The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock EDITION.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 195 FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVII.

HANGED TILL DEAD!

Patrick E. Prendergast Pays the Final Penalty,

FOR KILLING CARTER HARRISON.

He Went Humbly to the Gallows—He Fell this Morning, and Was in His Cells Before Noon.

CHICAGO, July 13.—Prendergast was hanged at 11:03 a.m.

CHICAGO, July 13. — Within the gloomy walls of Cook county jail today all was hustle and suppressed excitement at the time drew near when Patrick Eugene Prendergast, the concerned murderer of Mayor Carter Harrison, would expiate his crime with his life.

Jailer Morris and assistants made a final test of the rope, trap and trig er at 10:30. Jailer Morris at 10:45 said: "As near as I can judge, the march to the scaffold will begin about 11:30."

Prendergast rested well last night, seemed calm and collected. He refused until late last evening to receive spiritual consolation, but when nightfall came on he asked for Father Mulloon.

Between 6 and 7 o'clock Prendergast partook heartily of ham and eggs and about 9 o'clock sent word to Jailer Morris that he was again hungry. The jailor had the prisoner served with another hearty meal, which he seemed to relish greatly. The assassin talked freely with his spiritual advisers and several times remarked: "You must stay with me to the end."

As the hour for the execution came nearer, Prendergast showed signs of slightly increasing nervousness; but on the whole was remarkably calm and well collected.

Father Barry was in constant attendance upon Prendergast all morning. The little assassin was most penitential. He announced with a little of bravado, "I will die game and set a great and shining example to my country."

At 11 a. m. Prendergast was removed to an anteroom off the jail office, where the last sad offices were performed. Prendergast especially requested Sheriff Gilbert to allow him twenty minutes to make a dying statement, but it was thought he wanted at the last moment forego the determination.

The jury of physicians at 11:10 filed in and inspected the scaffold and apparatus. Fifty deputy sheriffs were arranged around the corridor.

At 11:45 a. m. Sheriff Gilbert and Jailer Morris appeared at the right of the scaffold. The prisoner, pale and resolutely, walked behind. He stood without apparent nervousness, though a little weak and unsteady as his arms were being pinioned. He looked calmly out on the assembled crowd below him. The white shroud was placed about him. Having a little recollection and a movement of the eyes, he made no motion. Jailer Morris adjusted the rope about his neck, and a white cap over his head.

At 11:46 the body shot downward, the head twisted to one side, the neck apparently had been broken. A slight convulsive movement of the legs was the only sign of life apparent.

Surrounded by the jury of physicians the corpse swung to and fro, and at 11:57, nine minutes after the trigger was sprung, he was pronounced dead.

The assassin made no audible sound from the time he left the cell, apparently being lost in contemplation of his awful sin. He was gently disarmed by Sheriff Gilbert from his determination to make a speech.

At 11:55 Jailer Morris unloosened the noose from end of the rope, and the shrouded corpse was slowly lowered and laid in a coffin standing underneath the platform. The face was not badly distorted though the mouth was open, and the tongue protruding. The cold of the features was a bluish tint, which with the unkempt, coarse hair straggling down over the forehead, gave the sight one long to be remembered.

A Military Regiment in Ireland.

DUBLIN, July 13.—Freeman's Journal says: "Taking a startling amount of a general at Ballyhaise, Kings county, the conspirators of the Prince of Wales' Leinster regiment (royal Canadians). A few nights ago some officers of the Leinster regiment, masked and disguised, forcibly entered the rooms of the female servants, assaulted two of them and fled. The sentry challenged them and upon their refusal to halt, the sentry turned his bayonet into one and clubbed for the guard. The guard turned out promptly and the officers were arrested. The girls have swore to complicate against the prisoners.

