WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 18, 1893.—"Standing like a mountain of granite amid the fog of uncertainty caused by the claims and counter claims made by various factions in Congress," said a senator, "is one fact, plainly visible to the naked eye of those who are able to look at it with unprejudiced eyes. The fact is the impossibility of getting a bill for the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law or any portion of it through the Senate. There is yet a good prospect of securing compromise financial legislation that will give the country some relief from the present straitened conditions of affairs, but if those who refuse to recognize the existence of that fact and persist in centering their interests to have unconditional repeal or nothing do not soon realize the situation the prospect will disappear and they and the country alike will get nothing from the extra session."

The silver debate in the House is full over, and although many of the speeches made have shown marked ability and originality few speeches have had very wide audiences. The speeches, however, that would be most interesting to the public could they be obtained, are those made by the members here to each other in private. Accordingly of being improperly ventilated are handled back and forth quite freely, and intimates are heard which indicate that some of them may yet be pretty mad. A decided flurry was created among the anti-silver Democrats by a report early this week that only the republicans had agreed to vote for the amendment providing for the free coinage of silver at a rate of 20 to 1. Representative Bland, the leader of the silver men, says he knows nothing of such an arrangement, and that he expects the vote for the amendment for the free coinage of silver at the present ratio to be the largest that will be cast by the silver men. While he will not admit as much, it is plain to those with whom he talks that he does not think the vote will be large enough for the adoption of that amendment.

Notwithstanding the frequent statements made by confidants of President Cleveland that he will not accept any compromise, but will veto any bill conditionally repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, the silver men in Congress, among them many good friends of the President, are certain that he will gladly sign a compromise bill, if it be one that promises to meet with public approval.

Many regard as significant the continued attempts of close friends of the administration to feel the pulse of Congress as to a large issue of bonds, and it will not be surprising if a bill providing for such an issue shall be introduced shortly with the influence of the administration behind it.

Senator Peffer had the public, regardless of politics, behind him when he objected to the consideration of the joint resolution making the mileage of senators and representatives payable once instead of in December. Congress found it easy enough to devise the quick means of putting a little additional money in the members pockets. Let it do as much for the public and it will add to its popularity.

Evidently the senate does not intend to confine its extra session legislation to financial matters. It this week passed a bill for the purchase of a site and the erection of a fireproof building for the storage of public records.

The Senate finance committee is holding daily meetings, but no agreement is yet in sight on the silver question. The bill which is reported early in the week, allowing national banks to issue currency to the full amount of bonds deposited with the government is now before the senate and its opponents are trying to beat it down with amendments. A similar bill was passed by the senate at the last session, and this bill will go through the senate, but it will take a hard fight to get through the House, notwithstanding Secretary Carlisle's active support.

There is considerable kicking on the quiet among congressmen over the result of the Bering sea arbitration, not inasmuch as the decision has to be accepted as final few of them are saying much against it openly. Where the main criticism was against the United States the rules adopted to govern future sealing are decidedly favorable to this country, much more so than any which Great Britain has in the past been disposed to agree to. The decision will, it is expected, result in the payment of a considerable sum of money to Canadians as damages on account of the vessels having been seized by U. S. officials in Bering sea when the United States has now been decided to have had no control at that time, but this will be offset by the damage done to the American sealing industry by the new rules. In fact, those who ought to know say there will be no Canadian sealing if the new rules are enforced.

Stevenson's Jollings.

Editor Evening News:

NEPHI, Utah, Aug. 21, 1893.—Wm. Drage, at Big Cottonwood, Salt Lake county, Utah, recently produced the end of lumber which was sawed from timber grown by him on his farm, in Big Cottonwood ward. The sawing was done at a saw mill situated at the mouth of East Mill Creek canyon, Salt Lake county. It appears to me only a short time since those trees were planted alongside the road as shade trees. About the same time, I took two similar trees in a buggy and planted them. They will now measure over two feet in diameter at the base. The trees are somewhat perfect.

From Big Cottonwood I am taking a court hearing tour through Utah, Juab and Sanpete counties. I find that many complaints are made regarding the scarcity of ready cash. Especially is this the case in Utah county. I am informed that some small stores, for some time past, have not netted their owners 50 cents per day on an average.

Nephi also feels the pinching times, as many of the people of this place are owners of large flocks of sheep and find themselves with abundance of sheep and wool, and the with scarcity of accumulated coin. The merchants of Nephi alone hold over $30,000 against the sheepmen.

