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SALT LAKE CITY, - JULY 20, 1908.

VOTE AGAINST BONDS.

It is generally understood that if the home-owners who are opposed to further mortgaging the homes of this city to the extent of \$600,000 turn out and vote on the 29th of this month, the iniquitous bond scheme will be defeated. So do not forget the day. Make it a point to be in the City long enough that day, to cast your vote to protect your homes. Remind your friends and neighbors of the danger of not voting. All who are entitled to vote should do so. The opposition will be out in force. And the only way to secure the defeat of the scheme is for property owners to be on guard and do their duty, to save their homes.

The bond proposition should be defeated. It is not asked for by the City Council. The council does not appeal to the citizens for this new loan. When the previous bond issue was authorized, the request for it came from the Mayor and Council. It was the unanimous opinion of the authorities of the City, without regard to politics, that the money was needed for water and sewers. But the request this time does not come from the council. It comes from the "American" party councilmen and, more precisely stated, from the leaders of the so-called "American" party, who have assumed the role of dictators. The councilmen who are not under the influence of this dictatorship and their opinion is worth a great deal—frankly tell the people that the bond issue is not needed. It seems unnecessary to rush into deeper debt at the behest of party politicians with wild and extravagant ideas of "progress" against the representations of over one-third of the members of the council. Is there a city on earth that would place a mortgage on the property of its citizens merely to accommodate one political faction?

The bond proposition should be defeated. Not one sound argument has been advanced in favor of it. It has been said that it is very much needed. But that is no reason why it must be authorized at this time. Ten million dollars might be needed, but that is no reason why the City should borrow ten millions just now. It cannot do it. And that is a good reason for not borrowing ten millions to spend on "improvements," though ten million dollars' worth of improvements certainly are needed.

Not one sound argument has been advanced for the proposed loan. A generous amount of falsehood and billings-gate has been used. In fact, the only strong advocates of the bond issue are some anti-Mormon prints that would have been on the side of the booters and assassins of by-gone days, had they had an existence at that time instead of now. Their ravings can be ignored. A great many arguments have been advanced against the proposed bond issue. It has been proved that a large amount of the proceeds of the last bond issue was squandered, and that the pledges given under the safe and sane Morris administration were shamefully broken by its successors. It has been proved that the law regarding the publication of financial statements has been disregarded. It has been proved that the money asked for cannot under the Constitution be used as proposed, and that the bond issue would probably bring law suits instead of "improvements." It has been proved that the majority of the City Council are under the rule of a power not elected by the people and not responsible to the people. Not one of these arguments, each one of which is fatal to the bonding scheme, has been met openly and honestly. They cannot be met. The politicians expect the people to vote bonds whenever they cry for them. Logic and reason are nothing to them.

PROHIBITION PLATFORM.

The report of the committee on resolutions at the national prohibition convention in session this week at Columbus, Ohio, asks for two things in relation to the regulation of the liquor traffic:

"The submission by Congress to the several states of an amendment to the federal Constitution prohibiting the manufacture, sale, importation, exportation or transportation of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes."

"The immediate prohibition of the liquor traffic for beverage purposes in the District of Columbia, in the territories and all places over which the national government has jurisdiction, the repeal of the internal revenue tax on alcoholic liquors and the prohibition of the interstate traffic therein."

The first plank is intended to curtail the drink habit by making illegal the acts of those who supply alcoholic beverages for drinkers. The second advocates an immediate step for the adoption of prohibition by Congressional enactment in all places "over which the national government has jurisdiction."

Platforms must be regarded in the nature of a declaration of principles, but practical reformers never lose sight of the important fact that the great goal to which those principles point must be reached by a gradual advance, step by step, and not by long leaps. Evolution is the true method of development; revolution is abnormal. While well-wishers and supporters of the great movement will do all in their power for the realization of the principles embodied in the platform, they will not be discouraged if they cannot

obtain everything by one legislative act.

The prohibitionist planks on the social evil, marriage and divorce, and the other matters enumerated, will meet the approval of most people.

ADVANCE IN RATES.

The arguments of J. T. Harahan, president of the Illinois Central railroad, and of James J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern system, to the effect that freight rates must be increased, may appear truly unanswerable. Yet, they are not conclusive or convincing.

Mr. Harahan, according to Saturday's dispatches, says that there are just three ways in which the problem now facing the railroads of this country may be solved; namely, increased rates, decreased wages, or increased business.

That, it should be observed, comprises only two alternatives. Increased freight rates means decreased wages. It means that to the cost of living is added the increase in the cost of transportation of the necessities of life, and every addition to the cost of living means a decrease of wages.