Fatal Wreck in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 13.—The milers at the Fairmount station on the Big Four, a few miles west of Terre Haute, this morning wrecked a passenger train. Engineer Charles Hourman and Fireman Charles Frick were killed. No passengers were badly hurt. The train was running 45 miles an hour when it struck an open switch and went down the embankment about eight feet. The engineer and fireman are under the wreck, groans to prove. The engine, baggage car, express car and day coach are piled in the ditch. The wreck is thoroughly the work of the lawless men of strikers that possessed Fairland all day yesterday and side-tracked the Big Four freight trains.

N. Y. Stock Market.

NEW YORK, July 13.—The stock market opened firm, with sugar the leading feature. On brisk demand, largely to cover short contracts, it rose 1 per cent; subsequently there was a break of 4 with a rally of 1.

Important Land Decision.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The secretary of the interior has reversed the decision of the general land office in the case of the Northern Pacific railroad against S. B. Brock, which held that the settlement of the claim of Chauncey Bunce on lands in the Duluth (Minn.) land district abrogated the lands from the grant to the railroad. The applications of Kreck have been rejected and the listing of the land by the company in 1883 will remain intact.

Cholera in Russia.

PETERSBURG, July 13.—There were 131 new cases of cholera and 59 cases of death reported here yesterday.

U. S. Anarchist With Bombs.

PARIS, July 13.—The Globe today publishes the statement that the police of this city have been informed that an anarchist recently left the United States for England en route to France, having in his possession several bombs.

According to the Globe a plot was hatched in the United States to explode the bombs simultaneously in the Elysee palace, the Senate chamber, the chamber of deputies and the palace of justice here.

TROOPS OFF FOR OAKLAND.

Wild Rumors Afloat and Trouble Expected.

Every Precaution Taken to Prevent the Striking Railroadmen from Committing Outrages.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 13.—The Second regiment of the National Guard of California, numbering one men, Lieutenant-Colonel Gary in command, left for Oakland on the steamer Piedmont about four o'clock this morning. Twenty men from the naval reservation with a Hotchkiss gun accompanied them.

The commissary department was well looked after, provisions for ten days being taken.

The officers and men refused to talk, but from one of the officers of the Piedmont, an Associated Press reporter gleaned the information that the regiment was bound for Oakland to help preserve order when the Southern Pacific resumes regular train service today.

The municipal, state and national authorities are active and uneasy in Oakland. The wildest rumors are afloat and trouble is expected at any moment.

The situation is critical. The blockade has virtually been broken on the railroad system across the bay.

The strikers claim that the breaking of the Oakland blockade in no way affects their place but they are nevertheless laboring under great excitement. It is feared that they will commit serious depredations and every precaution has been taken to prevent outrage.

COMPERS ON ARBITRATION

Doubtful Whether Cleveland's Appointees Would Settle the Strike.

CHICAGO, July 13.—In the course of an interview with Mr. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, shortly after midnight last night, reverting to the cause and effect of the present strike he said: "I doubt whether this action of the committee on arbitration to be appointed by President Cleveland will greatly affect the Pullman strike, as it was originally, because I do not see how it has anything to do with the interstate commerce law. My understanding is that the Governor of no one can take effect when interstate commerce is violated.

In passing his comments on moral law, strike legislation and historical precedents, Mr. Gompers referred to the settlement of the great miners' strike in England some years ago when Lord Rosebery arbitrated the differences between the mine owners and the strikers.

"The conditions," he said, "were the same as now exist here. Military force was brought in and all of late to force a settlement, but it could not be done in that way. Lord Rosebery took upon himself to settle it and did so. It seems to me if it could be done in Europe it could be done here in America. We must have strict arbitration laws here."

In furtherance of this moral law of the government, which he terms arbitration, Mr. Gompers seems to think that the strike must be carried on for some time yet, when he said:

"There will be outstanding forces in order to have an arbitration. The President must appoint his committee and they must come here. They have full power to closely examine into whole matter and then report to the President and then to Congress, and then action will be taken by the proper body. If the strike is stopped at any time it will then be settled and the committee will have nothing to report."

