

FIFTIETH YEAR.

ARGUMENTS IN THE BENBROOK TRIAL.

All Probability the Case Will Go to the Jury Tomorrow Evening—A Session of Court May Be Held Tonight.

It is Expected That Judge Powers, For the Defense, and Senator Brown, For the State, Will Make the Closing Arguments Tomorrow—Opening Address for the State Made by Assistant County Attorney Van Cott—He is Followed by Judge Zane This Morning—County Attorney Putnam Occupies This Afternoon—Lindsay Rogers to Speak This Evening for the Defense—Court Room Packed Throughout the Day.

The Benbrook murder trial is now approaching its end with a rush. Yesterday afternoon when the prosecution called some witnesses in rebuttal, the defense entered an objection on the ground that the testimony offered was not proper rebuttal and that the State was bound, as to immaterial points, by the testimony elicited on cross-examination.

MR. PUTNAM'S ADDRESS. Close Review of the Case by the County Attorney. When court reassembled this afternoon, Judge Hiles said that it was the desire to expedite the trial as much as possible, and if the jury wished it, a session would be held this evening.

JUDGE ZANE'S ADDRESS. Judge Zane prefaced his discussion of the evidence by a talk upon the law and upon justice generally. He spoke very briefly, but was none the less effective.

MAKES THE OPENING ARGUMENT FOR THE DEFENSE THIS MORNING. The morning Judge Zane made the opening address for the defense, this being arranged among counsel. His appearance at the time, instead of Mr. Putnam, caused some surprise.

THE FIRST CONFLICT IN THE EVIDENCE was Morris's statement that on the afternoon of July 17th, Leda Stromberg told him to tell Benbrook that she would like to see him. He referred to the heavy responsibility resting upon the court, the jury and the attorneys in a case of this kind. The jurors must have been impressed with the care exercised in their selection.

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NATHANIEL V. JONES FAILS. Well Known Salt Lake Attorney Files Petition in Bankruptcy. Nathaniel V. Jones, the attorney, today filed a petition in bankruptcy in the federal court. His schedule sets forth his liabilities at \$7,957.75 and his assets at \$3,178. The secured claims amount to \$460, leaving \$7,397.75 unsecured. His principal creditors are: The Deseret Savings Bank, \$1,250, which is indebtedness in a loan on a mortgage; and the First National Bank of Deadwood, South Dakota, \$7,397.75.

EFFECT OF DAKOTA MINERS' RIOTS.

Sovereign Describes Scenes that Followed Lawlessness There.

REIGN OF BREAD AND WATER.

Repetition of Horrors of Andersonville—Blowing Up the Mill—What Caused Severe Official Measures.

[Afternoon Dispatches.] Washington, March 7.—When James R. Sovereign, former grand master workman of the Knights of Labor, resumed his testimony today at the Cour d'Alene investigation before the House committee on military affairs, Representative Lentz asked him if there was any law, written or unwritten, requiring the members of a labor organization to conceal the names of criminals. Mr. Sovereign answered in the negative.

Speaking of the general conditions in the mining country while the men were imprisoned, Mr. Sovereign said he had seen mothers weeping for their sons, wives for their husbands, and sisters for their brothers. He denounced the military officers for the "reign of bread and water," describing it as a repetition of the horrors of Andersonville.

The members of the committee cross-examined Mr. Sovereign at considerable length. Representative Hull again took him over the assembling of miners on the morning the mill was blown up. The witness said it was evident there was prearranged action. At Mr. Hull's request, Mr. Sovereign read an article in the paper edited by him, as "Bunker Hill destroyed, one thousand determined men wreak vengeance on the scab mine."

FLOODS IN OHIO. Cleveland, O., March 7.—Telegrams from various points in northern Ohio indicate that great damage is being done by floods.

CHICAGO STRIKE INCREASES. Chicago, March 7.—Two hundred and thirty men were today added to the thousands of strikers in this city, the buffer police and brass workers employed by Turner Brothers and the L. Wolf Manufacturing Co. walking out in an effort to enforce their demands for recognition of their union and a nine hour working day.

SPARKS AND WASTE PAPER. These Cause a \$700,000 Fire in Philadelphia Today. Philadelphia, March 7.—A fire entailing an estimated loss of over \$700,000 occurred early today in the retail dry-goods district. The conflagration originated in the engine room of the Shoneman Brothers' drygoods and millinery store at Eighth and Arch streets.

GOULIN GIVES BAIL. Philadelphia, March 7.—Alfred Goulin of New York, who was arrested here Monday night on the charge of conspiring to depress the stock of the Brooklyn Transit company, was released on \$7,000 bail this afternoon. Goulin's counsel stated that the effort to take him back to New York will be fought at every step.

HEALY STILL LIVES. London, March 7.—In the house of commons today on the passing of the first reading of the loan bill of £25,000,000 Timothy Healy, nationalist member for North Leath, gave notice that he would move an amendment at the second reading of the bill extending the measure so that all self-governing colonies "who were so keen in contributing men would also bear the burden of the war loan."