Mr. Hill is likewise of the opinion that the solution of the financial problem that confronts the railroads is an increase in freight rates. He says he is strongly opposed to a cut in wages as a means of increasing the net earnings of railroads. His reasoning is as follows:

"There is no alternative but to raise rates. The credit of the roads has been seriously impaired. The way to enhance credit is to increase rates."

"Wages should not be cut. Efficient labor is essential to successful operation. Railroad employees have peculiar responsibilities. They have to meet a hard test. They should get fair recompense. Cut wages 10 per cent and the man who got \$15 last week gets \$13.50 this week. It is the difference between meat and no meat."

How rates can be increased without a corresponding cut in wages, Mr. Hill also fails to explain.

The proposition is to increase the freight rates ten per cent. The Interstate Commerce Commission has been sounded on the proposition, and has answered that it has no right or power to forbid such an advance in the rates of freight.

The New York Post is of the opinion that "the railroad managers think the time auspicious to do some skillful and profitable fishing in troubled political waters." It thinks that this proposal, put forward as a plan to prevent the reduction of wages, could not but appeal to President Roosevelt, with a difficult campaign on his hands. Moreover, the Democrats would find it hard to contest a scheme ostensibly to avoid cutting down wages.

While admitting the skill with which the railroad officials have stated their case, and also conceding that they have chosen "the psychological moment" for putting it before the country, we are still of the opinion that for the railroads, as for all others, economy and not higher charges upon the public, is the proper remedy for extravagance and falling off of business. If the services of the railroads are not so much in demand now as formerly, that does not prove, but disproves, the plea that more ought to be paid for these services than when they were in greater demand.

What the railroads really need is more business. Nearly 300,000 cars, it is claimed, are still standing idle. As the Post says, "Freight is not coming forward. Business has to be hunted up, instead of being freely offered. Earnings, both gross and net, keep on sagging. The great demand, therefore, is to get more freight to move. But this plan of a 10 per cent advance in rates is one to stimulate already reluctant and timid shippers by making their freight bills greater! This is veritable Sibilian Books finance—the less you have to give, the more you will get."

Besides, were the railroads to secure high enough rates to insure fair profits in times of depression, these rates in good times and with largely increased business would mean far more than normal profits.

Meantime, we note that the revival in business seems to be rapidly under way. A dispatch from Cleveland indicates that a return of normal business conditions is rapidly approaching. Railroad managers, especially, report a decided improvement, and a sharp demand for cars for the transportation of all classes of freight, with the possible exception of steel and iron.

Reports from various other parts of the country contain the cheering information that numerous industrial plants which have been closed down are resuming operations, while others which have been working with short forces, are putting on additional help. In the face of these facts, the proposed advance in freight rates may not be necessary even to keep up profits in dull times.

DISINFECT TELEPHONES.

Tuberculosis germs have been discovered in telephone mouth pieces. That is the alarming announcement by Dr. Francis J. Allen of Westminster, in the Lanet.

One of the Central Exchange, London, postoffice public telephones, the Doctor says, was wiped round with a "swab" to remove any germs in the mouthpiece, and the contents of the "swab" were then used to inoculate two guinea pigs. One guinea pig was killed twenty-three days after inoculation, and the postmortem examination showed pronounced signs of tuberculosis. A second guinea pig was killed twenty-seven days after inoculation, and showed similar signs of infection, thus proving that the deadly germs of tuberculosis can be transmitted by public telephones as at present in general use.

Of course, it is not likely that any human being is going to try the experiment of inoculation with the contents of the "swab," as in the case of the guinea pigs, but it would be just as well to wipe mouthpieces of telephones as often as necessary. On the London stock exchange it is said, fifty telephones for public use are disinfected every day. Not a bad idea.

If you do not climb into some band

wagon you may be run over by some steam roller.

A busted trust is rarer than auk eggs.

Judge Taft finds Hot Springs cool.

It's a still wind that blows nobody any good.

More often it is poor but lazy rather than it is poor but honest.

Politics and cheap lodging houses make strange bedfellows.

Where Richmond Pearson Hobson is there will be the war cloud be.

Don't look to see how many cylinders there are in a gift automobile.

All candidates' chances are good up to the moment of the supreme test.

To vote for bonds is for the taxpayers to put themselves under bonds.

Increased freight rates are no guarantee that wages will not be decreased.

The Hermit kingdom cemeteries are fast filling up with "pacified" Koreans.

Almost any one can write a platform but they are few who can interpret it.