Anarchistic Fire Bugs in France.

TOULON, July 13.—Just previous to the launching of the new warship from dry dock Carnot, a dock yard official discovered smoke issuing from the hold. The fire was easily extinguished. A large bottle of turpentine had been supplied over the woodwork in a manner well calculated to cause the rapid spread of the fire. It is reported that a dockyard workman suspected of being an anarchist was arrested and confessed that he and an accomplice planned to burn the Carnot.

Nihilist Plot Against the Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 13.—The police of Kaniptscinsk recently arrested a Polish student, suspected of being a nihilist. In his lodging a bomb was found. Further investigation caused the police to arrest another student and the latter's sister. The judicial inquiry is said to have revealed an extensive plot against the czar.

Bare Yacht Race.

GLASGOW, July 13.—The Vigilant and Britannia have been entered for the Plymouth and Penzance regattas.

AN AMERICAN IN SIBERIA.

Banished for Offenses Committed Before His Naturalization.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 13.—The case of BOGHIGIAN KIZIRIAN, an American citizen who was banished by the Russian government to the Siberian mines on account of political crimes committed prior to his emigration and naturalization, still agitates the people of Buffalo. An attempt is being made on behalf of the Poles to get our government to take up the question of repealing the treaty. Attorney W. W. Stevens, who has brought the case to the attention of the secretary of state, has written to Chas. Denby as follows:

"The number of Russian citizens who have settled in this country and become American citizens is very great and some protection ought to be afforded them even beyond that of an American passport, and that is the covenant of a strenuous treaty between the two countries. It is surprising that steps were not taken by this country long before to improve the treaty with Russia, but as the person about whom the state department is at present interceding hails from here it seems our duty to suggest to that department the vital importance of a modification between this country and the Russian empire in order to prevent a repetition of this outrageous occurrence.

To this letter Congressman Daniels replied:

"As to the changing of the treaty with Russia so as to prevent the recurrence of cases of this character, that would be a very different subject, requiring time and prolonged negotiation. A favorable treaty will probably be obtained whenever that should be set up for test, which will place the relations of Russia to the United States upon this subject in the same favorable condition which has been attained through negotiations with other European governments.

"That, however, would be a subject for future agitation. The impatient matter engaging the attention of the state department is the return of this person, which I have no doubt will in the end be secured.

Photos Found Guilty.

CINCINNATI, July 13.—Judge Taft, of the United States court, found Phelan guilty of contempt and sentenced him to six months' imprisonment in jail at Lebanon, Ohio.

Hanged, Protesting Innocence.

LEXINGTON, Mont., July 13.—Robt. A. Anderson, alias Fields, one of the murderers of Emanuel Fleming, was hanged at 3 a.m. He protested innocence to the last.

Presidential Nominations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13.—Nominations: Registers of Land Offices—Wm. A. Lowrie, Marysville, Cal.; Chas. Howard, Boise City, Idaho; W. H. Broadstreet, Hailey, Idaho.

Receivers of Public Money—Wm. F. Horne, Hailey, Idaho; W. Kruttinger, Lewiston, Idaho; Wm. A. Heilberger, Couer d'Alene, Idaho; A. C. Neal, Waterville, Washington.

Northern Express Company Robbed.

HELENA, July 13.—The Great Northern Express company was robbed of $11,000 at Wicken, twenty miles east of this city this morning. The money belonged to Carey & Co., wholesale grocers. The robbers overpowered the driver and exploded the express wagon.

Christian Endeavors.

CLEVELAND, July 13.—In the Christian Endeavor convention today the praise and review service was followed by an open parliament, conducted by Rev. R. V. Hunter, of Indianapolis. John G. Woolley, temperance orator, delivered an interesting address on "Christian Endeavor vs saloon."