I was pleased to be shown through the Nephi Plastering and Manufacturing company's works at the mouth of Salt Creek canyon, about one mile from Nephi city. J. A. Hyde is president, and Jesse Jackson is secretary. Adjacent to a mountain of gypsum stands a flourishing home industry in the form of a large milling establishment capable of turning out at full capacity sixty tons of plaster of paris per day of ten hours. At present, with one set of the mills, it is turning out about twenty tons per day, which is put up in sacks and sold. The process of manufacturing is by removing the gypsum by blue power from the mountain to the dump. The gypsum from the dump is removed by the stripper breaking it into small pieces, it then goes into the crusher, from which it passes to three burrs and is ground into flour, and is conveyed to the settles and placed into barrels and sacks. Most of the sacks and barrels are pasted on the inside but not all of them. Three qualities are manufactured, fine, the dental, second, for coating and moulding; third, for adhesive, plastering, etc. The plaster is shipped from the mill in Utah, California, Oregon, Wyoming and Idaho points. EDWARD STEVENSON.

Obituary.

A correspondent sends the NEWS the following:

William Butterworth passed from this life at his residence in East Mill Creek, Salt Lake county, Saturday, August 19th, at 11:00, after an illness of six days. The immediate cause of death was cancer of the stomach and typhoid fever. Funeral services were held in East Mill Creek meeting house, Monday at 11 o'clock. Remarks of condolence to the family and praise of the many admirable traits of the deceased, were made by President William Woodruff, George Q. Cannon, Elder Angus M. Cannon, President of the Salt Lake Stake and John Neff bishop of the ward.

After the services a large cortege followed the remains to their last resting place in the City Cemetery. The deceased was born at Great Gidding, Huntingdonshire, England, August 5th, 1827, making him sixty-six years of age at the time of his death. He received baptism at the hands of Elder James Price, May 1st, 1854 and came with his family to America in 1870. He lived on Long Island three years. In 1875 he emigrated to Utah, since which time he resided in the vicinity of Ogden and Salt Lake. The deceased was a consistent member of the Church, teaching more by example than precept, sacrificed almost to a fault, his greatest happiness being derived from administering to the wants of others both here and in England where his door was ever open to the traveling Elders. For two years past his health failed gradually until his demise. He leaves a widow and eight children and forty-two grandchildren to mourn his death.

Hard wood working has attained a beauty and perfection that would have surprised the cabinet makers of a few years ago. America has advanced this industry by the invention of machinery which almost is into marvels. An automatically working machine that makes holes for blind nailing in hard wood floors and does it perfectly is one of the late inventions. Another machine has been devised which takes a rough board for hard wood flooring, planes it on both sides at the same time, matches it and turns out a smooth surface finished at the top, bottom and sides.

The troops of the Congo Free State will eventually stamp out slavery entirely from the continent of Africa if that state prospers. Savages, Arabs and brutes of all degrees must in time go down before the disciplined soldiers of a civilized country.

By putting an extra rim containing coils of springs around the tire of a wagon wheel it is said that all jolting of the vehicle upon rough roads is prevented. But a better way will be got to have rough roads.

Tried & True

may well be said of the Superior Medicine, the standard blood-purifier,

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA

Its long record assures you that what has cured others will cure you

COUNTRY HOMES

100 BUSINESS LOTS, 50 FEET BY 132 FEET, [illegible] Apply to [illegible], Kimball, R. [illegible] street.

P. SPRY & SON,

Merchant Tailors.

Removed to 44 Main Street.

[illegible]

THOMAS RYBE,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

DESERET BAKERY.

[illegible]

LEWIS' 98 PER CENT LYE

[illegible]

HIGHLAND Evaporated Cream.

PURE, UNSWEETENED.

FOR TABLE USE, COOKING AND INFANT FEEDING.

For Sale by Grocers and Druggists.

BEFORE CONGRESS.

--Working for the West--

After a stay of several years at Washington, D.C., during which he has become familiar with the workings of Congress and the departments, Judge Chas. W. Sayner, an Attorney and Counselor of the Supreme Court of the United States, is prepared to promote proper legislation by appearing before Committees and informing influential Congressmen as to the needs of clients and communities represented by him.

He also continues his practice in the General Land Office, prepares appeals, makes answers and arguments before the Commissioner and Secretary, analyzes and reports on cases to attorneys at a distance, and attends to general land business. Terms reasonable. Services prompt and reliable. P.O. Address, Box 474, Washington D. C.

Hair Death

[illegible]

Sketchum Reef Hair Grower Co., [illegible]

PURE California WINES.

H. J. WOOLLACOTT.

[illegible] STREET.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.

I MAKE A SPECIALTY of Pure California Wines [illegible]

SALT LAKE GRAIN CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

HAY, GRAIN, GARDEN FIELD SEEDS

32 West First South Street, Salt Lake City.

Telephone 111

WALTER L. PRICE & COMPANY

64 S. Main Street.

Cash and Spot Buyers in Country Produce and Vegetables. Highest Prices paid for Poultry and Produce. Write for Prices. Money to Forward on Receipt of Goods.

GUNPOWDER.