Mr. Taft is polishing and repolishing his speech of acceptance. It should be a gem.

Advice to a young married couple: Let him be the breadwinner and her the breadmaker.

Mr. Bryan stands on the Denver platform but will make speeches from the rear platform.

Does Castro get rid of his wife's relations as readily as he does his diplomatic relations?

When a man tells a girl he isn't worthy of her he generally tells the truth when he doesn't intend to.

The city's seeming debt is doubtless nothing more than the result of an antiquated system of book-keeping.

There are forty-six states in the Union, but it is doubtful if there are forty-six men in each of the states who can name the governors of all the states.

The comic section of the Sunday issue of the organ of the Pseudo-American party was its editorial page where it tried to make black appear white on the matter of the bond issue.

Another proof that westward the course of empire takes its way is the fact that the national committees of the two great political parties are taking far more interest in the campaign in the west this year than ever before.

A HIGH PRICE PUZZLE.

Chicago Record-Herald.
A little while ago, when California cherries were selling in this market for 30 cents per pound the producer in California was getting 4 and 5 cents for them. When he hears of the selling price he is in a frame of mind to be grieved, and the consumer is grieved also upon learning the facts. It would be interesting to have the history of a carload lot of any kind of food, what the producer received, what went for packing and handling, what for freight, what for commissions and what for profits to wholesaler and retailer. For the prices of meat there is a general explanation in the scarcity of meat animals. But here is a riddle. Orange growers received much less for their fruit last winter than they did the winter before, while the consumer who patronized the retail groceries in Chicago paid about the same price for his oranges. The reduction to the producer was explained by the October panic. Evidently, however, this does not explain the steadiness in the selling price. Such experiences make it clear why there is such an effort on the part of producers to act through associations as their own selling agents. But the best explanations we have seen of them are only partial. They leave much to be desired.

TILLMAN NOT MISSED IN DENVER.

Baltimore Sun.
Honorable Benjamin R. Tillman has landed in Morocco. If the sultan knows his business, he will engage the South Carolina senator for a few weeks, regardless of expense, to fix up the affairs of his kingdom. Mr. Tillman could get out his pitchfork, put on a red shirt and a slouch hat and run the turbaned Arabs into the tall timbers. He is the one man to match against Raisuli, the head of the great Robbery and Ransom company of Morocco, which corresponds in a general way with the trusts in America and the monopolies in Europe. Down in South Carolina the belief is general that Tillman can, with one hand tied behind him, whip his weight in wild cats. After months of quiet and rest he might be induced to take a few days off and amuse himself by spanking Raisuli, wiping out the robbers and bandits and cleaning up the grafters in Morocco. That would be some compensation to him for not being able to join in the presidential campaign in the United States.

THE TOLSTOI JUBILEE.

Boston Transcript.
The Tolstoi enthusiasts refuse to be reined in. When they threatened "the master" with a jubilee on his eightieth birthday, which comes next September, he entreated them to have mercy. He wants no jubilee. He told them so at the time, and now he has been telling them again. He has published a remonstrance in the Russian papers. The result is they are wider than ever to promote the jubilee. Some of Tolstoi's advisers have even counseled him to commit a heinous crime so as to discredit himself in the eyes of his worshippers. Hardly inclined toward that course, he will play the same trick up in his house at Yasnaia-Poliana and let the jubilee rage without him.

A SQUARE DEAL FOR BUSINESS.

Leslie's Weekly.
Let us suppose that you conduct a small business, such as a shoe shop, and as a result of the growth and success of your undertaking you determine to buy out your competitor next door, paying for his good will as well as his stock. You will naturally wish to enter into an agreement with him that he shall not immediately establish another competing shop in the same block. Have you ever realized that in doing this you would become a malefactor of justice? God of New York, on this very matter. "In dealing with this question you must bear in mind that the good or the evil which may follow from such a contract forms no subject for consideration or deterrence. Whether it benefits the individuals concerned, whether it injures them, whether it benefits the community at large or injures it is no concern of yours. The question that the law asks is, Has such a

contract been made? and, if it has been made, the law condemns it, even though the result of that contract might be beneficial to some individuals or to the community in general. Now must you take into consideration the necessities of trade or commerce. These necessities have nothing whatever to do with the case."

CANNED SERMONS.