Witness Released on Bail.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Judge Barrett has released Emelie Winnan on $20,000 bail. The bond was signed by Charles H. Rouse, a dry goods merchant.

Railroad Employes Strike.

MARSHALL, Minn., July 13.—The firemen, conductors, brakemen and shopmen on the Chicago, Jacksonville & Mackinaw road, went out here this morning. The strike is supposed to be on account of the handling coal for the Grand Trunk. The firemen have been given until 1 o'clock to return, all others have been discharged.

Militia Quickly Scared Them.

CONNEAUT, Ohio, July 13.—The militia under Captain Woodworth marched to the dock this morning and the strikers fled in all directions. After a few shots had been fired the officers succeeded in arresting thirty leaders in yesterday's demonstration. The rest of the strikers have gone back to Ashtabula.

Managers to be Investigated.

CHICAGO, July 13.—Judge Grosscup announced this morning that he would give the Federal grand jury supplemental instructions today directing the investigation of the railway managers.

The judge called the jurors before him and instructed them that if evidence is presented that the railway managers agreed to have the mails or interstate commerce stopped they were guilty of conspiracy.

QUIET AT OAKLAND.

Preparations to Start a Train to Ogden.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 13.—At daylight this morning the military force at Oakland mustered aggregated 1,000 men. The railroad company began preparations to move trains. No violence occurred. At Sacramento the company was also preparing to start trains to Ogden. To guard against disaster three freight cars will be pushed ahead of the locomotive and stops made at all bridges.

FIGHTING IN SACRAMENTO.

Two Strikers Killed and Six Wounded.

SACRAMENTO, July 13. — Strikers fired on the regular soldiers on a flat car on Front street. The soldiers returned the fire, killing two and wounding six strikers.

WENT THROUGH A BRIDGE

The Work of Train Wreckers Due to the Robed Food Trouble.

ERIE, O. T., July 13.—A freight train went through a small bridge near South Bend today. The iron and braces in the bridge had been sawed. Brakeman Boring and Harry Lyon, painter, were injured slightly. The wrecking is supposed to be due to the Homed Head trouble. At noon nearly a thousand people began tearing up the railroad tracks here.

THE STRIKE IS OFF.

Debs Issues the Order at Nine O'clock.

SOVEREIGN THINKS IT A VICTORY.

But Reports Fail to Show Wherein the Victory Lies—Managers Refuse to See Debs.

CHICAGO, July 13.—President Debs declared the strike of the American Railway Union off at 9:30 a. m. today. He immediately proceeded to the headquarters of the General Managers' association, presumably to endeavor to arrange for the return of the strikers to work. President Debs's action leaves only the original strikers, the employes of the Pullman car shops, still out.

At 9 o'clock this morning Debs called a meeting of his directory at the Brevoort house and for half a hour the strike leaders were in close conference. When the doors were unlocked Debs announced calmly that he had officially declared the strike off, but asserted that he would make no statement until after his visit to the general managers. It was generally understood, however, that the conference with the Federation of Labor gave no promise of material aid in settling the strike; and this, with the assurance from Washington that government arbitration had been secured, was the cause of the unexpected action of the strike managers.

General Master Workman Sovereign at 10 o'clock said: "The papers to call off the strike were drawn up yesterday. They contained two provisions: First, that there should be arbitration, and second, that all striking employes except those charged with crimes be taken back by the employers. As arbitration has been secured, and thus a great victory obtained, Debs has done just right. As soon as I see him, I shall force an order calling off the Knights of Labor strike."

REFUSED TO MEET HIM.

The general managers refused to hold a conference with Debs today.

As the general managers refused to treat with Debs, a meeting of the executive board of the A. R. U. will now be held to decide upon a course of action.

Debs made the statement in a reporter that the strike has been declared off, "under certain conditions." In the same and conclusion the reporter did not catch the last words.

