DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

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[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 17.—The Vice President presented a resolution of the House against the removing from the army register the names of the battles of the rebellion.

Edmunds hoped the resolution would be at once passed. Sumner objected.

Rice offered a preamble reciting all the actions of fraud on the part of the administration party at the late election in Arkansas, and a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of five to go to Little Rock to investigate the matter. Laid on the table.

On motion of Fenton the customs bill, reported by him last session from the finance committee, was referred to the committee on commerce.

Cole, from the committee on appropriations, reported the Indian appropriation bill with unimportant amendments.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the French spoliation bill.

Sherman said the careful examination of the question made some years ago had satisfied him that these claims had no foundation in law or in equity, and he made a long argument in support of this view.

Thurman followed in opposition to the bill.

Morrill made an argument in support.

HOUSE.

On motion of Banks the bill to fix the compensation of claimants under the Geneva award was referred to the judiciary committee.

A bill appointing commissioners to investigate the depredations on the Texas frontier was referred to the committee on appropriations.

A bill providing for the determining of the boundary line through Haro channel, as decided by the Emperor of Germany, passed. Also a bill appropriating a hundred thousand dollars for American exhibitors at Vienna.

Brooks, in a personal explanation, denied the charges against him in connection with the Credit Mobilier matter.

Brooks rose to an explanation based on the published report that H. S. McComb testified before the credit Mobilier investigating committee that he, Brooks, had received certain shares of stock in order to influence him and through him the Democratic side of the House, in legislation beneficial to the Union Pacific railroad. He utterly denied the statement and ridiculed the idea of his attempting to influence the Democratic members for a bribe of fifty shares in the Credit Mobilier stock, representing $5,000. He denounced McComb, as a swindler and a perjurer, and he requested that the committee make the most searching investigation of the charges against him.

The House took up, as the special order, the bill reported from the Judiciary committee last session for settlement with the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, of five per cent. net proceeds of the sale of public lands within those States.

Adjourned without action.

EASTERN DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK, 17.—Hon. Chas. Orton went to Washington last evening, as was understood, to complete arrangements with Colfax as editor of the *Tribune*.

WASHINGTON.—Oakes Ames was examined by the Credit Mobilier committee to-day.

George H. Bliss has been appointed District Attorney for Southern New York.

WASHINGTON.—The House committee on appropriations heard this evening the opponents of the postal telegraph scheme. Wm. Orton spoke two hours, criticising the report of the postmaster general, showing that his statistics were erroneous and his conclusions unreliable. He examined the postmaster general's statements in detail, contending that the estimates as to the cost of telegraph lines had no proper foundation. The report of the postmaster general was written for a gentleman named Lines, who was ignorant of the subject, and presented a mass of erroneous statistics.

BALTIMORE.—The steam saw mill of Duker & Bros., was burned this morning; loss $50,000.

NEW YORK, 17.—Thurlow Weed has a long communication in the *Herald* showing the impracticability of carrying out the second civil service reform.

CINCINNATI, 17.—A bill to remove the Capital of West Virginia from Charleston to Wheeling, passed the House yesterday by a vote of 33 to 30. It is believed it will not pass the Senate.

G. A. Reynolds, editor of the *Home Journal*, Lexington, died yesterday.

NEWPORT, R. I. 18.—The city has voted to expend thirty thousand, in connection with the acceptance of the Rogers bequest of a hundred thousand, for the erection of a high school.

RICHMOND, 18.—Edward A. Pollard, editor and author, died at Lynchburg, yesterday, aged 45.

CAIRO.—Blum and Anson who claimed to have been robbed of $20,000, last week, were arrested and their stock seized by Marshal Roe, at the instance of their creditors. Bail $10,000.

WASHINGTON, 17.—The British and American mixed commission have disallowed the claim of Barron, Forbes & Co., an English commercial firm doing business in Mexico, who ask compensation of twenty-three millions, for quicksilver mines, taken possession of by the United States in 1846. The commission adjourned until the tenth of January.

The Senate confirmed the following nominations of Indian agents:—J. M. O'Connor, for the Sioux, at Grand River; Wm. T. Ensign, for the Blackfeet; J. L. Burchard, for Sound Valley, Cals.; E. K. Dodge, for Hooper Valley, Cal.; Jonah Richards, for the Wichitas, Indian Territory; Henry Breiner, for the Seminoles; H. W. Bingham, for the Sioux at the Cheyenne River agency; Charles P. Birkett, for the Ponca agency, Dakota; W. F. Hall, Navajo agency, New Mexico; also registers of land offices: George Nourse, at Tinkville, Oregon; John R. Lockwood, Susanville, Cals.; Wm. N. Kelly, Prescott, Arizona.

