TELEGRAPHIC.

THE SILVER PARTY.

Address to the People of the United States on the Great Issue.

UNITY OF ACTION FIRST OF ALL

The Country Confronted by a Condition for Which There Is But One Remedy.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—In the address to the people of the United States issued by the American Bimetallic league, the signers of the address are by implication: The monetary views for which we contend is, in our judgment, so vital to the common welfare and so necessary to a return to conditions of prosperity in this country as to preclude longer delay in the inauguration of a movement, the purpose of which is to bring together all who believe in the necessity of the free coinage of silver and have been united in opinion and action. Party lines or creeds have kept them apart in the past. Differences on other questions are thus laid aside and bigoted they in well meaning ranks, march all one way.

On the other hand those who are in favor of return to the constitutional standard of gold and silver are split up into many divisions as there are opinions. Some Republicans from the East and South to the great delight of the leaders of the Republican party, have no sympathy for their cause only within the lines of that party, and western and southern Democrats, not one ever more, equally to the delight of the leaders of the Democratic party, continue the contest on their part only within the lines of the Democratic party.

In other words, the advocates of the monetary standard, through the unwisdom of silver as well as gold, have allowed to their cause to organizations which are consigned by the one party, always, however unwise on the issue one may be, to remain as passive creatures his party remains to carry out his views, or to permit him to vacate office.

In no instance have we now and for two or three years, a large majority of the voters in the United States in favor of retaining the free coinage of at least gold and silver, but the opportunity to win their convictions into force has given them, and they will be taken politically to account by party leaders. There has not been a Congress in twenty years which, except for the influence of executive patronage or the fear of an executive veto, would not have voted to open the mints again to silver on the same terms as to gold. Indeed, each house of Congress has at different times separately passed free coinage bills, but in the latter cases these have been frustrated by party manipulation. It is as necessary therefore to have a President in sympathy with the cause as to have a Congress in favor of it.

The good cause will never be won without unanimous action. It will never be won to use those who believe in it more together and elect a Congress and a President on this issue.

The Republican party is committed to bimetallism by its record and by the platform of 1892, to the gold standard supported by gold bonds, and to the retirement of the greenbacks and the surrender of the issue and control of paper currency to the banks. No less prominent and effective in the control of the money power over the issue is the party of the Democratic party. While this is the case it cannot be expected that Republicans will abandon principles of a lifetime and other organizations to join the Democratic party in toto, or form a wing of that party. Nor will Democrats give up convictions they believe to be essential to government and go over to the Republican party or a division of that party. Yet it is possible to induce Republicans and Democrats together to join the Populist party for the reason, if for no other, that the platform of that party contains declarations and its party are aims therefore to which they cannot give their assent. But we need in some way come together on the issue, or the cause is lost, and with the loss, success of the people. No party ever carried through a great wrong.

There are many more than people who can not to accommodate, for the time being, other questions, and to come to the front in a new organization to fight the battle of 1896 on the one issue on which the prosperity and happiness of the people so largely depends. It is believed that this course can be win to no other way, and that to continue to contend for it within the lines of the existing parties is to count defeat at the outset and to lose the battle in the election.

There can be no doubt that a return to the standard of gold and silver will promote the highest degree the business interests of the whole country. It can never under existing conditions cannot be established in the United States only by forcing down the price level of commodities to below the price level of other countries to bring the gold into use, or, at any rate, to induce our creditors to take commodities of us for what we owe them instead of demanding gold. Any policy, therefore, that tends to raise prices necessarily operates to expel gold. The condition of things cannot be overcome by tariffs, much less by free trade. On the contrary, it is clear that in other countries we must compete with more desirable countries, with Argentine, with Egypt, with India, with all the colonies of Great Britain, and worse of all, with Asiatic race, with industries stimulated as never before by the low price of silver. These conditions, from which there is no escape so long as the gold standard policy is pursued, intensify the gravity of the situation in this country to such an extent as to compel the serious attention of all patriotic citizens.

The inauguration of a movement for relief from these enthralling conditions must spring from the people. Politicians never initiate great reforms and it were idle to wait for them.

While not unmindful of the interests of the people of other countries in this question, it is not so large that can be safely entrusted to the decision of foreign governments, or be made to depend on what other countries may do. When our monetary system was established over a hundred years ago, with a population of less than 5,000,000, our fathers did not wait for, or invite the concurrence of other powers. Nor did the framers of the Constitution contemplate any such action. They legislated for the United States and we now, as Americans, must legislate for ourselves.

Fellow citizens, the power is still in your hands to right by the ballot the wrong of 1873 and to save yourselves and your children from the disaster which the gold standard policy, if persisted in, will surely bring upon you and them.

We pray you, therefore, not to let the settlement of this question go beyond the election of 1896, but, subordinating all questions for the time being to this, the supreme issue, settle this now and forever.

And we especially urge upon you the importance of immediate organization in townships and counties throughout the entire country for the purpose of carrying on the great movement for the common good of all.

Signed by the executive committee, appointed by the bimetallic conference held at Washington, February, 22, 1895.

IZETA IN SAN FRANCISCO.

The Ex-President of Salvador Court-martialed in that city.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—General Antonio Izeta, ex-president of Salvador, who was court-martialed here yesterday, has given up all thoughts of returning to his Central American home. Custom house records show that there are now on the way from Paris, consigned to Izeta, the full equipment of a war lord and also the full military costume of a general. He says the military paraphernalia is to be worn peacefully in San Francisco.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

Li Hung Chang's Credentials Satisfactory to Japan.