Utica Press.
A Chicago dispatch says that some of the ministers of that city have prepared photographic records of sermons which will be reproduced in their churches at regular services while they are away enjoying their vacations. One of the ministers prominent in the scheme says: "It's a brilliant idea—one that makes for the comfort of the preacher and does not deprive the worshiper of the religious stimulus afforded by the advice of the pastor." The success of the "canned sermon" will depend to a great extent on the reception it gets from the congregation to whom it is served. It may become so popular that some enterprising genius will go into the business of furnishing churches with sermon records by the year, enabling them to save expense and give the pastor an unlimited vacation.

JUST FOR FUN.

His Affiliations.
"Is your husband a Congregationalist, a Presbyterian or a Swedenborgian?"
"No'm; he's a plumber."—Baltimore American.

"It was certainly awkward for that patriotic orator when he leaned over the cannon to emphasize a point, and found some mischievous urchin had put paper on top of it."
"What did he do?"
"The only thing possible. He stuck to his guns."—Baltimore American.

"Do you think there is any reliable way of foretelling the weather?"
"No," answered Farmer Cornstossed. "Jee' think of the kind you don't want and then prophesy it."—Washington Star.

"My daughter," remarked Mrs. Noddy, "has developed a perfect passion for music."
"Yes," returned Mrs. Peppery. "I'll warrant it isn't as strong as the passion your daughter has for a husband."—Philadelphia Press.

"But how could you tell, darling, that I had never proposed to any other girl?"
"Because you were not married," she murmured rapturously and admiringly. —Judge.

Stella—When people go to the country they leave the cats behind.
Bella—Then where do all those on the hotel piazzas come from?—New York Sun.

"You no longer hear about a candidate being in the hands of his friends," said one delegate.
"No," answered the other. "Nowadays a candidate is supposed to have his own grip on everything and everybody in sight!"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Facetious Acquaintance—Well, Mrs. Comeup, did you have your daughter's picture painted by one of the old masters when you were in Europe?
Mrs. Comeup—No, I didn't. I tried to but they must have had a kinder epidemic of painter's colic, for they were all dead.—Baltimore American.

"You say he is one of our most remarkable orators?"
"Yes."
"For what is he remarkable?"
"For never having been heard to say that he put his trust in the wisdom of the plain people."—Washington Star.

Mrs. Caller—Are your new neighbors refined?
Mrs. Nextdoor—I should say so. They never borrow anything but our silver and cut glass.—Chicago News.

"What makes Mary act so haughty and proud like, Billy?"
"The teacher said that when it comes to being dumb she stood at the head of the class."—Denver Post.

Jeweler—You say the inscription you wish engraved on the inside of this ring is to be "Marcellus and Irene." —Young Man (somewhat embarrassed) —Yes, that's right. But—er—don't cut the "Irene" very deep.—Harper's Weekly.

ORPHEUM THEATRE

ALL THIS WEEK
The ORPHEUM STOCK COMPANY
Presenting
THE GREATEST OF THESE
An Original Play in Three Acts, by GEORGIA EARLE AND FANNY CAYLON.
Produced for the First Time on Any Stage.

THE NEW LYRIC.

John E. Clark, Manager.
THE CAMERAPHONE!
Moving Pictures That Talk and Sing. Change of program every Saturday.
BILL TODAY:
The Honey Bee Honeymoon.
Two Rube and the Tramp Fiddler.
A Squawtown Novelty.
James Leahy & Company.
O'Connor & Carlisle.
The Bullfinch and the Coon.
Prof. Blinn, the Musical Moke.
Two Feature Pictures.
Summer Time.
Afternoons, 2:30 to 4:30, evenings, 7:15 to 9:45. Matinees, 10c; evenings, 15c and 20c. Children half price.

SALT PALACE

MOST POPULAR RESORT IN UTAH
Fastest bicycle track in the world.
RACES EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY AND HOLIDAY EVENINGS.
50 RIDERS COMPETING.
Next Thursday Afternoon
Professor Austin will break world's parachute jump. Record, 5,822 feet.
Sunday night concert by Held's full military band.

FREE ADMISSION TO GROUNDS.
Salt Palace, Salt Lake City.
Murray and State Street cars for resort.

READ THE
THEATRE MAGAZINE
FOR THEATRICAL NEWS AND STAGE PICTURES.

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for the
Correct Time
Amatrice, the Utah Gem

CHAMBERLAIN THE HOUSE OF MUSIC CO. : QUALITY
51 and 53 Main St.
Pianos, Organs, sheet music and musical merchandise.

EXCURSION
Rates Sunday to Upper Falls Resort in Provo Canyon. Most beautiful scenery. Hotel or tent cottage accommodations. Rates reasonable. Trout or chicken dinners.
L. L. DONNAN, Heber P. O.