At this hour (11:40) Debs, Howard, Sovereign and Mayor Hopkins are in the mayor's office waiting for aldermen Matchett, chairman of the Arbitration committee which attempted the settlement with Vice President Wicks of the Pullman company.

Gompers said at noon to a reporter for the Chicago Post that last evening, he, Debs and Sovereign had a long conference over the proposition to be submitted to the General Managers' association. It was agreed, in case the railway managers should refuse to reinstate all the striking employes who were fired from service for Debs, that then Gompers should call out all the members of the National Federation of Labor throughout the United States.

The General Managers' association adjourned for the day at 11:45 a. m. Charles H. Hopkins and Aldermen Matchett, commissioned by Debs, Sovereign and Gompers to present their proposition, arrived at the railway headquarters. St. John was the only manager present. The mayor left the written proposition and returned to his office. The proposition will be formally considered by a special meeting of general managers summoned for the purpose.

Mr. Egan said informally: "The general managers will under no circumstances have a conference with Debs on any subject. They will be fair to their employ the men who filled the strikers' places and are competent."

Later, St. John said the proposition will not be considered by the general managers before the meeting tomorrow, "if," he added, significantly, "it will be considered at all."

TWO CONDITIONS

Three of the Labor Leaders State Their Terms.

CHICAGO, July 13.—The proposition formulated last night at a conference between Debs, Sovereign and Gompers was two conditions:

First—That arbitration, proposed by President Cleveland, be entered upon.

Second—That all striking employes, except those guilty of criminal misconduct, be restored to their positions without prejudice by the railroad companies.

Threatened With Destruction.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., July 13.—A big fire is raging at Milnesbiorough, five miles from this city. The destruction of the town is threatened.

Will Address the Public.

CHICAGO, July 13.—The federation of labor board adjourned at 5 o'clock to meet again at 2:30. They appointed a committee of five to draft an address to the public.

The Knights' Victory.

CHICAGO, July 13.—General Master Workman Sovereign says the President's decision to appoint arbitrators in the Pullman case is a great victory for the Knights of Labor. It is his opinion that the fight is as good as won.

Chicago Stock Yards Running.

CHICAGO, July 13.—Ten packing houses are all running at the stock yards today, many striking butchers having returned to work.

The Strike Not Off, Says Debs.

CHICAGO, July 13.—After Mayor Hopkins had told Debs of the result of his visit to the general managers' headquarters, Debs said the strike was not off and he would report the result of the mayor's visit to the general managers at the meeting of the executive board of the A. R. U. this afternoon. Mayor Hopkins's report regarding the proposition made to the general managers, "it seemingly liberal, I think, of Debs not to say that the men be taken back as members of the A. R. U., but be treated as individuals. There is no question of recognition of the union involved."

PULLMAN SILENT.

He Refuses to Discuss the Strike Situation.

NEW YORK, July 14.—George M. Pullman visited the office in the Mills building today. He positively refused to discuss the strike situation. He left the city at 3 p.m. for Auburn, N. Y.

LATE NEWS FROM MANTI.

Arthur Brown in Sanpete—S. B. Ibarra Coming to Salt Lake.

—Notes.

Special to the News by Pigeon Telegraph.

MANTI, July 13.—Thomas of Wright vs. Faben consumed all of yesterday afternoon and part of this morning. Tuesday destroyed what promised to be a round up being only for a short time, returning with a verdict for the plaintiff for $25.00.

The case of G. H. Bradley vs. C. F. Orton on appeal from a Justice's court is now being tried.

Attorney Arthur Brown of Salt Lake made his first appearance here this morning.

Prosecutor Thurman left for the Democratic jubilee at Salina this morning as it is not likely there will be any more criminal cases heard this week.

The atmosphere in the court room is so warm as to be almost overpowering by the middle of each afternoon. As a result court begins at 9:30 a. m. and adjourns correspondingly early.

Coming Events at Saltair.

The excursions booked to Saltair for the next eight days are as follows:

Saturday, July 14—Grand reunion of Democratic societies.