BARBADOS IS OBJECTING. Kingston, Jamaica, March 7.—Information reaches here to the effect that Barbados, hitherto the most loyal colony of the West Indian group in consequence of the British successes in South Africa, about to give trouble to the home government in regard to the sugar question.

INDIANAPOLIS IS OBJECTING. Indianapolis, Ind., March 7.—At today's session of the Social Democratic convention, committee reports were discussed. As the nominations were made the last order of business, it is believed they will not be reached until tomorrow. A committee was appointed to report on the building of the conference committee appointed by the Socialist Labor party convention at Rochester, N. Y., in January to seek amalgamation.

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FORTY-TWO DEAD AT THE LEAST.

That Many Victims Known to be in Red Ash Mine.

NUMBER MAY BE GREATER.

One Report Says Eighty or Ninety Men are Believed Still to be Entombed.

[Afternoon Dispatches.] Charleston, W. Va., March 7.—Hope for the rescue of the eighty or ninety miners believed to be still entombed in the Red Ash mine—the scene of yesterday's explosion—has been practically abandoned.

A number of dead bodies were taken from the shaft after 11 o'clock last night and although the working party is unremitting in its efforts to reach the part of the workings still cut off, it is feared it will be too late to save the entombed workmen.

Gov. Atkinson is still on the ground, and in conjunction with State mine inspector, is directing the relief operations.

LIST IS SIXTY-TWO. The belief is growing that all in the mine have perished. The rescue party is working manfully, but with little hope of reaching the imprisoned men.

The office books show that 62 were in the mine when the explosion occurred. The names of those supposed to have been in the mine at the time of the explosion who are as yet unaccounted for are:

Sam Sheff, John Clair, Andy Pritt, Quilt Stewart, Ed Hobbie, Robert Jones, Granville Holmes, Sam Eshew, Janus Sanders, Bill Sledge, Vale Elgars, John Stone, Ed Harper, William Holmes, Ed Haverich, William Haverich, Alfred Collins, Tom Collins, Charles Potts, N. C. Ramsey, James Washington, Newville Demore, John Dugan, Harry Tucker, Robert Holmes, Charles Downey, Edward Downey, Ernest Long, Thomas Long, Charles Downey, Dale Long.

So far twenty-nine dead bodies have been recovered. Only the following have been identified: B. B. Long, John Day, Joe Elliott, Mat Quarles, Sam Jackson, James Hackney, Bowen Driver, and William Day.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 7.—The Norwegian bark Passel, which arrived today, had on board Captain Welt and the entire crew of eight men from the four-master schooner Isiah Hart of Boston, which sank in a gale off Hatteras Bay 27th. The crew was picked up five hours after the wreck.

SHONEMAN BROTHERS, MARKS BROTHERS, and MYERHOF BROTHERS, DRY GOODS HOUSES, CAUGHT IN THE BLAZE. Philadelphia, March 7.—A fire entailing an estimated loss of over \$700,000 occurred early today in the retail dry-goods district. The conflagration originated in the engine room of the Shoneman Brothers' drygoods and millinery store at Eighth and Arch streets.

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BUBONIC PLAGUE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Supposed Case Discovered in California Metropolis' Chinatown.

QUARANTINE IS IN FORCE.

Exact Nature of Disease Not Yet Certain, but Every Precaution is Taken to Prevent Spread.

[Afternoon Dispatches.] San Francisco, March 7.—A case of what is supposed to be bubonic plague, though the exact nature of the disease is yet uncertain, has been discovered in Chinatown. The patient, who is a Chinese residing at 1004 Dupont street, was immediately isolated and the whole of Chinatown has been placed under strict quarantine regulations.

Later—a large force of police is being kept in Chinatown to maintain the quarantine placed upon that section pending the outcome of the bacteriological examinations of those portions of the body removed from the suspected Chinese. The physician interested in the case is not yet prepared to make a definite statement regarding the case, but from others who have had experience in such matters it is learned the case will hardly prove to be one of plague, the disease man has long been a resident of this city.

Gen. Otis Tells of Losses for the Week Ending March 3. Washington, March 7.—Another casualty list was received at the war department today from Gen. Otis, as follows: Deaths: Appendicitis, March 2, Tilden A. Logan, B. Twenty-eighth infantry; diarrhoea, March 1, Charles L. Slocum, K. Thirty-seventh infantry; dysentery, December 8, Henry Alexander, Twenty-fourth infantry; February 7, John McEacheran, corporal Thirty-seventh infantry; 14th, Willis C. Fulton, K. Seventeenth infantry; 27th, William Banks, E. Forty-ninth infantry; 27th, Ed Stroup, K. Thirty-eighth infantry; 23d, James Pryor, Twenty-fourth infantry; drowned, 24th, John Hendrickson, E. Thirty-seventh infantry; Rio Paganan, at Lumbung, Sulu, 25th, Harvey L. Leeman, F. Eighteenth infantry; typhoid fever, 7th, Moss B. Robe, C. Nineteenth infantry; 22d, William Walker, L. Ninth infantry; malaria, 25th, George W. Johnson, G. Tenth infantry; 27th, Mikal D. Crane, B. Thirty-fifth infantry; 27th, Henry Tilley, quartermaster sergeant, G. Ninth infantry.