R. G. DUN & CO.
301 OFFICES.
THE MERCANTILE AGENCY.
George Rust, General Manager, Idaho, Nevada, Utah and Wyoming.
Office in Progress Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Emigration Canyon Railroad Co.
TIME TABLE IN EFFECT
JULY 8, 1908.
Cars leave Mt. Olivet cemetery every hour—9:15 a. m. to 4:15 p. m.
Twenty-minute service from 4:15 p. m. to 10:55 p. m.

BRIGHTON HOTEL
Head of Big Cottonwood Canyon
Open Monday, July 6.
Daily stage leaves Sugar House at 8 a. m. For terms, write or telephone.
T. C. DAVIS, Sugar House.
D. H. BRIGHTON, At the Hotel.
Bell Forest 4-k.

KAYSVILLE FLOUR
Absolutely the finest in the West. All prizes State Fair 1907.

NEW TRAIN SCHEDULE
SALT LAKE—SODA SPRINGS.
Trains leave Salt Lake 1:00 p. m., arrives Soda Springs, 8 p. m.
Leaves Soda Springs 11 a. m., arrives Salt Lake 5 p. m.
Soda Springs—Idaho's Famous Watering Place.

COAL CASTLE GATE CLEAR CREEK U.P. Rock Springs

BAMBERGER COAL CO.
"KEEP IN YOUR MIND" TELEPHONE 49. Now is the time to store your winter coal. We carry all kinds. Exclusive agents for "Diamond."
CITIZENS' COAL CO.
153 MAIN ST.

King of Coal
"Peacock"
Rock Springs
FILL YOUR SHEDS.
Central COAL & COKE CO
38 So. Main St.
Bell Ex. 35 Ind. 2600

IF
You Are After The Best Shoes
Your money can buy, you will be delighted with the revelations contained in the bargains we are giving this week at
Robinson Bros.
124 Main Street.
Confidence Counts.

Amatrice, the Utah Gem
PHONE 65
for the
Correct Time
Leyson's

Z.C.M.I.

WASH SUITS

For the TWENTY-FOURTH

Our entire line of Wash suits (barring stripes) linens, ducks, reps and piques, light and colors, ranging in price from \$8.00 to \$30.00, at—

HALF PRICE.

A line of handsome striped cotton suits, swell styles in tans and grey. Regular \$8.00 suits for

\$5.00

UMBRELLAS.

Ladies' and Gents' Umbrellas, 26 and 28 inches, all this week—

One-Fourth Off.

The fascinating and fashionable entertainment that gives delight to old and young. The most exhilarating, open air exercise obtainable. The

50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25.

OUR DRUG STORE IS AT 112-114 SOUTH MAIN STREET

CUTLER'S

38 MAIN ST.

Some Splendid Offerings in the Men's Section

Any man who is economically inclined will be interested in this week's offerings. We've an excellent line of Negligee and White Pileated Bosom Shirts, and this week they are selling at money-saving prices.

NEGLEE SHIRTS AT 50c, 75c AND \$1.00;
Some very desirable patterns.

WHITE PLEATED BOSOM SHIRTS AT \$1.00.
One of the dressiest shirts made.

MEN'S BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR SUIT, 90c.
Excellent quality.

LISE UNDERWEAR FOR LADIES AND GENTS.
The most popular and satisfactory underwear made.
All kinds of underwear and hosiery for men and women at prices that will interest you.

BULLETIN OF EXCURSION RATES

VIA
OREGON SHORT LINE
UNION PACIFIC

PIONEER DAY RATES

July 23 and 24: Limit July 26.
EXCURSION TO CANADA.
August 4th.

Stirling	\$32.80
Raymond	33.20
Magrath	33.75
Cardston	35.25
Lethbridge	35.55

DAILY EXCURSIONS TO PACIFIC COAST.

EXCURSIONS NORTH

July 23, August 8 and 22nd.
See agents for limits and further particulars.
City Ticket Office - 201 MAIN ST.

Clothing Sale Now On.

600 Men's and Youths' Suits to select from. All the latest styles and patterns. Union \$10.00 made. Your choice... \$10.00.
Worth \$15.00, \$18.00 and \$20.00—the best bargains in the city.

THE HUB,

50 East First South.

Bug Killer.

Bugs, ants, roaches, all animal and garden instantly exterminated. These pesky little brown pests that disturb your slumbers will vanish like a summer's dream on one application. Large bottles 25c. Special price to hotels by the gallon. Both phones 437. Remember the number.

44 MAIN STREET.
Geo. T. Brice Drug Co.