Monday, July 16—Ivy Temple Pythian Sisters.

Tuesday, July 17—A. O. U. W.

Wednesday, July 18—Manitou Club.

Thursday, July 19—Twenty-second Ward and Holiday school.

Friday, July 20—Seventeenth Ward and sunday school.

Saturday, July 21—Grand society ball.

COUNTY REGISTRARS.

Appointed by the Utah Commission This Morning.

The List Complete—Deputy Registrars Will be Named a Week From Today.

At this morning's session of the Utah Commission, held for the appointment of county registrars to conduct the next fall elections, all the members were present, viz., Messrs. J. H. Letcher (chairman), A. G. Norrell, G. W. Thatcher, E. W. Tallock, and Hoyt Sherman Jr.

The following gentlemen were chosen as registrars for the counties named, all of them being Democrats:

Beaver—George H. Fennimore.
Box Elder—Wm. Lowe.
Cache—Hyrum Hansell.
Carbon—Chas. A. Hodgson.
Davis—John G. M. Barnes.
Emery—V. D. Cram.
Garfield—Saml. O. Crosby.
Grand—Henry Crouse.
Iron—Nathaniel W. Pryor.
Juab—E. J. McClure.
Kane—Fudge Broadbent.
Millard—Jas. A. Melville.
Morgan—F. R. Condie.
Piute—Samuel L. Page.
Rich—Amos G. Call.
Summit—Thos. Capps.
Sevier—L. J. Stewart.
Salt Lake—Jos. M. Cohen.
San Juan—T. A. Hammond.
Sanpete—M. F. Murray.
Tooele—W. C. Foster.
Uintah—Lycurgus Johnson.
Utah—(not yet filled.)
Wasatch—Wm. Hays.
Washington—Edward H. Snow.
Wayne—Charles Snow.
Weber—John Sexton.

The Commission will meet again a week from today to appoint deputy registrars.

The National Association.

The committee on nominations of the National Educational association, at a meeting yesterday, submitted the following names for officers for the ensuing year: President, Dr. Nicholas M. Butler, Columbia College; Prof. Albert G. Lane, superintendent of public schools, Chicago, first vice president; and Irwin Shepard, principal of the Winona, Minnesota normal school, secretary.

BOYS, GET YOUR GUNS!

Browning Bros.' Elegant Gift of a Gold Medal—Who Will Win It?

A NEWS representative this morning had the pleasure of inspecting a very valuable and altogether handsome gold medal offered by Browning Bros. to the members of the Salt Lake gun club.

The medal is of neat and elegant design and the workmanship the very best. A suit of semi-circle or curved bars at the top has engraved on it in the small artistic lettering the words, "Championship Medal." Suspended from it by a gold linked chain of gold is a plain, smooth surfaced cross bar for the winner's name. Directly beneath this on what may be termed the body of the medal is a finely executed monogram of the letters "S. L. G. C.," signifying the Salt Lake Gun Club, and on the opposite side the words, "Presented by Browning Bros."

This beautiful trophy will be turned over to the club who wins it if Bates the president of making their own conditions with reference to the manner in which possession and ownership shall be competed for.

Many medals have been given in times past by the Messrs. Browning to the various sportsmen's clubs of the Territory. Only two medals now are now presented to the consolidated clubs of Utah county and is now being competed for by the respective organizations of that section. The medal so somewhat won for the Territorial championship, by G. L. Becker, of Ogden, last year has also presented by the same firm. It will be remembered that Mr. Becker defended it successfully against all comers for a year, winning in every competitive shoot. At the expiration of that time under the rules adopted it became his permanent property and is now held by him as a token of many contests for supremacy. Other medals have also been given, but the one for which the Salt Lake boys will now have the privilege of competing is the most elegant of all. May the best marksman win!

THE "UTAH TWIN NO. 2."