Wounded in action: January 20th, George F. Bayday, F. Eleventh cavalry; 26th, Patrick Phelan, I. Eleventh cavalry; February 23d, William F. Kindel, D. Thirty-seventh infantry; 25th, Thos. Brown, corporal, Thirty-eighth infantry; 27th, James J. McLaughlin, K. Thirty-third infantry; 22d, Paul H. Phillips, Fourth cavalry; 25th, Joseph E. Martin, hospital corps; 26th, Charles E. Ramsey, Thirty-third infantry; March 2, J. J. James, H. Twenty-second infantry; pleurisy, February 23d, Taylor Johnson, F. Twenty-second infantry; chloroform anaesthesia, 17th, Robert M. Bartlett, H. Forty-second infantry.

Secretary Root in Havana. Havana, March 7.—Secretary Root arrived here this morning on board the U. S. transport Sedgwick. He was received by a salute from Cabanas fortress. Gen. Ludlow was also on board the Sedgwick.

MONEY FOR EX-QUEEN. \$20,000 Now, and \$10,000 Annuity for Liliuokalani. Washington, March 7.—The Senate committee on foreign relations today authorized the reporting of an amendment to the diplomatic appropriation bill appropriating \$20,000 to be paid to ex-Queen Liliuokalani and providing for an annual donation of \$10,000 to her as long as she may live.

PHILIPPINO AND BOERS. Mississippi Senator Says No Declaration of the Former as Rebels. As to the Latter, Senator Mason Wants His Resolution of Sympathy Reported.

Washington, March 7.—Mr. Sullivan (Miss.) offered a resolution that the Philippine islands are the rightful property, honorably acquired, of the United States, and that "while the misguided Filipinos continue the present war brought on by them, against the rightful authority of the United States, so long as a single gun in their hands is trained upon our flag no expression of intention as to the future course of the United States with respect to them should be made by the Senate."

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BRITISH TROOPS ENTER TRANSVAAL.

Flying Column Passes in From Zululand, and Intrenches Itself at Catasa, Nine Miles Over the Line.

FORCE OF MOUNTED INFANTRY, WITH ARTILLERY, UNDER MAJOR PRENDERGAST—SKIRMISHES WITH THE BOERS—ROBERTS ADVANCES, AND REPORTS THE BOERS IN FULL RETREAT—BOERS SAY RETIREMENT FROM LADYSMITH WAS DUE TO A COMMANDANT'S MISTAKE—HOW THE BOERS FELL BACK—PLACE FOR THE NEXT STAND—STORES AND AMMUNITION ABANDONED—BULLER'S ADVANCE—RUMORS OF PEACE—BULLER REPORTS 1,859 CASUALTIES—BOERS SURPRISED.

[Afternoon Dispatches.] London, March 7.—A special dispatch from Durban says a flying column of British troops from Zululand has entered the Transvaal and has been daily skirmishing with small parties of Boers. The force consists of mounted infantry, Natal scouts and artillery, all commanded by Major Prendergast. The column first crossed the border on Feb. 25th. It now occupies an entrenched position on the Catasa, nine miles within the Transvaal.

BOERS IN RETREAT. Lord Roberts telegraphs from Oorfontein: "Advanced March 7th. Enemy in full retreat, followed by our troops. Casualties few."

DUE TO A MISTAKE. Boer Camp, Biggersberg, Saturday, March 3.—The federals have fallen back on the Biggersberg chain that crosses Natal south of Dundee.

On the receipt of bad news from the Modder river Wednesday it was resolved to send the wagons back to Biggersberg, and soon long strings of ox wagons lined the roads. Over a thousand wagons took the westerly route to the larger west of Ladysmith. Another convey was sent to the foot of Drakensberg.

A large number of tents captured from the British at Dundee and also the ammunition were abandoned. The chief difficulty was in dismounting "long tom."

RUMORS OF PEACE. London, March 7.—For lack of news from Field Marshal Lord Roberts, attention turns to Natal. It is reported that Gen. Buller has pushed forward a force along the Harrismith line of railway toward Van Reenan's Pass, using the railway freely for communications.

Major Thompson today received a dispatch from the New York World stating that the play "Sapho" had been suppressed in Gotham, and asking his honor if he would allow it to be performed in this city.

THE MAYOR REPLIED IN ONE WORD and that was "NO." "Of course," said the city's chief executive to a "News" reporter, "I feel something like the man who, when his wife asked him if he would love her when she became old, said 'I can tell you better after I've seen you.' While I think I could form a better judgment of the play after witnessing a performance, still I am willing to base my judgment upon those who have seen it, and have acted accordingly. One thing is certain: if it's too tough for New Yorkers it certainly must be for Salt Lake."

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