of which is expected daily. The entire regiment is due both between the 20th and 25th inst.

The soldiers presented a very pretty picture as they marched down South Temple street to the depot. Both sides of the thoroughfare were lined with citizens who had come out to bid them goodbye. The men were accoutered with knapsacks, rifles and fifes precisely as if they were about to enter upon a campaign against warfare. The entire equipment weighed fifty-four pounds to each man.

The first section passed out of the depot exactly on schedule time—11 o'clock—and the second just twenty-seven minutes later. D. S. Tarbell, traveling passenger agent of the Union Pacific, will accompany the first section as far as Ogden, and Lieutenant Colonel H. E. Dunn, another of the company agents, will look after the interests of the second section to Huntington.

SIDEWALK SCENES.

The soldiers moved through the streets to the favorite time Marching Through Georgia.

Companies E and F go to Fort Spokane and C, D, F, G and H with band and regimental staff go to Fort Douglas.

One private only fell out on the march to the depot. He was stricken down with a sudden attack of sickness.

During the eight years' sojourn of the Sixteenth at Fort Douglas there were more than two hundred Utah recruits.

The presence of scores of pretty maids with tear dimmed eyes showed that the boys in blue leave many sweethearts behind.

Company C has more than twenty Utah privates, most of them very fine specimens of manhood, and well all with metal that will make good soldiers.

Company A, under Captain Noble, will have everything its own way at Fort Douglas until it makes room for the colored troops and takes its departure for Boise.

The coming of the Twenty-fourth has already augmented Salt Lake's colored population considerably. A considerable number of these recruits were at the depot today.

Lieutenant Lessler who is under a four years' recall with the National Guard of Utah accompanied the Sixteenth. He will return to Salt Lake in about three weeks.

Not a few National Guard boys will hard bye to their "former times." A strong Democratic has grown up between the Sixteenth and Nation's soldiers. Day it never be broken.

Many old U. A. S. veterans marched single and in squads to the depot to see the country's defenders board the train. They said it reminded them of the scenes of more than thirty years ago.

Brigadier General Young and Colonel Page were conspicuous figures in the leave-taking scene. General Canton was frequently inquired for but the train on which he came in from Denver arrived an hour and a half late before permit of his presence.

In the two sections were 42 officers including the band, 1,000 enlisted, 14 ladies who were either wives or daughters of the officers; 41 women contractors and wives of non-commissioned officers and private making a total of 1,062 without the children, who will swell the number to about 600.

Fred Salomon, the well known tailor, surprised a good many of his friends this morning by his appearance in the column of marchers. He wore a United States uniform and carried a knapsack and rifle. He has given up the uncomfortable career of a tailor for a more uncertain life of a soldier. He enlisted yesterday and says he will serve his term out.

London Stock Market.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Business on the stock exchange today was flat. Brazilians were 1 lower. A special to the Times from Rio Janeiro says business and the financial situation there are most critical; that a bill granting six months' moratorium had been presented to congress; that there have been 300 applicants for bankruptcy and that any numbers of firms were embarrassed.