Salt Lake "Industrialists" Pleasuring the Muddy Missouri.

"Lieutenant" Martin, of "General" Carter's Command, Writes to the "News" of His Experience.

The morning's mail brought the following letter to the News from "Lieutenant" Fred H. Martin, of the band of "Industrialists" organized and deserted by "General" H. L. Carter, of Salt Lake:

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, July 9, 1894.

Editor Deseret News:

I thought I would give you an item concerning the Salt Lake Industrialists. Of the number about 400, that left Salt Lake there are only about twenty left. I belong to that number and we are strong along the Missouri river in Iowa. Having the good fortune to get a little better boat than the rest I have left the others far behind, but expect to see them all in St. Louis. We go about forty to fifty miles a day. You will find accompanied an item of our arrival, a newspaper clipping in St. Joseph, Missouri. We stopped at Atchison and found the river had washed one side of the city away. It was a sad sight to see. We also saw a house came floating down the river. We camp here in Leavenworth tonight.

Yours respectfully,
LIEUTENANT FRED H. MARTIN,
of General H. L. Carter's Command.

P. S.—The name of our boat is the "Utah Twin No. 2."

The newspaper notice to which Martin refers reads as follows: The advance guard of Gen. Carter's Utah commonwealers reached this city yesterday afternoon, coming in a flat boat from Plattsmouth. The boat tied up at the foot of Edmond street, and the "army," composed of Fife Lieutenant Fred Martin and two privates, debarked and went up into the city. All the of the crew were frightfully burned from exposure to the sun. Lieutenant Martin's face looked like he had been thoroughly baked.

Lieutenant Martin stated that they had left Denver with the Railroad Rollins which had been wrecked a short distance from Brighton, Colorado, and a number of the men drowned. After the accident a portion of the army decided to abandon the boat and came on overland. Martin and his crew pushed on. They claim the trip was very hard on, especially getting their boat across portages.

Martin stated that he and his crew would leave this city this afternoon and go on to Kansas City. Their boat is an ordinary scow and is called the Utah Twin No. 2.

AT SALTAIR TOMORROW.

The Great Jubilee of Territorial Democrats—The Program.

From all indications, and the reports received by the committee in charge, tomorrow will be the banner excursion day of the season thus far at Saltair. Trains will run during the day as scheduled in another part of the News, but without doubt the crush will be on the 2:15 train, as that will be the last to leave before the opening of the program, which is set for three o'clock. At that hour Manager Clayton will have all the chairs in the grand pavilion ranged in front of the platform and the speeches by prominent citizens and the brief concert program including Miss Pratt, Mr. Weihe, Mr. Krones and the male quartette consisting of Fryer, Kedgie, Stewart and Whitney, will be rendered. The call to order will be made by the bugler and sides stationed about the great hall will see that order is kept while the program is going on. A prominent Democrat will be appointed master of ceremonies on the ground.

The day will be divided up into three periods, so that the public can take trains to suit themselves.

First—Three to four o'clock speeches and concert.

Second—Four to eight, bathing, picnicing and music by the orchestra.

Third—Eight to 10:30, Grand illumination and ball.

ROBINSON IDENTIFIES ONE.

The Utah Man is Working for His Last Cash.

One of the men who hounded W. P. Robinson, a visitor from Ogden, out of $200 in Colfax Tuesday afternoon was, says the Denver Republican of Thursday, which came to hand this afternoon, arrested by Officers Remley and Wright. He is W. P. Casey, and Robinson has positively identified him.

Deputy Sheriff "Sandy" Smith rendered valuable service to the police in running down the men who tried with Robinson's innocence and $200. Casey was taken in on a complaint sworn out in Justice Coter's court charging him with badger sleeting. A warrant is also out for the arrest of Joe Bowen, Casey's inseparable companion, and alleged to be the accomplice in the badger game.

STRIKE SITUATION.

An Important Meeting of Boycotters This Evening.