[illegible]

THE HAZARD POWDER COMPANY,

Hazardville, Conn.

Represented in Utah by

SALT LAKE HARDWARE CO.

Shang Hai & Co's. BAZAR,

聚源昌

Full assortment of Chinese and Japanese Ornamental and Fancy Goods, Ladies' Underwear.

Before buying present a call and examine our stock. Most amicable prices in the city.

Chinese Tea, Imported Tea, Tobacco and Universal [illegible]

327 South Main.

Keep our month.

SUNOL!

ROBERT BONNER

Superintending the shoeing of Sunol with the Putnam Nail.

PROPERTY OF THE PUTNAM NAIL CO., BOSTON, MASS.

FRANKLIN TYLER, Esq., Pres. Feb. 18, 1893.

Gentlemen: [illegible]

Very sincerely yours,

Chas Marvin

The Putnam Nail is the only exclusively Hot-Forged and Hammer-Pointed nail.

Look in your smith's shoeing box, if the nails have smooth edges for the whole length they are the PUTNAM, for they are Hammer-Pointed and are not smooth.

[illegible]

PUTNAM NAIL CO.,

Neponset, Boston, Mass.

THE STATE BANK OF UTAH,

Corner of Main and South Temple Streets, Salt Lake City.

Capital, - $200,000

Surplus, - - 30,000

[illegible]

DIRECTORS:

[illegible]

Commercial Banking in all its branches. Accounts solicited. [illegible] and well.

FARMS

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK,

OF Salt Lake City.

—INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.—

DIRECTORS: [illegible]

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC

Frank Knox, President.
[illegible], Vice-President.
J. A. Rolfe, Cashier.

CAPITAL PAID IN $500,000

[illegible]

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

[illegible]

UTAH COMMERCIAL AND Savings Bank.

SALT LAKE CITY.

Capital, - $200,000.
Surplus, - 140,000.

General Banking Business.

[illegible]

DIRECTORS:

[illegible]

B. H. Schettler,

Wholesale Dealer in

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

No. 60 Main Street, Opposite the Co-op. and

PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

Savings Time Accounts.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S BANK,

SALT LAKE CITY, - UTAH.

Established 1852.

[illegible]

Deseret National BANK

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Paid-up Capital, - $500,000.00
Surplus, - - - $500,000.00

Directors.

[illegible]

RECEIVES DEPOSITS PAYABLE ON DEMAND

[illegible]

Safety Deposit Vaults, absolutely burglar and fireproof. Rents $4 to $50 per year.

Wilford Woodruff, President. George Q. Cannon, Cashier.

PAID CAPITAL, [illegible]
CASH SURPLUS, [illegible]

ZION'S SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY.

No. 2 and 4 East Temple Street, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

ESTABLISHED 1873. INCORPORATED 1889.

DIRECTORS:

Wilford Woodruff, President.
George Q. Cannon, Vice-President.

[illegible]

Oldest Savings Bank in Utah, with deposits greater than all others combined.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent.

[illegible]

"MY GROCER PUT ME ONTO THIS CLAIR-ETTE SOAP,

and it does just what he claims for it."

Ask YOUR Grocer for it, and INSIST on having it.

THE BEST SOAP MADE FOR ALL HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

MADE ONLY BY

N.K.FAIRBANK & CO. St. Louis.

Browning Bros.

Wholesale and Retail

[illegible]

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK,

OF SALT LAKE CITY.

Capital $500,000. Surplus $50,000. Organized October, 1890.

INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS AND TIME DEPOSITS.

[illegible]

Salt Lake City

Again to the Front.

A GREAT industry, a revelation to it was.

Another source of great wealth at our doors.

PORTLAND CEMENT.....

Equal to the best in the world. Several of our leading business men interested in the company, and a large factory to be put in operation without delay. The largest copper plant in the United States now being built. Utah has rich copper mines which will now be developed. Utah has many rich gold mines. Utah has many rich silver mines, which will soon be worked on a larger scale than ever. Utah has too many resources, of immense wealth, to enumerate in this space. Utah has a climate which is now attracting people here from all parts of the country. Salt Lake City is the center of this Territory so richly endowed by nature. Why not feel cheerful when we have every reason to? Do not hoard your money longer, put it in circulation, do yourself and others good, give employment to those who need it, help the general prosperity of the city along, do not retard it, show that you seen part of its life. It was the intention to mention some of the beauties of "East Waterloo" but the space will not permit it. Call and we will relate them to you.

W. E. HUBBARD,

41 W. 2nd South.

An Extra 10 Per Cent

Will be allowed on all MAJESTIC RANGES sold for cash during the month of August.

MAJESTIC STEEL RANGES need no further comment as their praises are sung by all who have ever used or seen them.

We have all sizes and styles to suit everybody.

Salt Lake Hardware Co.