Secretary Boutwell and Jay Cook were before the committee on ways and means to-day in reference to funding the loan. Boutwell's explanation was that the two hundred million negotiation of last year was full and complete. He showed that the alleged loss of interest growing out of the necessity of giving ninety days notice to holders of called bonds was practically unavoidable under any plan that could be adopted, since even with the money on hand to meet the call it must first be realized from the sale of bonds, which would bear interest from date of issue. He further showed that the amount of interest so paid, together with the whole cost of the negotiation, including engraving and printing of bonds, was reimbursed to the Treasury in the saving of interest by the new issue up to the first of June last, and that there had been since saved over a million dollars reduced interest. The annual saving from that negotiation amounts to two millions of dollars, with interest annually accruing and compounding thereon during the term of the debt. The Secretary considered this plan the best that could be devised, involving the least cost to the government, while it did not interfere with or in the least derange ordinary operations of moneyed or commercial interests.

Cook said he had little to add to the Secretary's statements. He would refer however, to the fact that when the government was a borrower at high rates of interest, all other borrowers, as a rule, were obliged to pay still higher rates. The lower the government rate the better it was for industrial and commercial enterprises of all kinds. His firm conviction was that an attempt to sell the new five per cents. and retain the proceeds of such sales in gold until called six per cents. could be bought in, would create a drain of money from the ordinary channels, which would speedily check sales, and thus effectually deprive the government of means to redeem the five-twenties. By the plan recommended by the Secretary, this difficulty, as shown by experience, would be avoided and a conversion into new bonds would be effected without the slightest monetary or commercial disturbance.

The Secretary of the Treasury, today, forwarded to the House of Representatives the following letter in reply to the resolution of December 3rd, asking the Secretary to inform the House under what law authority was given to the Secretary of the Treasury to make increased issue of legal tender notes, as was done in October last, &c.

I have to say, that the amount of U. S. notes in circulation was increased in October last, upon the order of assistant Secy. Richardson, then acting Secy., in the absence of the Secy., of the Treasury, in a sum of about five millions over the amount outstanding when the Act of Feby. 4th, 1868, became law. The object of the issue was the relief of the business of the country, then suffering from large delays for currency employed in moving crops from the South and West. The condition of affairs then existing in the country seems to me to have warranted the issue upon the ground of public policy. The authority for the issue is found in the acts of February 25th, 1862, chapter 33, July 11th, 1862, chapter 142, and March 3rd, 1863, chapter 73. At the December term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of the United States, the Chief Justice, in giving the opinion of the Court in the case of Bank v. Supervisors, 7th Colorado, Wallace, 26 p., said the act of February 25th, 1862, provided for the issue of these notes to the amount of a hundred and fifty millions; the act of July 11th, 1862, added another hundred and fifty millions to the circulation, reserving, however, 50 millions for the redemption of the temporary loan, to be issued and used only when necessary for that purpose. Under the act of March 3rd, 1863, another issue of a hundred and fifty millions was authorized, making four hundred and fifty millions, and contemplating the permanent circulation, until the resumption of payment in coin, of four hundred millions. At the December term, 1869, of the Supreme Court, the same view was expressed in the case of Veazie Bank vs. Fenno, 8 vol., Wallace, 537. This opinion is in accordance with the uniform opinion of the Treasury Department. And in the practice of the department on questions of the act of the 4th of February, 1868, as previous thereto. The cancellation and destruction of notes that have been issued by the treasury department has no legal effect upon the power of the department to re-issue notes in their stead, and is apparent from the language employed in the act of 1863, already referred to. In that act it provided that in lieu of any of the said notes or any other U. S. notes returned to the treasury and cancelled or destroyed, there may be issued an equal amount of U. S. notes such as are authorized by the act. Previous to the 4th of March, 1869, large amounts of U. S. notes were held in the office of the treasurer at Washington, in surplus fund in excess of 25 millions, reported in circulation in the surplus fund. Making any sudden demand upon the treasury, and that practice has ever since been continued. The notes issued and printed subsequent to the first of March, 1869, these were outstanding more than 57 millions of three per cent. certificates, payable in legal tender notes on demand, and the surplus in revenue was the only means at the command of the government for meeting any call on account of this liability. From this surplus the issue of October last was made, and all new notes put in circulation are drawn from the same source.

Very respectfully,

(Signed) GEO. S. BOUTWELL.

The House committe on postoffices and post roads have agreed to recommend the establishment of the letter carrier system in all cities of twenty thousand population.

NEW YORK, 17.—The *Commercial* says the report that the Pacific Mail Co. is about to issue bonds is repeated very positively to-day. It is stated that the executive committee will authorize them to-morrow.

At a meeting of the board of emigration to-day, a communication was received from Secy Fish, stating that the U. S. authorities in Italy have been instructed to adopt measures to prevent a repetition of outrages upon emigrants.

The late S. N. Pide is reported to have left property to the value of eight millions, in New York, New Jersey, Cincinnati, and in mines of Utah.