THE PT-TOLD-YOU-SO-BAS.

Rio Grande May Continue to Operate Without the Old Roads.—Its the Union Pacific.

The meeting of the local members of the A. R. U., called to be held late this afternoon, promises to be one of the most important sessions of the daily series inaugurated with the beginning of the present boycott.

Although nothing definite could be learned as to what would be done in detail on account of the secrecy of the strikers, yet it was whispered that steps would be taken favorable to the views of men who at yesterday's meeting were chided for growing weak and weary of the fight. That class of men have been increasing in numbers every day and it is found necessary to conciliate them.

After the NEWS bulletin was posted this morning announcing that Debs had called off the strike little groups of men gathered in the street corners and other places and discussed the situation. In every group the "I-told-you-so-mas" was predominant.

Debs came in for a good deal of denunciation and was referred to as being of slippery-ton small caliber to win even had the chances been much more numerous and favorable.

Just what the local railway companies will do towards re-employing the strikers in this section has not been finally determined although a Rio Grande Western official said today that if he had his way in the matter not a single boycotter would be taken back. They are getting along very well with the new men and the last few days has proven that they can continue to do so.

The Union Pacific is somewhat differently situated as stated by one of the local heads of departments of that company this afternoon. Immediately following the strike the men were given until the next morning at 7 o'clock to report back to work. They refused to do so. Others were employed in their places and these were in most instances promised steady work.

The decision of Judge Riner at Cheyenne gave the strikers until yesterday to return to their posts. While that did not apply especially to the men who went out at Salt Lake and Ogden, it was, it appears, allowed to do so, as not a few men signed before that time and have even done so since. Of course the most objectionable characters will have to seek work elsewhere, but it is not unlikely that an order will be obtained from the court soon permitting the better classes of the men to return.

Not A Large Attendance.

The attendance at the mass meeting of strikers last evening or rather very late yesterday afternoon was not as large as the enthusiasm as those of a similar character that have preceded it. The chairman regretted that so many of the boycotters had weakened and that so many more were on the ragged edge of doubt and uncertainty. Short addresses were made by various members of the order, after which an adjournment was taken until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

TO OPEN THE S. P.

Soldiers On Board the Cars at Ogden—Trains Ready.

Special to the News by Pigeon Telegraph.

OGDEN, Utah, July 13.—At 10:30 this morning a Southern Pacific engine with the engineer, fireman and three United States regulars was seen moving out of the depot slowly followed by a train of one box car loaded with soldiers' equipments, two emigrant cars containing company B of the Seventeenth, and one Pullman car with United States officers. The lead engine and the train moved slowly and cautiously out of the yard, destined for San Francisco. It is their intention to see that the road is sufficiently cleared to allow the mail and passenger train from here to follow close behind them. The train will leave some time this morning, and all is well. Two companies of U. S. troops are expected to arrive here this evening from the east.

GOLDEN STRIKERS REUNITED.

The message received here this morning stating that the strike was off has caused much excitement among the strikers. The following congratulatory telegram was received by them:

"CHICAGO, Ill., July 13th.

"John Wagner, Ogden, Utah:

"Do not be discouraged. I know it is monotonous to be isolated. There are indications of a settlement soon. We are all right. Pay no attention to newspapers. Signed,

E. V. DEBS."

Sam Grice Recaptured.

SAM GRICE, the twice escaped convict, who is wanted to serve out his term in the city jail and who is the interest of law and good order, was indicted by the grand jury for grand larceny was recaptured by the police this afternoon west of the Jordan river after an absence of nearly two months.

He was again taken to his old prison quarters, but instead of being allowed to occupy the identical apartment in which he was previously confined he will be kept down stairs in a safer place and it is not likely that he will again escape without serving his time.

Marriage License.

The county clerk issued a marriage license today to James H. Hunting, 24, and Rosie Engleiman, 18, both of Ashley, Uintah county.