LONDON, March 5.—Dispatches from Pekin to the Times which will be published tomorrow, confirm previous dispatches outlining the success of Li Hung Chang at the Chinese capital. They say that after tedious telegraphing through the United States minister, Mr. Charles Denby, the seat of Li Hung Chang's credentials as peace envoy have been accepted by Japan. Li Hung Chang was given audience by the dowager empress of Japan yesterday in the presence of the privy council, who loyally supported the mission and sympathized with the envoy in success.

Prince Kung, president of the Chinese foreign office, and uncle of the present emperor of China, silenced all opposition by presenting papers showing that the failure of the Chinese to regulate the Japanese was due to the backward policy for which they themselves were responsible, and exonerating Li Hung Chang, who upon Tuesday assumed the duties of the empire.

The powers of Li Hung Chang to negotiate for peace are believed to be complete and the actual commissioners have signed, so left Pekin news for Dec. 2, where the Japanese papers are to transship for Hiroshima.

Mr. John Foster, the American adviser of the Chinese, will join the viceroy.

Under date of Tien Tsin today the Times will publish a dispatch saying that disturbances are increasing. One of the Chinese generals in the Shan Tung province was beheaded by his soldiers for attempting to suppress pillage. Similar troubles are reported at Hsiamchow, Lao Yang, and Mukden, which is probably taken.

French and German Armies

PARIS, March 5.—During the discussion of the army budget in the Chamber of Deputies today M. Rech, reporting the committee rate France tried to place her army upon a parity with those of other nations. But since 1887 the military expenditure of Germany and exceeded those of France. The German military doctrine was based on numerical strength and Germany now possessed an army ready to fight at any moment.

He maintained the superiority of the offensive system, which he was interrupted by an insulting remark from a socialist member. An uproar followed and some time elapsed before M. Rech was able to proceed. He demanded that the French army should be so well organized as the German army, claiming the economizing of a few million francs might mean defeat in the event of war. (Applause.)

M. Cavignac, minister of war, repudiated M. Rech for exaggerating the gravity of the situation, maintaining the French army only contained about 50,000 less than the German army. The debate was then adjourned.

GOLD DISCOVERIES

More Than One Million Dollars' Worth in Sight.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 5.—In the discovery of the mines they have called the Desert Chief, the Desert Queen, Child of the Hills and Dry Lake Valley mine, located near Inyo, the McHaney boys, William and James, think they have found the richest group of gold mines ever uncovered in the world. The discoveries and owners of the claims say there is more than $1,000,000 worth of gold in sight, and six mining men, who have no interest in the mines whatever (and the McHaney boys say they want not a look of such) say have carefully say that the mines will make multi-millionaires of every man interested. The richness of the mines can be judged from the results obtained from crushing a batch of the ore which has been mined years ago and left on the surface. It was put through a three-stamp mill and yielded $953 in gold. The gold was first discovered in an old cave located in a canyon, which had evidently been inhabited by a tribe of Aztecs. The cave was strewn with human bones.

Work on the mines will be started at once and a big mill will be started in the canyon as soon as the road, on which the men are now working, will allow its transportation.

FATOUS A REVOLUTION.

The Time for Ireland to use Force has Arrived, Says Dr. Dillon.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The Irish Revolutionary Brotherhood gave their annual banquet at the Central opera house tonight with Mike Dalton, president, presiding. Augustus Cornelius, president of the Brotherhood, presided. The principal speaker of the evening was Reverend John W. Duff. He declared that the recent alliance of the Home Rule Parnell meeting in this city proves conclusively that the time had come for Ireland to use force if she wished to be free. Nothing would ever be accomplished through the power of eloquence—home rule.

Yale's Hair Tonic.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to Yale's Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which restores Hair to its original color without dye. It has gone on record that Mme. M. Yale—wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally informs its action and gives the public her solemn guarantee that it has been tested in every conceivable way, and has proved itself to be the only Hair Specific. It stops hair falling immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy, on the contrary it makes the hair soft, youthful, fluffy, and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies with hair a little gray, streaked gray, entirely gray, and also BALD HEADS, it is specially recommended.

All druggists sell it. Price $1.

If anyone offers a substitute, scan them.

MRS. M. YALE, Sleep and Complexion Specialist, The Temple of Beauty, 54 State Street, Chicago.

GIVEN BY DR. SHORES.

Symptoms Most Common in Catarrh and Catarrhal Chronic Diseases.

To Enable Sufferers to Understand the Specific Nature of Their Ailments—Read them Carefully, Mark Those That Apply to Your Case and Bring Them or Send Them to Dr. G. W. Shores and Have Your Case Diagnosed and Get Expert Advice Free.

Hundreds are constantly of people suffer from a chronic catarrhal affection, and do not know that part of the trouble of the body, or some organ, is due to the presence of catarrh. The symptoms of this affection are so numerous and so varied that it is impossible to mention all in a short space. Many are so obscure that the victim does not think of catarrh, such as dizziness, sleeplessness, nervous troubles, bad dreams, nervous and mental depression, loss of memory, loss of energy, and many others. The proper course for such cases is to consult a competent physician who is skilled in the treatment of catarrh, such that the cause of the trouble may be ascertained and the proper remedy applied. Many of the most dangerous diseases have their origin in catarrh, such as consumption, epilepsy, insanity, and many others, and it is the duty of every one who suspects that he is suffering from catarrh to at once consult a competent physician and have the disease cured before it has had time to develop into some more serious affection. Catarrh is a local disease, and can easily be cured by a competent physician who is skilled in the treatment of catarrh, and who is not a quacker, who has no specialty, who is not a patent medicine vendor, who is not a man who has a patent medicine to sell, who is not a man who has a patent medicine to sell, who is not a man who has a patent medicine to sell