BOSTON, 17.—In the legislature today, the majority reported back favorably the resolutions introduced some days ago, condemning the oblivion bill introduced in the United States Senate by Sumner. A minority report also was presented. No action was taken by the House.

WESTERN.

SAN FRANCISCO, 17.—The Industrial School investigation revealed more examples of brutality to boys—instances of punishment by pulling boys' ears till wounded and pounding them with closed fists. Mr. Story, the Supervisor, tried to have all the members of the press but one excluded at that time, but his motion did not prevail.

Several persons report having felt two slight shocks of earthquake to-day.

VALLEJO, 17.—Brown, charged with attempting to outrage a little girl, was taken to Fairfield. The case will be submitted direct to the grand jury to-morrow.

For the first time the city recorder holds court in the new city hall.

EUROPEAN.

BERLIN, 17.—General Von Roon will act provisionally as President of the Prussian council of ministers, the Emperor having granted Prince Bismarck's request to be relieved.

MADRID, 18.—Three Carlist bands were defeated and dispersed by Government troops on the 16th.

LONDON, 18.—The funeral of Lady Beaconsfield takes place on Thursday, and will be strictly private.

It has been storming for twenty-four hours. The rain fall has been the heaviest of the season. Large tracts of land in Lincolnshire are inundated. In Darbyshire, snow has fallen to the depth of twelve inches. The telegraph lines in all directions are badly damaged. Telegraphic communication with Liverpool, Leeds and Hull, is interrupted. At Grimsby, the gale was a huurricane and many casualties are reported. The ship, *Leconia* from Chila for Esterdam, went ashore in the storm near Boulogne and became a total wreck. All were saved except one.

LONDON, 17.—The full text of President Grant's message is published in the London journals.

The *Times*, reviewing, says the President appears reticent, formal, courteous, bowing to the diplomatic circle with all the urbanity of the old world statesmen. The message is a striking picture of the prosperity and rapid progress of the country. The *Times* approves the proposal for the Alaska boundary commission, praises the President's moderation towards Cuba, applauds the recommemdation for a reduction of the army, and adds: "The President, about to enter upon his second term, finds the Union restored to its normal state at all salient points, but still bearing traces of the great war in the public debt and the disorganization of the South."

CANADA.

HAMILTON, Ontario.—Another fire burned the stores of Davis & Co., and James Turner & Co.; loss, $100,000.

HALIFAX, 17.—The brig *E. Bertha*, of St. John's, struck upon Middle Ingarish and went to pieces last Friday. Captain Pippy, after seeing to all the crew, was lost along the breakers by the sudden breaking up of the vessel.

The brigantine, *Princess Louise*, of Sidney, while at sea, sprung a leak and was lost. The crew took to boats and after two days' exposure reached the shore.

CANADA.

HAMILTON, 17.—The premises of Harvey & Co., wool brokers, were burned last night. Total loss $120,000.

At the interview of the House committee on Territories with the President yesterday, in reference to the bill now before them, for the admission of Colorado as a State, the President expressed himself warmly in favor of the bill. He also said that the Territory of Wyoming would not, within the letter of those present, have the requisite population to qualify her for admission, and that it was useless expense and burden to keep up a Territorial form of government. He was therefore in favor of suitable action by Congress to abolish the Territory of Wyoming and restore its domains to those Territories from which it was originally formed, viz., Utah, Montana, Idaho, and Colorado. He thought this action would be just to all, as Wyoming's population did not exceed ten thousand. He also believed that by the acquisition to Colorado and the increase of her population during the next year, she would have the requisite number, 130,000 inhabitants, for admission. The committee are in favor of the bill and believe it would pass the House.

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Collections Made and Promptly Remitted.

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d257 tf

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OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, Oct. 21, 1872.

Whereas by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Deseret National Bank of Salt Lake City" in the City of Salt Lake, in the County of Salt Lake and Territory of Utah, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said Act.

Now, therefore, I John S. Langworthy, Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Deseret National Bank of Salt Lake City," in the City of Salt Lake, in the County of Salt Lake and Territory of Utah, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of October, {seal} 1872.

(Signed) J. S. LANGWORTHY,
Acting Comptroller Currency.

No. 2059. d291 2m

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HUGH WHITE, - - Cashier.

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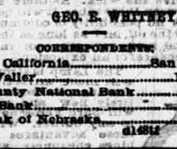

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I AM NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY the trade with

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ROOMS NEWLY FURNISHED.

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WINTER ARRANGEMENTS,

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Salt Lake City, November 23, 1872. d278t

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Iron, Steel, Nails, Horse Shoes, Horse Shoe Nails, Shoes and Points, Blacksmiths' Tools, Miners' Outfit, Rubber Belting, Sheet Packing, Wagon Boxes, Stoves and Stovepipe always on hand.

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